Problem Statement

• Over the years, the company has collected basic bank details and gathered a lot of credit-related information. The management wants to build an intelligent system to segregate the people into credit score brackets to reduce the manual efforts.

Data Description

- Data has 2 Files Train Data and Test Data. Train data has 28 Columns and Test data has 27 Columns
- Columns:-
 - ID: Represents a unique identification of an entry
 - **Customer ID**: Represents a unique identification of a person
 - **Month**: Represents the month of the year
 - Name: Represents the name of a person
 - **Age**: Represents the age of the person
 - **SSN**: Represents the social security number of a person
 - Occupation: Represents the occupation of the person
 - Annual_Income: Represents the annual income of the person
 - Monthly_Inhand_Salary: Represents the monthly base salary of a person
 - Num_Bank_Accounts: Represents the number of bank accounts a person holds
 - Num_Credit_Card: Represents the number of other credit cards held by a person
 - Interest_Rate: Represents the interest rate on credit card
 - Num_of_Loan: Represents the number of loans taken from the bank
 - **Type_of_Loan**: Represents the types of loan taken by a person
 - Delay_from_due_date: Represents the average number of days delayed from the payment date
 - Num_of_Delayed_Payment: Represents the average number of payments delayed by a person
 - Changed_Credit_Limit: Represents the percentage change in credit card limit
 - Num_Credit_Inquiries: Represents the number of credit card inquiries
 - **Credit_Mix**: Represents the classification of the mix of credits

- Outstanding_Debt: Represents the remaining debt to be paid (in USD)
- Credit_Utilization_Ratio: Represents the utilization ratio of credit card
- **Credit_History_Age**: Represents the age of credit history of the person
- Payment_of_Min_Amount: Represents whether only the minimum amount was paid by the person
- **Total_EMI_per_month**: Represents the Equated Monthly Installments payments (in USD)
- Amount_invested_monthly: Represents the monthly amount invested by the customer (in USD)
- Payment_Behaviour: Represents the payment behavior of the customer (in USD)
- Monthly_Balance: Represents the monthly balance amount of the customer (in USD)
- **Credit_Score**: Represents the bracket of credit score (Poor, Standard, Good)

Importing Libraries

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')

In [2]: df = pd.read_csv("train.csv", sep = ",", encoding = 'utf-8')
test = pd.read_csv("test.csv", sep = ",", encoding = 'utf-8')
In [54]: df.head()
```

Out[54]:		Month	Age	Occupation	Annual_Income	Monthly_Inhand_Salary	Num_Bank_Accounts	Num_Credit_Card	Interest_Rate	Num_of_Loan
	0	January	23	Scientist	19114.12	1824.843333	3	4	0.03	4
	1 F	ebruary	23	Scientist	19114.12	1082.203750	3	4	0.03	4
	2	March	33	Scientist	19114.12	2686.018333	3	4	0.03	4
	3	April	23	Scientist	19114.12	2201.945833	3	4	0.03	4
	4	May	23	Scientist	19114.12	1824.843333	3	4	0.03	4

5 rows × 26 columns

In [4]: df.info()

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 100000 entries, 0 to 99999
Data columns (total 28 columns):
     Column
                               Non-Null Count
                                                Dtype
     ID
0
                               100000 non-null
                                               object
1
     Customer ID
                               100000 non-null
                                               object
2
     Month
                               100000 non-null object
 3
                               90015 non-null
     Name
                                               object
4
                               100000 non-null object
     Age
5
     SSN
                               100000 non-null object
     Occupation
                               100000 non-null object
7
     Annual Income
                               100000 non-null object
     Monthly Inhand Salary
                               84998 non-null
                                               float64
     Num Bank Accounts
                               100000 non-null int64
    Num Credit Card
                               100000 non-null int64
11 Interest Rate
                               100000 non-null int64
    Num of Loan
                               100000 non-null object
13 Type of Loan
                               88592 non-null
                                                object
14 Delay from due date
                               100000 non-null int64
15 Num of Delayed Payment
                               92998 non-null
                                               object
    Changed Credit Limit
                               100000 non-null object
17 Num Credit Inquiries
                               98035 non-null
                                               float64
18 Credit Mix
                               100000 non-null object
19 Outstanding Debt
                               100000 non-null object
 20 Credit Utilization Ratio
                              100000 non-null float64
 21 Credit History Age
                               90970 non-null
                                               object
 22 Payment of Min Amount
                               100000 non-null object
 23 Total EMI per month
                               100000 non-null float64
 24 Amount invested monthly
                               95521 non-null
                                               object
 25 Payment Behaviour
                               100000 non-null object
 26 Monthly Balance
                               98800 non-null
                                               object
 27 Credit Score
                               100000 non-null object
dtypes: float64(4), int64(4), object(20)
memory usage: 21.4+ MB
```

Data Cleaning & Preprocessing

```
In [5]: def filling_na(df, column, type_=None):
    """
    This fucntion for filling null values to work with the data properly
    Parameters:
    df: DataFrame to fill the na with
```

```
column: column which will fill the value in it
type_: type of data needed be filled

"""

np.random.seed(7)
if type_ == "num":
    filling_list = df[column].dropna()
    df[column] = df[column].fillna(pd.Series(np.random.choice(filling_list, size=len(df.index))))

else:
    filling_list = df[column].dropna().unique()
    df[column] = df[column].fillna(pd.Series(np.random.choice(filling_list, size=len(df.index))))
return df[column]
```

Out[6]

]: _		ID	Customer_ID	Month	Name	Age	SSN	Occupation	Annual_Income	Monthly_Inhand_Salary	Num_Bank_Ac
	18	0x161c	CUS_0x2dbc	March	Langep	34	486-85-3974		143162.64	NaN	
	23	0x1621	CUS_0x2dbc	August	Langep	34	486-85-3974	Engineer	143162.64	12187.220000	
	28	0x162a	CUS_0xb891	May	Jasond	55	072-31-6145	Entrepreneur	30689.89	2612.490833	
	121	0x16b7	CUS_0x33d2	February	Chalmersa	30	965-46-2491	Scientist	31993.78	2942.148333	
	142	0x16d4	CUS_0xfdb	July	Patrickg	46	928-91-4452	Teacher	32284.62	2898.385000	
	•••										
9	99879	0x25f39	CUS_0x3855	August	Xolai	27	#F%\$D@*&8	Scientist	118677.54	9963.795000	
9	99882	0x25f40	CUS_0x47fa	March	Yantoultra Nguif	31	291-51-7240	Mechanic	16884797.0	5440.945000	
9	99919	0x25f75	CUS_0x1619	August	Phil Wahbao	54	683-59-7399	Media_Manager	20059.98	1523.665000	
9	99951	0x25fa5	CUS_0x51b3	August	Ryana	33	837-85-9800	Media_Manager	59146.36	4908.863333	
9	99973	0x25fc7	CUS_0xf16	June	NaN	45	868-70-2218	Media_Manager	16680.35	1528.029167	
4	4305 rows × 28 columns										

