

Recommending tower location in a mobile network

1. Introduction

1.1. Background

Mobile service demand is growing exponentially, the quality of service expected by the customers is getting higher, as the social media need is increasing. Mobile network planning and tower location selection is a very critical task to perform nowadays, as the location selection will affect the customer quality of service. After the network is growing and the customers increase, the solution and location selected need to be very specific in order to deliver the needed service with customer satisfaction. A big problem appeared in the mobile operators that the wrong decision in solution and tower location selection will lead to wrong investment and waste of resources without delivering the quality of service needed affecting the return on investment. This study would help any mobile network planner to prioritize and nominate new tower locations based on the customer traffic need to enhance the quality of service and maximize the company revenue.

1.2. Problem

Selection of new proposed sites location and prioritizing them is a critical task. In order to get the maximum gain of the investment and enhance the network quality of service, to enrich the end user customer experience.

1.3. Interest

Radio network planners and budget proposal teams in the mobile network operators, will be interested in the selection criteria and prioritizing of the new sites location.

2. Data acquiring

2.1. Data sources

Two source for data will be used in the analysis. First source is real data collection from a mobile operator showing the data traffic volume generated by the customers, with respect to the geolocation "latitude and longitude" of the network tower as showing in Figure 1 site data from mobile operator

towerloc				
	eNodeB	traffic	lat	lon
0	LCAIW20945	150	30.069542	31.218173
1	LCAIW20459	50	30.066012	31.221055
2	LCAIW20298	70	30.062500	31.217450
3	LCAIW20461	100	30.061819	31.223215
4	LCAIW20293	30	30.056056	31.224817
5	LCAIW20300	80	30.066537	31.230656

Figure 1 site data from mobile operator

Second source is Foursquare data to get the venues in the same area the network tower are installed. The venue latitude ,longitude ,category, ranking. All the will be imported in two dataframes.

2.2. Location

The area selected to have the analysis performed is Zamalek Island, in Egypt. The area is one of the top ranked neighborhoods. Most of the VIP customers located in the area, so the study will be performed there. Also the venues in those places are best in Egypt.

3. Analysis and data exploration

A grid is created in order to split Zamalek into zones, as shown in Figure 2 Zamalek zones.

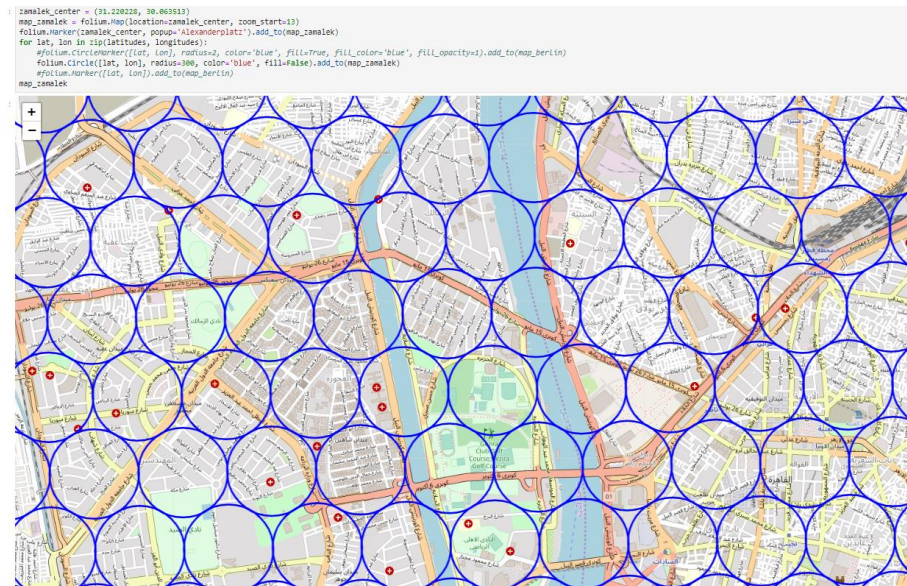


Figure 2 Zamalek zones

Those grids should have the venues imported in them and mapping the site locations as well, in order to give the high rank density of the spot.

Our data from foursquare contains 100 venue, in Zamalek area as show in Figure 3 Foursquare venues

```
venues = results['response']['groups'][0]['items']
nearby_venues = json_normalize(venues) # flatten JSON

# filter columns
filtered_columns = ['venue.name', 'venue.categories', 'venue.location.lat', 'venue.location.lng']
nearby_venues = nearby_venues.loc[:, filtered_columns]

# filter the category for each row
nearby_venues['venue.categories'] = nearby_venues.apply(get_category_type, axis=1)

# clean columns
nearby_venues.columns = [col.split(".")[1] for col in nearby_venues.columns]

nearby_venues.head()
```

	name	categories	lat	lng
0	Zamalek Cinema	Multiplex	30.061760	31.218794
1	Zööba (زوّبا)	Middle Eastern Restaurant	30.061248	31.219263
2	Maison 69	Boutique	30.063842	31.218536
3	Mandarine Koueider	Pastry Shop	30.062634	31.219732
4	Villa Baboushka	Boutique	30.062980	31.221455

```
print('{} venues were returned by Foursquare.'.format(nearby_venues.shape[0]))
100 venues were returned by Foursquare.
```

