



An atom refresher

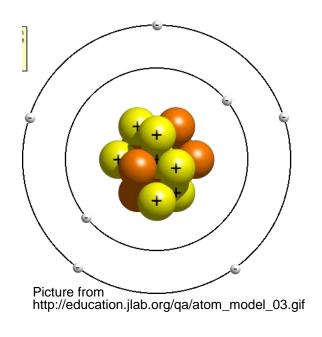
- Matter is anything that takes up space and has mass.
- All matter is made of atoms
- https://pub.dev/packages/advance_pdf_viewer
- Atoms are the building blocks of matter, sort of how bricks are the building blocks of houses.



An atom refresher

- An atom has three parts:
- Proton = positive
- Neutron = no charge
- **Electron** = negative

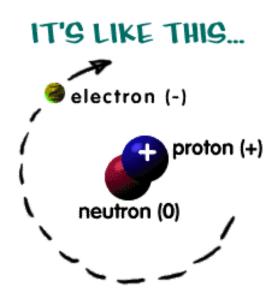
- The proton & neutron are found in the center of the atom, a place called the nucleus.
- The <u>electrons</u> orbit the nucleus.





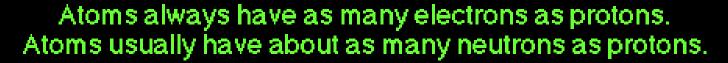
What are elements?

- Elements are the alphabet to the language of molecules.
- To make molecules, you must have elements.
- Elements are made of atoms. While the atoms may have different weights and organization, they are all built in the same way.



Information & picture from Chem4kids at http://www.chem4kids.com/files/atom_structure.html

www.thesciencequeen.net



Hydrogen Helium Carbon

1 proton 2 protons 6 protons 1 electron 2 electrons 6 electrons 0 neutrons 2 neutrons 6 neutrons

Adding a proton makes a new kind of atom!

Adding a neutron makes an isotope of that atom,
a heavier version of that atom!

Graphic from http://education.jlab.org/atomtour/fact2.html



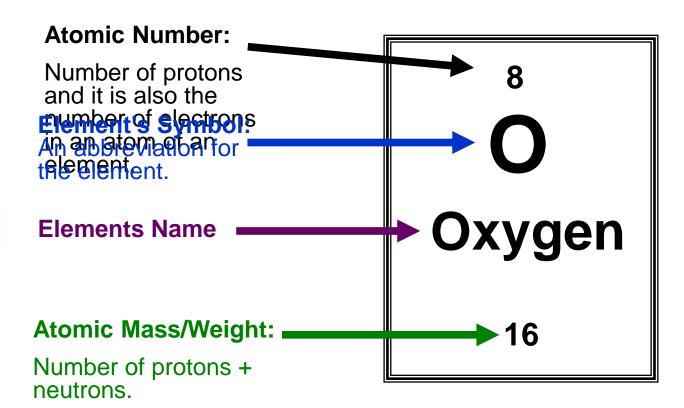
More about Elements...

- Elements are the building blocks of all matter.
- The periodic table is a list of all of the elements that can build matter. It's a little like the alphabet of chemistry.
- The periodic table tells us several things...





Periodic Table





Atom Models

- There are two models of the atoms we will be using in class.
- Bohr Model
- Lewis Dot Structure



Bohr Model

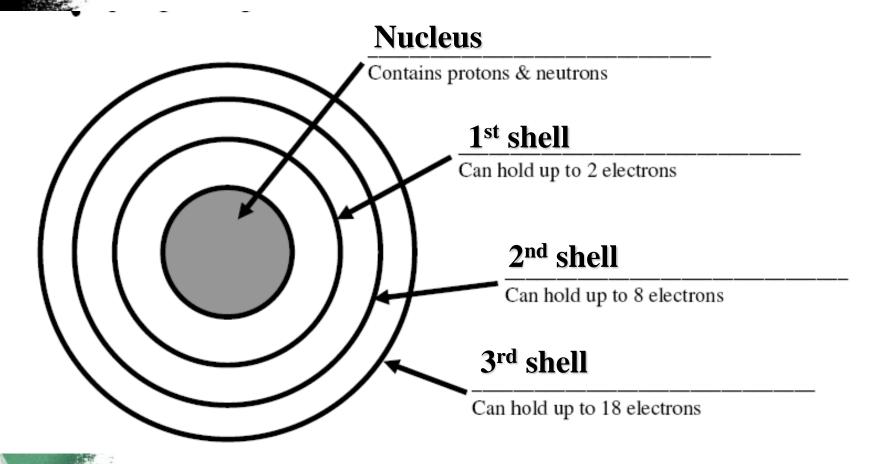
- The Bohr Model shows all of the particles in the atom.
- In the center is circles.

