

```

import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from google.colab import files
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier, plot_tree
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, precision_score,
recall_score, f1_score, confusion_matrix, classification_report

```

```
sns.set(style="whitegrid")
```

```
uploaded = files.upload()
```

```

file_path = list(uploaded.keys())[0]
data = pd.read_csv(file_path)

```

```

print("Dataset Preview:")
print(data.head())

```

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Saving customer\_churn.csv to customer\_churn.csv

Dataset Preview:

	CustomerID	Age	Subscription_Length_Months	Watch_Time_Hours	\
0	1	56	35	62.579266	
1	2	69	15	159.714415	
2	3	46	25	41.119547	
3	4	32	28	183.961735	
4	5	60	10	87.782848	

	Number_of_Logins	Preferred_Content_Type	Membership_Type	
Payment_Method \				
0	73	TV Shows	Basic	
PayPal				
1	1	Sports	Basic	Credit
Card				
2	36	Movies	Premium	
PayPal				
3	35	Movies	Standard	Credit
Card				
4	66	Movies	Standard	Bank
Transfer				

	Payment_Issues	Number_of_Complaints	Resolution_Time_Days	Churn
0	0	7	8	0
1	0	7	21	0
2	0	5	13	1

3	0	0	27	0
4	0	7	18	0

```
# Check for missing values
```

```
print("\nMissing Values:")
```

```
print(data.isnull().sum())
```

```
# Handle missing values
```

```
data.fillna(data.median(numeric_only=True), inplace=True)
```

```
data.fillna(data.mode().iloc[0], inplace=True)
```

```
print("\nMissing values handled.")
```

```
Missing Values:
```

```
CustomerID          0
```

```
Age                  0
```

```
Subscription_Length_Months  0
```

```
Watch_Time_Hours     0
```

```
Number_of_Logins     0
```

```
Preferred_Content_Type  0
```

```
Membership_Type      0
```

```
Payment_Method       0
```

```
Payment_Issues       0
```

```
Number_of_Complaints  0
```

```
Resolution_Time_Days  0
```

```
Churn                0
```

```
dtype: int64
```

```
Missing values handled.
```

```
# Box Plot for Each Numeric Feature
```

```
numeric_cols = data.select_dtypes(include=np.number).columns
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(15, 5 * len(numeric_cols)))
```

```
for i, col in enumerate(numeric_cols):
```

```
    plt.subplot(len(numeric_cols), 1, i + 1)
```

```
    sns.boxplot(x=data[col], palette="Set2")
```

```
    plt.title(f"Box Plot for {col}")
```

```
    plt.xlabel(col)
```