In [7]: df.describe().T

\cap	14	$\Gamma \neg$	7 7
U	Jι	L /	

	count	mean	std	min	25%	50%	75%	max
Monthly_Inhand_Salary	84998.0	4194.170850	3183.686167	303.645417	1625.568229	3093.745000	5957.448333	15204.633333
Num_Bank_Accounts	100000.0	17.091280	117.404834	-1.000000	3.000000	6.000000	7.000000	1798.000000
Num_Credit_Card	100000.0	22.474430	129.057410	0.000000	4.000000	5.000000	7.000000	1499.000000
Interest_Rate	100000.0	72.466040	466.422621	1.000000	8.000000	13.000000	20.000000	5797.000000
Delay_from_due_date	100000.0	21.068780	14.860104	-5.000000	10.000000	18.000000	28.000000	67.000000
Num_Credit_Inquiries	98035.0	27.754251	193.177339	0.000000	3.000000	6.000000	9.000000	2597.000000
Credit_Utilization_Ratio	100000.0	32.285173	5.116875	20.000000	28.052567	32.305784	36.496663	50.000000
Total_EMI_per_month	100000.0	1403.118217	8306.041270	0.000000	30.306660	69.249473	161.224249	82331.000000

In [8]: df.describe(include='0').T

Out[8]:		count	unique	top	freq
	ID	100000	100000	0x1602	1
	Customer_ID	100000	12500	CUS_0xd40	8
	Month	100000	8	January	12500
	Name	90015	10139	Langep	44
	Age	100000	1788	38	2833
	SSN	100000	12501	#F%\$D@*&8	5572
	Occupation	100000	16		7062
	Annual_Income	100000	18940	36585.12	16
	Num_of_Loan	100000	434	3	14386
	Type_of_Loan	88592	6260	Not Specified	1408
	Num_of_Delayed_Payment	92998	749	19	5327
	Changed_Credit_Limit	100000	4384	-	2091
	Credit_Mix	100000	4	Standard	36479
	Outstanding_Debt	100000	13178	1360.45	24
	Credit_History_Age	90970	404	15 Years and 11 Months	446
	Payment_of_Min_Amount	100000	3	Yes	52326
	Amount_invested_monthly	95521	91049	10000	4305
	Payment_Behaviour	100000	7	Low_spent_Small_value_payments	25513
	Monthly_Balance	98800	98792	3333333333333333333333333333	9
	Credit_Score	100000	3	Standard	53174

```
df["Monthly Balance"] = df["Monthly Balance"].astype("float64")
         df["Monthly_Balance"].dtype
         dtype('float64')
Out[10]:
In [11]: df["Num of Delayed Payment"] = df["Num of Delayed Payment"].str.replace(r' $',"", regex=True)
         df["Num of Delayed Payment"] = df["Num of Delayed Payment"].astype("float64")
         df["Num of Delayed Payment"].dtype
         dtype('float64')
Out[11]:
In [12]: df["Annual Income"] = df["Annual Income"].str.replace(r' $',"", regex=True)
         df["Annual Income"] = df["Annual Income"].astype("float64")
         df["Annual Income"].dtype
         dtype('float64')
Out[12]:
In [13]: df["Age"] = df["Age"].str.replace(r'_$',"", regex=True)
         df["Age"] = df["Age"].astype("int64")
         df["Age"].dtype
         dtype('int64')
Out[13]:
In [14]: df["Outstanding_Debt"] = df["Outstanding_Debt"].str.replace(r'_$',"", regex=True)
         df["Outstanding Debt"] = df["Outstanding Debt"].astype("float64")
         df["Outstanding Debt"].dtype
         dtype('float64')
Out[14]:
In [15]: df["Occupation"] = df["Occupation"].replace("_____",np.nan)
In [16]: df["Credit_History_Age_#Year"] = df["Credit_History_Age"].str.split(" ", expand=True)[0]
         df["Credit History Age #Month"] = df["Credit History Age"].str.split(" ", expand=True)[3]
        df["Payment Behaviour"] = df["Payment Behaviour"].replace("!@9#%8", "Medium spent Medium value payments")
In [17]:
In [18]: df.Age.replace(-500, np.median(df.Age), inplace=True)
         for i in df.Age.values:
             if i > 118:
                 df.Age.replace(i, np.median(df.Age), inplace=True)
```

```
In [19]: | df["Num of Loan"] = df["Num of Loan"].str.replace(r' $',"", regex=True)
         df["Num of Loan"] = df["Num of Loan"].astype("int64")
         df["Num_of_Loan"].dtype
         dtype('int64')
Out[19]:
In [20]: df["Credit Mix"] = df["Credit Mix"].replace(" ", "Don't Have")
In [21]: df["Changed Credit Limit"] = df["Changed Credit Limit"].replace(" ", 0)
         df["Changed Credit Limit"] = df["Changed Credit Limit"].astype("float64")
In [22]: df.Num of Loan.replace(-100, np.median(df.Num of Loan), inplace=True)
         for i in df.Num of Loan.values:
             if i > 10:
                 df.Num of Loan.replace(i, np.median(df.Num of Loan), inplace=True)
In [23]: | df["Interest Rate"] = df["Interest Rate"].astype("float64")
         df["Interest Rate"] = df["Interest Rate"]/100
In [24]: for i in df.Interest Rate:
             if i > 20:
                 df.Interest Rate.replace(i, np.median(df.Interest Rate), inplace=True)
         for i in df.Num Bank Accounts:
In [25]:
             if i > 100:
                 df.Num Bank Accounts.replace(i, np.median(df.Num Bank Accounts), inplace=True)
        df["Monthly_Inhand_Salary"] = filling_na(df, "Monthly Inhand Salary", "num")
In [26]:
         df["Num Credit Inquiries"] = filling na(df, "Num Credit Inquiries", "num")
         df["Amount invested monthly"] = filling na(df, "Amount invested monthly", "num")
         df["Num of Delayed Payment"] = filling na(df, "Num of Delayed Payment", "num")
         df["Monthly Balance"] = filling na(df, "Monthly Balance", "num")
         df["Credit History Age #Year"] = filling na(df, "Credit History Age #Year", "num")
         df["Credit History Age #Month"] = filling na(df, "Credit History Age #Month", "num")
         df["Type of Loan"] = filling na(df, "Type of Loan")
         df["Credit History Age"] = filling na(df, "Credit History Age")
         df["Occupation"] = filling na(df, "Occupation")
In [27]: | df["Credit History Age #Year"] = df["Credit History Age #Year"].astype("int64")
         df["Credit History Age #Month"] = df["Credit History Age #Month"].astype("int64")
         df.drop duplicates(subset="ID", inplace=True)
```

```
In [28]:
         df.drop(["Name", "Credit History Age", "ID", "Customer ID", "SSN"], axis=1, inplace=True)
In [29]:
In [30]: df.Type_of_Loan = df.Type_of_Loan.str.replace("and", "")
         df.Type of Loan = df.Type of Loan.str.replace(" ", "")
In [31]: cat_values=[]
         loan cat = df.Type of Loan.unique()
         for i in loan cat:
             for j in i.split(","):
                  cat values.append(j)
         loan_types = set([x.strip(' ') for x in set(cat_values)])
In [32]:
         loan_types = list(loan_types)
         loan_types
         ['PaydayLoan',
Out[32]:
          'PersonalLoan',
          'HomeEquityLoan',
          'AutoLoan',
           'StudentLoan',
           'NotSpecified',
           'DebtConsolidationLoan',
           'Credit-BuilderLoan',
           'MortgageLoan']
In [33]: df.head()
```

