



Curriculum

SE Foundations ^

Average: 137.49% v

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(/captain_logs/5596018/edit)

0x02. Python - import & modules

Python

⚙ Weight: 1

📅 Project over - took place from Oct 5, 2023 6:00 AM to Oct 6, 2023 6:00 AM☒ An auto review will be launched at the deadline

In a nutshell...

- **Auto QA review:** 73.0/85 mandatory & 58.0/58 optional
- **Altogether: 171.76%**
 - Mandatory: 85.88%
 - Optional: 100.0%
 - Calculation: $85.88\% + (85.88\% * 100.0\%) == 171.76\%$

Resources

Read or watch:

- Modules (/rltoken/SY-cMfnwbHoPFaJ-D_LWig)
- Command line arguments (/rltoken/5e3TphtJ6WSVkWsd2eX_A)
- Pycodestyle – Style Guide for Python Code (/rltoken/FIkAJ_kPXHC4Y65WrRvA4A)

man or help:

- python3



Learning Objectives

At the end of this project, you are expected to be able to explain to anyone (/ritoken/wwTE_cGg7Üg-Vp3lQ6tmXA), **without the help of Google**:

General

- Why Python programming is awesome
- How to import functions from another file
- How to use imported functions
- How to create a module
- How to use the built-in function `dir()`
- How to prevent code in your script from being executed when imported
- How to use command line arguments with your Python programs

Copyright - Plagiarism

- You are tasked to come up with solutions for the tasks below yourself to meet with the above learning objectives.
- You will not be able to meet the objectives of this or any following project by copying and pasting someone else's work.
- You are not allowed to publish any content of this project.
- Any form of plagiarism is strictly forbidden and will result in removal from the program.

Requirements

General

- Allowed editors: `vi`, `vim`, `emacs`
- All your files will be interpreted/compiled on Ubuntu 20.04 LTS using python3 (version 3.8.5)
- All your files should end with a new line
- The first line of all your files should be exactly `#!/usr/bin/python3`
- A `README.md` file, at the root of the folder of the project, is mandatory
- Your code should use the pycodestyle (version `2.8.*`)
- All your files must be executable
- The length of your files will be tested using `wc`

Quiz questions

Great! You've completed the quiz successfully! Keep going! ([Show quiz](#))



Tasks

0. Import a simple function from a simple file

mandatory

Score: 100.0% (Checks completed: 100.0%)

Write a program that imports the function `def add(a, b):` from the file `add_0.py` and prints the result of the addition `1 + 2 = 3`

- You have to use `print` function with string format to display integers
- You have to assign:
 - the value `1` to a variable called `a`
 - the value `2` to a variable called `b`
 - and use those two variables as arguments when calling the functions `add` and `print`
- `a` and `b` must be defined in 2 different lines: `a = 1` and another `b = 2`
- Your program should print: `<a value> + <b value> = <add(a, b) value>` followed with a new line
- You can only use the word `add_0` once in your code
- You are not allowed to use `*` for importing or `__import__`
- Your code should not be executed when imported - by using `__import__`, like the example below

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x02$ cat add_0.py
#!/usr/bin/python3
def add(a, b):
    """My addition function

    Args:
        a: first integer
        b: second integer

    Returns:
        The return value. a + b
    """
    return (a + b)

guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x02$ ./0-add.py
1 + 2 = 3
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x02$ cat 0-import_add.py
__import__("0-add")
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x02$ python3 0-import_add.py
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x02$
```


Repo:

- GitHub repository: `alx-higher_level_programming`
- Directory: `0x02-python-import_modules`
- File: `0-add.py`



 Done!

Check your code

 Get a sandbox

QA Review

1. My first toolbox!

mandatory

Score: 100.0% (Checks completed: 100.0%)

Write a program that imports functions from the file `calculator_1.py` , does some Maths, and prints the result.

- Do not use the function `print` (with string format to display integers) more than 4 times
- You have to define:
 - the value `10` to a variable `a`
 - the value `5` to a variable `b`
 - and use those two variables only, as arguments when calling functions (including `print`)
- `a` and `b` must be defined in 2 different lines: `a = 10` and another `b = 5`
- Your program should call each of the imported functions. See example below for format
- the word `calculator_1` should be used only once in your file
- You are not allowed to use `*` for importing or `__import__`
- Your code should not be executed when imported



```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x02$ cat calculator_1.py
```

