

Task 1 : User & Permission Misconfigurations

User permission and system misconfigurations:

1. First, we create a user named “**infinix1**” using the **sudo useradd** command.

```
(irfan4739l@Kali)-[~]  
$ sudo useradd infinix1  
[sudo] password for irfan4739l:
```

2. We assign the password “**4739**” by using the **echo** command to write it into the password file **chpasswd** , with elevated privileges via **sudo** .

```
(irfan4739l@Kali)-[~]  
$ echo "infinix1:4739" | sudo chpasswd
```

3. We examine the permissions of the password file to identify and exploit any misconfigurations

```
(irfan4739l@Kali)-[~]  
$ ls -l /etc/shadow  
-rw-r--r-- 1 root shadow 2121 Mar 17 23:05 /etc/shadow
```

4. We modify the permissions of the shadow file using the **sudo chmod 777** command to grant full access. Then, we verify the updated permissions to confirm the ability to view the file.

```
(irfan4739l@Kali)-[~]  
$ sudo chmod 777 /etc/shadow  
  
(irfan4739l@Kali)-[~]  
$ ls -l /etc/shadow  
-rwxrwxrwx 1 root shadow 2121 Mar 17 23:05 /etc/shadow
```

5. As observed, we can now view the contents of the **/etc/shadow** file, which contains hashed passwords, even with normal user privileges.

```
(irfan4739l@Kali)-[~]  
$ cat /etc/shadow  
root:!:  
daemon:!:  
bin:!:  
sys:!:  
sync:!:  
games:!:  
man:!:
```

6. We have successfully configured **/etc/shadow** to be accessible by normal users.

Securing permissions :

1. We secure the password file by setting its permissions to **640** using the **chmod** command. This ensures that only the root user and members of the shadow group can access it. The root user's password remains viewable only under superuser privileges.

```
(irfan4739l@Kali)-[~]  
$ sudo chmod 640 /etc/shadow  
sudo chown root:shadow /etc/shadow
```

2. We modify the permissions of the **/etc/passwd** file using **sudo chmod 644** and set its ownership to **root:root** with **sudo chown root:root**. This ensures that regular users can read the file but cannot modify it.

```
(irfan4739l@Kali)-[~]  
$ sudo chmod 644 /etc/passwd  
sudo chown root:root /etc/passwd
```

3. Finally we use **sudo visudo** to check permissions.

Summary of Steps:

Step	Command	Purpose
Create Users	<code>sudo useradd user1</code>	Add new users
Set Passwords	<code>`echo "user1:pass" sudo chpasswd`</code>	
Break Security	<code>sudo chmod 777 /etc/shadow</code>	Make shadow file world-readable (BAD)
Exploit	<code>su user1 && cat /etc/shadow</code>	Access passwords as normal user
Fix Permissions	<code>sudo chmod 640 /etc/shadow</code>	Secure shadow file
Secure <code>/etc/passwd</code>	<code>sudo chmod 644 /etc/passwd</code>	Prevent unauthorized edits
Fix <code>sudo</code> Privileges	<code>sudo visudo</code>	Restrict sudo access