Out[33]:		Month	Age	Occupation	Annual_Income	Monthly_Inhand_Salary	Num_Bank_Accounts	Num_Credit_Card	Interest_Rate	Num_of_Loan
	0	January	23	Scientist	19114.12	1824.843333	3	4	0.03	4 1
	1	February	23	Scientist	19114.12	1082.203750	3	4	0.03	4
	2	March	33	Scientist	19114.12	2686.018333	3	4	0.03	4
	3	April	23	Scientist	19114.12	2201.945833	3	4	0.03	4
	4	May	23	Scientist	19114.12	1824.843333	3	4	0.03	4

5 rows × 25 columns

In [34]: df.info()

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 100000 entries, 0 to 99999
Data columns (total 25 columns):
     Column
                                Non-Null Count
                                                 Dtype
     Month
                                100000 non-null
0
                                                object
                                                int64
1
     Age
                                100000 non-null
 2
     Occupation
                                100000 non-null
                                                object
     Annual Income
                                100000 non-null float64
                                100000 non-null float64
     Monthly Inhand Salary
 5
     Num Bank Accounts
                                100000 non-null int64
     Num Credit Card
                                100000 non-null int64
6
                                100000 non-null float64
7
     Interest Rate
8
     Num of Loan
                                100000 non-null int64
9
     Type of Loan
                                100000 non-null
                                                object
    Delay from due date
                                100000 non-null int64
    Num of Delayed Payment
                                100000 non-null float64
11
                                100000 non-null float64
12 Changed Credit Limit
    Num Credit Inquiries
                                100000 non-null float64
    Credit Mix
                                100000 non-null object
15 Outstanding Debt
                                100000 non-null float64
    Credit Utilization Ratio
                                100000 non-null float64
17 Payment of Min Amount
                                100000 non-null object
    Total EMI per month
                                100000 non-null float64
19
    Amount invested monthly
                                100000 non-null float64
    Payment Behaviour
                                100000 non-null object
 21 Monthly Balance
                                100000 non-null float64
```

24 Credit_History_Age_#Month 100000 non-null int64

100000 non-null

100000 non-null int64

object

dtypes: float64(11), int64(7), object(7)
memory usage: 19.8+ MB

23 Credit History Age #Year

22 Credit Score

In [35]: df.describe().T

\cap	114	- Г	2		٦	
U	uι	٠L	0	J	Ш	0
		_			_	

: _		count	mean	std	min	25%	50%	75%	max
	Age	100000.0	3.331899e+01	1.064554e+01	1.400000e+01	25.000000	33.000000	41.000000	1.180000e+02
	Annual_Income	100000.0	1.764157e+05	1.429618e+06	7.005930e+03	19457.500000	37578.610000	72790.920000	2.419806e+07
	Monthly_Inhand_Salary	100000.0	4.193254e+03	3.184554e+03	3.036454e+02	1625.485208	3089.424167	5964.883333	1.520463e+04
	Num_Bank_Accounts	100000.0	5.410010e+00	2.951401e+00	-1.000000e+00	3.000000	6.000000	7.000000	1.000000e+02
	Num_Credit_Card	100000.0	2.247443e+01	1.290574e+02	0.000000e+00	4.000000	5.000000	7.000000	1.499000e+03
	Interest_Rate	100000.0	2.144277e-01	9.483375e-01	1.000000e-02	0.080000	0.130000	0.200000	1.999000e+01
	Num_of_Loan	100000.0	3.510550e+00	2.395985e+00	0.000000e+00	2.000000	3.000000	5.000000	9.000000e+00
	Delay_from_due_date	100000.0	2.106878e+01	1.486010e+01	-5.000000e+00	10.000000	18.000000	28.000000	6.700000e+01
	Num_of_Delayed_Payment	100000.0	3.066927e+01	2.240522e+02	-3.000000e+00	9.000000	14.000000	18.000000	4.397000e+03
	Changed_Credit_Limit	100000.0	1.017179e+01	6.880628e+00	-6.490000e+00	4.970000	9.250000	14.660000	3.697000e+01
	Num_Credit_Inquiries	100000.0	2.779739e+01	1.934427e+02	0.000000e+00	3.000000	6.000000	9.000000	2.597000e+03
	Outstanding_Debt	100000.0	1.426220e+03	1.155129e+03	2.300000e-01	566.072500	1166.155000	1945.962500	4.998070e+03
	Credit_Utilization_Ratio	100000.0	3.228517e+01	5.116875e+00	2.000000e+01	28.052567	32.305784	36.496663	5.000000e+01
	Total_EMI_per_month	100000.0	1.403118e+03	8.306041e+03	0.000000e+00	30.306660	69.249473	161.224249	8.233100e+04
	Amount_invested_monthly	100000.0	6.386322e+02	2.046581e+03	0.000000e+00	74.569477	135.771365	265.460971	1.000000e+04
	Monthly_Balance	100000.0	-3.333333e+22	3.333183e+24	-3.333333e+26	270.057822	336.649353	470.176839	1.602041e+03
	Credit_History_Age_#Year	100000.0	1.797151e+01	8.314654e+00	0.000000e+00	12.000000	18.000000	25.000000	3.300000e+01
	Credit_History_Age_#Month	100000.0	5.596880e+00	3.450257e+00	0.000000e+00	3.000000	5.000000	9.000000	1.100000e+01

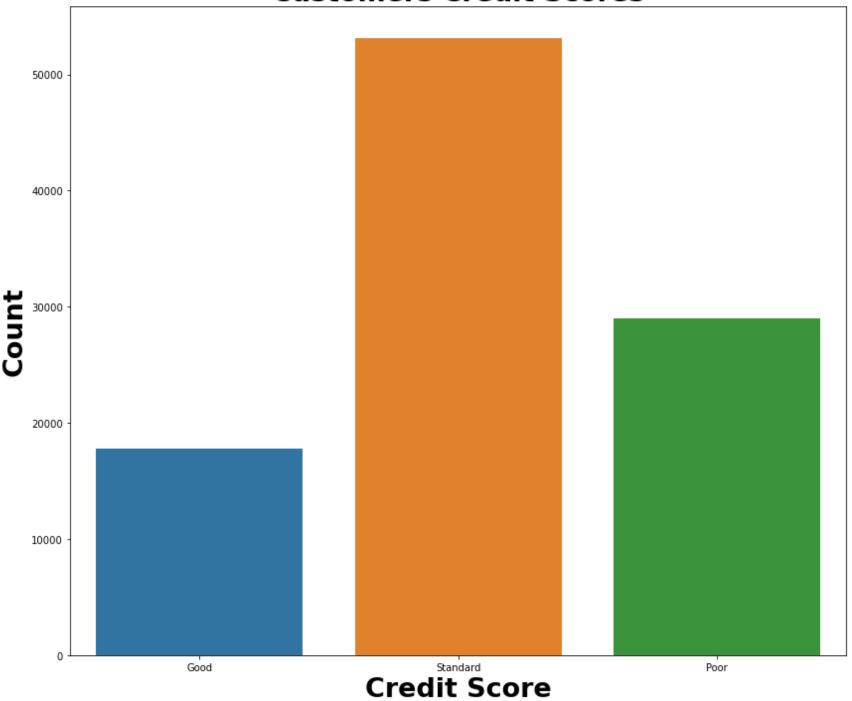
In [36]: df.describe(include='0').T

Out[36]:		count	unique	top	freq
	Month	100000	8	January	12500
	Occupation	100000	15	Lawyer	7093
	Type_of_Loan	100000	6260	NotSpecified	1409
	Credit_Mix	100000	4	Standard	36479
	Payment_of_Min_Amount	100000	3	Yes	52326
	Payment_Behaviour	100000	7	Low_spent_Small_value_payments	25513
	Credit_Score	100000	3	Standard	53174

Exploratory Data Analysis

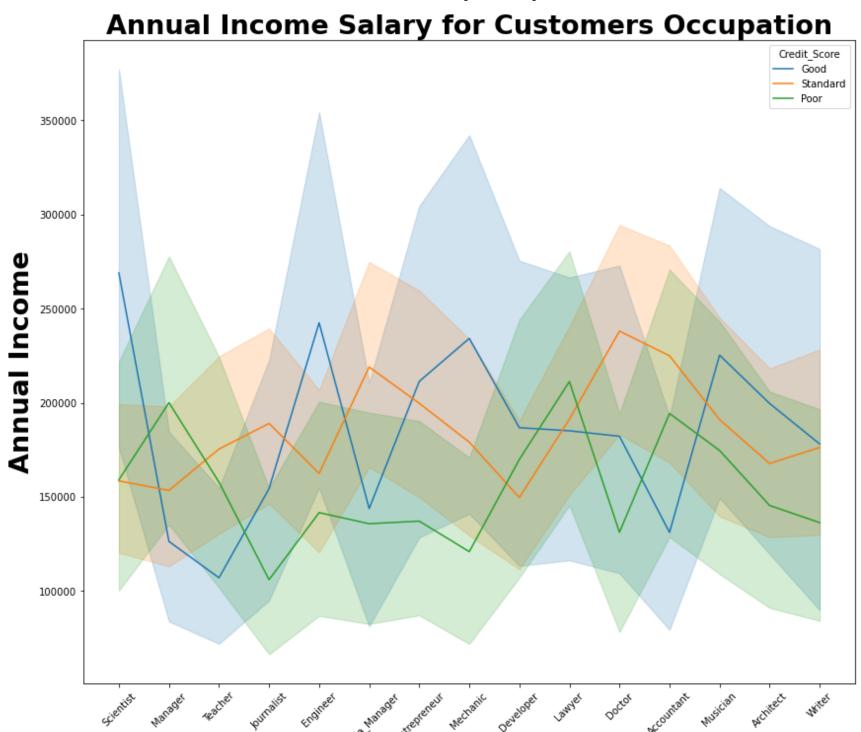
```
In [37]: plt.figure(figsize=(14,12))
    sns.countplot(data = df, x="Credit_Score")
    plt.title("Customers Credit Scores", size=27,fontweight="bold")
    plt.xlabel("Credit Score", size=27,fontweight="bold")
    plt.ylabel("Count", size=27,fontweight="bold")
    plt.show()
```

Customers Credit Scores



Most people fill in the standard category