```
#!/usr/bin/python3
```

```
def add(a, b):  
    """My addition function  
  
    Args:  
        a: first integer  
        b: second integer  
  
    Returns:  
        The return value. a + b  
    """  
    return (a + b)
```

```
def sub(a, b):  
    """My subtraction function  
  
    Args:  
        a: first integer  
        b: second integer  
  
    Returns:  
        The return value. a - b  
    """  
    return (a - b)
```

```
def mul(a, b):  
    """My multiplication function  
  
    Args:  
        a: first integer  
        b: second integer  
  
    Returns:  
        The return value. a * b  
    """  
    return (a * b)
```

```
def div(a, b):  
    """My division function  
  
    Args:  
        a: first integer  
        b: second integer  
  
    Returns:  
        The return value. a / b  
    """  
    return int(a / b)
```




```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x02$ ./1-calculation.py
10 + 5 = 15
10 - 5 = 5
10 * 5 = 50
10 / 5 = 2
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x02$
```

Repo:

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x02-python-import_modules
- File: 1-calculation.py

☒ Done!

Check your code

 Get a sandbox

QA Review

2. How to make a script dynamic!

mandatory

Score: 100.0% (Checks completed: 100.0%)

Write a program that prints the number of and the list of its arguments.

- The output should be:
 - Number of argument(s) followed by `argument` (if number is one) or `arguments` (otherwise), followed by
 - `:` (or `.` if no arguments were passed) followed by
 - a new line, followed by (if at least one argument),
 - one line per argument:
 - the position of the argument (starting at `1`) followed by `:`, followed by the argument value and a new line
- Your code should not be executed when imported
- The number of elements of `argv` can be retrieved by using: `len(argv)`
- You do not have to fully understand lists yet, but imagine that `argv` can be used just like a C array: you can use an index to walk through it. There are other ways (which will be preferred for future project tasks), if you know them you can use them.




```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x02$ ./2-args.py
0 arguments.
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x02$ ./2-args.py Hello
1 argument:
1: Hello
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x02$ ./2-args.py Hello Welcome To The Best School
6 arguments:
1: Hello
2: Welcome
3: To
4: The
5: Best
6: School
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x02$
```

Repo:

- GitHub repository: `alx-higher_level_programming`
- Directory: `0x02-python-import_modules`
- File: `2-args.py`

☒ Done!

Check your code

 Get a sandbox

QA Review

3. Infinite addition

mandatory

Score: 100.0% (Checks completed: 100.0%)

Write a program that prints the result of the addition of all arguments

- The output should be the result of the addition of all arguments, followed by a new line
- You can cast arguments into integers by using `int()` (you can assume that all arguments can be casted into integers)
- Your code should not be executed when imported

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x02$ ./3-infinite_add.py
0
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x02$ ./3-infinite_add.py 79 10
89
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x02$ ./3-infinite_add.py 79 10 -40 -300 89
-162
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x02$
```

Last but not least, your program should also handle big numbers. And the good news is: if your program works for the above example, it will work for the following example:



- Directory: 0x02-python-import_modules
- (/). File: 3-infinite_add.py

☒ Done!☐ Check your code☐ Get a sandbox☐ QA Review

4. Who are you?

mandatory

Score: 7.69% (Checks completed: 7.69%)

Write a program that prints all the names defined by the compiled module hidden_4.pyc (https://github.com/alx-tools/0x02.py/raw/master/hidden_4.pyc) (please download it locally).

- You should print one name per line, in alpha order
- You should print only names that do **not** start with `__`
- Your code should not be executed when imported
- Make sure you are running your code in Python3.8.x (hidden_4.pyc has been compiled with this version)

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x02$ curl -Lso "hidden_4.pyc" "https://github.com/alx-tools/0x02.py/raw/master/hidden_4.pyc"
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x02$ ./4-hidden_discovery.py | sort
my_secret_santa
print_hidden
print_school
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x02$
```

Repo:

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x02-python-import_modules
- File: 4-hidden_discovery.py

☐ Done?☐ Check your code☐ Ask for a new correction☐ Get a sandbox☐ QA Review

5. Everything can be imported

mandatory

Score: 100.0% (Checks completed: 100.0%)



Write a program that imports the variable `a` from the file `variable_load_5.py` and prints its value.

- You are not allowed to use `*` for importing or `__import__`
- Your code should not be executed when imported

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x02$ cat variable_load_5.py
#!/usr/bin/python3

a = 98
"""Simple variable
"""


guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x02$ ./5-variable_load.py
98
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x02$
```

Repo:

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x02-python-import_modules
- File: 5-variable_load.py

☒ Done!

Check your code

 Get a sandbox

QA Review

6. Build my own calculator!

#advanced

Score: 100.0% (Checks completed: 100.0%)

Write a program that imports all functions from the file `calculator_1.py` and handles basic operations.