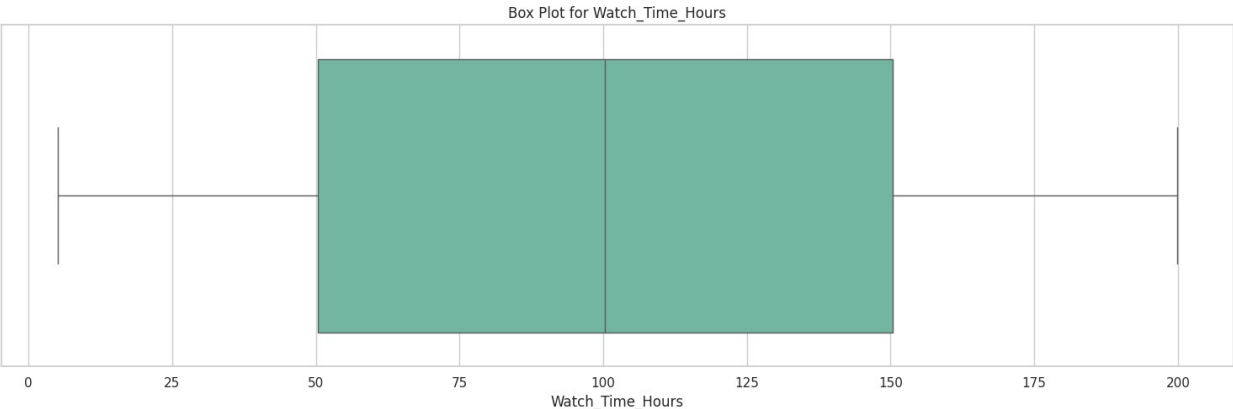
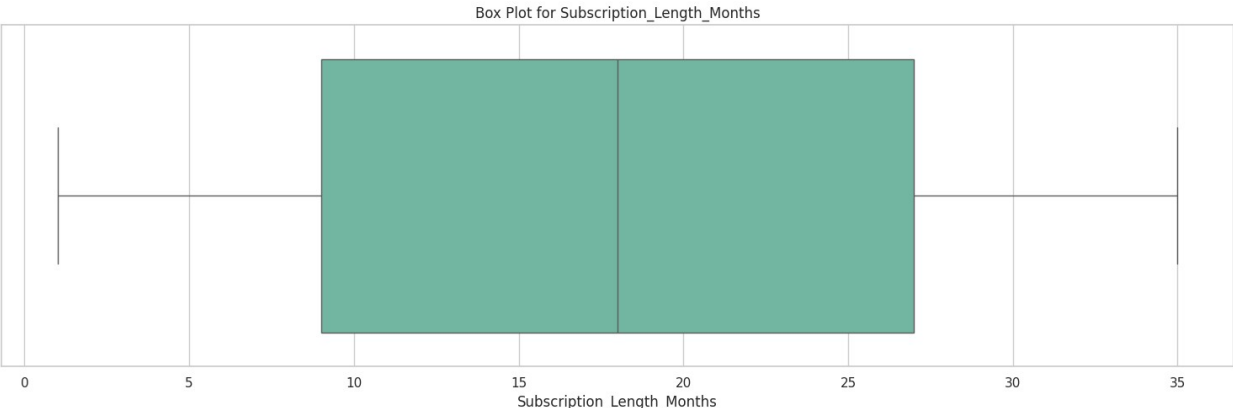
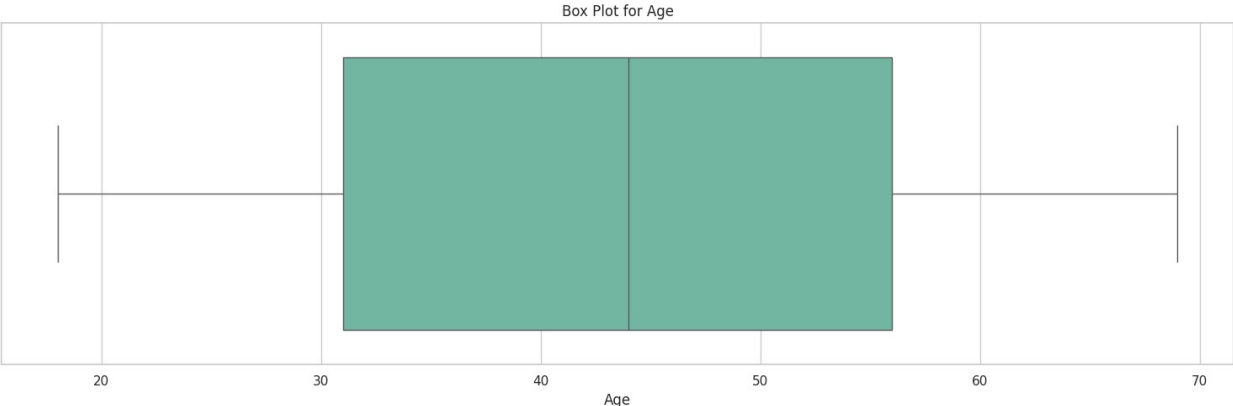
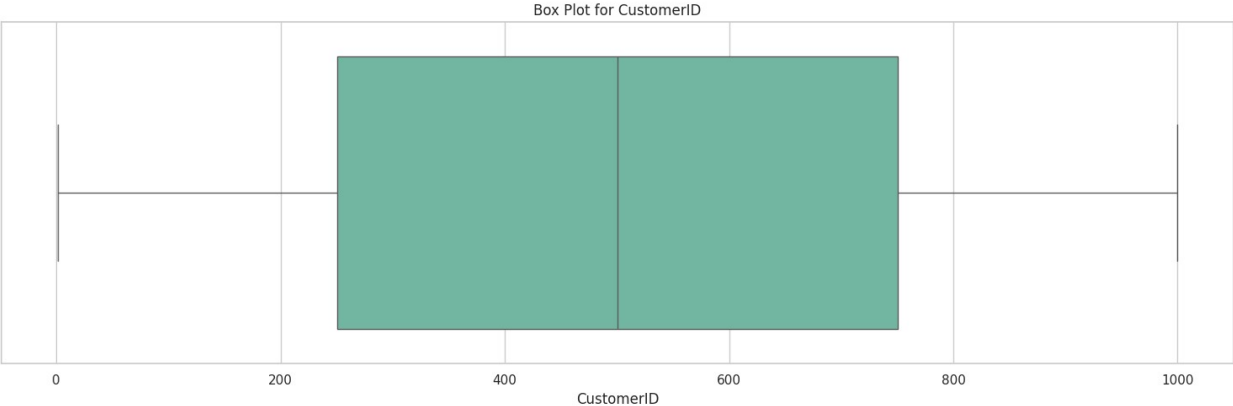
```
plt.tight_layout()
```

```
plt.show()
```

```
<ipython-input-4-88a1ffac4e21>:6: FutureWarning:
```