```
In [38]: plt.figure(figsize=(14,12))
    sns.lineplot(data=df, x="Occupation", y="Annual_Income", hue="Credit_Score")
    plt.xticks(rotation=45)
    plt.title("Annual Income Salary for Customers Occupation", size=27,fontweight="bold")
    plt.xlabel("Occupation", size=27,fontweight="bold")
    plt.ylabel("Annual Income", size=27,fontweight="bold")
    plt.show()
```

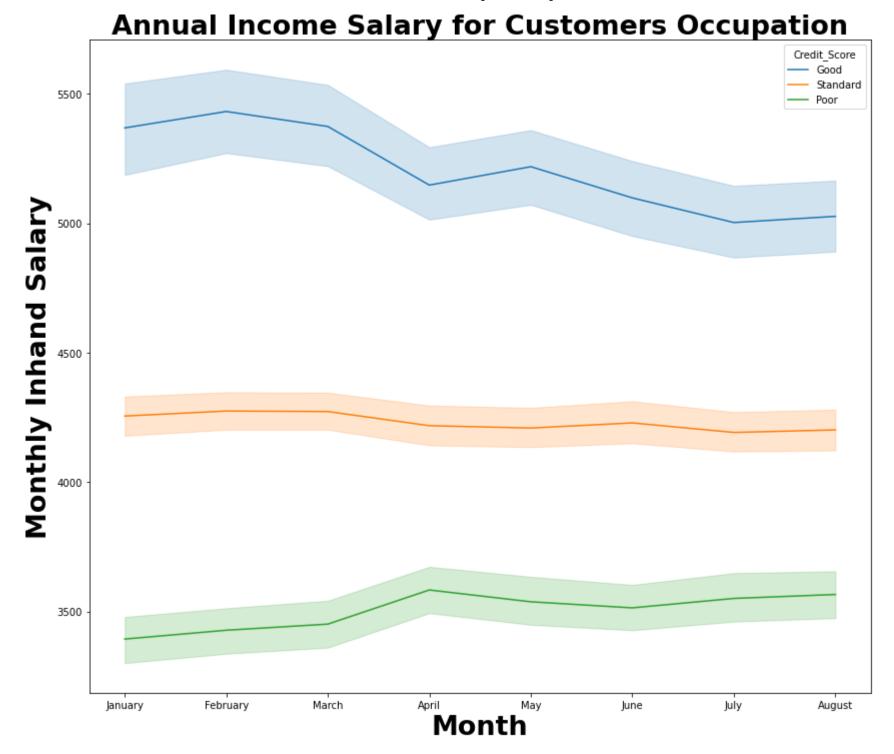


Occupation

Comment:

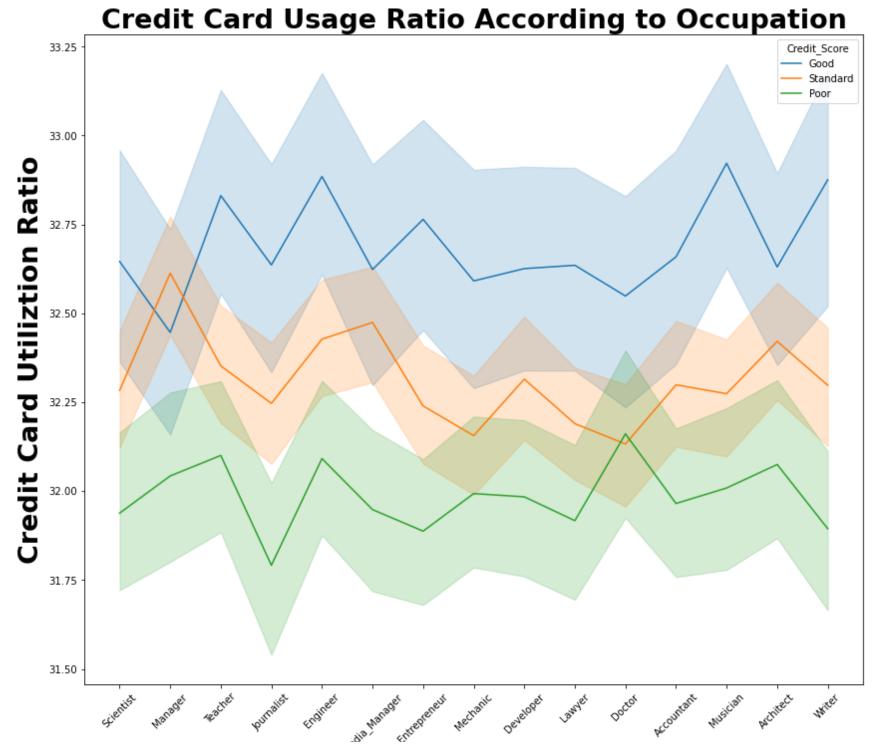
• The Annual Income of the Cutomers doesn't affect on the credit score as we see that the variance on the annual income and the people can still have a good credit score whether the cutomer has a 100000 USD or 250000 USD Annually

```
In [39]: plt.figure(figsize=(14,12))
    sns.lineplot(data=df, x="Month", y="Monthly_Inhand_Salary", hue="Credit_Score")
    plt.title("Annual Income Salary for Customers Occupation", size=27,fontweight="bold")
    plt.xlabel("Month", size=27,fontweight="bold")
    plt.ylabel("Monthly Inhand Salary", size=27,fontweight="bold")
    plt.show()
```



• People who has a high inhand monthly salary have a good credit score and who has a low inhand salary has a low credit score

