PRACTICE QUIZ

HISTORICAL SIGNIFICANCE

- C Answer:
 - Who? What? When? Where?
- B Answer: Historical significance at the time.
 - What else (people, events...) was this term connected to at the time?
- A Answer: Historical significance for us today.
 - Why do we study this term today?
 - What does it tell you about history?
 - What can you learn about history from this term that you might not know otherwise?

5. HISTORICAL SIGNIFICANCE: PLESSY V. FERGUSSON

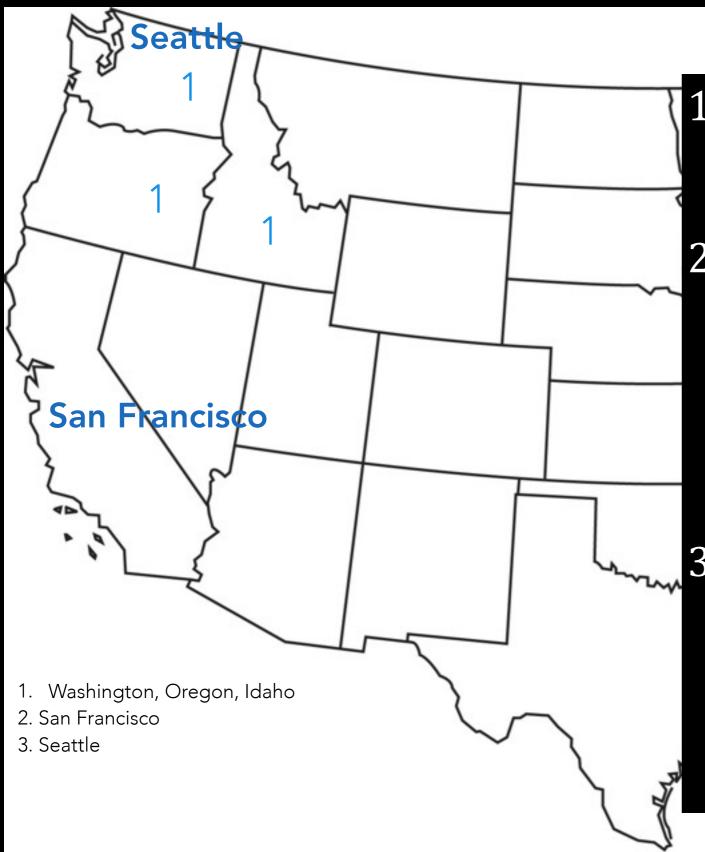
This was a US Supreme Court case in 1896 that allowed States to create separate facilities for blacks and whites (what & when). This mostly affected the South where Jim Crow laws already had begun to segregate southern society (where). Though the Supreme Court ruled 7-1 to make "separate but equal" legal in the United States, one judge wrote that the "US Constitution is color-blind" and this ruling went against the 14th Amendment (who). Separate black and white facilities in the South were rarely equal and by 1900 there were no black high schools built in the South. (B). It tells us that even though laws like the 14th Amendment were in place, racism was so prominent during the late 1800s that segregation seemed normal to many Americans (A).

MAPS

Correct

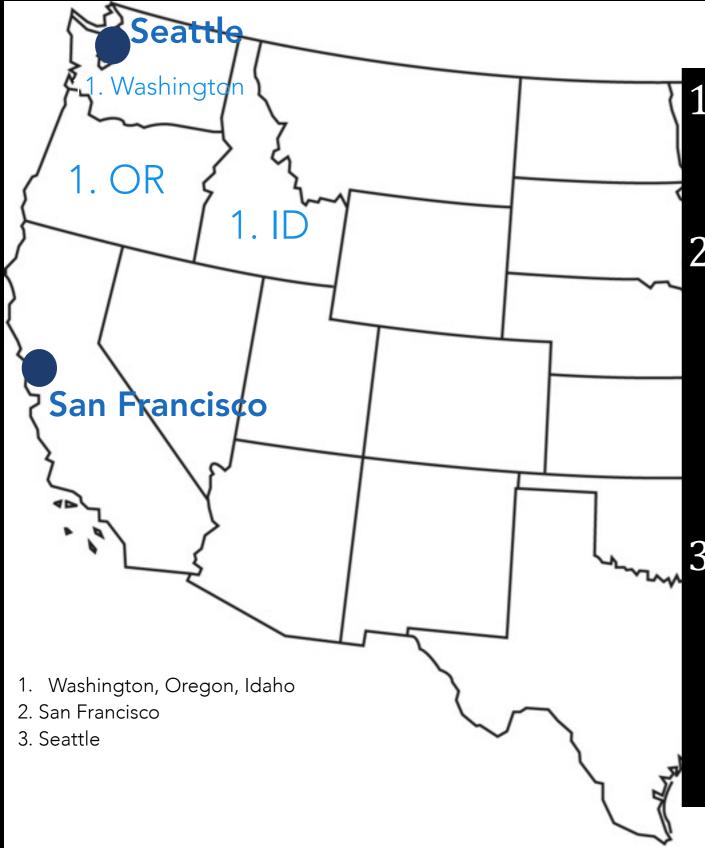


incorrect



- 1. These **three** states passed tax laws directly targeting Chinese laborers.
- 2. It was in this West Coast city that the Supreme Court case *Yick Wo v Hopkins* (1886) was focused on licenses for laundry businesses.
- 3. This city experienced a riot in which many Chinese were attacked at pushed out of town in 1886.

correct?



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