

# Hematology Analyzer



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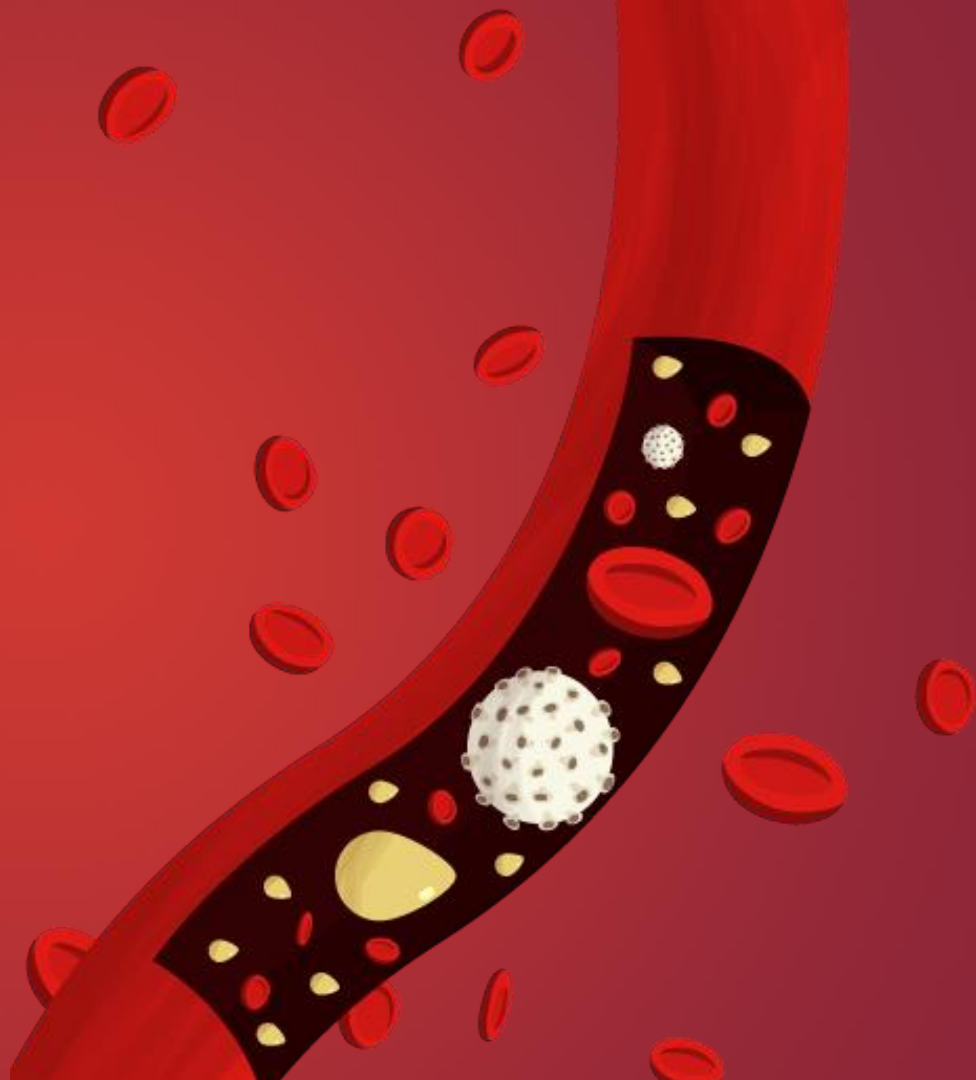
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# 01