```
In [40]: plt.figure(figsize=(14,12))
    sns.lineplot(data=df, x="Occupation", y="Credit_Utilization_Ratio", hue="Credit_Score")
    plt.xticks(rotation=45)
    plt.title("Credit Card Usage Ratio According to Occupation", size=27,fontweight="bold")
    plt.xlabel("Occupation", size=27,fontweight="bold")
    plt.ylabel("Credit Card Utiliztion Ratio", size=27,fontweight="bold")
    plt.show()
```





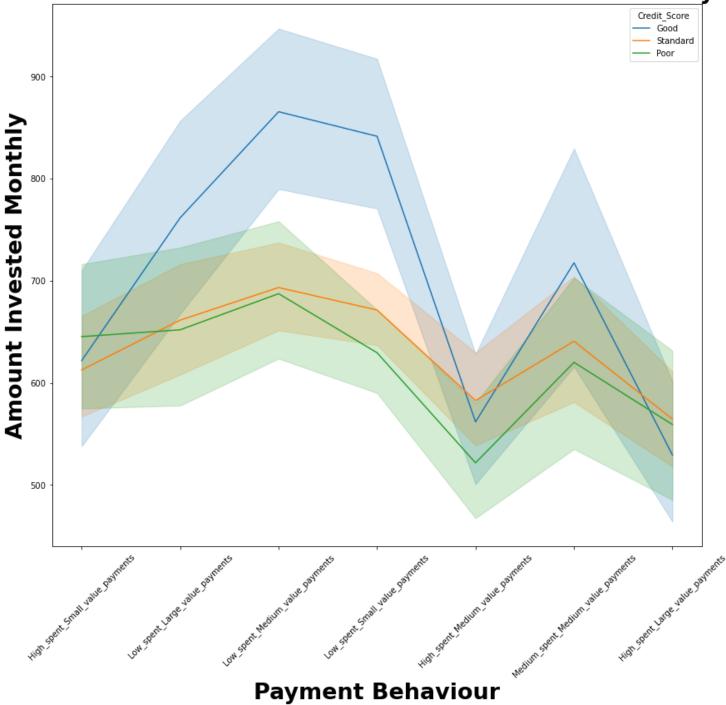
Occupation

Comment:

• More the People use the credit card it makes the credit score much better

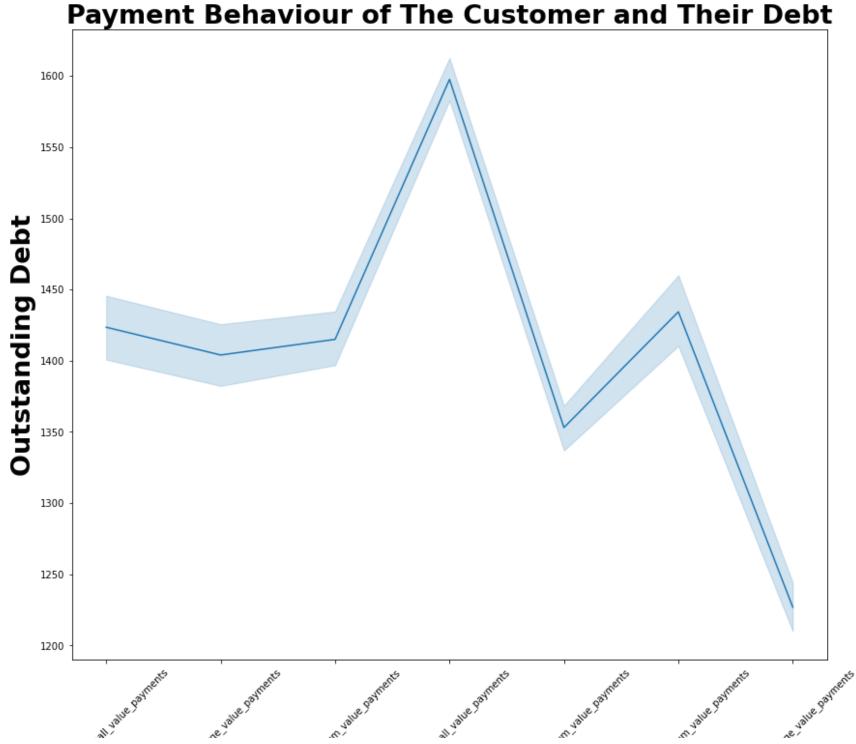
```
In [41]: plt.figure(figsize=(14,12))
    sns.lineplot(data=df, x="Payment_Behaviour", y="Amount_invested_monthly", hue="Credit_Score")
    plt.xticks(rotation=45)
    plt.title("Payment Behaviour of The Customer and The Amounts They Invest", size=27,fontweight="bold")
    plt.xlabel("Payment Behaviour", size=27,fontweight="bold")
    plt.ylabel("Amount Invested Monthly", size=27,fontweight="bold")
    plt.show()
```

Payment Behaviour of The Customer and The Amounts They Invest



• Most People who invest between **700 to 800 USD** of their money have a good Credit Score and most people who have a standard credit score invest between **600 to 700 USD** per Month

