Images Segmentation

Mohamed Metwalli, Mariam Saeed, Nada Hassan

1. Downloading the data

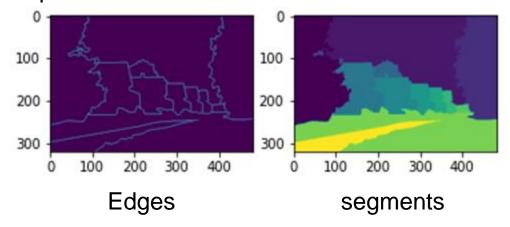
First, we've downloaded the dataset then uploaded it to a drive folder to ease the access during tuning and testing.

2. Visualizing the data

The function that visualizes the images take two parameters:

- Name of the image
- Category of the image (train test)

Then it shows the available ground-truths in two formats as segment map and edges map Example



3. Segmentation using K-means

First, we ran our own implementation of K-means on 200 images from the training set to tune the parameter K between {3,5,7,9,11} and we evaluated the segmentation results for every M available ground-truth for image I using f-measure and conditional entropy that we implemented as well. We found that K=3 is the average K among all images producing acceptable measures.

Then, we used K=3 on 50 images of the testing set to evaluate the performance.

Average of 200 images of train set:

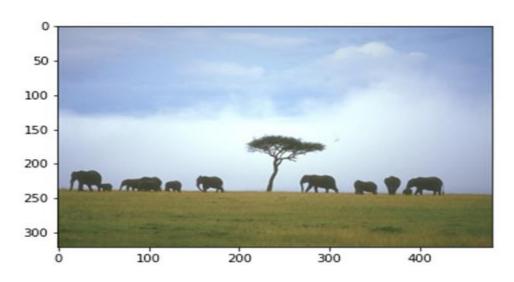
k	3	5	7	9	11
f_Score	0.5320985	0.4526	0.3920	0.34791	0.31384697
con_entropy	0.5507327	0.4996	0.4734	0.45371	0.43856059

Average of 50 images of test set:

F_Score	Entropy
0.4993944032424352	0.6062242045276335

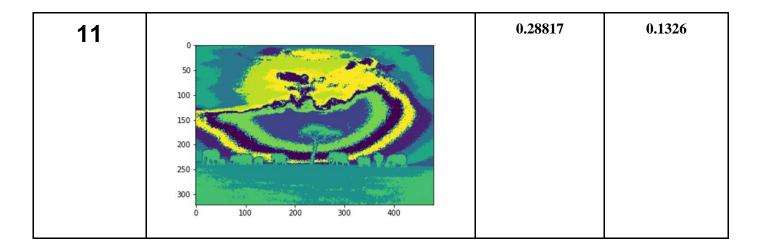
Success vs Failures in train set

Success cases Original image

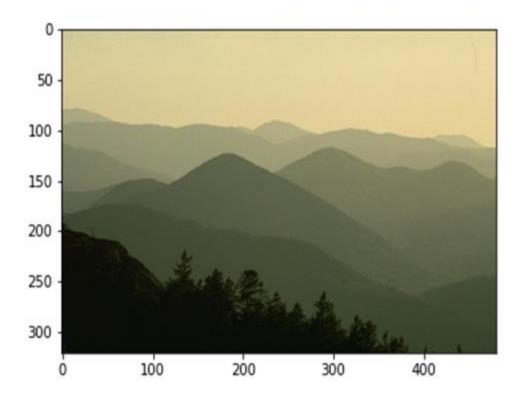


k	image	f_score	Entropy
3	Picture is similar to ground truth	0.75434	0.1545395

5	250 250 300 0 100 200 300 400	0.499608	0.11946
7	150 200 250 300 0 100 200 300 400	0.37157	0.1475
9	150 200 250 300 0 100 200 300 400	0.34092	0.1376