Figure 3 Foursquare venues

The venues in Zamalek are categorized, a matrix is generated in order to check the venue type verses all the categories as shown in Figure 4 Category matrix vs venue type.

```
# one hot encoding
onehot = pd.get_dummies(nearby_venues[['categories']], prefix="", prefix_sep="")

# add neighborhood column back to dataframe
onehot['Neighborhood'] = 'Zamalek'

# move neighborhood column to the first column
fixed_columns = [onehot.columns[1]] + list(onehot.columns[2:-1])
onehot = onehot[fixed_columns]

onehot.head()
```

	Neighborhood	American Restaurant	Art Gallery	Bakery	Bar	Bistro	Boat or Ferry	Bookstore	Boutique	Bubble Tea Shop	Burger Joint	Café	Coffee Shop	Cupcake Shop	Dessert Shop	Eastern European Restaurant	Food Stand	Gym	Gym / Fitness Center	Health & Beauty Service	Hotel	Hotel Bar	Ice Cream Shop	Indian Restaurant	Italian Restaurant	Japanese Restaurant	Jazz Club	Jewelry Store	Juice Bar	Restaurant
0	Zamalek	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	Zamalek	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	Zamalek	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	Zamalek	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	Zamalek	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Figure 4 Category matrix vs venue type

Linking the venues from foursquare and the site locations by distance in order to get the nearest serving site to the venue as shown in Figure 7 shows the nearest tower to each venue , after creating the functions “closest_point” and “match_value”.

```
[27]: import pandas as pd
      from scipy.spatial.distance import cdist

[28]: def closest_point(point, points):
      """ Find closest point from a list of points. """
      return points[cdist([point], points).argmin()]

[29]: def match_value(df, col1, x, col2):
      """ Match value x from col1 row to value in col2. """
      return df[df[col1] == x][col2].values[0]

[30]: df1 = pd.DataFrame(towerloc)
      df2 = pd.DataFrame(nearby_venues)

[31]: df2
      ***

[32]: df1['point'] = [(x, y) for x,y in zip(df1['lat'], df1['lon'])]
      df2['point'] = [(x, y) for x,y in zip(df2['lat'], df2['lng'])]

[33]: df2['closest'] = [closest_point(x, list(df1['point'])) for x in df2['point']]

[34]: df2
      ***

[35]: df2['zone'] = [match_value(df1, 'point', x, 'eNodeB') for x in df2['closest']]

[36]: df2
```

	name	categories	lat	lng	point	closest	zone
0	Zamalek Cinema	Multiplex	30.061760	31.218794	(30.061760222603002, 31.218793667827992)	(30.0625, 31.217449900000002)	LCAIW20298
1	Z66ba (زوكو)	Middle Eastern Restaurant	30.061248	31.219263	(30.06124837014216, 31.219262645315787)	(30.0625, 31.217449900000002)	LCAIW20298
2	Maison 69	Boutique	30.063842	31.218536	(30.063842, 31.218536)	(30.0625, 31.217449900000002)	LCAIW20298
3	Mandarine Koueider	Pastry Shop	30.062634	31.219732	(30.06263394562906, 31.219732275388324)	(30.0625, 31.217449900000002)	LCAIW20298

Figure 7 shows the nearest tower to each venue

A pivot function is performed in order to get the count of venues serving each tower or site in the network as shown in Figure 8 pivot to show count of venues serving each site

```
[37]: zamalekall=df2

[38]: pivot = zamalekall.pivot_

[39]: print(pivot)
```

	categories	count
zone		
LCAIW20293		19
LCAIW20298		26
LCAIW20300		8
LCAIW20459		14
LCAIW20461		23
LCAIW20945		10

Figure 8 pivot to show count of venues serving each site

4. Results

The results shown, there are a site "LCAIW20298" that is serving a huge number of venues "26 venues", those venues are representing 25% of the venues in Zamalek area, correlated that site is carrying average traffic, not the highest among the sites in Zamalek, which means those venues can have bad quality of service and need to have a new site.

The priority of those 26 venues could be applied from the 10th category ranking performed earlier in Zamalek, in order to give them higher priority to have a new site.

5. Discussion

The analysis performed should be reviewed by the planner in the mobile operator in order to validate the analysis results, does it makes sense with respect to the company strategy.

6. Conclusion

A recommender analysis is performed for a mobile operator in order to give insights about the currents sites analysis, traffic versus the served venues. And recommend which areas need to have a new site and prioritorize them with respect to the VIP venues.