Explanation of Supply Chain Dataset Columns

The dataset provided in the supplychain.xlsx file contains detailed information about customer orders, shipping logistics, and product details in a supply chain context. Below is a detailed explanation of each column in the dataset, describing its purpose and significance.

Column Descriptions

1. **Type**

- o **Description**: Specifies the payment method used for the order.
- o **Example Values**: DEBIT, TRANSFER, CASH, PAYMENT
- o **Purpose**: Indicates how the customer paid for the order, which can influence financial processing and risk assessment (e.g., fraud detection).

2. Days for shipping (real)

- o **Description**: The actual number of days taken to ship the order.
- o **Example Values**: 3, 5, 4, 2, 6
- **Purpose**: Measures the real-world shipping performance, useful for evaluating logistics efficiency.

3. Days for shipment (scheduled)

- o **Description**: The planned number of days for shipping the order.
- o **Example Values**: 4, 1
- **Purpose**: Represents the expected shipping timeline, allowing comparison with actual shipping time to assess delays.

4. Benefit per order

- o **Description**: The profit earned from the order after accounting for costs.
- o **Example Values**: 91.25, -249.0899963, 22.86000061
- **Purpose**: Indicates the financial outcome of the order, critical for profitability analysis. Negative values suggest losses.

5. Sales per customer

- o **Description**: The total sales amount associated with the customer for this order.
- o **Example Values**: 314.6400146, 311.3599854, 309.7200012
- Purpose: Tracks customer spending, useful for customer segmentation and marketing strategies.

6. Delivery Status

- o **Description**: The status of the delivery process.
- Example Values: Advance shipping, Late delivery, Shipping on time, Shipping canceled
- Purpose: Summarizes the outcome of the shipping process, helping identify logistical issues.

7. Late_delivery_risk

- **Description**: A binary indicator of whether the order is at risk of late delivery (1 = risk, 0 = no risk).
- o **Example Values**: 0, 1

o **Purpose**: Flags potential delays, aiding in proactive logistics management.

8. Category Id

- o **Description**: A unique identifier for the product category.
- o **Example Values**: 73
- **Purpose**: Links the order to a specific product category for inventory and sales analysis.

9. Category Name

- o **Description**: The name of the product category.
- **Example Values**: Sporting Goods
- o **Purpose**: Provides a human-readable description of the product category.

10. Customer City

- o **Description**: The city of the customer's address.
- o **Example Values**: Caguas, San Jose, Los Angeles, Tonawanda, Miami
- **Purpose**: Identifies the customer's location for regional analysis and logistics planning.

11. Customer Country

- o **Description**: The country of the customer's address.
- o **Example Values**: Puerto Rico, EE. UU. (United States)
- Purpose: Supports global market analysis and compliance with international regulations.

12. Customer Fname

- o **Description**: The first name of the customer.
- o **Example Values**: Cally, Irene, Gillian, Tana, Orli
- o **Purpose**: Personalizes customer data for communication and tracking.

13. Customer Id

- o **Description**: A unique identifier for the customer.
- o **Example Values**: 20755, 19492, 19491
- o **Purpose**: Enables tracking of individual customer activity across orders.

14. Customer Lname

- o **Description**: The last name of the customer.
- o **Example Values**: Holloway, Luna, Maldonado
- o **Purpose**: Completes customer identification for record-keeping.

15. Customer Segment

- o **Description**: The segment or type of customer.
- o **Example Values**: Consumer, Home Office, Corporate
- o **Purpose**: Categorizes customers for targeted marketing and service strategies.

16. Customer State

- o **Description**: The state or region of the customer's address.
- Example Values: PR (Puerto Rico), CA (California), NY (New York), FL (Florida)
- o **Purpose**: Provides granularity for regional analysis within a country.

17. **Department Id**

- o **Description**: A unique identifier for the department handling the product.
- o Example Values: 2
- o **Purpose**: Links the order to a specific organizational department.

18. **Department Name**

- o **Description**: The name of the department handling the product.
- o **Example Values**: Fitness
- o **Purpose**: Describes the department for operational and reporting purposes.

19. Latitude

- o **Description**: The latitude coordinate of the customer's location.
- o **Example Values**: 18.2514534, 37.29223251, 25.92886925
- o **Purpose**: Enables geospatial analysis for logistics and market mapping.

20. Longitude

- o **Description**: The longitude coordinate of the customer's location.
- o **Example Values**: -66.03705597, -121.881279, -80.16287231

System: Explanation of Supply Chain Dataset Columns (Continued)

Below is the continuation of the detailed explanation of each column in the supplychain.xlsx dataset, picking up where the previous response left off.

Column Descriptions (Continued)

20. Longitude

- o **Description**: The longitude coordinate of the customer's location.
- o **Example Values**: -66.03705597, -121.881279, -80.16287231
- **Purpose**: Complements latitude for precise geospatial analysis, aiding in logistics optimization and market segmentation.

21. Market

- o **Description**: The regional market where the order is placed.
- o **Example Values**: Pacific Asia, South Asia, Oceania, Eastern Asia
- Purpose: Identifies the broader market region for strategic sales and distribution planning.

22. Order City

- o **Description**: The city where the order is shipped to.
- o **Example Values**: Bekasi, Bikaner, Townsville, Toowoomba, Guangzhou
- Purpose: Specifies the destination city for shipping, critical for logistics and delivery tracking.