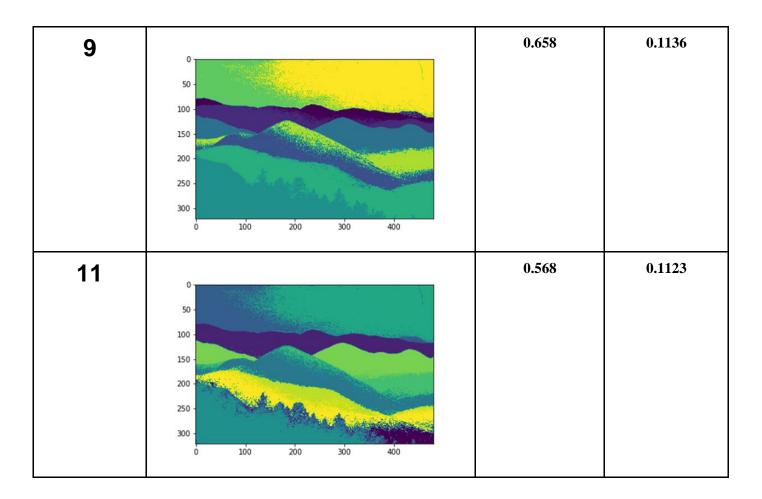


Original image



k	image	f_score	Entropy
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3	Picture is similar to groundtruth	0.81844	0.3496
5	0 50 100 150 200 250 300 0 100 200 300 400	0.832	0.1876
7	50 - 100 - 150 - 200 - 300 400	0.6675	0.178



- When the image has few details, the clustering result matches the ground truth segments
- When we increase k and there's a few colors and shades in the image (less than k) the clustering mis matches the groundtruth

failure cases

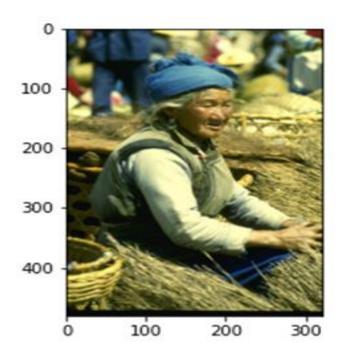
Original image:



k	image	f_score	Entropy
3	200 - 300 - 400 - 0 100 200 300	0.35316	0.73001

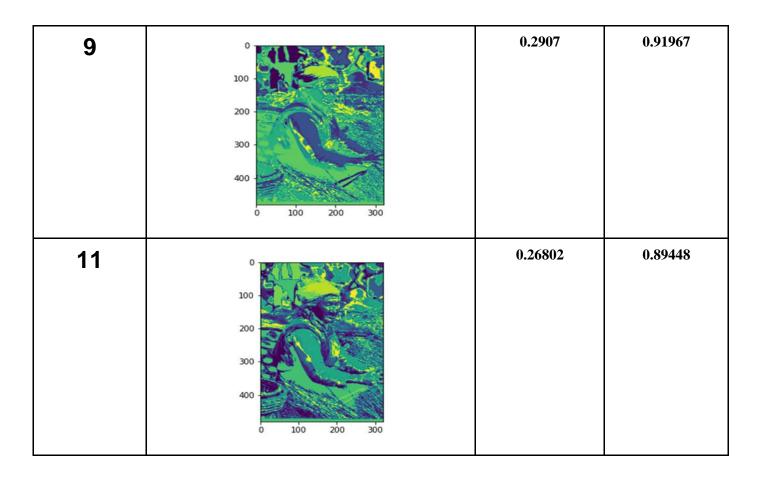
5	0 100 - 200 - 300 - 400 - 0 100 200 300	0.30482	0.64041
7	100 - 200 - 300 - 400 -	0.27184	0.62241
9	100 200 300 400 0 100 200 300	0.23538	0.61784
11	200 - 300 - 400 - 0 100 200 300	0.23094	0.59487

Original image:



k	image	f_score	Entropy
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3	200	0.32637	1.0142
5	100 200 300 400 0 100 200 300	0.27918	0.98883
7	100 200 300 400 0 100 200 300	0.3278	0.92757



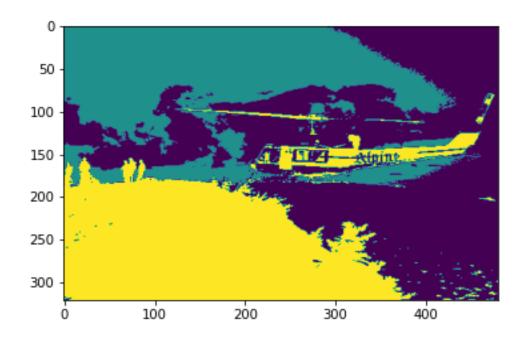
Bad results produce less f-score although it shows more details but as these details are not shown in the ground-truth so the pixels are mismatched. F-score decreases as K increases as it shows more details.