- Usage: `./100-my_calculator.py a operator b`
 - If the number of arguments is not 3, your program has to:
 - print Usage: `./100-my_calculator.py <a> <operator> ` followed with a new line
 - exit with the value 1
 - `operator` can be:
 - `+` for addition
 - `-` for subtraction
 - `*` for multiplication
 - `/` for division
 - If the operator is not one of the above:
 - print Unknown operator. Available operators: `+`, `-`, `*` and `/` followed with a new line
 - exit with the value 1
 - You can cast `a` and `b` into integers by using `int()` (you can assume that all arguments will be castable into integers)
 - The result should be printed like this: `<a> <operator> = <result>`, followed by a new line
- You are not allowed to use `*` for importing or `__import__`
- Your code should not be executed when imported



```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x02$ cat calculator_1.py
```

```
#!/usr/bin/python3
```

```
def add(a, b):  
    """My addition function  
  
    Args:  
        a: first integer  
        b: second integer  
  
    Returns:  
        The return value. a + b  
    """  
    return (a + b)
```

```
def sub(a, b):  
    """My subtraction function  
  
    Args:  
        a: first integer  
        b: second integer  
  
    Returns:  
        The return value. a - b  
    """  
    return (a - b)
```

```
def mul(a, b):  
    """My multiplication function  
  
    Args:  
        a: first integer  
        b: second integer  
  
    Returns:  
        The return value. a * b  
    """  
    return (a * b)
```

```
def div(a, b):  
    """My division function  
  
    Args:  
        a: first integer  
        b: second integer  
  
    Returns:  
        The return value. a / b  
    """  
    return int(a / b)
```




```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x02$ ./100-my_calculator.py ; echo $?
Usage: ./100-my_calculator.py <a> <operator> <b>
1
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x02$ ./100-my_calculator.py 3 + 5 ; echo $?
3 + 5 = 8
0
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x02$ ./100-my_calculator.py 3 H 5 ; echo $?
Unknown operator. Available operators: +, -, * and /
1
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x02$
```

Repo:

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x02-python-import_modules
- File: 100-my_calculator.py

☒ Done!

Check your code

 Get a sandbox

QA Review

7. Easy print

#advanced

Score: 100.0% (Checks completed: 100.0%)

Write a program that prints `#pythoniscool` , followed by a new line, in the standard output.

- Your program should be maximum 2 lines long
- You are not allowed to use `print` or `eval` or `open` or `import sys` in your file `101-easy_print.py`


```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x02$ ./101-easy_print.py
#pythoniscool
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x02$
```

Repo:

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x02-python-import_modules
- File: 101-easy_print.py

☒ Done!

Check your code

 Get a sandbox

QA Review



8. ByteCode -> Python #3

#advanced

Score: 100.0% (*Checks completed: 100.0%*)
(/)

Write the Python function `def magic_calculation(a, b):` that does exactly the same as the following Python bytecode:



```

(/)3      0 LOAD_CONST          1 (0)
           3 LOAD_CONST          2 (('add', 'sub'))
           6 IMPORT_NAME        0 (magic_calculation_102)
           9 IMPORT_FROM      1 (add)
          12 STORE_FAST        2 (add)
          15 IMPORT_FROM      2 (sub)
          18 STORE_FAST        3 (sub)
          21 POP_TOP

4          22 LOAD_FAST        0 (a)
          25 LOAD_FAST        1 (b)
          28 COMPARE_OP        0 (<)
          31 POP_JUMP_IF_FALSE 94

5          34 LOAD_FAST        2 (add)
          37 LOAD_FAST        0 (a)
          40 LOAD_FAST        1 (b)
          43 CALL_FUNCTION      2 (2 positional, 0 keyword pair)
          46 STORE_FAST        4 (c)

6          49 SETUP_LOOP      38 (to 90)
          52 LOAD_GLOBAL      3 (range)
          55 LOAD_CONST        3 (4)
          58 LOAD_CONST        4 (6)
          61 CALL_FUNCTION      2 (2 positional, 0 keyword pair)
          64 GET_ITER
>>       65 FOR_ITER         21 (to 89)
          68 STORE_FAST        5 (i)

7          71 LOAD_FAST        2 (add)
          74 LOAD_FAST        4 (c)
          77 LOAD_FAST        5 (i)
          80 CALL_FUNCTION      2 (2 positional, 0 keyword pair)
          83 STORE_FAST        4 (c)
          86 JUMP_ABSOLUTE     65
>>       89 POP_BLOCK

8      >>  90 LOAD_FAST        4 (c)
          93 RETURN_VALUE

10     >>  94 LOAD_FAST        3 (sub)
          97 LOAD_FAST        0 (a)
         100 LOAD_FAST        1 (b)
         103 CALL_FUNCTION      2 (2 positional, 0 keyword pair)
         106 RETURN_VALUE
         107 LOAD_CONST        0 (None)
         110 RETURN_VALUE

```




- Tip: Python bytecode (/rltoken/FMdg7W8NKJZKRuFGG8mzmng)

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- (/). Directory: 0x02-python-import_modules
- File: 102-magic_calculation.py

☒ Done!

Check your code

 Get a sandbox

QA Review

9. Fast alphabet

#advanced

Score: 100.0% (Checks completed: 100.0%)

Write a program that prints the alphabet in uppercase, followed by a new line.

- Your program should be maximum 3 lines long
- You are not allowed to use:
 - any loops
 - any conditional statements
 - `str.join()`
 - any string literal
 - any system calls


```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x02$ ./103-fast_alphabet.py
ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x02$ wc -l 103-fast_alphabet.py
3 103-fast_alphabet.py
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x02$
```

Repo:

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x02-python-import_modules
- File: 103-fast_alphabet.py

☒ Done!

Check your code

 Get a sandbox

QA Review