```
In [42]: plt.figure(figsize=(14,12))
    sns.lineplot(data=df, x="Payment_Behaviour", y="Outstanding_Debt")
    plt.xticks(rotation=45)
    plt.title("Payment Behaviour of The Customer and Their Debt", size=27,fontweight="bold")
    plt.xlabel("Payment Behaviour", size=27,fontweight="bold")
    plt.ylabel("Outstanding Debt", size=27,fontweight="bold")
    plt.show()
```



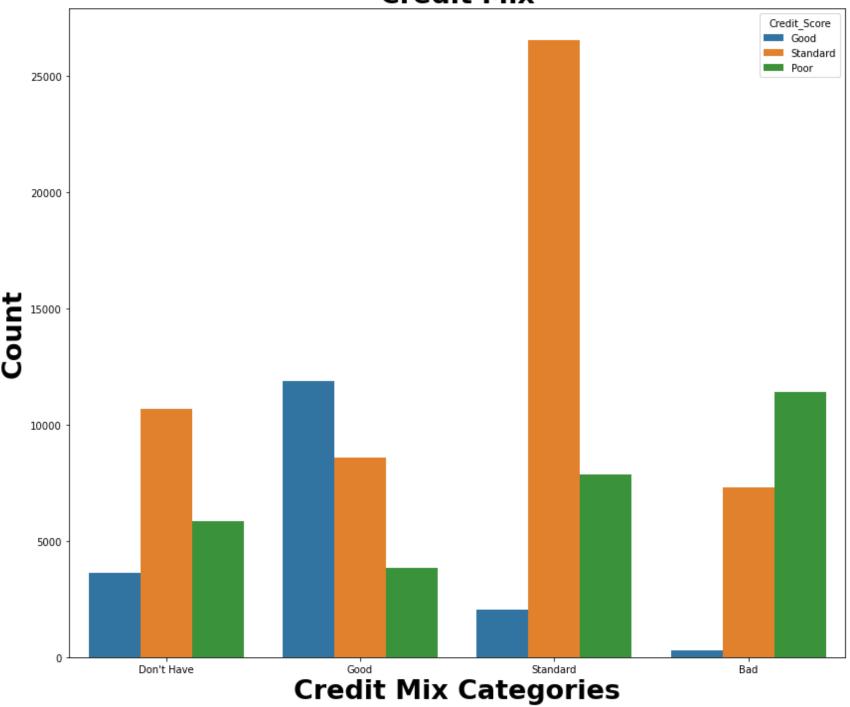
Payment Behaviour

Comment:

- People who don't use the credit card so much but also pay small portion of the credit card has the majority on the outstanding debt (Low_spent_Small_value_payments) and the Category after that which has the 2nd most outstanding debt the people who (Medium_spent_Medium_value_payments).
- The people who have the least outstanding debt are **Hight_spent_High_value_payments**.

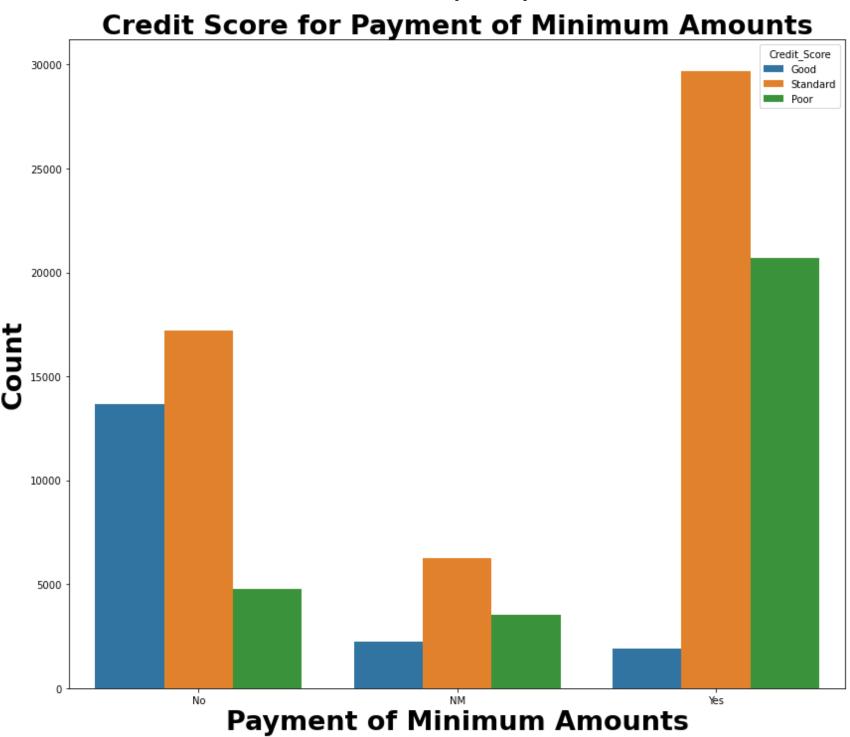
```
In [43]: plt.figure(figsize=(14,12))
    sns.countplot(data=df, x="Credit_Mix", hue="Credit_Score")
    #plt.xticks(rotation=45)
    plt.title("Credit Mix", size=27,fontweight="bold")
    plt.xlabel("Credit Mix Categories", size=27,fontweight="bold")
    plt.ylabel("Count", size=27,fontweight="bold")
    plt.show()
```

Credit Mix



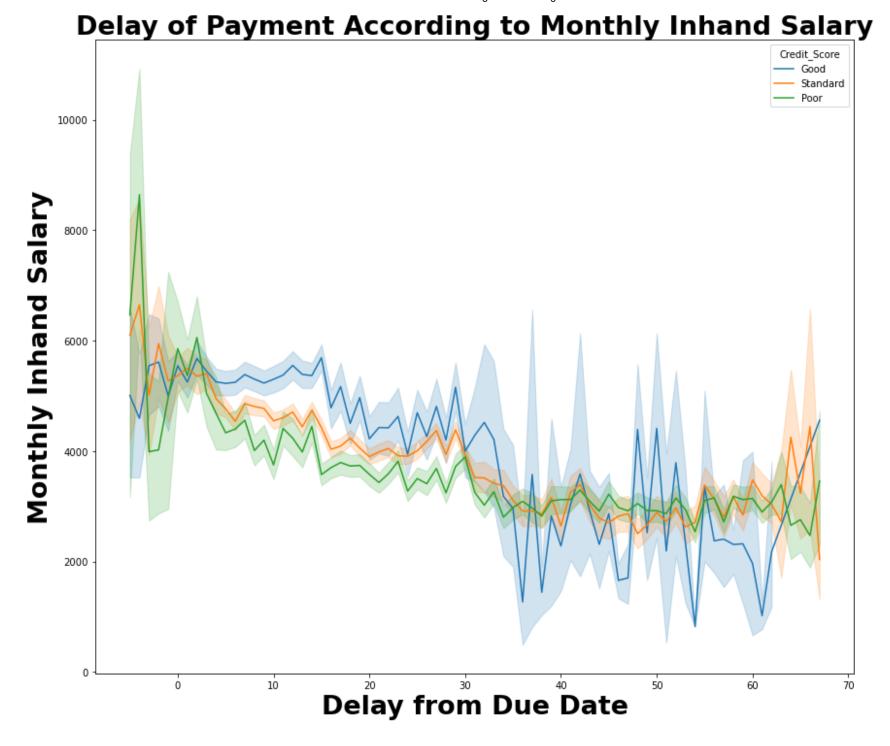
- People who don't have a credit mix most of them has a Standard Credit score and the 2nd most category has a bad credit Score.
- People who have a good credit mix most of them have a good credit score and the 2nd most category has a standard credit score.