Success vs Failures in test set :

Success

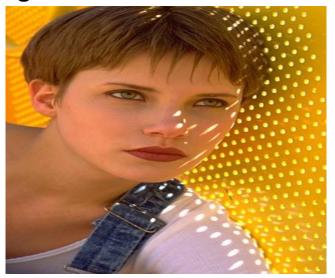
Original image:

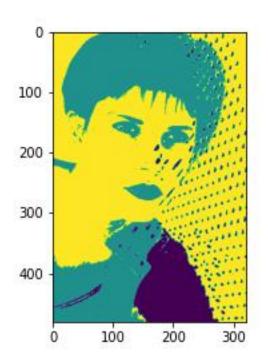




Average fscore: 0.717742984794211 conditional_entropy: 0.435613431357418

Original image:



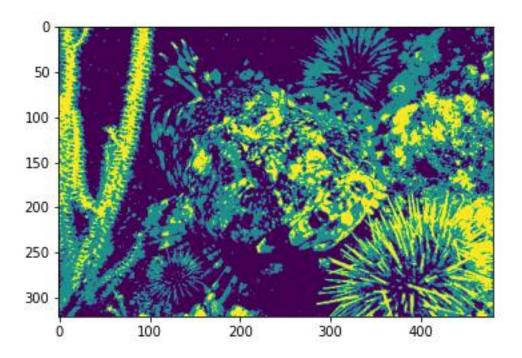


Average fscore: 0.6548447753658493 conditional_entropy: 0.5115402955520272

Failures:

Original image:

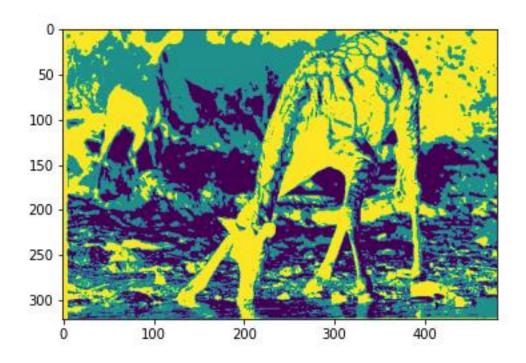




Average fscore: 0.32404107526209136 conditional_entropy: 0.8072440733834156

Original image:

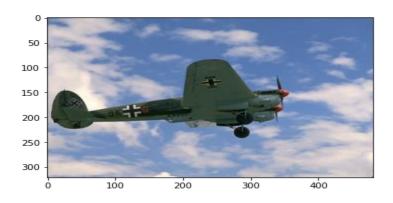


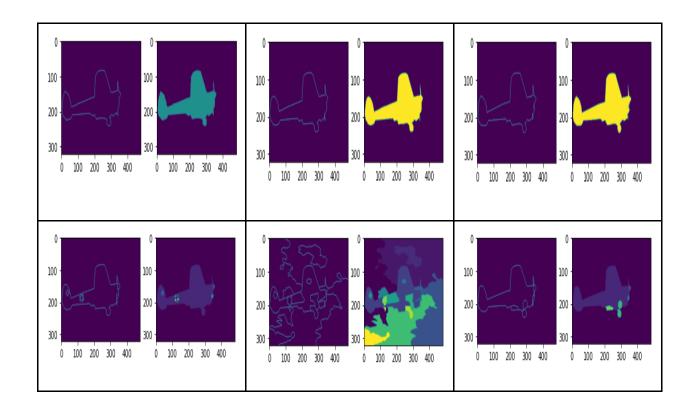


Average fscore: 0.3699420133273374 conditional_entropy: 0.8516124277308098

4. Big picture

Image 3036:





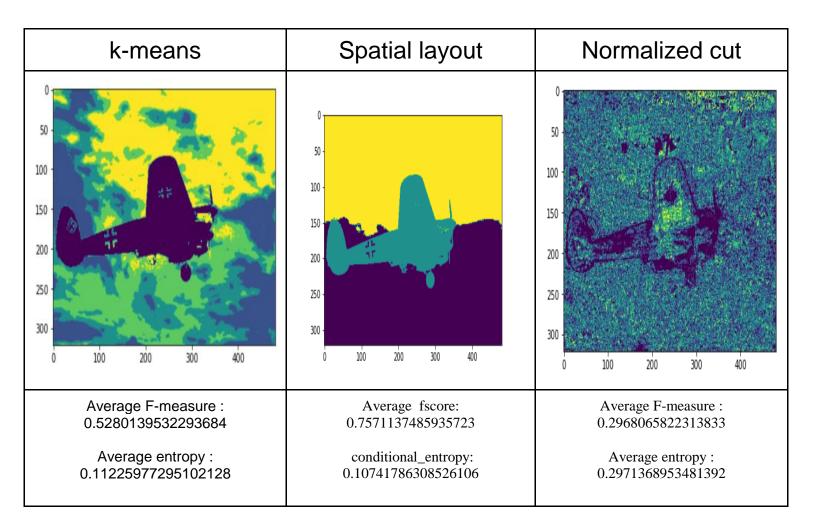
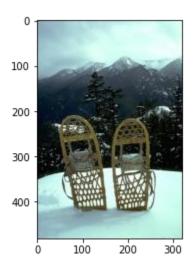
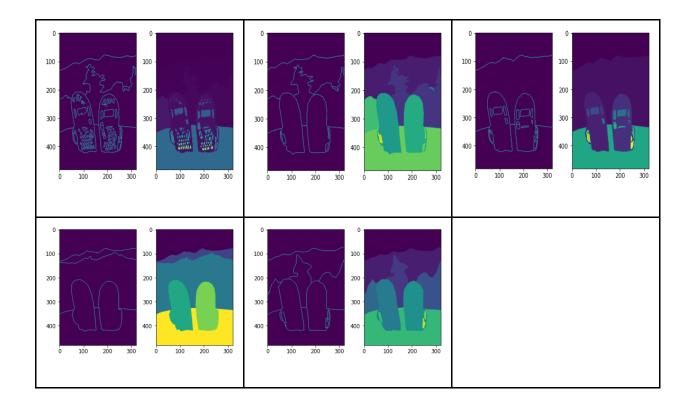


Image 2018:





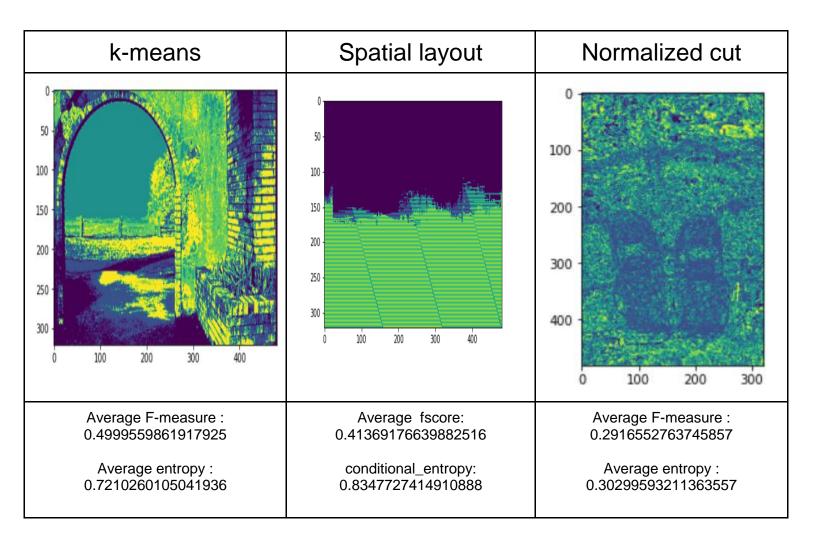
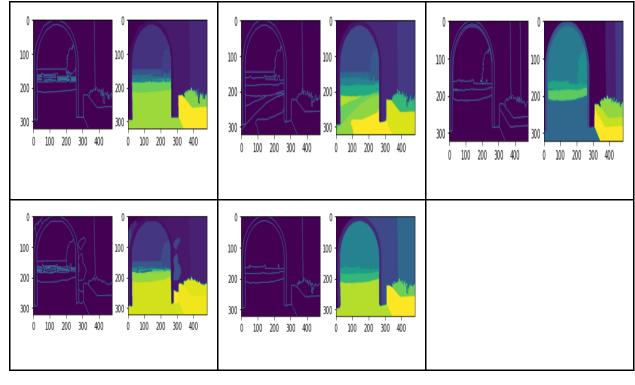


