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Given,

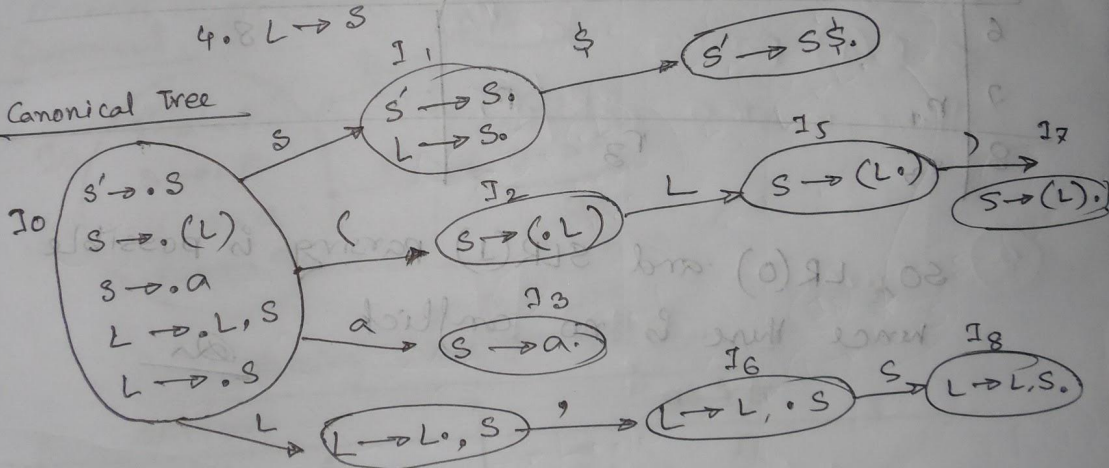
$$S \rightarrow (L) \mid a$$

$$L \rightarrow L, S \mid S$$

Augmented grammar

0.  $S' \rightarrow S$
1.  $S \rightarrow (L)$
2.  $S \rightarrow a$
3.  $L \rightarrow L, S$
4.  $L \rightarrow S$

Canonical Tree



LR(0) Parsing Table

	Action					Go to	
	a	(	)	\$		L	\$
0	s <sub>3</sub>	s <sub>2</sub>		accept		4	1
1						5	
2							
3	r <sub>3</sub>	r <sub>3</sub>	r <sub>3</sub>	r <sub>3</sub>	r <sub>3</sub>		
4				s <sub>6</sub>			8
5				s <sub>7</sub>			
6							
7	r <sub>1</sub>	r <sub>1</sub>	r <sub>1</sub>	r <sub>1</sub>	r <sub>1</sub>		
8	r <sub>2</sub>	r <sub>2</sub>	r <sub>2</sub>	r <sub>2</sub>	r <sub>2</sub>		

# SLR(1) Parsing Table

State	Action		Go to	to
	a	( )		
0	s <sub>2</sub> s <sub>2</sub>		L	( ) s <sub>2</sub>
1			4	2, 1 = 1
2			S	
3	r <sub>2</sub>			
4				
5				
6				
7	r <sub>1</sub>			
8	r <sub>3</sub>			

Follow(s) = {  
Follow(L) = {

So, LR(0) and SLR(1) parsing is possible  
hence there is no conflict

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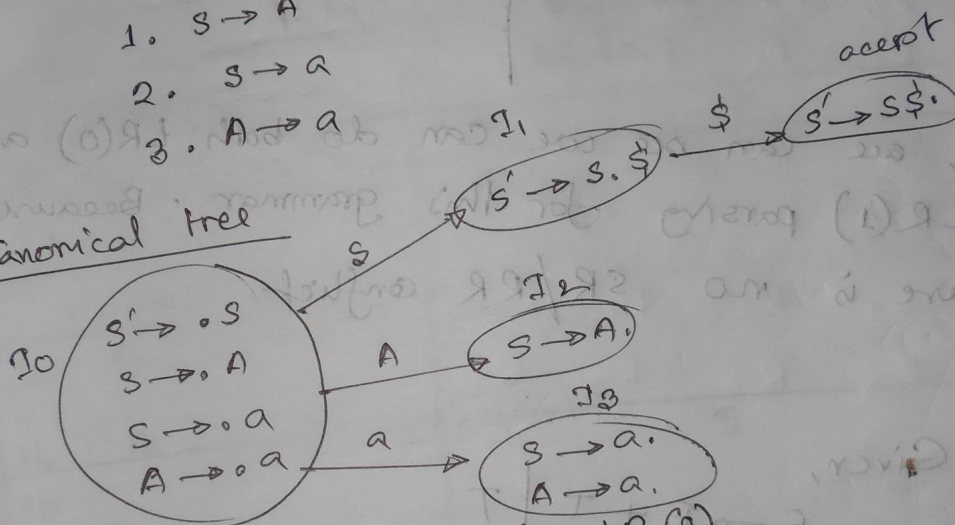
② Given,

