Paper Title: Privacy-Preserving Deep Learning NLP Models for Cancer Registries.

Paper Link: <a href="https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/document/9069186">https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/document/9069186</a>

# 1 Summary

### 1.1 Motivation

The study focuses on developing privacy-preserving models for cancer registries, using multitask convolutional neural networks to facilitate data sharing without compromising patient confidentiality.

### 1.2 Contribution

The research introduces a privacy-preserving deep learning model for cancer registries, using multitask convolutional neural networks to enable secure, collaborative data use without compromising patient privacy.

### 1.3 Methodology

The methodology involved developing multitask convolutional neural network (MT-CNN) models for extracting cancer data from pathology reports and comparing them with traditional transfer learning methods and centralized models, to assess their efficacy in privacy-preserving data sharing among cancer registries.

#### 1.4 Conclusion

The study successfully demonstrates that MT-CNN models ensure privacy in data sharing among cancer registries, maintaining efficiency comparable to centralized models.

### 2 Limitations

### 2.1 First Limitation

The first limitation of the study is its reliance on a specific set of labeled data, which may not be representative of all cancer types and stages.

# 2.2 Second Limitation

The second limitation is the lack of evaluation on how the model's performance might vary across different populations and cancer types.

# 3 Synthesis

The research synthesizes privacy-preserving techniques with deep learning to address data sharing in cancer research, setting a precedent for similar approaches in other sensitive medical fields. It balances the need for comprehensive data analysis with patient privacy, offering a model for future collaborative healthcare research.