Image 5096:





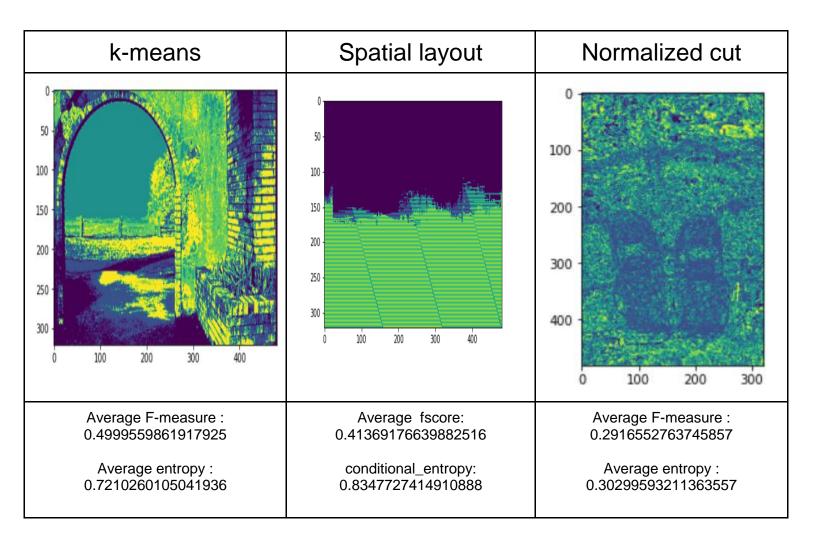
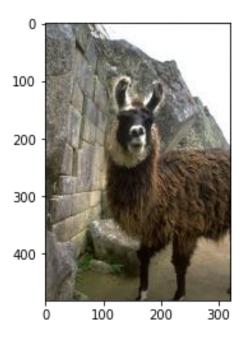
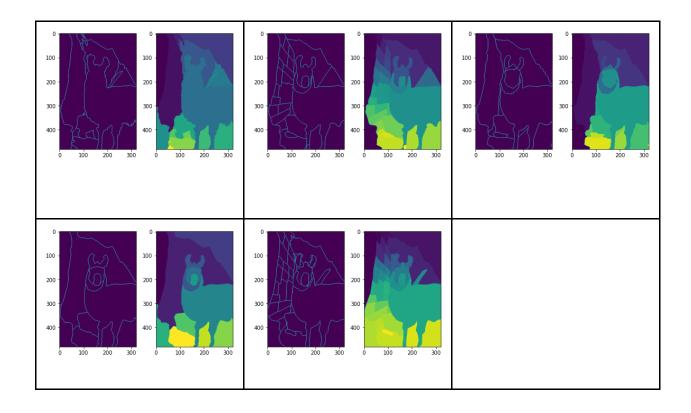


Image 6046:





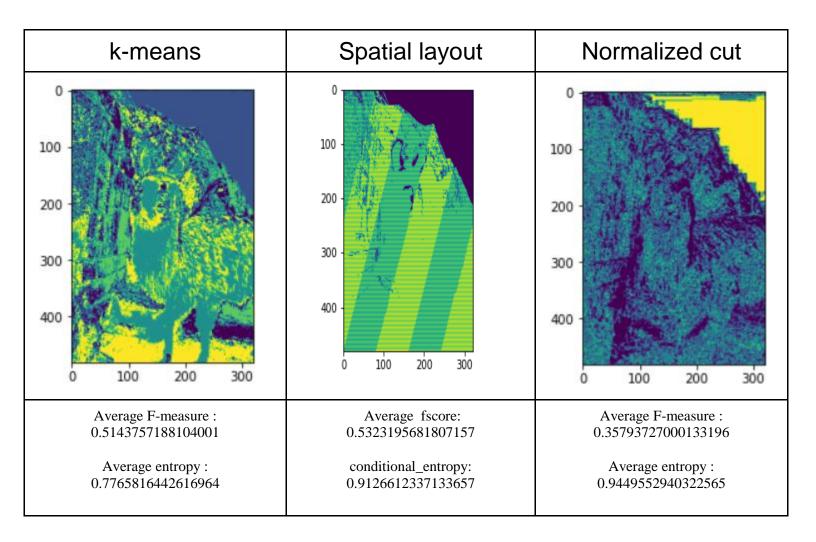
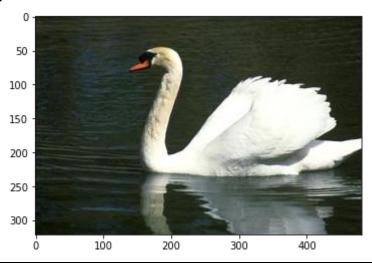
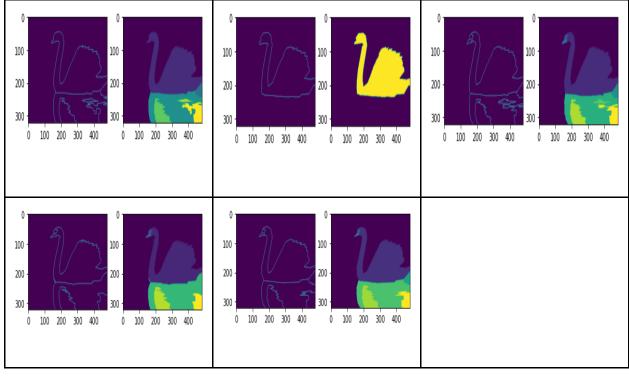
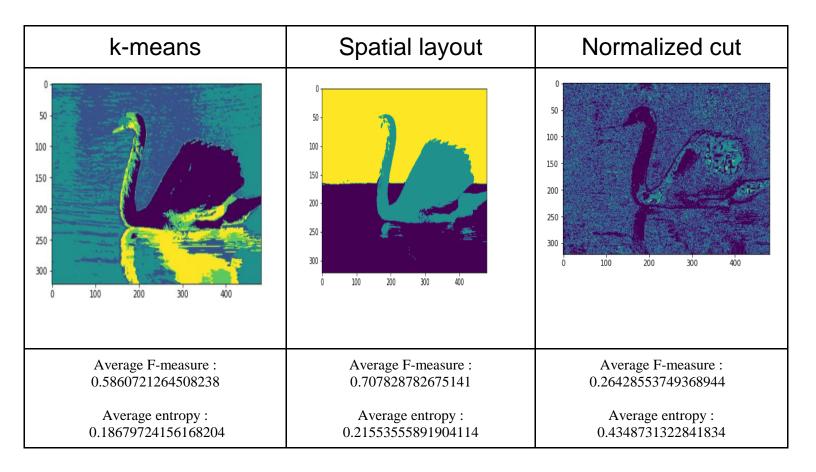


Image 8068:







5. Extra

- a. Modifying dataset
- To modify the feature vector of the previous runs, we've added two features x and y that represent the position of each pixel.
- Now the data sets contains 321x481(width x height) rows and 6 columns (R G B X Y)
- b. Contrasting results
- Next, we ran the tuning again on 200 images of the dataset to observe the difference between the two approaches.
- Adding the new features reduced the overfitting of clustering in the previous part but that made the pictures became unclear as objects of pictures are non-convex shapes so k-means fail to segment it
- We found that k = is the average k between all images in the dataset
- We used that k on the first 50 images of the test set

Average of 200 images of train set:

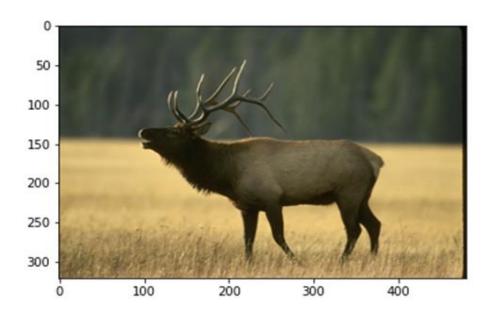
k	3	5	7	9	11
f_Score	0.515708	0.4284	0.3765	0.33648	0.3034156

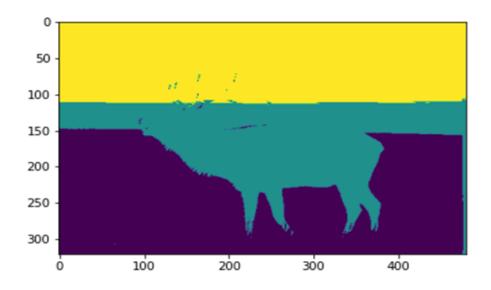
Average of 50 images of test set on k = 3:

f_score	con_entropy
0.49779	0.59976

Success vs Failures in train set when k = 3: Success

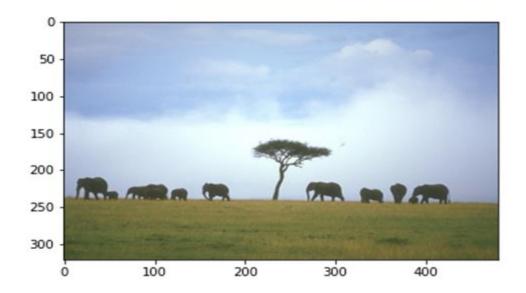
Original image:

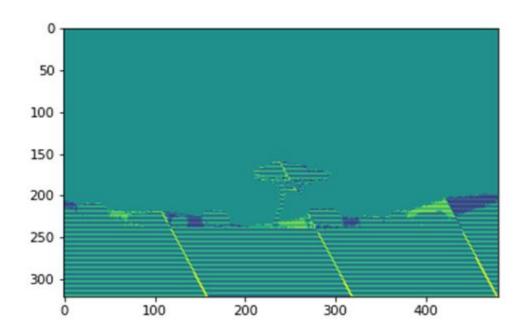




Average fscore: 0.8284478025116421 conditional_entropy: 0.18147965853216558

Original image

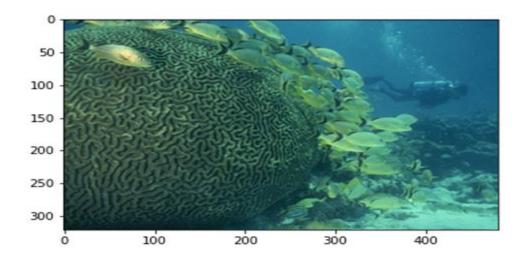


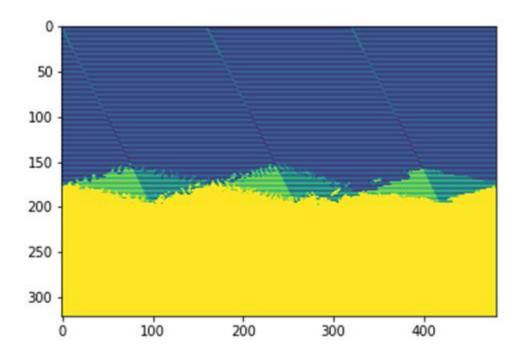


Average fscore: 0.7174326553490545 conditional_entropy: 0.18831131721885586

Failures

Original image:

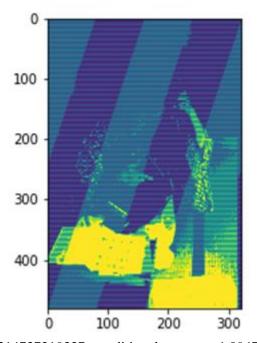




Average fscore: 0.3781043622079655 conditional_entropy: 0.600936571684321

Original image:





Average fscore: 0.33549314737219327 conditional_entropy: 1.0947403121001686