



بہ نام خدا

پاسخ تمرین سری سوم ریاضی مهندسی

دکتر طاہری

بہار ۱۴۰۲

تبدیل لاپلاس توابع زیر را به دست آورید.

a) $f(t) = 4 \sin(3t) + 2 \cos(4t) \xrightarrow{L} F(s) = \left[4 \times \frac{3}{s^2 + (3)^2} \right] + \left[2 \times \frac{s}{s^2 + (4)^2} \right]$ سوال اول
تبدیل لاپلاس

$\Rightarrow F(s) = \frac{12}{s^2 + 9} + \frac{2s}{s^2 + 16}$

b) $f(t) = 3t^2 + 5t + 2 \xrightarrow{L} F(s) = 3 \times \frac{2}{s^3} + 5 \times \frac{1}{s^2} + 2 \times \frac{1}{s}$ $L \rightarrow \frac{n!}{s^{n+1}}$

c) $f(t) = s(t-2) \cos(4t) \xrightarrow{L} F(s) = L\{\cos(2) s(1-2)\} = \cos(2) e^{-2s}$

d) $f(t) = t^2 e^{-t} \cos(4t) \xrightarrow{L} F(s) = L\{t^2 \cos(4t)\} = L\{t^2 \cos(4t)\}$ ① $f(t) e^{kt} \xrightarrow{L} F(s-k)$, ② $t^n f(t) \xrightarrow{L} (-1)^n \frac{d^n F(s)}{ds^n}$

$h(t) = t^2 \cos(4t) \xrightarrow{L} H(s) = (1-s^2) \frac{d^2}{ds^2} \left(\frac{s}{s^2+1} \right) \Rightarrow \frac{d}{ds} \left(\frac{s}{s^2+1} \right) = \frac{s^2+1-2s^2}{(s^2+1)^2} = \frac{1-s^2}{(s^2+1)^2}$

$\Rightarrow \frac{d}{ds} \left(\frac{1-s^2}{(s^2+1)^2} \right) = \frac{-2s(1+s^2)^2 - (1-s^2)2(1+s^2)2s}{(1+s^2)^4}$

$= \frac{-2s(1+s^2) - (1-s^2)4s}{(1+s^2)^3} = \frac{-2s + 2s^3 - 4s + 4s^3}{(1+s^2)^3} = \frac{2s^3 - 6s}{(1+s^2)^3}$

$\Rightarrow H(s) = \frac{2s^3 - 6s}{(1+s^2)^3} \Rightarrow F(s) = \frac{2(s+1)^3 - 6(s+1)}{(1+(s+1)^2)^3}$

e) $f(t) = \frac{\sin(4t)}{t} \Rightarrow g(t) = \frac{\sin(4t)}{t} \Rightarrow f(t) = 4g(4t)$

$L\left\{\frac{f(t)}{t}\right\} = \int_s^\infty F(u) du \longleftrightarrow$ دستیابی به $F(s)$ از $f(t)$ $\Rightarrow \int_s^\infty \frac{1}{u^2+1} du = \tan^{-1}(u) \Big|_s^\infty$

$= \frac{\pi}{2} - \tan^{-1}(s) = \cot^{-1}(s) = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{s}\right)$

$\Rightarrow f(t) = 4g(4t) = 4 \times \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{s}{4}\right) \right) = \frac{\pi}{2} - \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{s}{4}\right) = \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{s}{4}\right) = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{s}\right)$

f) $f(t) = \sin(at) - at \cos(at) \Rightarrow F(s) = \frac{a}{s^2+a^2} - a \frac{d}{ds} \left[\frac{s}{s^2+a^2} \right] (-1)$

$\Rightarrow F(s) = \frac{a}{s^2+a^2} + a \frac{s^2+a^2-2s^2}{(s^2+a^2)^2} = \frac{a}{s^2+a^2} + a \frac{(a^2-s^2)}{(s^2+a^2)^2} = \frac{2a^3}{(s^2+a^2)^2}$

$$a) F(s) = \frac{s-1}{s^2-2s+5} = \frac{s-1}{(s-1)^2+2^2} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}^{-1}} e^t \cos(2t)$$

عکس سینوس

$$b) F(s) = \frac{1+e^{-s}}{s^2} = \frac{1}{s^2} + \frac{e^{-s}}{s^2} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}^{-1}} t + (t-1)u_1(t)$$

$$c) F(s) = \frac{(s+2)(s+4)}{s(s+1)(s+3)} = \frac{A}{s} + \frac{B}{s+1} + \frac{C}{s+3} \Rightarrow A = \frac{8}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow B = -\frac{3}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow C = -\frac{1}{6}$$

$$\xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}^{-1}} \frac{8}{3} - \frac{3}{2}e^{-t} - \frac{1}{6}e^{-3t}$$

$$d) F(s) = \frac{s+3}{(s+1)^2(s+2)} = \frac{A}{(s+1)} + \frac{B}{(s+1)^2} + \frac{C}{(s+2)} \Rightarrow B = 2$$

$$\Rightarrow C = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow A = -1$$

$$\xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}^{-1}} f(t) = -e^{-t} + 2te^{-t} + e^{-2t}$$

$$e) F(s) = \frac{s^2-2}{(s^2+3)^2} = \frac{A}{(s^2+3)} + \frac{B}{(s^2+3)^2} \Rightarrow B = -5$$

$$\Rightarrow A = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow F(s) = \frac{1}{(s^2+3)} - \frac{5}{(s^2+3)^2} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}^{-1}} f(t) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \sin(\sqrt{3}t)$$

