



**RAJALAKSHMI
ENGINEERING COLLEGE**
An AUTONOMOUS Institution
Affiliated to ANNA UNIVERSITY, Chennai

**DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE &
ENGINEERING ACADEMIC YEAR 2024-2025**

EVEN SEMESTER



CS23432 SOFTWARE ENGINEERING LAB

LAB MANUAL

SECOND YEAR

FOURTH SEMESTER

2024- 2025

EVEN SEMESTER

Ex No	List of Experiments
1	Study of Azure DevOps
2	Designing Project using AGILE-SCRUM Methodology.
3	Agile Planning
4	User stories – Creation
5	Architecture Diagram Using AZURE
6	Designing Usecase and Class Diagram
7	Designing Interaction Diagrams
8	Design Interface
9	Implementation – Design a Web Page based on Scrum Methodology
10	Testing using Azure.
11	Deployment

Requirements	
Hardware	Intel i3, CPU @ 1.20GHz 1.19 GHz, 4 GB RAM, 32 Bit Operating System
Software	StarUML , Azure

LAB PLAN

CS19442-SOFTWARE ENGINEERING LAB

Ex No	Date	Topic	Page No	Sign
1		Study of Azure DevOps		
2		Writing Problem Statement		
3		Designing Project using AGILE-SCRUM Methodology by using Azure.		
4		Agile Planning		
5		User stories – Creation		
6		Architecture Diagram Using AZURE		
7		Designing Usecase Diagram using StarUML		
8		Designing Activity Diagrams using StarUML		
9		Designing Sequence Diagrams using StarUML		
10		Design Class Diagram		
10		Design User Interface		
11		Implementation – Design a Web Page based on Scrum Methodology		
12		Testing		
13		Deployment		

Course Outcomes (COs)

Course Name: Software Engineering
Course Code: CS23432

CO 1	Understand the software development process models.
CO 2	Determine the requirements to develop software
CO 3	Apply modeling and modeling languages to design software products
CO 4	Apply various testing techniques and to build a robust software products
CO 5	Manage Software Projects and to understand advanced engineering concepts

CO - PO – PSO matrices of course

PO/PSO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CS23432.1	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	1	3	-
CS23432.2	2	3	1	2	2	1	-	1	1	1	2	-	1	2	-
CS23432.3	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	1
CS23432.4	2	2	3	2	2	2	1	0	2	2	2	1	1	2	1
CS23432.5	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	0	2	1	1	1	2	1	-
Average	2.0	2.2	2.0	1.6	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.6	1.4	1.8	1.3	1.4	2.0	1.0

Correlation levels 1, 2 or 3 are as defined below:

1: Slight (Low) 2: Moderate (Medium) 3: Substantial (High) No correlation: "-"

EX NO: 1

Study of Azure DevOps

AIM:

To study how to create an agile project in Azure DevOps environment.

STUDY:

Azure DevOps is a cloud-based platform by Microsoft that provides tools for DevOps practices, including CI/CD pipelines, version control, agile planning, testing, and monitoring. It supports teams in automating software development and deployment.

1. Understanding Azure DevOps

Azure DevOps consists of five key services:

1.1 Azure Repos (Version Control)

Supports Git repositories and Team Foundation Version Control (TFVC).

Provides features like branching, pull requests, and code reviews.

1.2 Azure Pipelines (CI/CD)

Automates build, test, and deployment processes.

Supports multi-platform builds (Windows, Linux, macOS).

Works with Docker, Kubernetes, Terraform, and cloud providers (Azure, AWS, GCP).

1.3 Azure Boards (Agile Project Management)

Manages work using Kanban boards, Scrum boards, and dashboards.

Tracks user stories, tasks, bugs, sprints, and releases.

1.4 Azure Test Plans (Testing)

Provides manual, exploratory, and automated testing.

Supports test case management and tracking.

1.5 Azure Artifacts (Package Management)

Stores and manages NuGet, npm, Maven, and Python packages.

Enables versioning and secure access to dependencies.

Getting Started with Azure DevOps

Step 1: Create an Azure DevOps Account

Visit Azure DevOps.

Sign in with a Microsoft Account.

Create an Organization and a Project.

Step 2: Set Up a Repository (Azure Repos)

Navigate to Repos.

Choose Git or TFVC for version control.

Clone the repository and push your code.

Step 3: Configure a CI/CD Pipeline (Azure Pipelines)

Go to Pipelines → New Pipeline.

Select a source code repository (Azure Repos, GitHub, etc.).

Define the pipeline using YAML or the Classic Editor.

Run the pipeline to build and deploy the application.

Step 4: Manage Work with Azure Boards

Navigate to Boards.

Create work items, user stories, and tasks.

Organize sprints and track progress.

Step 5: Implement Testing (Azure Test Plans)

Go to Test Plans.

Create and run test cases

View test results and track bugs.

Result:

The study was successfully completed.

EX NO: 2

PROBLEM STATEMENT

AIM:

To prepare PROBLEM STATEMENT for your given project.

Problem Statement:

In today's fast-paced world, individuals struggle to maintain consistent fitness routines due to a lack of motivation, ineffective tracking tools, and poorly designed interfaces in existing solutions. The absence of real-time progress updates, personalized guidance, and user-friendly features makes it difficult to stay committed to health goals. To address these challenges, our **Fitness Tracker website** provides an intuitive platform for seamless workout logging, goal setting, and progress monitoring, empowering users to achieve their fitness objectives with ease and motivation.

Result:

The problem statement was written successfully.

AGILE PLANNING

Aim:

To prepare an Agile Plan.

THEORY

Agile planning is a core component of Agile methodology, emphasizing flexibility, collaboration, and iterative progress. Unlike traditional project management, Agile avoids rigid long-term plans and instead adapts to evolving requirements through continuous feedback. It breaks projects into smaller, deliverable units (sprints) to ensure incremental value delivery while maintaining alignment with user needs.

In Agile planning, the project vision is translated into actionable steps using:

Roadmaps: High-level timelines for feature releases.

Sprints: Short cycles (1–4 weeks) focusing on prioritized tasks.