23. Order Country

- o **Description**: The country where the order is shipped to.
- o **Example Values**: Indonesia, India, Australia, China
- Purpose: Supports international logistics and compliance with cross-border regulations.

24. Order Customer Id

- o **Description**: The customer ID associated with the order, matching the Customer Id.
- o **Example Values**: 20755, 19492, 19491
- Purpose: Links the order to a specific customer, ensuring consistency in customer tracking.

25. order date (DateOrders)

- **Description**: The date and time when the order was placed, represented as a fractional number (Excel-style timestamp).
- o **Example Values**: 43131.95555555556, 43113.51875, 43113.504166666666
- o **Purpose**: Tracks the timing of orders for demand forecasting and trend analysis.

26. Order Id

- o **Description**: A unique identifier for the order.
- o **Example Values**: 77202, 75939, 75938
- **Purpose**: Enables tracking and management of individual orders throughout the supply chain.

27. Order Item Cardprod Id

- o **Description**: The product ID associated with the order item.
- o **Example Values**: 1360
- o **Purpose**: Links the order to a specific product in the inventory system.

28. Order Item Discount

- o **Description**: The monetary discount applied to the order item.
- o **Example Values**: 13.10999966, 16.38999939, 18.03000069
- Purpose: Quantifies the discount, impacting the final sales amount and profitability.

29. Order Item Discount Rate

- o **Description**: The percentage discount applied to the order item.
- o **Example Values**: 0.039999999, 0.050000001, 0.059999999
- o **Purpose**: Indicates the discount rate, useful for pricing strategy analysis.

30. Order Item Id

- o **Description**: A unique identifier for the order item within the order.
- o **Example Values**: 180517, 179254, 179253
- **Purpose**: Tracks individual items within an order, especially for multi-item orders.

31. Order Item Product Price

- o **Description**: The original price of the product before discounts.
- o Example Values: 327.75
- o **Purpose**: Provides the base price for calculating sales and discounts.

32. Order Item Profit Ratio

- o **Description**: The ratio of profit to the cost of the order item.
- o **Example Values**: 0.289999992, -0.800000012, 0.079999998
- **Purpose**: Measures the profitability of the item, with negative values indicating losses.

33. Order Item Quantity

- o **Description**: The number of units of the product ordered.
- o **Example Values**: 1
- o **Purpose**: Tracks the quantity sold, essential for inventory management.

34. Sales

- o **Description**: The total sales amount for the order item before discounts.
- o **Example Values**: 327.75
- o **Purpose**: Represents the gross sales value, used for revenue tracking.

35. Order Item Total

o **Description**: The final sales amount for the order item after applying discounts.

- o **Example Values**: 314.6400146, 311.3599854, 309.7200012
- o **Purpose**: Reflects the net sales amount, critical for financial reporting.

36. Order Profit Per Order

- o **Description**: The profit earned from the entire order, matching Benefit per order.
- o **Example Values**: 91.25, -249.0899963, -247.7799988
- o **Purpose**: Summarizes the order's financial outcome, aligning with Benefit per order.

37. Order Region

- o **Description**: The geographic region of the order destination.
- o **Example Values**: Southeast Asia, South Asia, Oceania, Eastern Asia
- o **Purpose**: Provides regional context for logistics and market analysis.

38. Order State

- o **Description**: The state or province of the order destination.
- o **Example Values**: Java Occidental, Rajastán, Queensland, Guangdong
- o **Purpose**: Adds granularity to destination tracking for regional logistics.

39. Order Status

- o **Description**: The current status of the order.
- Example Values: COMPLETE, PENDING, CLOSED, PENDING_PAYMENT, CANCELED, PROCESSING
- **Purpose**: Tracks the order's progress through the supply chain, aiding in workflow management.

40. Product Card Id

- o Description: The product ID, matching Order Item Cardprod Id.
- o **Example Values**: 1360
- o **Purpose**: Ensures consistency in product identification across the dataset.

41. Product Category Id

- o **Description**: The category ID for the product, matching Category Id.
- Example Values: 73
- o **Purpose**: Links the product to its category, aligning with Category Id.

42. **Product Name**

- o **Description**: The name of the product.
- o **Example Values**: Smart watch
- Purpose: Provides a human-readable product description for inventory and sales reporting.

43. Product Price

- o **Description**: The price of the product, matching Order Item Product Price.
- o **Example Values**: 327.75
- o **Purpose**: Confirms the product's base price for consistency.

44. **Product Status**

- o **Description**: The availability status of the product.
- o **Example Values**: 0 (likely indicating available)
- o **Purpose**: Indicates whether the product is in stock or discontinued.

45. shipping date (DateOrders)

o **Description**: The date and time when the order was shipped, represented as a fractional number.

- o **Example Values**: 43134.95555555556, 43118.51875, 43117.504166666666
- o **Purpose**: Tracks the actual shipping date for performance evaluation.

46. Shipping Mode

- o **Description**: The method of shipping used for the order.
- o Example Values: Standard Class, First Class
- o **Purpose**: Indicates the shipping service level, impacting cost and delivery time.

Summary

The supplychain.xlsx dataset provides a comprehensive view of supply chain operations, covering customer details, order logistics, financial metrics, and product information. Each column serves a specific purpose, from tracking customer demographics and order statuses to analyzing profitability and shipping performance. This dataset is valuable for optimizing logistics, improving customer segmentation, and enhancing financial outcomes in a supply chain context.