- 1. What is the main value of Java Server Pages? Allowing developers to insert java code in HTML pages
- 2. How are JSP pages related to servlets? JSP is essentially a servlet, one should understand servlets to effectively deal with JSPs. Invoking the jsplnit() method before servicing any requests
- 3. How are JSP pages related to HTML? By making use of special JSP tags, most of which start with .
- 4. Give an example of a JSP scriptlet and show how it will look in the JSP servlet. it will look in the JSP servlet: count++;
- 5. Give an example of a JSP declaration and show how it will look in the JSP servlet. it will look in the JSP servlet: int count = 0;
- 6. Give an example of a JSP comment and show how it will look in the JSP servlet. it will not appear in the JSP servlet
- 7. Give an example of a JSP expression and show how it will look in the JSP servlet. it will look in the JSP servlet: out.println(++count);
- 8. Give an example of a JSP directive and show how it will look in the JSP servlet. it will look: session="false"
- 9. Explain how an EL expression is evaluated. When evaluating the expression \${product}, the container will look for product in the page, request, session, and application scopes and will return its value. If product is not found, null is returned
- 10. Explain how servlet attributes are involved in EL expressions. EL expressions assume that the first identifier in the expression is the key of a servlet attribute, and searches through the different attribute scopes using that key.
- 11. Explain how servlets and JSPs use request dispatch to interact. Servlets make JSP take over a request by first
 - 1. Putting the model data into a request scope (request.setAttributes("styles", result).
 - 2. Getting the dispatcher for view JSP (request.getRequestDispatcher("result.jsp");
- 3. Tell the JSP to take over by passing the request and response object (view.forward(request, response))