User Stories: End-user perspectives to define features and prioritize work.

Backlogs: Dynamic task lists refined iteratively.

Steps in Agile Planning Process:

1. **Define Vision:** Outline the project's purpose (e.g., a fitness tracker for seamless workout logging).
2. **Set Goals:** Clarify objectives (e.g., real-time tracking, wearable integration).
3. **Create Roadmap:** Plan feature releases (e.g., login → UI → calorie tracker).
4. **Break Down User Stories:** Convert requirements into tasks (e.g., "As a user, I want to log workouts to track progress").
5. **Populate Backlog:** Prioritize tasks (e.g., Sprint 1: Authentication; Sprint 2: Dashboard UI).
6. **Plan Sprints:** Allocate tasks to iterations (e.g., 3 sprints for MVP development).
7. **Daily Stand-ups:** Sync on progress and blockers (e.g., API integration challenges).
8. **Review & Adapt:** Refine plans based on feedback (e.g., UI tweaks post-testing).

For this **Fitness Tracker**, Agile planning enabled iterative development of features like workout logging and real-time dashboards, ensuring responsiveness to user needs while maintaining flexibility for enhancements like ChatGPT integration.

Result:

Thus the Agile plan was completed successfully.

CREATE USER STORIES

Aim:

To create User Stories

THEORY

A user story is an informal, general explanation of a software feature written from the perspective of the end user. Its purpose is to articulate how a software feature will provide value to the customer.

User story template

"As a [role], I [want to], [so that]."

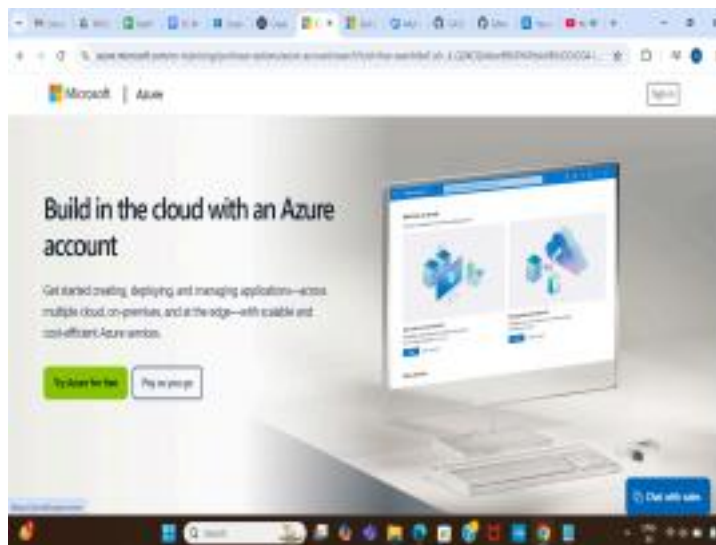
Procedure:

1. Open your web browser and go to the Azure website:

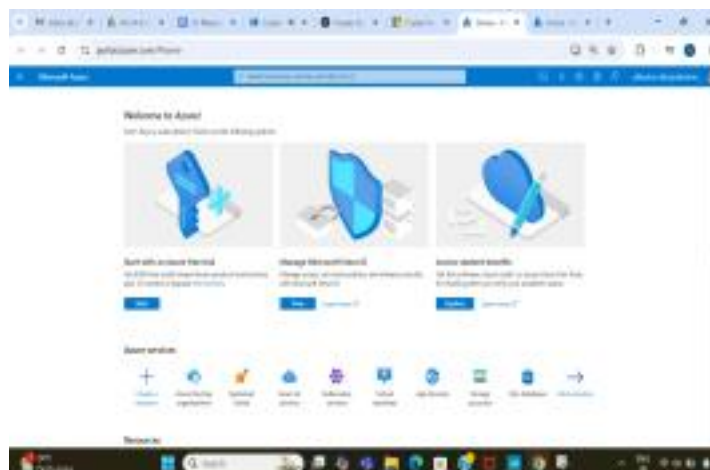
<https://azure.microsoft.com/en-in> Sign in using your Microsoft account credentials. If you don't have an account, you'll need to create one.

2. If you don't have a Microsoft account, you can sign up for

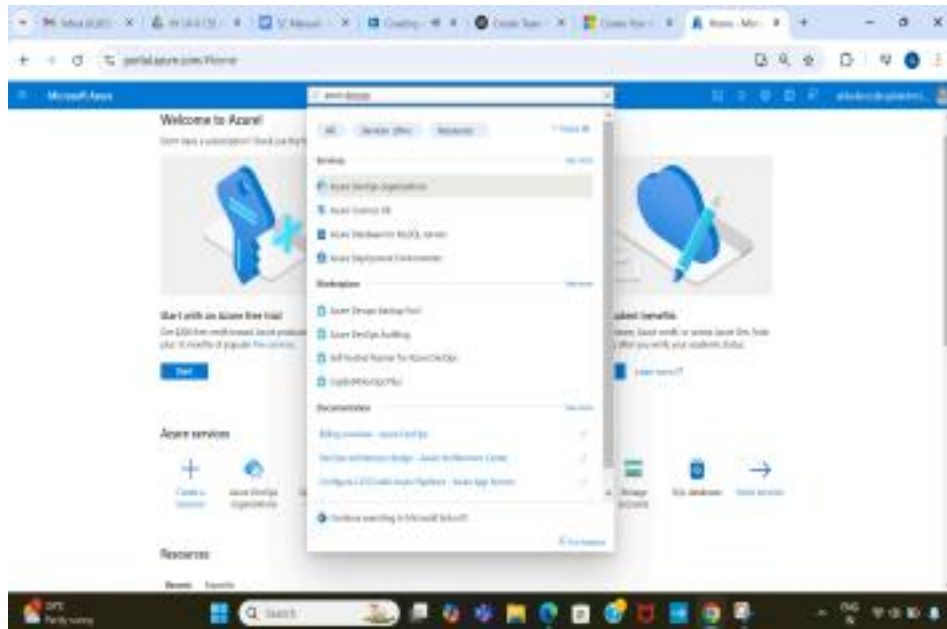
<https://signup.live.com/?lic=1>.