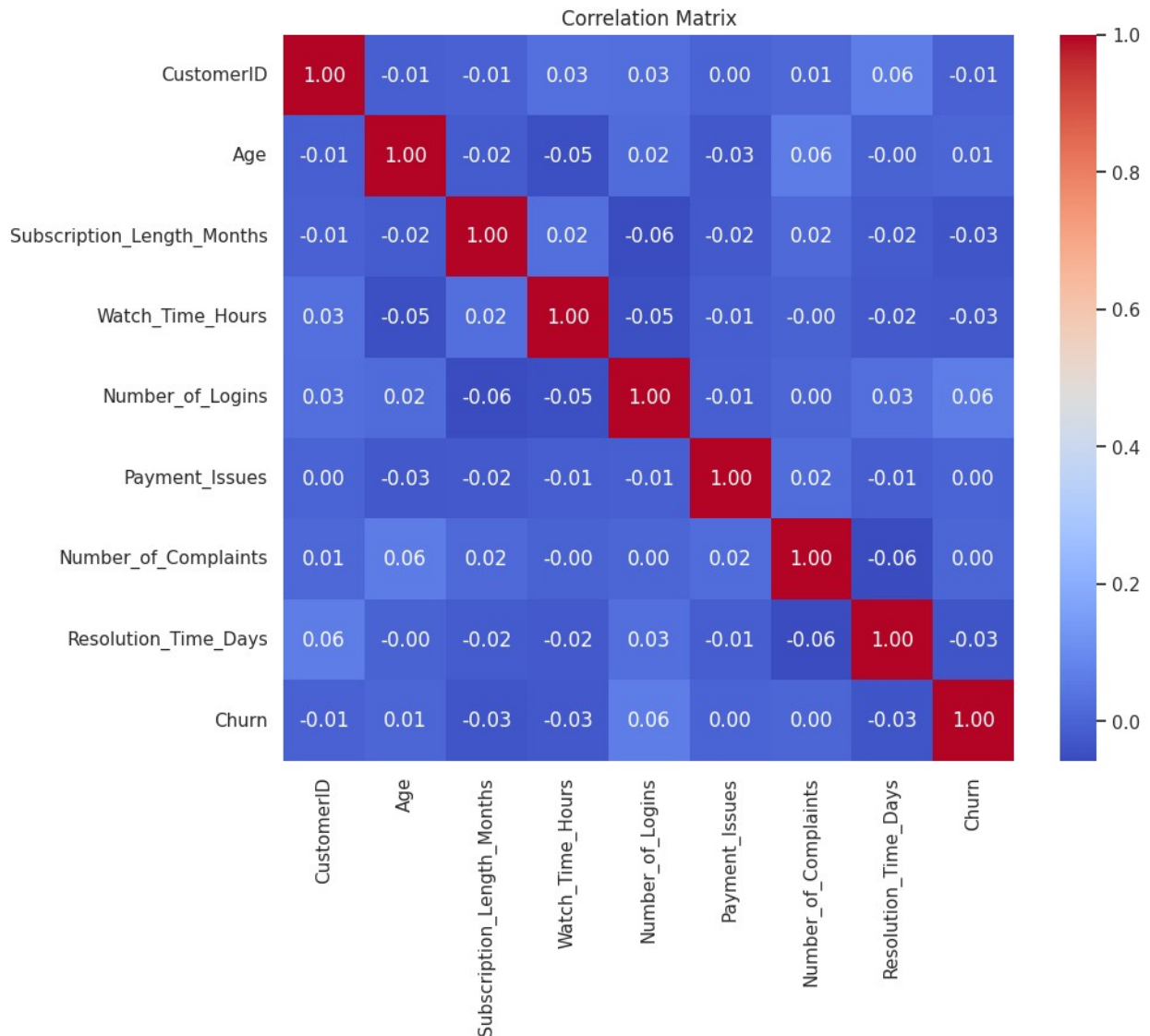
Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `y` variable to `hue` and set `legend=False` for the same effect.

```
sns.boxplot(x=data[col], palette="Set2")
```



```
# Correlation heatmap for numeric columns
numeric_data = data.select_dtypes(include=np.number)
correlation_matrix = numeric_data.corr()

plt.figure(figsize=(10, 8))
sns.heatmap(correlation_matrix, annot=True, cmap='coolwarm',
fmt=".2f")
plt.title("Correlation Matrix")
plt.show()
```



```
print(data.columns)

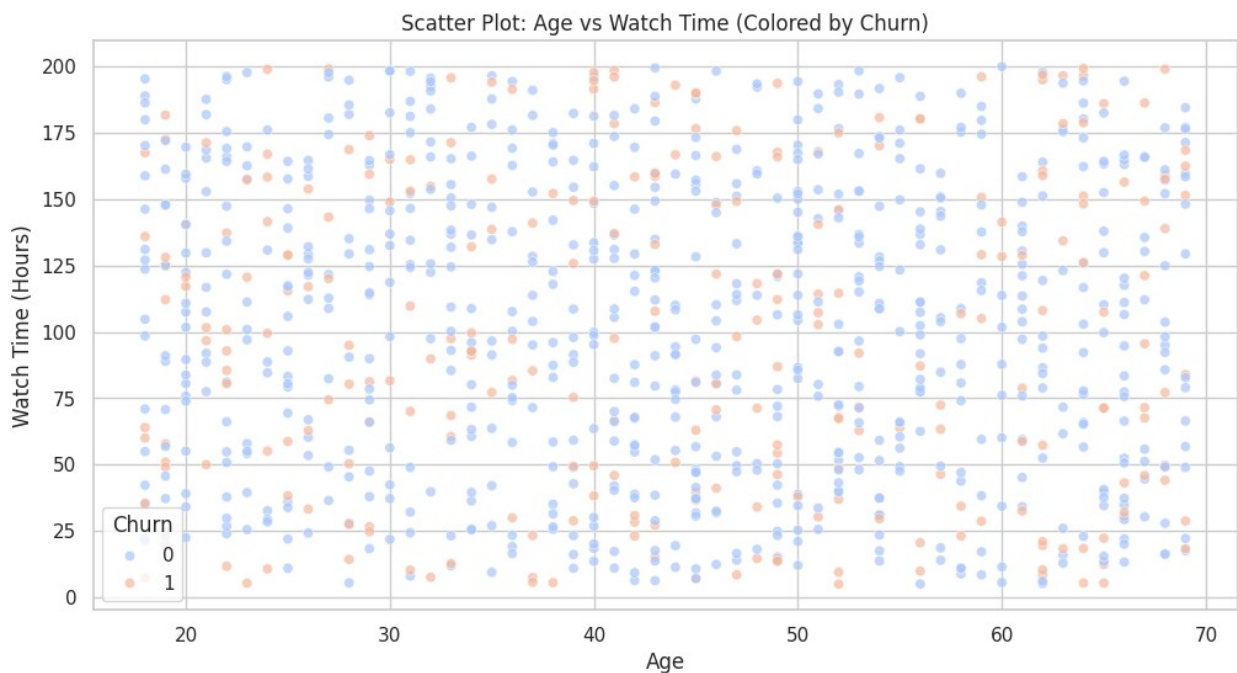
Index(['CustomerID', 'Age', 'Subscription_Length_Months',
      'Watch_Time_Hours',
      'Number_of_Logins', 'Preferred_Content_Type',
```

```

'Membership_Type',
  'Payment_Method', 'Payment_Issues', 'Number_of_Complaints',
  'Resolution_Time_Days', 'Churn'],
dtype='object')

plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
sns.scatterplot(data=data, x='Age', y='Watch_Time_Hours', hue='Churn',
palette="coolwarm", alpha=0.7)
plt.title("Scatter Plot: Age vs Watch Time (Colored by Churn)")
plt.xlabel("Age")
plt.ylabel("Watch Time (Hours)")
plt.legend(title="Churn")
plt.show()

