

# Task 1:

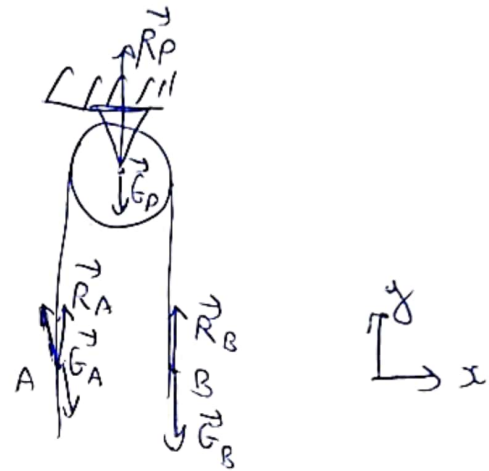
Research object:

- \* Rope
  - \* Pulley
  - \* Load B
  - \* Man A
- } rectilinear

Force analysis

$$\vec{G}_A; \vec{G}_B; \vec{G}_P$$

$$\vec{R}_A; \vec{R}_B; \vec{R}_P$$



Solution:  $J = \frac{m r^2}{4}$  ;  $v_B = \omega r$

$$m v_B r + m (v_B - v) \cdot r + \frac{m}{4} r^2 \omega = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow v_B \cdot r + (v_B - v) \cdot r + \frac{1}{4} v_B = 0$$

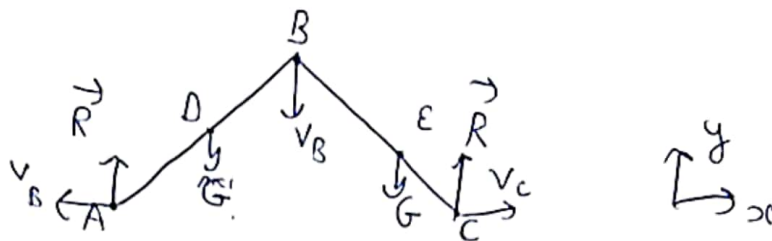
$$\Rightarrow v_B = \frac{4}{9} v$$

$\Rightarrow$  Load will go up with velocity  $\frac{4}{9} a$

Task 2:

R.O:

\* rod AB } planar motion  
\* rod BC }



Force analysis

$\vec{G}_D, \vec{G}_C$

$\vec{R}_A, \vec{R}_C$

First part:

Positions:

|       | initial              | final                    |
|-------|----------------------|--------------------------|
| $x_B$ | 0                    | 0                        |
| $y_B$ | $h$                  | 0                        |
| $x_C$ | $\sqrt{4l^2 - h^2}$  | $\sqrt{4l^2 - h^2} + h$  |
| $y_C$ | 0                    | 0                        |
| $x_A$ | $-\sqrt{4l^2 - h^2}$ | $-\sqrt{4l^2 - h^2} - h$ |
| $y_A$ | 0                    | 0                        |

Solution:

$$T_{AB} = \frac{1}{2} I \omega_{AB}^2 = T_{BC} = \frac{1}{2} I \omega_{BC}^2$$

$$I = m l^2 + m p^2$$

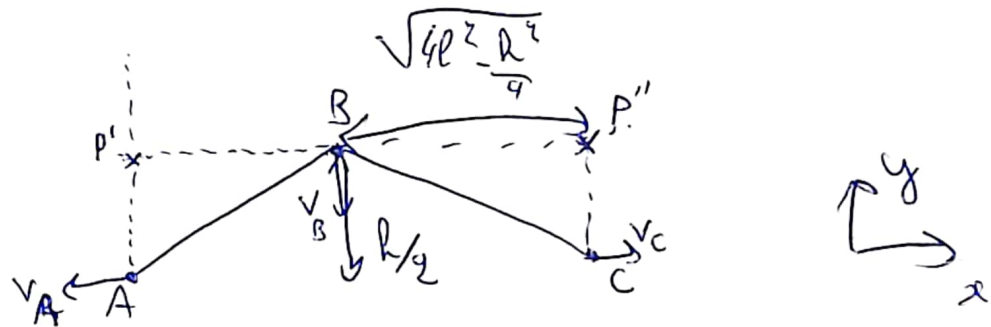
Using IC of AB at A and BC at C (final position):

$$v_B = \omega_{AB} \cdot 2l = \omega_{BC} \cdot 2l$$

$$\text{Work: } A_{if} = mg \frac{h}{2} + mg \frac{h}{2} \Rightarrow \omega^2 I = mgh (T_{AB} + T_{BC} = A)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{v_B^2}{4l^2} (m l^2 + m p^2) = mgh \Leftrightarrow v_B = 2l \sqrt{\frac{gh}{l^2 + p^2}}$$

Second part :



$P'$  and  $P''$  are IC ..

$$\Rightarrow v_B = \omega_{AB} \sqrt{4l^2 - \frac{h^2}{4}} = \omega_{BC} \sqrt{4l^2 - \frac{h^2}{4}}$$

Work:  $A_{if} = \text{var } m g \frac{h}{2} = T_{AB} + T_{BC} =$

$$= \cancel{\frac{1}{2}} I \omega^2 = (m l^2 + m p^2) \frac{v_B^2}{4l^2 - \frac{h^2}{4}}$$

$$\Rightarrow v_B = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{16l^2 - h^2} \sqrt{\frac{g h}{2(l^2 + p^2)}}$$