3. Azure home page.

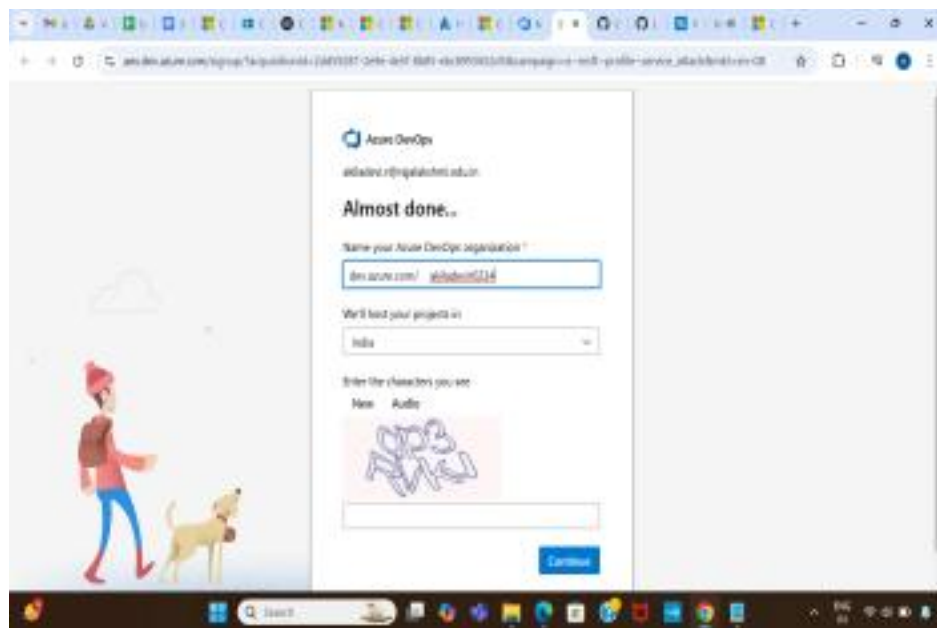
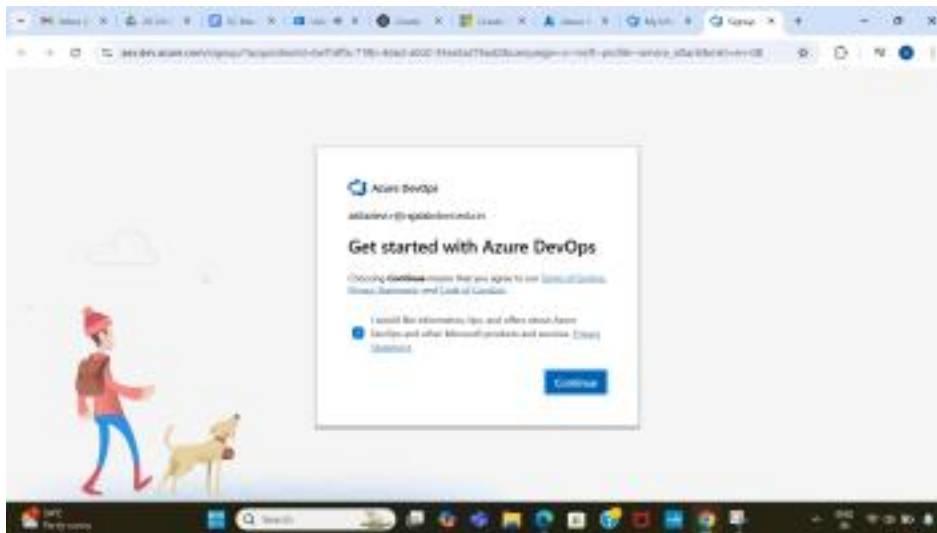


4. Open DevOps environment in the Azure platform by typing Azure DevOps Organizations in the search bar.



5. Click on the My Azure DevOps Organization link and create an organization and you should be taken to the Azure DevOps Organization Home page.





6. Create the First Project in Your Organization

After the organization is set up, you'll need to create your first **project**. This is where you'll begin to manage code, pipelines, work items, and more.

i. On the organization's **Home page**, click on the **New Project** button.

ii. Enter the project name, description, and visibility options:

- **Name:** Choose a name for the project (e.g., **LMS**).
- **Description:** Optionally, add a description to provide more context about the project.
- **Visibility:** Choose whether you want the project to be **Private** (accessible only to those invited) or **Public** (accessible to anyone).

iii. Once you've filled out the details, click **Create** to set up your first project.

Create new project

Project name *

Description

Visibility

Public

Private

Public projects are disabled for your organization. You can turn on public visibility with [organization policies](#).