- People who have astandard mix most of them has a standard credit score and the 2nd most category have a bad credit score.
- People who have a bad credit mix most of the has a bad credit score and the 2nd most category have a standard credit score.

```
In [44]: plt.figure(figsize=(14,12))
    sns.countplot(data = df, x = 'Payment_of_Min_Amount',hue="Credit_Score")
    plt.title("Credit Score for Payment of Minimum Amounts", size=27,fontweight="bold")
    plt.xlabel("Payment of Minimum Amounts", size=27,fontweight="bold")
    plt.ylabel("Count", size=27,fontweight="bold")
    plt.show()
```



• Customers who pay the minimum amounts has a poor credit score which but the people who don't pay the minimum amounts has a good credit score more than the others which mean that there are a lot of people who stay in debt for a long time as they don't pay the all amounts and they pay part of it which made an insterest on them.

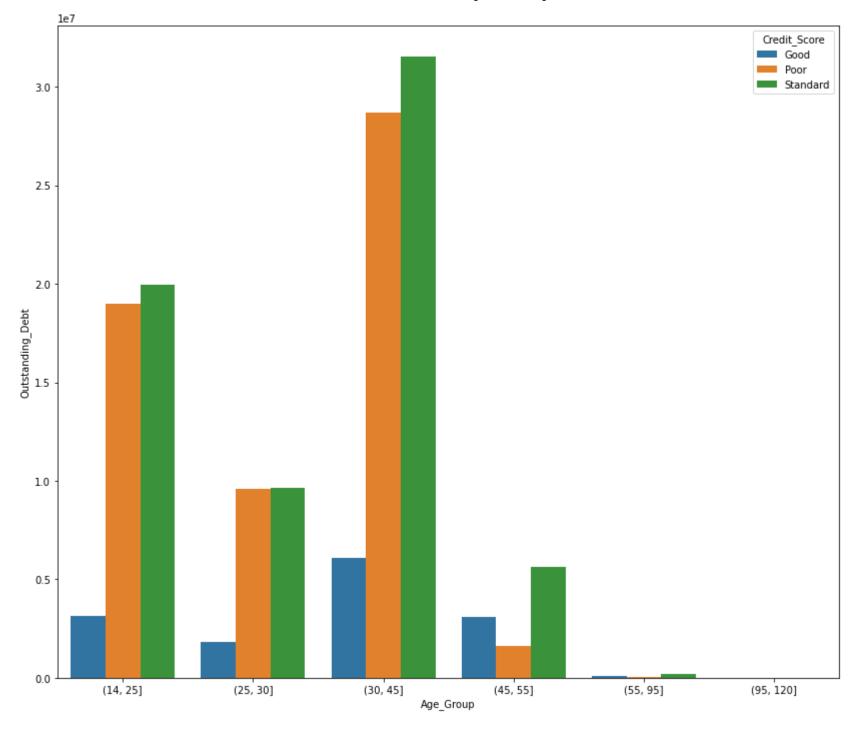
```
In [45]: plt.figure(figsize=(14,12))
    sns.lineplot(data = df, x = 'Delay_from_due_date', y = 'Monthly_Inhand_Salary', hue="Credit_Score")
    plt.title("Delay of Payment According to Monthly Inhand Salary", size=27,fontweight="bold")
    plt.xlabel("Delay from Due Date", size=27,fontweight="bold")
    plt.ylabel("Monthly Inhand Salary", size=27,fontweight="bold")
    plt.show()
```



• More the Customer has less Monthly inhand Salary more he where Delayed from Due Date but at the same time. There are peole who delayed from the due date but also have a good credit score.