## Overview



# What is it?

**It is a piece of medical gear that is frequently utilized in hospitals and labs to perform tests on blood samples.**

**frequently the first thing a doctor asks for when trying to establish whether the patient is healthy or not.**

**Is essential for:**

- research labs
- zoos and veterinarians



# What does it do?

Hematology analyzers are used to run tests on blood samples, so they do:

white blood  
cell counts

1

complete blood  
counts

2

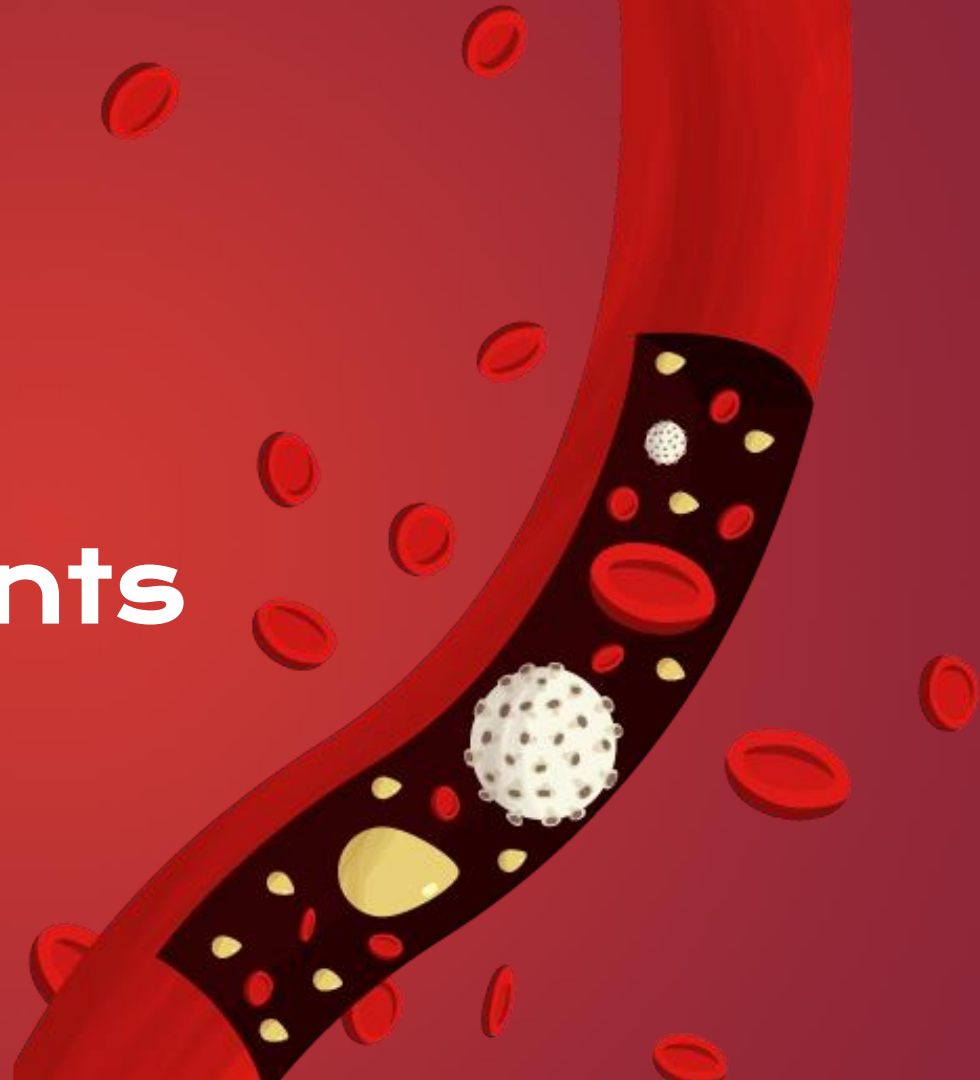
coagulation  
tests

3