```



```

# Feature Encoding
data = pd.get_dummies(data, drop_first=True) # Convert categorical
variables into dummy/indicator variables

# Splitting the dataset into features and target
X = data.drop(columns=['Churn']) # Replace 'Churn' with the correct
column name for the target variable
y = data['Churn']

# Split the data into training and testing sets
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y,
test_size=0.2, random_state=42)

```

```
print("Training and testing sets created successfully.")
print(f"X_train shape: {X_train.shape}, X_test shape: {X_test.shape}")
```

```
Training and testing sets created successfully.
X_train shape: (800, 15), X_test shape: (200, 15)
```

```
# Train Decision Tree Classifier
```

```
dt_model = DecisionTreeClassifier(random_state=42)
dt_model.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```
y_pred_dt = dt_model.predict(X_test)
```

```
print("\nDecision Tree Metrics:")
print(f"Accuracy: {accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_dt):.2f}")
print(f"Precision: {precision_score(y_test, y_pred_dt):.2f}")
print(f"Recall: {recall_score(y_test, y_pred_dt):.2f}")
print(f"F1 Score: {f1_score(y_test, y_pred_dt):.2f}")
```

```
conf_matrix_dt = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred_dt)
print("\nConfusion Matrix:")
print(conf_matrix_dt)
```

