

## Practical three pandas

Link of table

<https://raw.githubusercontent.com/justmarkham/pandas-videos/master/data/u.user>

```
# read the table
df = pd.read_table("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/justmarkham/pandas-videos/master/data/u.user")
df
```

[3] ✓ 0.5s

...	1 24 M technician 85711
0	2 53 F other 94043
1	3 23 M writer 32067
2	4 24 M technician 43537
3	5 33 F other 15213
4	6 42 M executive 98101

لو تلاحظ انه كذا عبارہ عن كولوم واحد بس و لازم ف بعضه لازم نفرق بينهم طب 1-  
ازاي أولا نشوف العلامه ال بينهم و بعدين نعمل

Sep = "sign"

```
# read the table
df = pd.read_table("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/justmarkham/pandas-videos/master/data/u.user", sep="|")
df
```

[4] ✓ 0.1s

...	1	24	M	technician	85711
0	2	53	F	other	94043
1	3	23	M	writer	32067
2	4	24	M	technician	43537
3	5	33	F	other	15213
4	6	42	M	executive	98101

كدا اتعدلت بس لو تلاحظ ان أسماء الكولوم هي عبارہ عن داتا ف يلا نسمي الكولوم

```
# read the table
columns = ["id", "age", "gender", "jop_title", "zip_code"]
df = pd.read_table("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/justmarkham/pandas-videos/master/data/u.user", sep="|", names = columns)
df
```

[6] ✓ 0.4s

...	id	age	gender	jop_title	zip_code
0	1	24	M	technician	85711
1	2	53	F	other	94043

check data cleaning كذا الداتا جاهزه يلا

## 1- Missing values

```
df.info()
[8] ✓ 0.0s

... <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 943 entries, 0 to 942
Data columns (total 5 columns):
#   Column      Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   id           943 non-null    int64
1   age          943 non-null    int64
2   gender       943 non-null    object
3   jop_title    943 non-null    object
4   zip_code     943 non-null    object
dtypes: int64(2), object(3)
memory usage: 37.0+ KB
```

```
df.isna().sum()
[9] ✓ 0.0s

... id           0
age          0
gender       0
jop_title    0
zip_code     0
dtype: int64
```

No missing value

## 2- Check duplicates

```
df.duplicated().sum()
[10] ✓ 0.0s

... np.int64(0)
```

No duplicated rows

```
▶ # know how many male and female |
df["gender"].value_counts()

[21] ✓ 0.0s
```

... gender

M	670
F	273

Name: count, dtype: int64

```
▶ df["jop_title"].value_counts()

Testing ✓ 0.0s
```

... jop\_title

student	196
other	105
educator	95
administrator	79
engineer	67
programmer	66
librarian	51
writer	45
executive	32
scientist	31
artist	28
technician	27
marketing	26
entertainment	18
healthcare	16
retired	14
lawyer	12
salesman	12
none	9
homemaker	7
doctor	7

Name: count, dtype: int64

عاوزين نعرف الشباب اكثر ف انهو وظيفه و البنات اكثر ف أي

```
df1 = df[["gender", "jop_title"]]
```

Execute Cell (Ctrl+Alt+Enter)

[27] ✓ 0.0s

	gender	jop_title
0	M	technician
1	F	other
2	M	writer
3	M	technician
4	F	other
...	...	...
938	F	student
939	M	administrator
940	M	student
941	F	librarian
942	M	student

```
# to know how many m or f is student whatever
df1 = df[["gender", "jop_title"]]
df1.groupby("gender").value_counts()
```

[31] ✓ 0.0s

gender	jop_title	
F	student	60
F	administrator	36
F	other	36
F	librarian	29
F	educator	26
F	writer	19
F	artist	13
F	healthcare	11
F	marketing	10
F	homemaker	6
F	programmer	6
F	none	4
F	executive	3
F	salesman	3
F	scientist	3
F	engineer	2
F	entertainment	2
F	lawyer	2
F	retired	1
F	technician	1
M	student	136
M	educator	69
M	other	69
M	engineer	65
M	programmer	60
M	administrator	43
M	executive	29
M	scientist	28

يلا نحسن الشكل شويه

```

# to know how many m or f is student whatever
df1 = df[["gender", "jop_title"]]
df1 = df1.groupby("gender").value_counts()
df1.unstack()

```

[38] ✓ 0.0s

jop_title	administrator	artist	doctor	educator	engineer	entertainment	executive	healthcare	homemaker	lawyer	...	marketing	none	other	programmer	retired	salesman	scientist
gender																		
F	36.0	13.0	NaN	26.0	2.0	2.0	3.0	11.0	6.0	2.0	...	10.0	4.0	36.0	6.0	1.0	3.0	3.0
M	43.0	15.0	7.0	69.0	65.0	16.0	29.0	5.0	1.0	10.0	...	16.0	5.0	69.0	60.0	13.0	9.0	28.0

2 rows x 21 columns

بس بر دو حاسسها رخمه اعمال

## Transpose

```

# to know how many m or f is student what
df1 = df[["gender", "jop_title"]]
df1 = df1.groupby("gender").value_counts()
df1 = df1.unstack()
df1.T

```

[39] ✓ 0.0s

	gender	F	M
jop_title			
administrator		36.0	43.0
artist		13.0	15.0
doctor		NaN	7.0
educator		26.0	69.0
engineer		2.0	65.0
entertainment		2.0	16.0
executive		3.0	29.0
healthcare		11.0	5.0
homemaker		6.0	1.0
lawyer		2.0	10.0
librarian		29.0	22.0
marketing		10.0	16.0
none		4.0	5.0
other		36.0	69.0
programmer		6.0	60.0
retired		1.0	13.0
salesman		3.0	9.0
scientist		3.0	28.0

## Sort

```
df1.sort_values(by = ["M","F"],ascending=False)
```

[44] ✓ 0.0s

...

gender	F	M
student	60.0	136.0
other	36.0	69.0
educator	26.0	69.0
engineer	2.0	65.0
programmer	6.0	60.0
administrator	36.0	43.0
executive	3.0	29.0
scientist	3.0	28.0
writer	19.0	26.0
technician	1.0	26.0
librarian	29.0	22.0
marketing	10.0	16.0
entertainment	2.0	16.0
artist	13.0	15.0