Grammar:  $S \rightarrow A|a$   
 $A \rightarrow a$

augmented grammar:

0.  $S' \rightarrow S$
1.  $S \rightarrow A$
2.  $S \rightarrow a$
3.  $A \rightarrow a$

Canonical tree



Parsing table for LR(0)

	action		go to	
	a	\$	S	A
0	S3		1	2
1		(accept)		
2				
3				



## SLR(1) parsing table

	Action	Go to	
		\$	A
0	$S_3$	1	2
1	accept		
2			
3			

So, we can see we can do both LR(0) and SLR(1) parsing for this grammar. Because there is no SR/RR conflict.

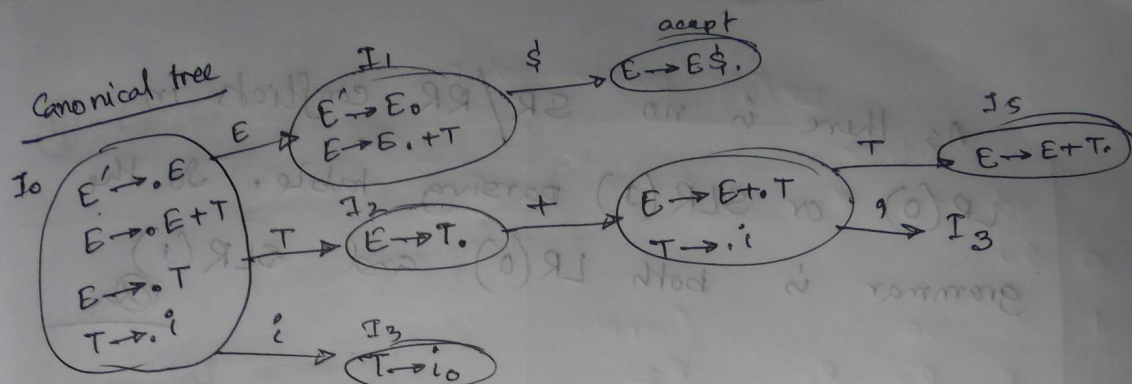
③ Given,

$$E \rightarrow E + T \mid T$$

$$T \rightarrow i$$

augmented grammar

0.  $E' \rightarrow E$
1.  $E \rightarrow E + T$
2.  $E \rightarrow T$
3.  $T \rightarrow i$



LR(0) parsing Table

	Action			Goto	
	i	+	\$	E	T
0	s <sub>3</sub>			1	2
1		s <sub>4</sub>	accept		
2	r <sub>2</sub>	r <sub>2</sub>	r <sub>2</sub>		
3	r <sub>3</sub>	r <sub>3</sub>	r <sub>3</sub>		5
4	s <sub>3</sub>				
5	r <sub>1</sub>	r <sub>2</sub>	r <sub>1</sub>		

SLR(1) parsing Table

	Action			Goto	
	i	+	\$	E	T
0	s <sub>3</sub>			1	2
1		s <sub>4</sub>	accept		
2		r <sub>2</sub>	r <sub>2</sub>		
3		r <sub>3</sub>	r <sub>3</sub>		5
4	s <sub>4</sub>				
5		r <sub>1</sub>	r <sub>2</sub>		

$\text{Follow}(E) = \{+, \$\}$   
 $\text{Follow}(T) = \{+, \$\}$

As there is no SR/RR conflicts in LR(0) or SLR(1) parsing table. So the grammar is both LR(0) and SLR(1) Ans