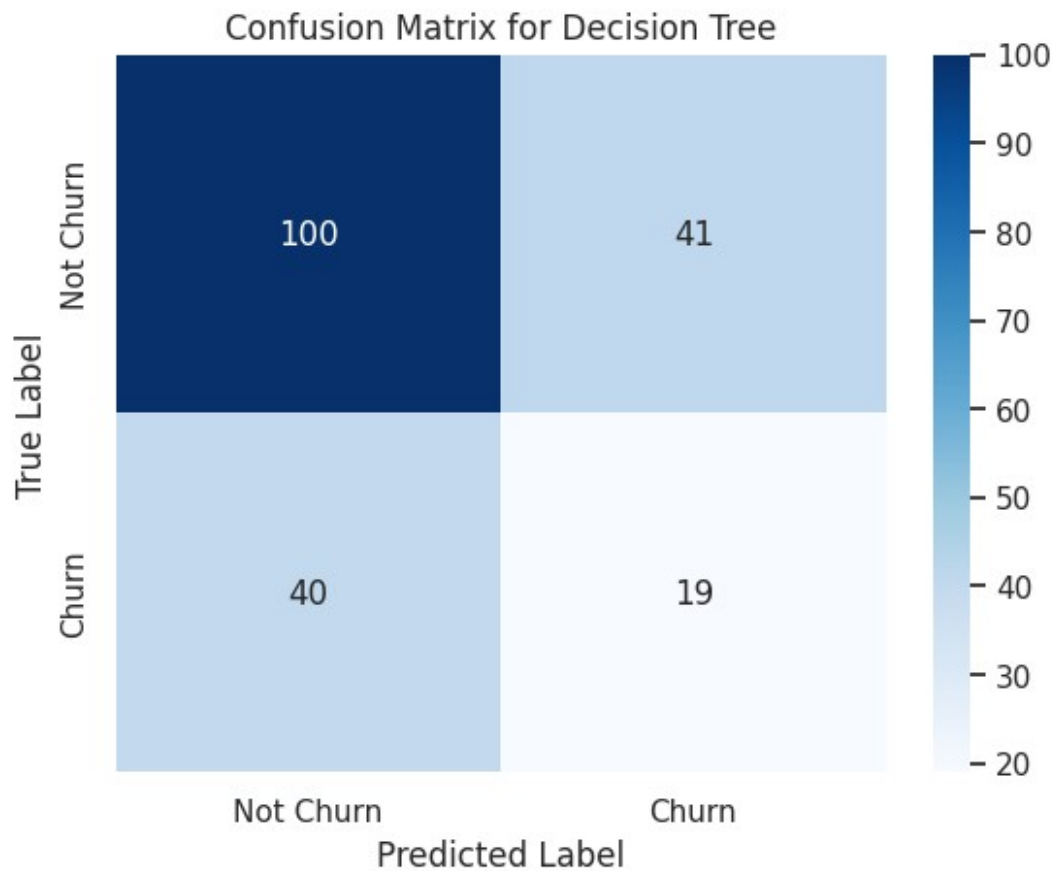
```
sns.heatmap(conf_matrix_dt, annot=True, fmt="d", cmap="Blues",
xticklabels=['Not Churn', 'Churn'], yticklabels=['Not Churn',
'Churn'])
plt.title("Confusion Matrix for Decision Tree")
plt.xlabel("Predicted Label")
plt.ylabel("True Label")
plt.show()
```

```
Decision Tree Metrics:
```