Advanced

Version control

Git

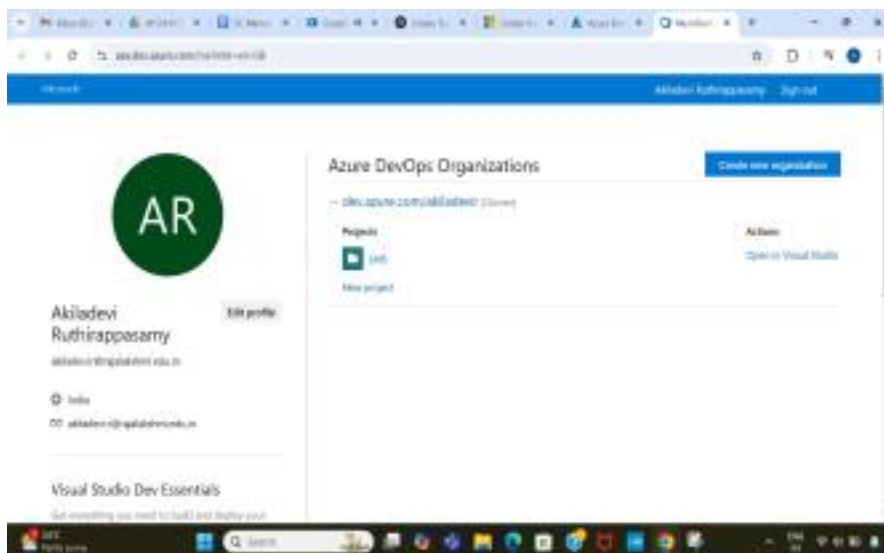
Work item processes

Agile

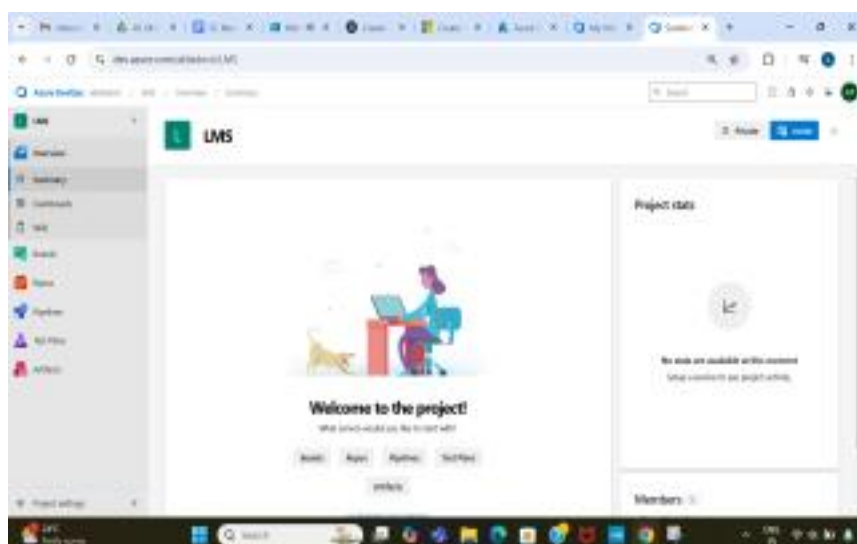
Cancel

Create

7. Once logged in, ensure you are in the correct organization. If you're part of multiple organizations, you can switch between them from the top left corner (next to your user profile). Click on the Organization name, and you should be taken to the Azure DevOps Organization Home page.

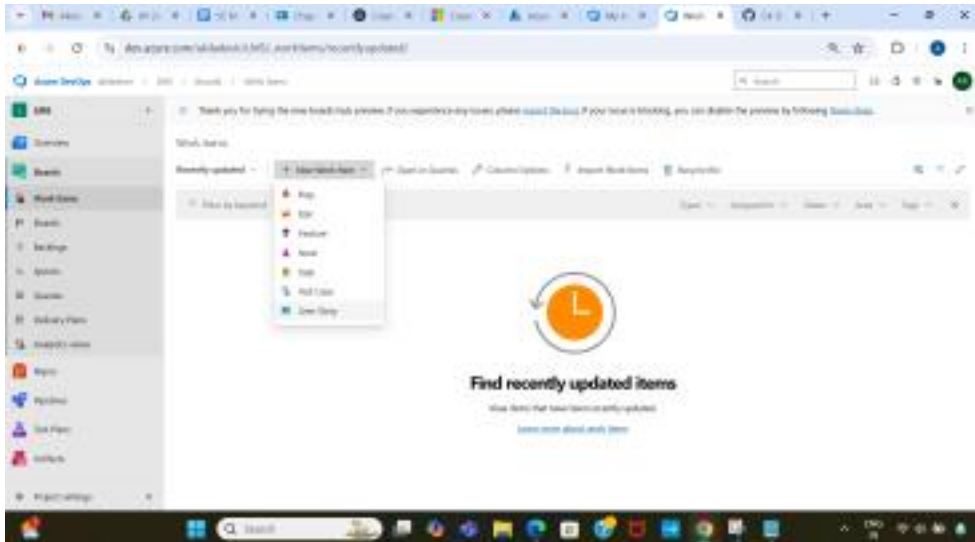


8. Project dashboard.



9. To manage user stories

- a. From the **left-hand navigation menu**, click on **Boards**. This will take you to the main **Boards** page, where you can manage work items, backlogs, and sprints.
- b. On the **work items** page, you'll see the option to **Add a work item** at the top. Alternatively, you can find a **+** button or **Add New Work Item** depending on the view you're in. From the **Add a work item** dropdown, select **User Story**. This will open a form to enter details for the new User Story.



10. Fill in User Story Details.

dev.azure.com/231701029/Fitness%20final%20app/_workitems/recentlyupdated/

231701029 / Fitness final app / Boards / Work items

Did you notice Azure Boards has a new look and awesome new features? [Learn more.](#)

Work items

Recently updated | + New Work Item | Open in Queries | Column Options | Import Work Items | Recycle Bin

Filter by keyword

ID	Title	Assigned To	State	Area Path	Tags
65	Feature 51: Virtual Personal Trainer	Mohamed Zaidh	New	Fitness final app	
60	User Story 412: Live Performance Tracking	Madhumitha B	New	Fitness final app	
62	User Story 421: Sleep and Performance Insights	Madhumitha B	New	Fitness final app	
64	Epic 5: In-App Coaching and Guidance	Mohamed Zaidh	New	Fitness final app	
63	User Story 422: Personalized Recovery Recommendations	Madhumitha B	New	Fitness final app	
61	Feature 42: Sleep and Recovery Tracking	Madhumitha B	New	Fitness final app	
59	User Story 411: Automatic Workout Import	Madhumitha B	New	Fitness final app	
58	Feature 41: Sync with Fitness Trackers	Madhumitha B	New	Fitness final app	
57	Epic 4: Integration with Wearable Devices	Madhumitha B	New	Fitness final app	
56	User Story 322: Community Engagement & Support	Lakshnan VJ	New	Fitness final app	
55	User Story 321: Fitness Progress & Social Inspiration	Lakshnan VJ	New	Fitness final app	

Type here to search

Rain w

Result:

The user story was written successfully.

