

2.Medium\12.Rotate_matrix.cpp

```
1  /*
2  QUESTION:-
3
4  You are given an n x n 2D matrix representing an image, rotate the image by 90 degrees
  (clockwise).
5
6  Example 1:
7  Input: matrix = [[1,2,3],[4,5,6],[7,8,9]]
8  Output: [[7,4,1],[8,5,2],[9,6,3]]
9
10 Example 2:
11 Input: matrix = [[5,1,9,11],[2,4,8,10],[13,3,6,7],[15,14,12,16]]
12 Output: [[15,13,2,5],[14,3,4,1],[12,6,8,9],[16,7,10,11]]
13
14 */
15
16 /*
17 APPROACH:-
18
19 To rotate the image by 90 degrees clockwise in-place, we can follow these steps:
20
21 1. Transpose the matrix: Iterate over the matrix and swap each element (i, j) with its
  corresponding element (j, i). This step transforms rows into columns.
22
23 2. Reverse each row: Iterate over each row in the transposed matrix and reverse the elements.
  This step ensures the rotation in a clockwise direction.
24
25 */
26
27 // CODE:
28
29 void rotate(vector<vector<int>>& matrix) {
30     // Transpose the matrix
31     int n = matrix.size();
32     int m = matrix[0].size();
33     for(int i=0; i<n; i++){
34         // note here we move
35         for(int j=0; j<i; j++){
36             swap(matrix[i][j],matrix[j][i]);
37         }
38     }
39
40     // Reverse each row
41     for(int i=0; i<n; i++){
42         reverse(matrix[i].begin(),matrix[i].end());
43     }
44 }
45
46 // TIME COMPLEXITY = O(N^2), where N is the size of the matrix.
47 // SPACE COMPLEXITY = O(1)
48
```