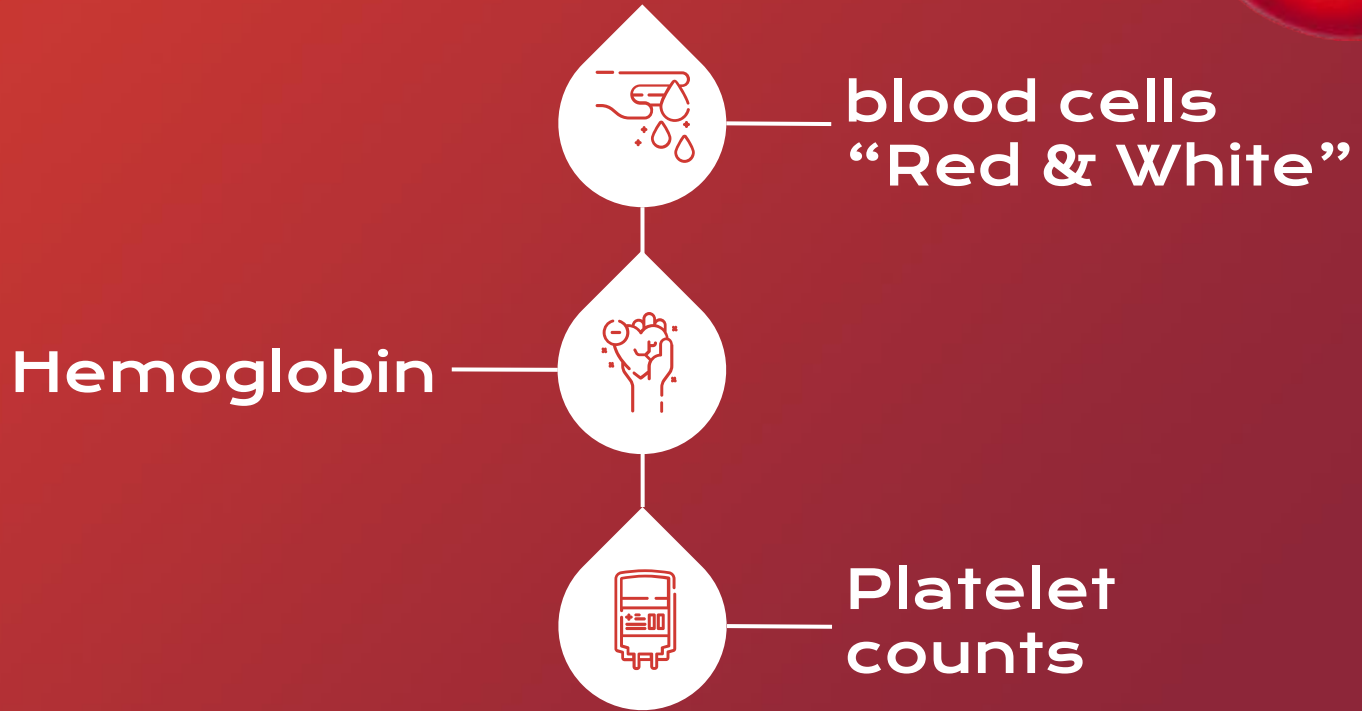


# 02

## Measurements



# Measurements done



# Other analyses

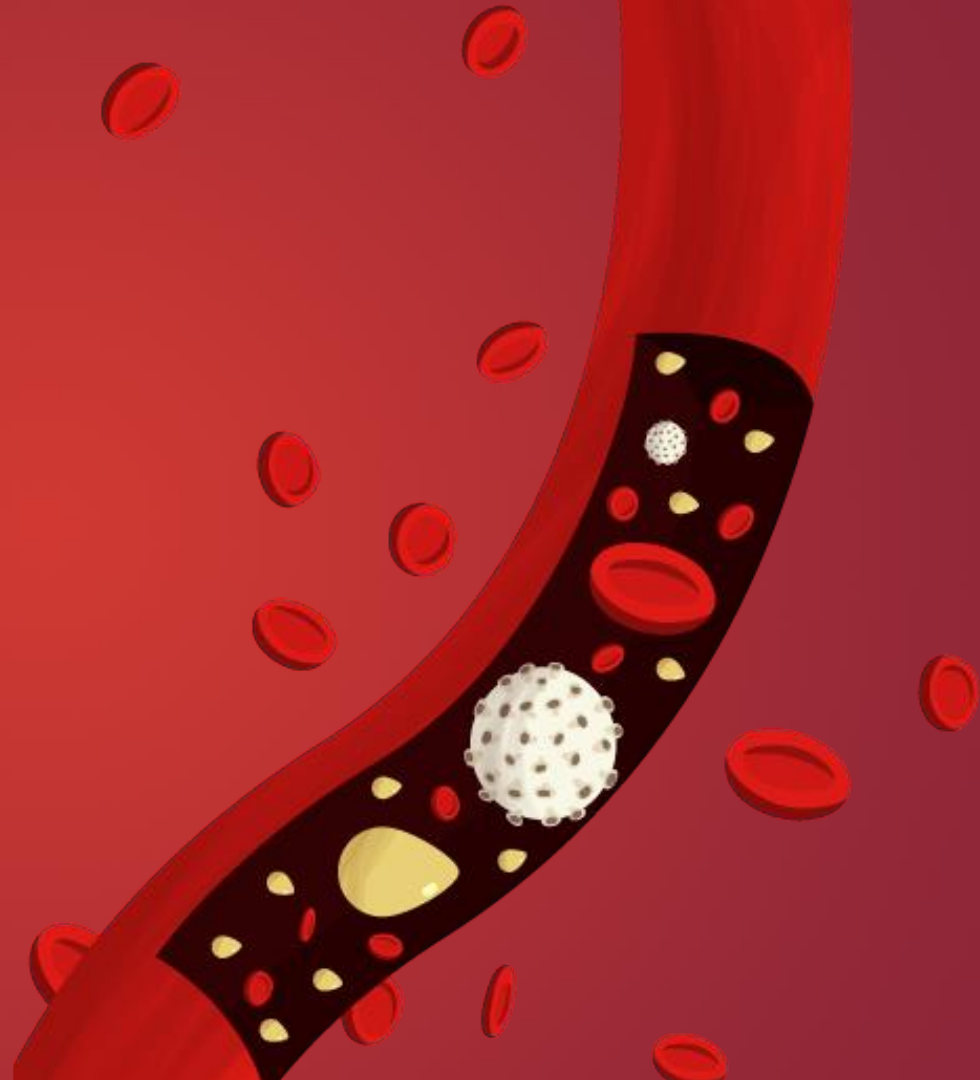
- RBC distribution width
- Mean corpuscular hemoglobin
- Platelet distribution width
- Platelet mean volume
- Platelet criteria