EX NO: 5

SEQUENCE DIAGRAM

Aim:

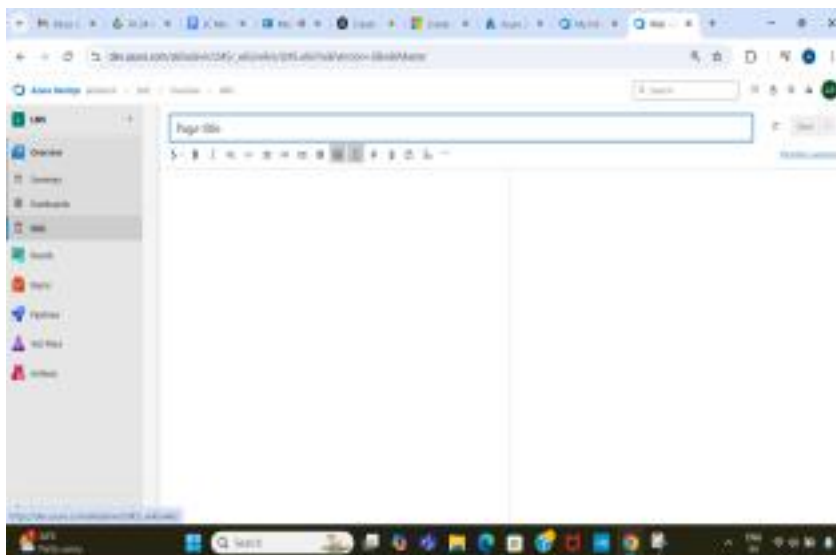
To design a Sequence Diagram by using Mermaid.js

THEORY:

A Sequence Diagram is a key component of Unified Modelling Language (UML) used to visualize the interaction between objects in a sequential order. It focuses on how objects communicate with each other over time, making it an essential tool for modelling dynamic behaviour in a system.

Procedure:

1. Open a project in Azure DevOps Organisations.
2. To design select wiki from menu.



3. Write code for drawing sequence diagram and save the code.

```
sequenceDiagram
```

```
actor User
```

```
participant App
```

```
participant AuthSystem
```

```
participant WorkoutSystem
```

```
User -> App : Open app
```

```
User -> App : Enter email and password
```

App -> AuthSystem : Validate credentials

AuthSystem -> App : Send success/failure response

App -> User : Show dashboard if successful

User -> App : Select a workout

App -> WorkoutSystem : Fetch workout details

WorkoutSystem -> App : Send workout plan

App -> User : Display workout details

User -> App : Start workout

App -> WorkoutSystem : Track workout progress

App -> WorkoutSystem : Save workout data

App -> User : Show workout summary

Explanation:

participant defines the entities involved.

->> represents a direct message.

-->> represents a response message.

+ after ->> activates a participant.

- after -->> deactivates a participant.

alt / else for conditional flows.

loop can be used for repeated actions.

-> Solid line without arrow

--> Dotted line without arrow

->> Solid line with arrowhead

-->> Dotted line with arrowhead

<<->> Solid line with bidirectional arrowheads (v11.0.0+) <<-

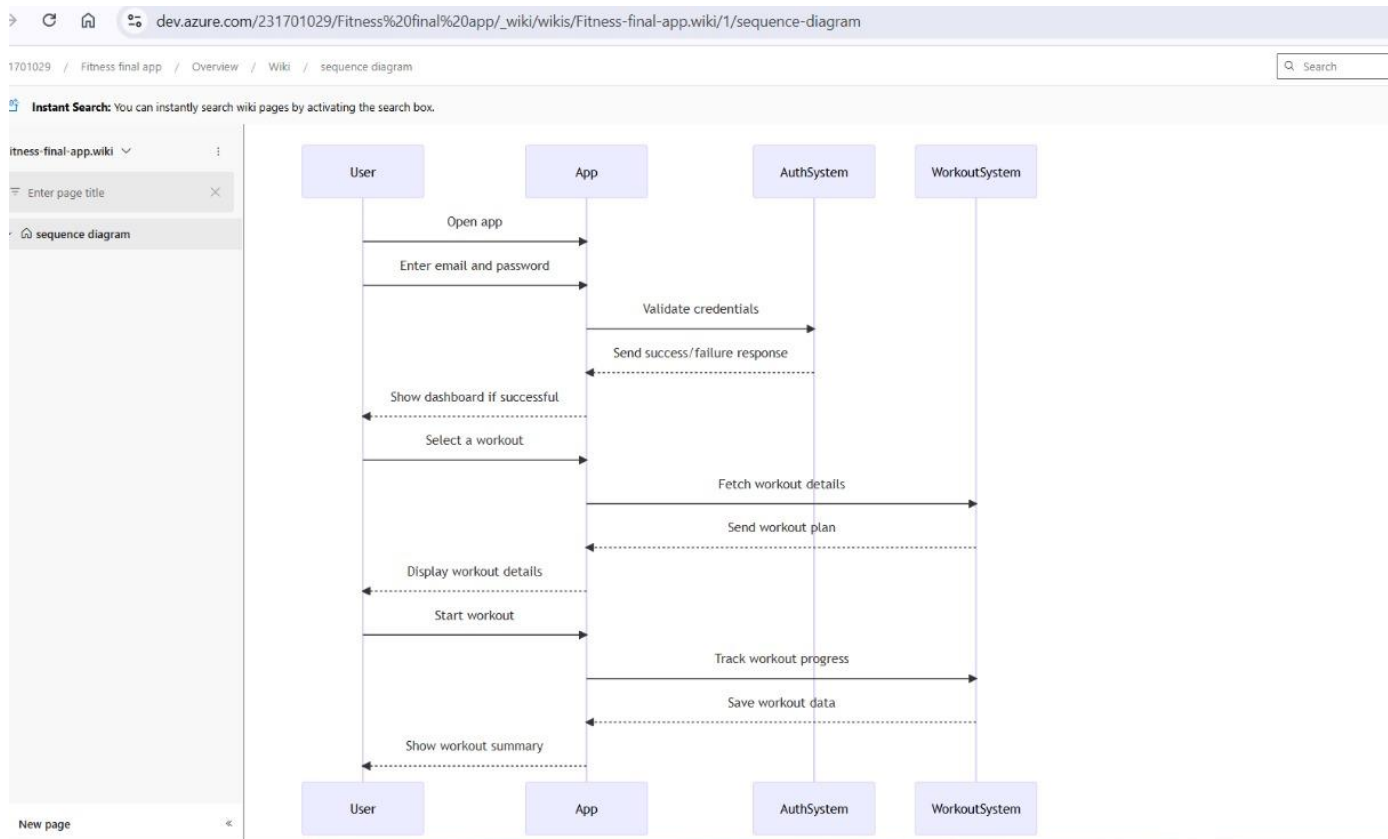
->> Dotted line with bidirectional arrowheads (v11.0.0+) -x

Solid line with a cross at the end

--x Dotted line with a cross at the end

-) Solid line with an open arrow at the end (async)

--) Dotted line with an open arrow at the end (async)



4. click wiki menu and select the page

Result:

The sequence diagram was drawn successfully.