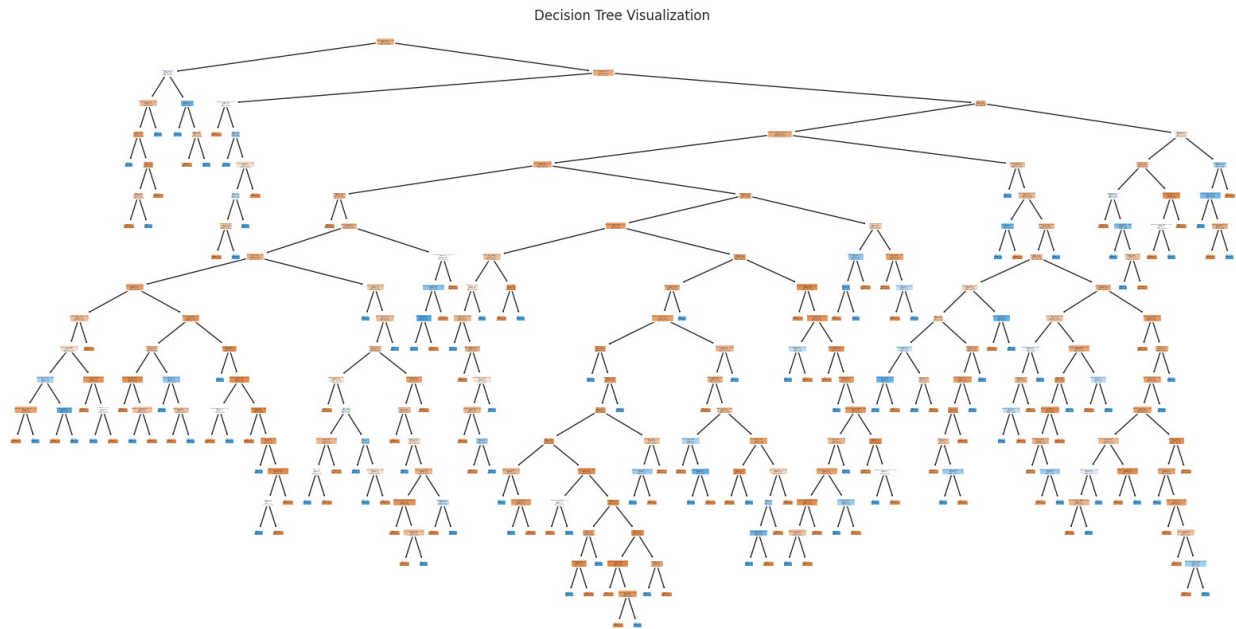
```
Accuracy: 0.59
Precision: 0.32
Recall: 0.32
F1 Score: 0.32
```

```
Confusion Matrix:
```

```
[[100  41]
 [ 40  19]]
```



```
# Visualizing the Decision Tree
plt.figure(figsize=(20, 10))
plot_tree(dt_model, feature_names=X.columns, class_names=['Not Churn',
'Churn'], filled=True)
plt.title("Decision Tree Visualization")
plt.show()
```



```
# Train Random Forest Classifier
rf_model = RandomForestClassifier(random_state=42)
rf_model.fit(X_train, y_train)

y_pred_rf = rf_model.predict(X_test)

print("\nRandom Forest Metrics:")
print(f"Accuracy: {accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_rf):.2f}")
print(f"Precision: {precision_score(y_test, y_pred_rf):.2f}")
print(f"Recall: {recall_score(y_test, y_pred_rf):.2f}")
print(f"F1 Score: {f1_score(y_test, y_pred_rf):.2f}")

conf_matrix_rf = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred_rf)
print("\nConfusion Matrix:")
print(conf_matrix_rf)

plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.heatmap(conf_matrix_rf, annot=True, fmt="d", cmap="Greens",
            xticklabels=['Not Churn', 'Churn'], yticklabels=['Not
Churn', 'Churn'])
plt.title("Confusion Matrix for Random Forest")
plt.xlabel("Predicted Label")
plt.ylabel("True Label")
plt.show()
```