# 03

## Common Errors

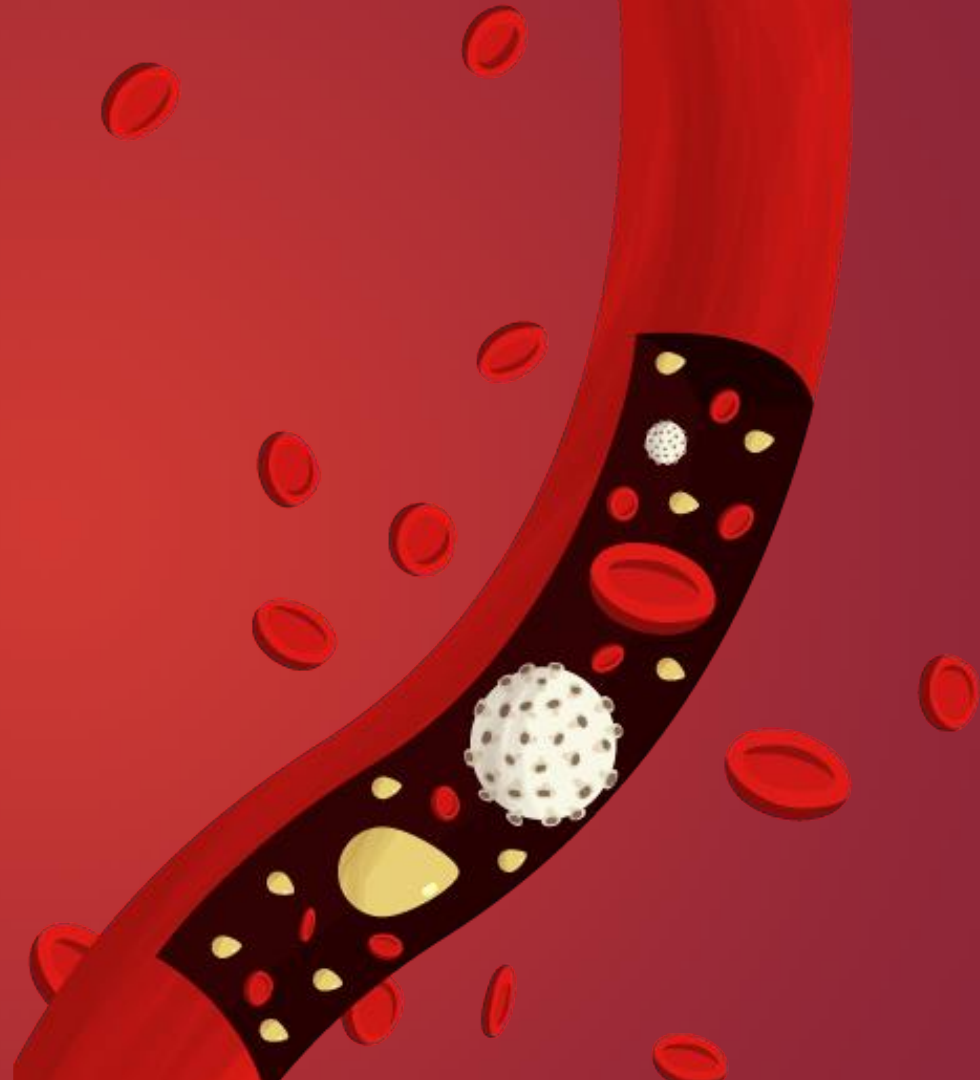


This is a table with estimated proportions of errors in the phases of the total testing process (TTP):

<b>TTP phase</b>	<b>Examples of error</b>	<b>Estimated proportion of errors</b>
<b>Pre-preanalytical</b>	Test ordering, patient identification, patient preparation, sample collection, sample quality, transportation, storage	<b>46%-68%</b>
<b>Preanalytical</b>	Sample sorting, centrifugation, labelling, separation	<b>3%-5%</b>
<b>Analytical</b>	Sample analysis	<b>7%-13%</b>
<b>Postanalytical</b>	Validation, interpretation, turnaround time, critical value reporting	<b>13%-20%</b>
<b>Post-postanalytical</b>	Interpretation, delayed reaction, lack of follow-up or referral	<b>25%-46%</b>

# 04

## Factors and types



# Factors



**Accuracy  
level**



**Lab space**



**Warranty  
period**



**Cost  
effectiveness**

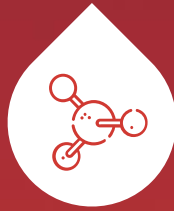


**Noise-free  
operation**



**Available  
accessories  
and reagents**

# Types



## 3-Part Differential Cell Counter

- find the size and volume of the cell
- differentiate between 3 types of WBC's, neutrophils and lymphocytes



## 5-Part Differential Cell Counter:

- determine the granularity, diameter, and inner complexity of the cells
- It is more expensive than the first type

The background of the slide is a solid dark red color. Scattered across this background are numerous 3D-rendered red blood cells. These cells are depicted as biconcave discs with a bright red color and a slight gradient to give them a three-dimensional appearance. They are positioned at various angles and locations, some near the edges and others more centrally, creating a sense of depth and movement.

# THANKS

Do you have any questions ?

Mohamed El-Sayed Eid  
Mohamed El-Sayed Ali  
Kyrollos Emad  
Mohamed Alaa Ali  
Omar Mohamed Ahmed