CLASS DIAGRAM

AIM :-

To draw a sample class diagram for your project or system.

THEORY

A UML class diagram is a visual tool that represents the structure of a system by showing its classes, attributes, methods, and the relationships between them.

Notations in class diagram

Notation	Meaning	Symbol
Association	A link between classes	
Aggregation	Whole-part (weak)	
Composition	Whole-part (strong)	
Inheritance	"is-a" relationship	
Dependency	Uses temporarily	 (dashed line with open arrowhead)

Procedure:

1. Open a project in Azure DevOps Organisations.
2. To design select wiki from menu
3. Write code for drawing class diagram and save the code
@startuml

```
class User {
    - userId: int

    - name: string
    - email: string
    - password: string
    - age: int
    - gender: string
    - height: float
    - weight: float
    + login()
    + signup()
    + updateProfile()
}
```

```

class WorkoutPlan {
    - planId: int
    - name: string
    - goal: string
    - durationWeeks: int
    + addWorkout()
    + removeWorkout()
}

class Workout {
    - workoutId: int
    - date: date
    - type: string
    - duration: int
    - caloriesBurned: float
    + logWorkout()
}

class DietLog {
    - logId: int
    - date: date
    - mealType: string
    - calories: float
    - description: string
    + logMeal()
}

class ProgressTracker {
    - entryId: int
    - date: date
    - weight: float
    - bmi: float
    - notes: string
    + addEntry()
}

```

Relationship Types

Type Description

<| Inheritance

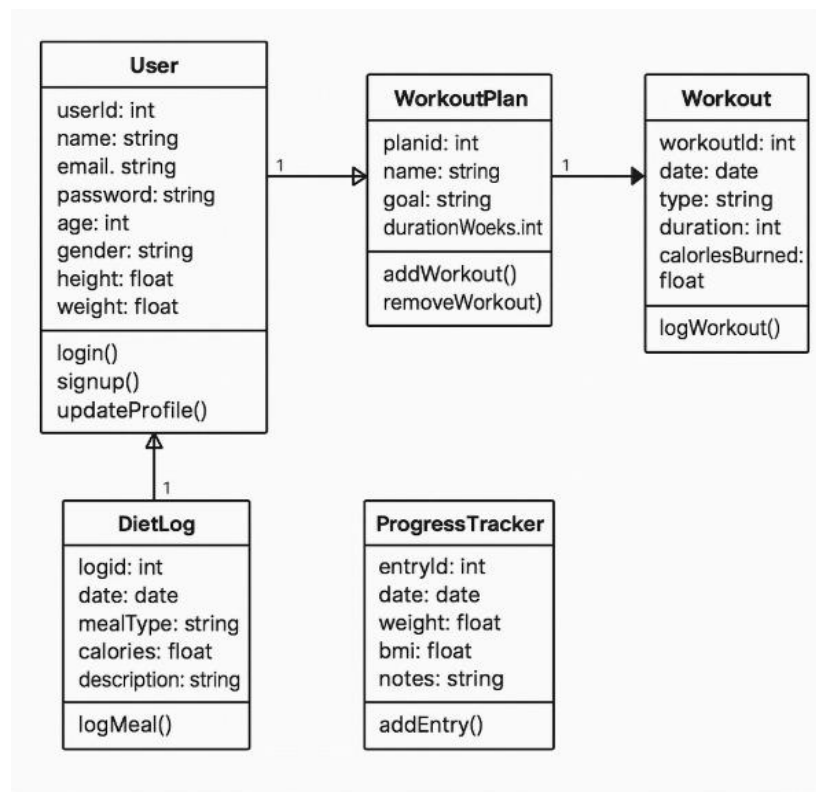
* Composition

o Aggregation

> Association

< Association

|> Realization



Result:

The use case diagram was designed successfully.

USECASE DIAGRAM

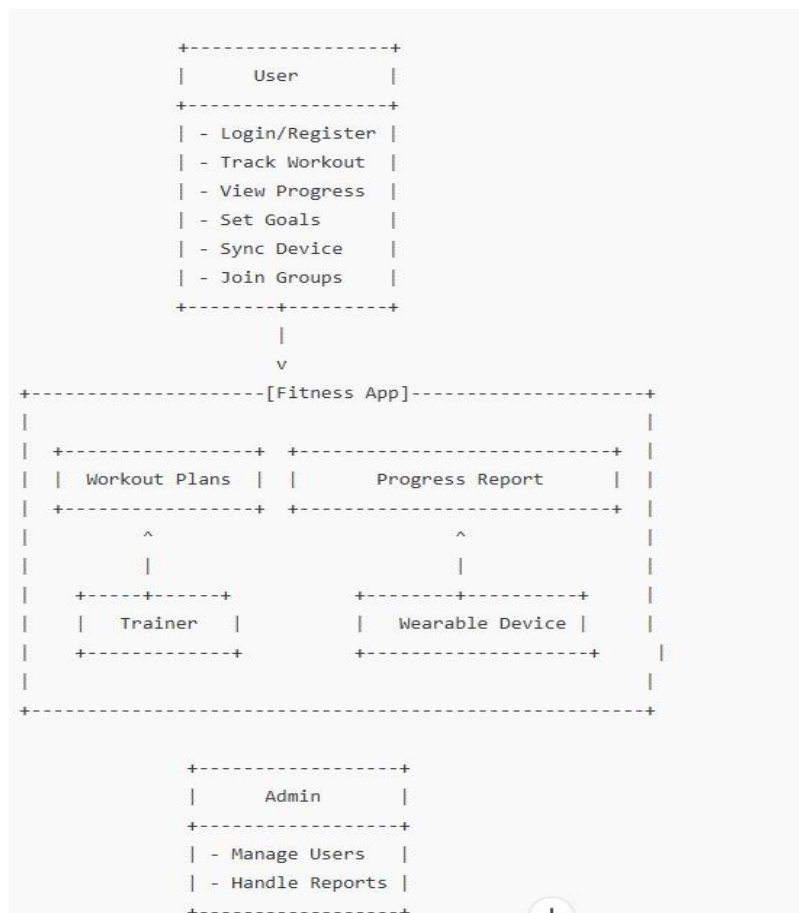
Aim:

Steps to draw the Use Case Diagram using draw.io

Theory:

● UCD shows the relationships among actors and use cases within a system which Provide an overview of all or part of the usage requirements for a system or organization in the form of an essential model or a business model and communicate the scope of a development project

- Use Cases
- Actors
- Relationships
- System Boundary Boxes



Procedure

Step 1: Create the Use Case Diagram in Draw.io

- Open Draw.io (diagrams.net).
- Click "Create New Diagram" and select "Blank" or "UML Use Case" template.
- Add Actors (Users, Admins, External Systems) from the UML section. ● Add Use Cases (Functionalities) using ellipses.
- Connect Actors to Use Cases with lines (solid for direct interaction, dashed for <<include>> and <<extend>>).
- Save the diagram as .drawio or export as PNG/JPG/SVG.

Step 2: Upload the Diagram to Azure DevOps

Option 1: Add to Azure DevOps Wiki

- Open Azure DevOps and go to your project.
- Navigate to Wiki (Project > Wiki).
- Click "Edit Page" or create a new page.
 - Drag & Drop the exported PNG/JPG image.
- Use Markdown to embed the diagram:
 - ![Use Case Diagram](attachments/use_case_diagram.png)

Option 2: Attach to Work Items in Azure Boards

- *Open Azure DevOps → Navigate to Boards (Project > Boards).* ● Select a User Story, Task, or Feature.
- *Click "Attachments" → Upload your Use Case Diagram.*
 - Add comments or descriptions to explain the use case.

Result:

The use case diagram was designed successfully

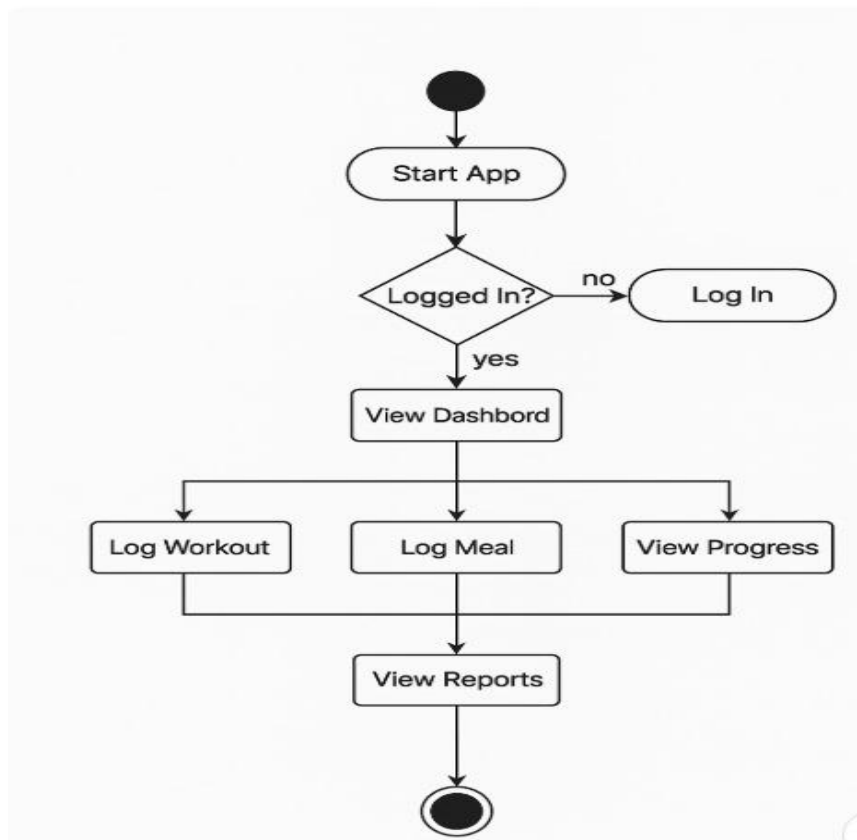
ACTIVITY DIAGRAM

AIM :-

To draw a sample activity diagram for your project or system.

THEORY

Activity diagrams are an essential part of the Unified Modelling Language (UML) that help visualize workflows, processes, or activities within a system. They depict how different actions are connected and how a system moves from one state to another.



Procedure

1. Draw diagram in draw.io
2. Upload the diagram in Azure DevOps wiki

Result:

The activity diagram was designed successfully

ARCHITECTURE DIAGRAM

Aim:

Steps to draw the Architecture Diagram using draw.io.

Theory:

An architectural diagram is a visual representation that maps out the physical implementation for components of a software system. It shows the general structure of the software system and the associations, limitations, and boundaries between each element.

Procedure

1. Draw diagram in draw.io
2. Upload the diagram in Azure DevOps wiki



Result:

The architecture diagram was designed successfully

EX NO. 10

USER INTERFACE

Aim:

Design User Interface for the given project.