 Each circle represents a single neutron or proton. Protons should have a plus or P written on them. Neutrons should be blank or have an N.
- In a circle around the nucleus are the electrons. Electrons should have a minus sign or an e.



Electrons have special rules....

- You can't just shove all of the electrons into the first orbit of an electron.
- Electrons live in something called <u>shells or</u> <u>energy levels</u>.
- Only so many can be in any certain shell.

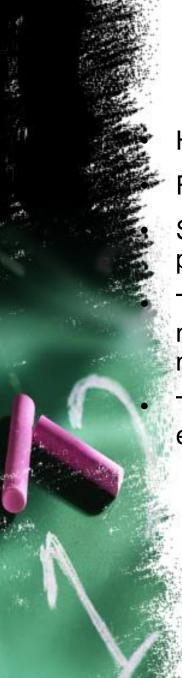


Adapted from http://www.sciencespot.net/Media/atomsfam.pdf



Electrons have special rules....

- You can't just shove all of the electrons into the first orbit of an electron.
- Electrons live in something called shells or energy levels.
- Only so many can be in any certain shell.
- The electrons in the outer most shell of any element are called valance electrons.



So let's try it....

How to draw a Lithium atom

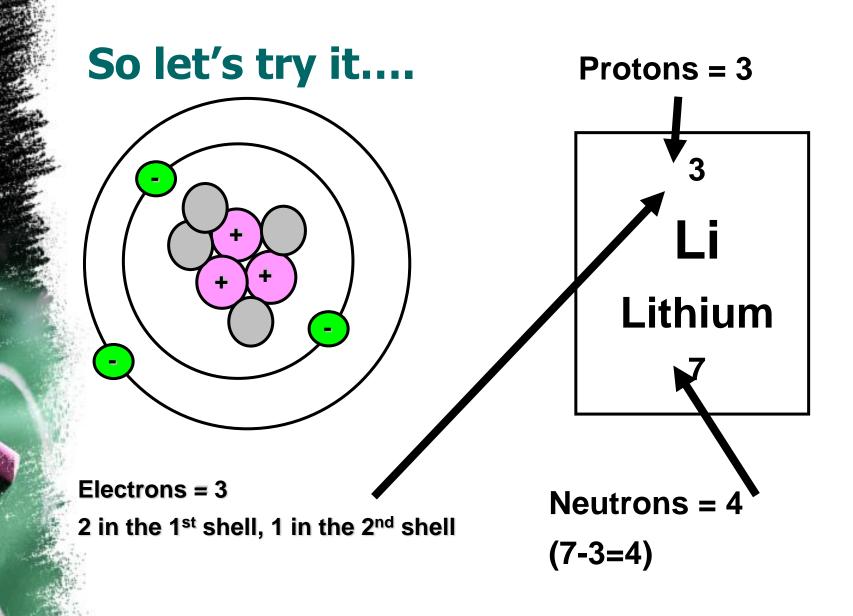
First, look at the Periodic Table

Second, determine the number of protons (Look @ the atomic number)

Then determine the number of neutrons (Atomic mass – atomic number)

Then determine the number of electrons (Look @ the atomic number)

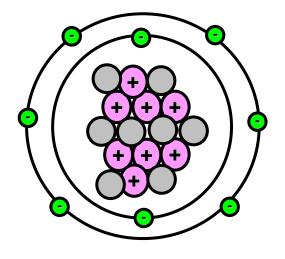
Lithium

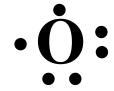




Lewis Dot Structure

- The Lewis Dot
 Structure is a bit
 different from the
 Bohr model.
- It only shows the element symbol and it's outer most electron shell.







How to...

- 1. Write the symbol.
- 2. Start on the right hand side, working your way clockwise around the symbol.
- 3. Try Lithium



Your activity...

- Using the beans (Lentils are electrons, Lima Beans are protons, and kidney beans are neutrons), create a Bohr model, and then a Lewis dot structure model of each of the first 20 elements. After you have created each model, draw each model on your chart.
- Hint to make a chart, use a burrito fold, then fold the top down by 1 ½ inches. Unfold, you now have 3 columns. Label the columns: element, Bohr model, Lewis Dot.