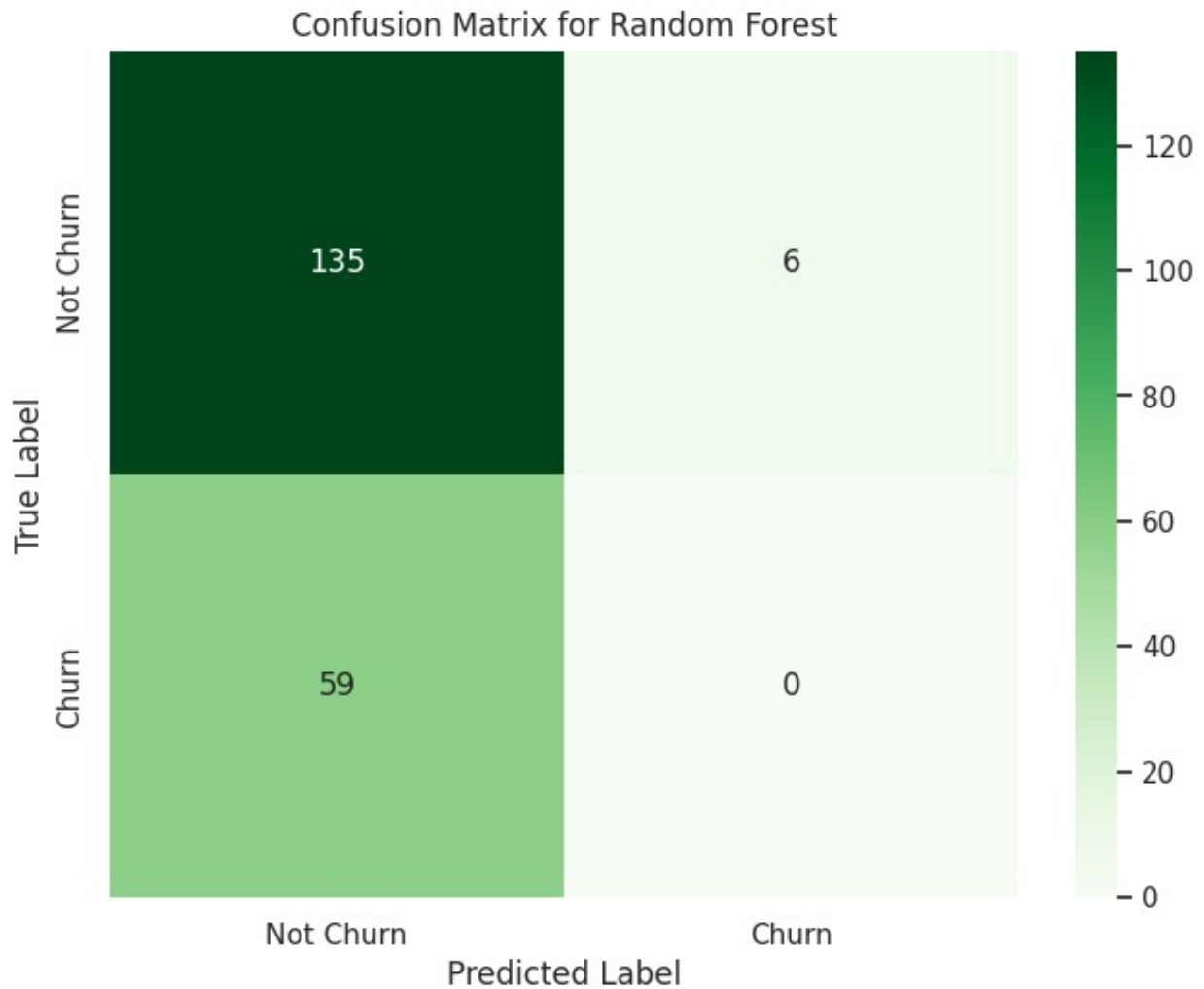
```
Random Forest Metrics:
Accuracy: 0.68
Precision: 0.00
Recall: 0.00
```



F1 Score: 0.00

Confusion Matrix:

```
[[135   6]
 [ 59   0]]
```



```
# Feature Importance for Random Forest
importances = rf_model.feature_importances_
feature_importance_df = pd.DataFrame({'Feature': X.columns,
                                     'Importance': importances}).sort_values(by='Importance',
                                     ascending=False)

print("\nFeature Importances:")
print(feature_importance_df)

plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.barplot(x='Importance', y='Feature', data=feature_importance_df,
           palette="viridis")
```

```
plt.title("Feature Importance for Random Forest")
plt.xlabel("Importance")
plt.ylabel("Feature")
plt.show()
```

Feature Importances:

	Feature	Importance
3	Watch_Time_Hours	0.150242
0	CustomerID	0.145008
4	Number_of_Logins	0.127953
1	Age	0.126308
2	Subscription_Length_Months	0.118024
7	Resolution_Time_Days	0.111406
6	Number_of_Complaints	0.077545
13	Payment_Method_Credit Card	0.020339
12	Membership_Type_Standard	0.019991
10	Preferred_Content_Type_TV Shows	0.018927
11	Membership_Type_Premium	0.018852
9	Preferred_Content_Type_Sports	0.016861
14	Payment_Method_PayPal	0.016626
8	Preferred_Content_Type_Movies	0.016230
5	Payment_Issues	0.015688

<ipython-input-18-a6a85a72355f>:11: FutureWarning:

Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `y` variable to `hue` and set `legend=False` for the same effect.

```
sns.barplot(x='Importance', y='Feature', data=feature_importance_df,
palette="viridis")
```