LR(0) parsing table

State		Action	
T	\$	\$	+
1	1		



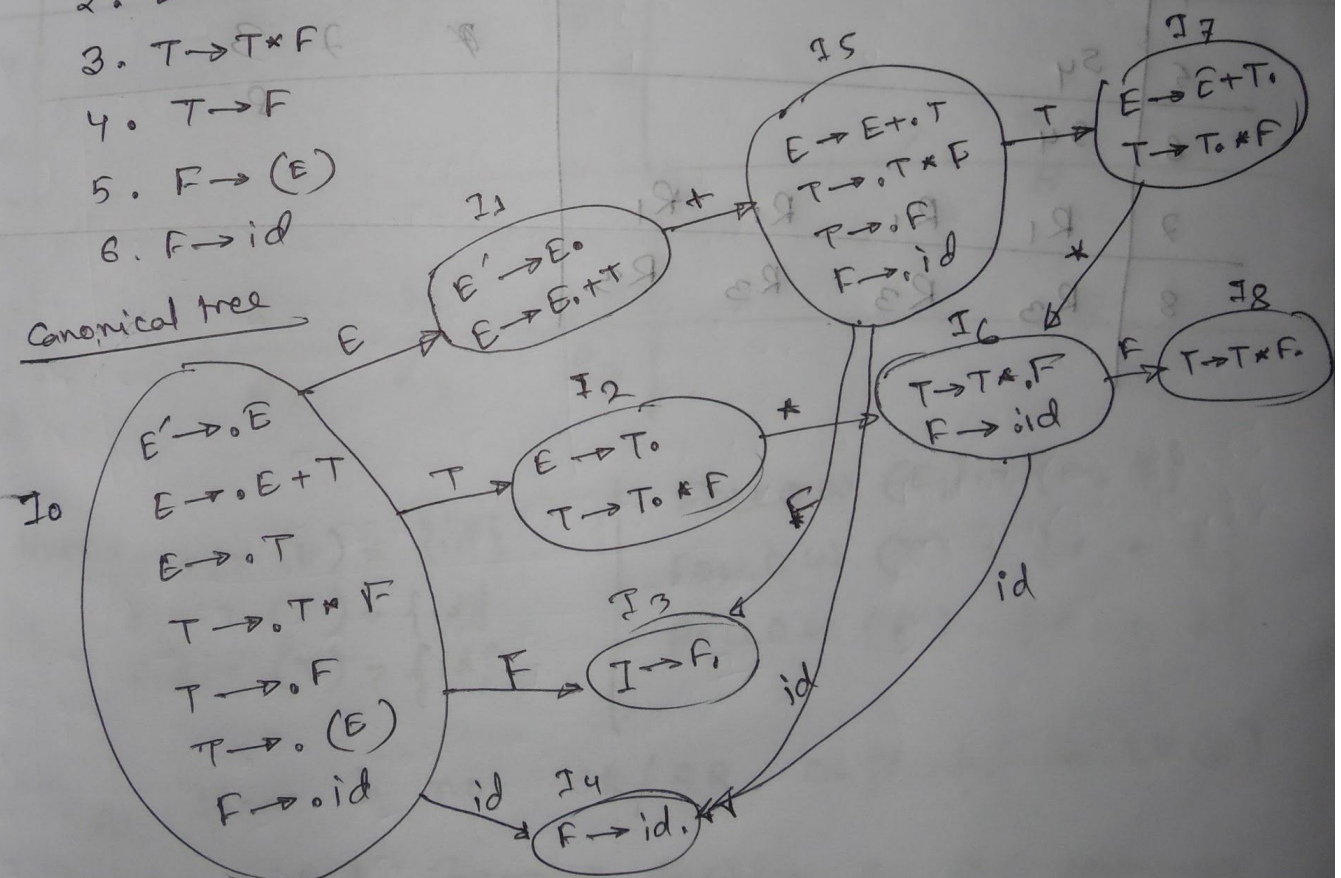
④ Given,

$$\begin{aligned} E &\rightarrow E + T \mid T \\ T &\rightarrow T * F \mid F \\ F &\rightarrow (E) \mid id \end{aligned}$$

augmented grammar:

0.  $E' \rightarrow E$
1.  $E \rightarrow E + T$
2.  $E \rightarrow T$
3.  $T \rightarrow T * F$
4.  $T \rightarrow F$
5.  $F \rightarrow (E)$
6.  $F \rightarrow id$