Theory:

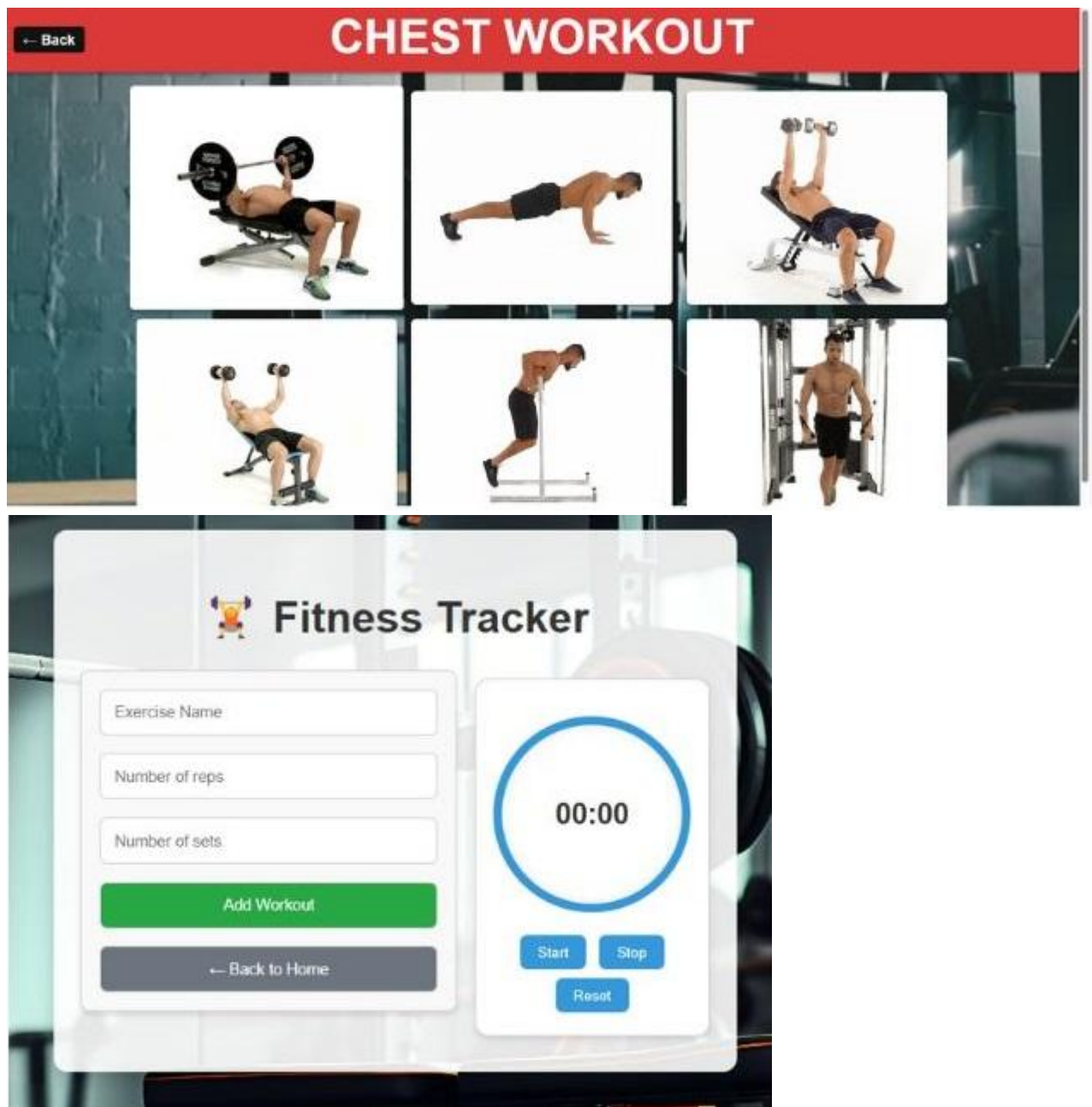
The fitness website's UI provides an intuitive, user-friendly experience with responsive design for all devices. It features interactive elements like hover effects on exercise images and easy navigation with a "Back to Gallery" button. The dashboard displays real-time fitness data (workouts, goals, calories) to keep users motivated. Built with HTML/CSS/JavaScript and Firebase, the UI ensures consistency, clarity, and accessibility. Future upgrades may include dark mode and voice controls.

 **Welcome to FitLife**



WORKOUT BY CATEGORY





Result:
The UI was designed successfully.

EX NO. 11

IMPLEMENTATION

Aim:

To implement the given project based on Agile Methodology.

Procedure:

Step 1: Set Up an Azure DevOps Project

- Log in to Azure DevOps.
- *Click "New Project" → Enter project name → Click "Create".*
- Inside the project, navigate to "Repos" to store the code.

Step 2: Add Your Web Application Code

- *Navigate to Repos → Click "Clone" to get the Git URL.*
- Open Visual Studio Code / Terminal and run:

```
git clone <repo_url>
cd <repo_folder>
```
- Add web application code (HTML, CSS, JavaScript, React, Angular, or backend like Node.js, .NET, Python, etc.).
- Commit & push:

```
git add .
git commit -m "Initial commit"
git push origin main
```

Step 3: Set Up Build Pipeline (CI/CD - Continuous Integration)

- *Navigate to Pipelines → Click "New Pipeline".*
- Select Git Repository (Azure Repos, GitHub, or Bitbucket).
- Choose Starter Pipeline or a pre-configured template for your framework.
- Modify the azure-pipelines.yml file (Example for a Node.js app):

```
trigger:
- main

pool:
vmImage: 'ubuntu-latest'

steps:
- task: UseNode@1
  inputs:
    version: '16.x'

- script: npm install
  displayName: 'Install dependencies'

- script: npm run build
  displayName: 'Build application'

- task: PublishBuildArtifacts@1
  inputs:
    pathToPublish: 'dist'
```

artifactName: 'drop'

Click "Save and Run" → The pipeline will start building app.

Step 4: Set Up Release Pipeline (CD - Continuous Deployment)

- *Go to Releases → Click "New Release Pipeline".*
 - Select Azure App Service or Virtual Machines (VMs) for deployment.
 - Add an artifact (from the build pipeline).
 - Configure deployment stages (Dev, QA, Production).
 - Click "Deploy" to push your web app to Azure.

Result

Thus the application was successfully implemented.