```
In [46]: df["Age_Group"] = pd.cut(df.Age, bins=[14,25,30,45,55,95,120])
    age_groups = df.groupby(["Age_Group", "Credit_Score"])["Outstanding_Debt"].sum().to_frame().reset_index()
    age_groups
```

	age	_groups		
Out[46]:		Age_Group	Credit_Score	Outstanding_Debt
	0	(14, 25]	Good	3137180.79
	1	(14, 25]	Poor	19005227.84
	2	(14, 25]	Standard	19952090.01
	3	(25, 30]	Good	1825730.64
	4	(25, 30]	Poor	9617599.66
	5	(25, 30]	Standard	9651424.60
	6	(30, 45]	Good	6071054.67
	7	(30, 45]	Poor	28685654.13
	8	(30, 45]	Standard	31548539.35
	9	(45, 55]	Good	3116857.45
	10	(45, 55]	Poor	1596323.10
	11	(45, 55]	Standard	5631458.47
	12	(55, 95]	Good	96907.67
	13	(55, 95]	Poor	52396.44
	14	(55, 95]	Standard	178580.28
	15	(95, 120]	Good	1137.57
	16	(95, 120]	Poor	4100.65
	17	(95, 120]	Standard	5851.26



• Customers Between age of 30 and 45 the most category who have a lot of outstanding debts which mean that people in their youth age have a high purchase power.

In [48]: df.head().T

Out[48]: 0 1 2

Month	January	February	March	
Age	23	23	33	
Occupation	Scientist	Scientist	Scientist	
Annual_Income	19114.12	19114.12	19114.12	
Monthly_Inhand_Salary	1824.843333	1082.20375	2686.018333	
Num_Bank_Accounts	3	3	3	
Num_Credit_Card	4	4	4	
Interest_Rate	0.03	0.03	0.03	
Num_of_Loan	4	4	4	
Type_of_Loan	AutoLoan, Credit- BuilderLoan, PersonalLoan, HomeE	AutoLoan,Credit- BuilderLoan,PersonalLoan,HomeE	AutoLoan, Credit- BuilderLoan, Personal Loan, Home E	BuilderLoan,Pe
Delay_from_due_date	3	-1	3	
Num_of_Delayed_Payment	7.0	17.0	7.0	
Changed_Credit_Limit	11.27	11.27	0.0	
Num_Credit_Inquiries	4.0	4.0	4.0	
Credit_Mix	Don't Have	Good	Good	
Outstanding_Debt	809.98	809.98	809.98	
Credit_Utilization_Ratio	26.82262	31.94496	28.609352	
Payment_of_Min_Amount	No	No	No	
Total_EMI_per_month	49.574949	49.574949	49.574949	
Amount_invested_monthly	80.415295	118.280222	81.699521	
Payment_Behaviour	High_spent_Small_value_payments	Low_spent_Large_value_payments	Low_spent_Medium_value_payments	Low_spent_Sm
Monthly_Balance	312.494089	284.629162	331.209863	
Credit_Score	Good	Good	Good	
Credit_History_Age_#Year	22	26	22	

		0	1	2
	Credit_History_Age_#Month	1	5	3
	Age_Group	(14, 25]	(14, 25]	(30, 45]
4				>
In [49]:	<pre>test_df = pd.DataFrame(df.Type_of_ test_df</pre>	_Loan)		
Out[49]:		Type_of_Loan		
	0 AutoLoan,Credit-BuilderLoan,Person	alLoan,HomeE		
	1 AutoLoan, Credit-BuilderLoan, Person	alLoan,HomeE		
	2 AutoLoan, Credit-BuilderLoan, Person	alLoan,HomeE		
	3 AutoLoan, Credit-BuilderLoan, Person	alLoan,HomeE		
	4 AutoLoan, Credit-BuilderLoan, Person	alLoan,HomeE		
	99995 AutoLo	oan,StudentLoan		
	99996 AutoLo	an,StudentLoan		
	99997 AutoLo	oan,StudentLoan		
	99998 AutoLo	an,StudentLoan		
	99999 AutoLo	an,StudentLoan		
	100000 rows × 1 columns			
In [50]:	<pre>test_df["AutoLoan"] = 0 test_df["Credit-BuilderLoan"] = 0 test_df["DebtConsolidationLoan"] = 0 test_df["HomeEquityLoan"] = 0 test_df["MortgageLoan"] = 0 test_df["NotSpecified"] = 0 test_df["PaydayLoan"] = 0 test_df["PersonalLoan"] = 0 test_df["StudentLoan"] = 0</pre>	= 0		

Out[52]:

0	Type_of_Loan	AutoLoan	Credit- BuilderLoan	DebtConsolidationLoan	HomeEquityLoan	MortgageLoan	NotSpecified	Payo
0	AutoLoan, Credit- Builder Loan, Personal Loan, Home E	1	1	0	1	0	0	
1	AutoLoan, Credit- Builder Loan, Personal Loan, Home E	1	1	0	1	0	0	
2	AutoLoan, Credit- Builder Loan, Personal Loan, Home E	1	1	0	1	0	0	
3	AutoLoan, Credit- Builder Loan, Personal Loan, Home E	1	1	0	1	0	0	
4	AutoLoan, Credit- Builder Loan, Personal Loan, Home E	1	1	0	1	0	0	
•••								
99995	AutoLoan,StudentLoan	1	0	0	0	0	0	
99996	AutoLoan,StudentLoan	1	0	0	0	0	0	
99997	AutoLoan, Student Loan	1	0	0	0	0	0	
99998	AutoLoan, Student Loan	1	0	0	0	0	0	
99999	AutoLoan, Student Loan	1	0	0	0	0	0	

100000 rows × 10 columns