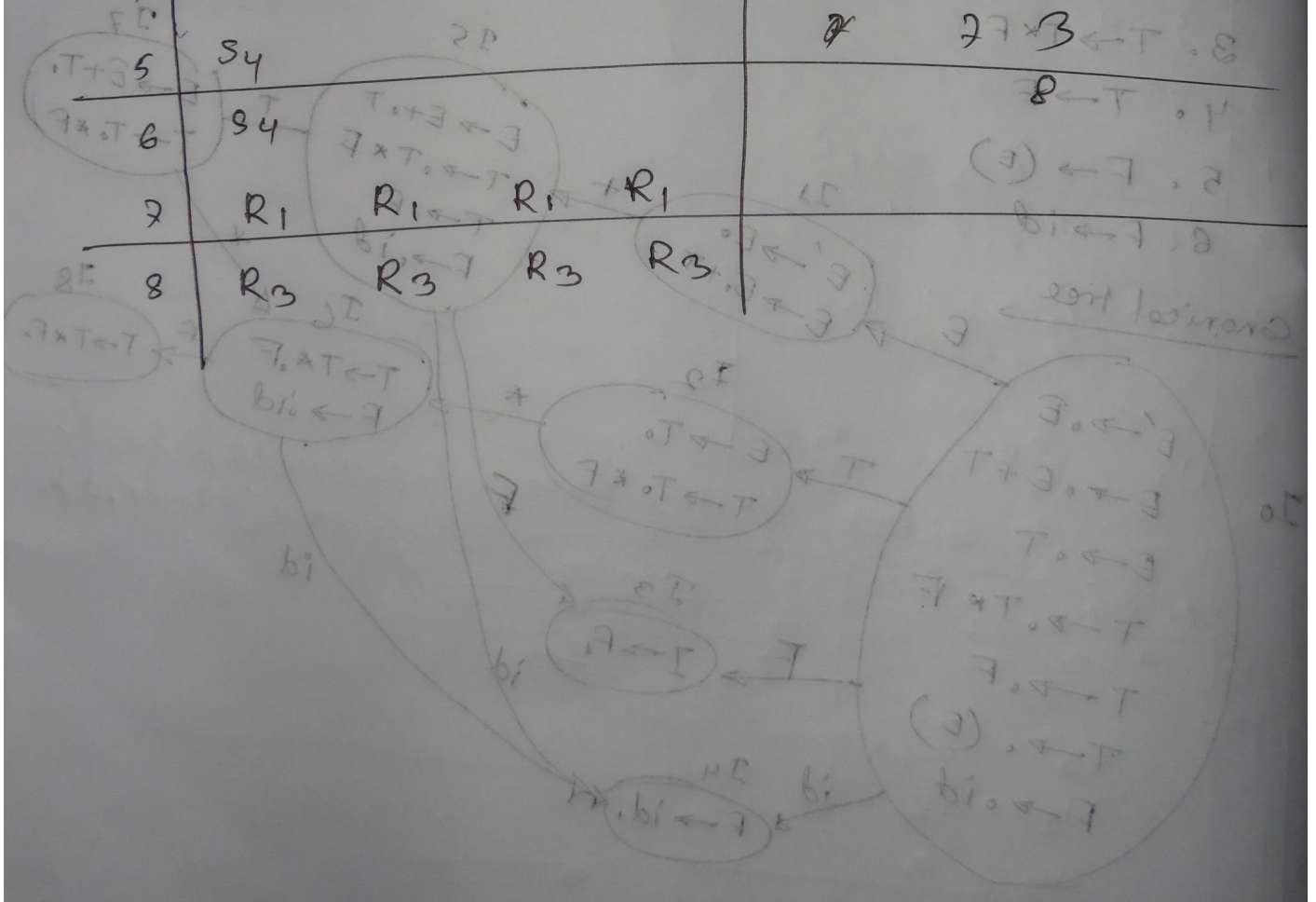
Canonical tree





# LR(0) parsing table

	Action				Go to	
	id	+	*	\$	T	F
0	S4				1	2
1	S5			(accept)		
2	R2	R2	R2	R2		
3	R4	R4	R4	R4		
4	R5	R5	R5	R5		
5	S4					
6	S4					
7	R1	R1	R1	R1		
8	R3	R3	R3	R3		



SLR(1) Parsing Table

	Action				Go to		
	id	+	*	\$	E	T	F
0	S4				1	2	3
1		S5		(accept)			
2		R2	S6	R2			
3		R4	R4	R4			
4		R5	R5	R5			
5	S4					7	3
6	S4						8
7		R1	S6	R1			
8		R3	R3	R3			

Here,  $FIRST(E) = \{id\}$   
 $FIRST(F) = \{id\}$   
 $FIRST(T) = \{id\}$

$FOLLOW(E) = \{+, \$\}$   
 $FOLLOW(T) = \{*, +, \$\}$   
 $FOLLOW(F) = \{*, +, \$\}$

As there is no SR/RR conflicts in LR(0)  
 and SLR(1) Grammar parsing so the grammar  
 is both LR(0) and SLR(1)

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