المحل 2: نستخدم الجبر في الحل لـ $\sin(at) - at \cos(at) \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}} \frac{2a^3}{(s^2 + a^2)^2}$ ←

$$\Rightarrow \frac{-5}{(s^2+3)^2} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}^{-1}} \frac{-5}{2\sqrt{3}} (\sin(\sqrt{3}t) - \sqrt{3}t \cos(\sqrt{3}t))$$

$$\Rightarrow P(t) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \sin(\sqrt{3}t) - \frac{5}{6\sqrt{3}} (\sin\sqrt{3}t - \sqrt{3}t \cos\sqrt{3}t)$$

f) $F(s) = \frac{s+1}{(s^2+s+1)(s+2)} = \frac{As+B}{s^2+s+1} + \frac{C}{s+2} \rightarrow C = \frac{-1}{4-2+1} = -\frac{1}{3}$

$$\frac{s+1}{(s^2+s+1)(s+2)} + \frac{1/3}{(s+2)} = \frac{(s+1) + \frac{1}{3}(s^2+s+1)}{(s^2+s+1)(s+2)} = \frac{s+1 + \frac{1}{3}s^2 + \frac{1}{3}s + \frac{1}{3}}{(s^2+s+1)(s+2)}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{1}{3}(s^2+4s+4)}{(s^2+s+1)(s+2)} = \frac{\frac{1}{3}(s+2)^2}{(s^2+s+1)(s+2)} = \frac{1}{3} \frac{(s+2)}{(s^2+s+1)} \Rightarrow A = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow B = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow F(s) = \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{s+2}{s^2+s+1} - \frac{1}{s+2} \right) = \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{s+\frac{1}{2}}{(s+\frac{1}{2})^2 + \frac{3}{4}} + \frac{\frac{3}{2}}{(s+\frac{1}{2})^2 + \frac{3}{4}} - \frac{1}{s+2} \right)$$

$$\xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}^{-1}} \frac{1}{3} \left(e^{-\frac{1}{2}t} \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}t\right) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}t} \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}t\right) - e^{-2t} \right)$$

$$a) \ddot{y} + 2\dot{y} + y = \delta(t-2), \quad y(0) = 0, \quad \dot{y}(0) = 0$$

$$\xrightarrow{L} s^2 Y(s) + 2s Y(s) + Y(s) = e^{-2s} \Rightarrow Y(s) = \frac{e^{-2s}}{s^2 + 2s + 1} = \frac{e^{-2s}}{(s+1)^2} \xrightarrow{L^{-1}}$$

$$e^{-\alpha s} F(s) \xrightarrow{L^{-1}} f(t-\alpha) u(t-\alpha) \longrightarrow F(s) = \frac{1}{(s+1)^2} \xrightarrow{L^{-1}} t e^{-t}$$

$$\Rightarrow e^{-\alpha s} F(s) = \frac{e^{-2s}}{(s+1)^2} \xrightarrow{L^{-1}} (t-2) e^{-(t-2)} u(t-2)$$

$$b) \ddot{y} + 4y = \sin(t) - u_{2\pi}(t) \sin(t-2\pi), \quad y(0) = 0, \quad \dot{y}(0) = 0 \xrightarrow{L}$$

$$\odot s^2 Y(s) + 4Y(s) = \frac{1}{s^2+1} - \frac{e^{-2\pi s}}{s^2+1} = \frac{1-e^{-2\pi s}}{s^2+1} \Rightarrow Y(s) = \frac{1-e^{-2\pi s}}{(s^2+1)(s^2+4)}$$

$$\rightarrow Y(s) = \left[\frac{\frac{1/3}{s^2+1} - \frac{1/3}{s^2+4} \right] - e^{-2\pi s} \left[\frac{\frac{1/3}{s^2+1} - \frac{1/3}{s^2+4} \right] = \frac{1}{3} \left[G(s) - e^{-2\pi s} G(s) \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow y(t) = \frac{1}{3} \left[g(t) - g(t-2\pi) u(t-2\pi) \right]$$

: b قابل

$$g(t) = \sin(t) + \frac{1}{2} \sin(2t)$$

$$c) \ddot{y} + 5\dot{y} + 6y = t e^{-t}, \quad y(0) = 1, \quad \dot{y}(0) = 0 \xrightarrow{L} \begin{aligned} f'(t) &\xrightarrow{L} s F(s) - f(0) \\ f''(t) &\xrightarrow{L} s^2 F(s) - s f(0) - f'(0) \end{aligned}$$

$$\xrightarrow{L} s^2 Y(s) - s + 5Y(s) - 5 + 6Y(s) = \frac{1}{(s+1)^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow Y(s) (s^2 + 5s + 6) = \frac{1}{(s+1)^2} + s+1 \Rightarrow Y(s) = \frac{1}{(s+1)^2 (s^2 + 5s + 6)} + \frac{s+1}{s^2 + 5s + 6}$$

$$\xrightarrow{\text{تجزیه}} Y(s) = \frac{-3/4}{s+1} + \frac{1/2}{(s+1)^2} + \frac{4}{s+2} + \frac{-9/4}{s+3}$$

$$y(t) = -\frac{3}{4} e^{-t} + \frac{1}{2} e^{-t} t + 4 e^{-2t} - \frac{9}{4} e^{-3t}$$

برای تابع تبدیل زیر معادله ی دیفرانسیل معادل با آن را بنویسید.

$$\frac{X(s)}{F(s)} = \frac{s+3}{s^3+11s^2+12s+18} \Rightarrow (s^3+11s^2+12s+18) X(s) = (s+3) F(s)$$

$$\Rightarrow x^{(3)}(t) + 11x^{(2)}(t) + 12\dot{x}(t) + 18x(t) = \dot{f}(t) + 3f(t)$$