

Model Predictive Control: Overview

Presenter:

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Model Predictive Control (MPC): Overview

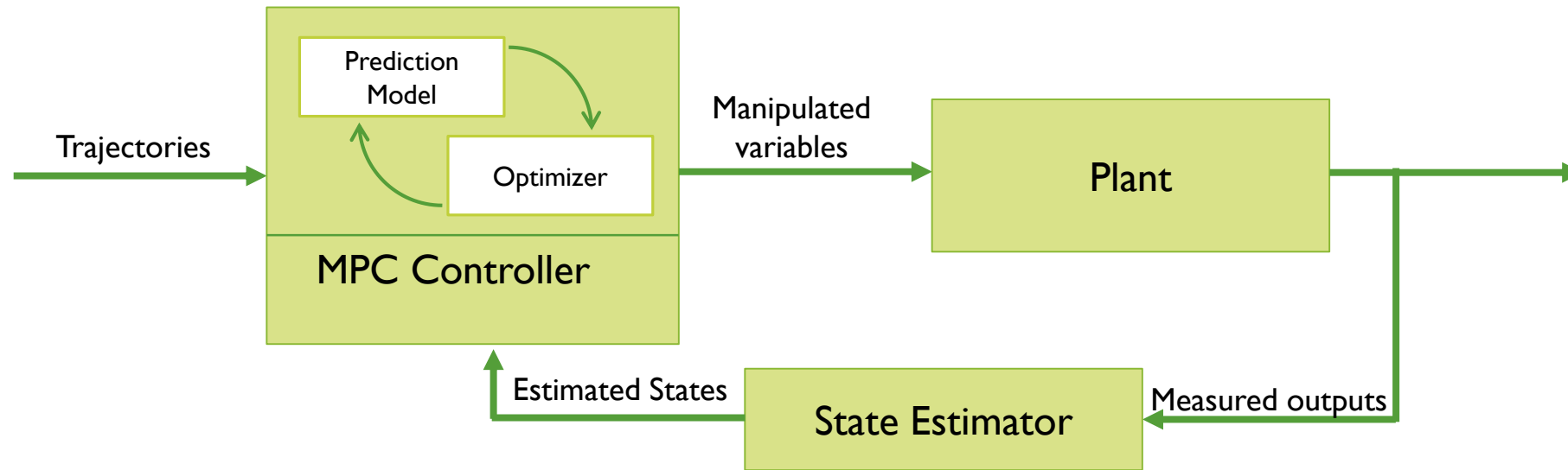
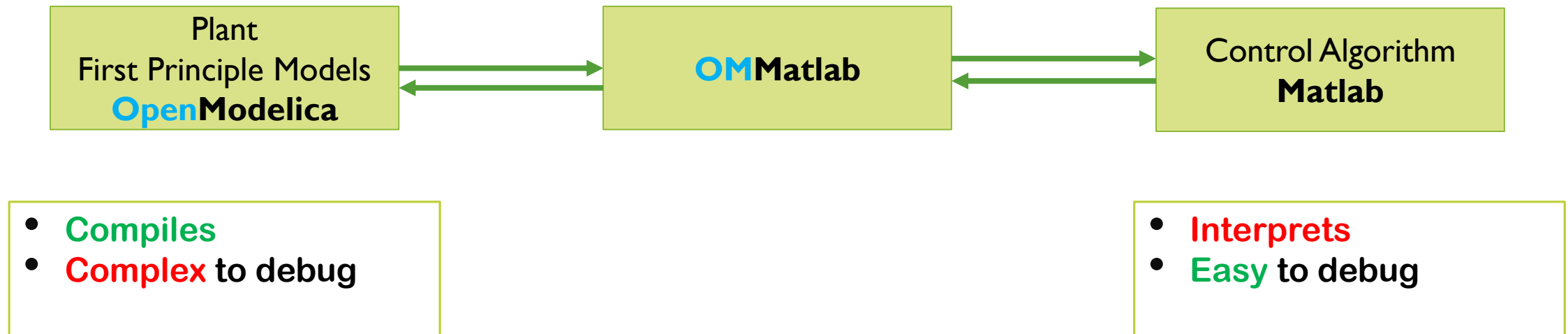


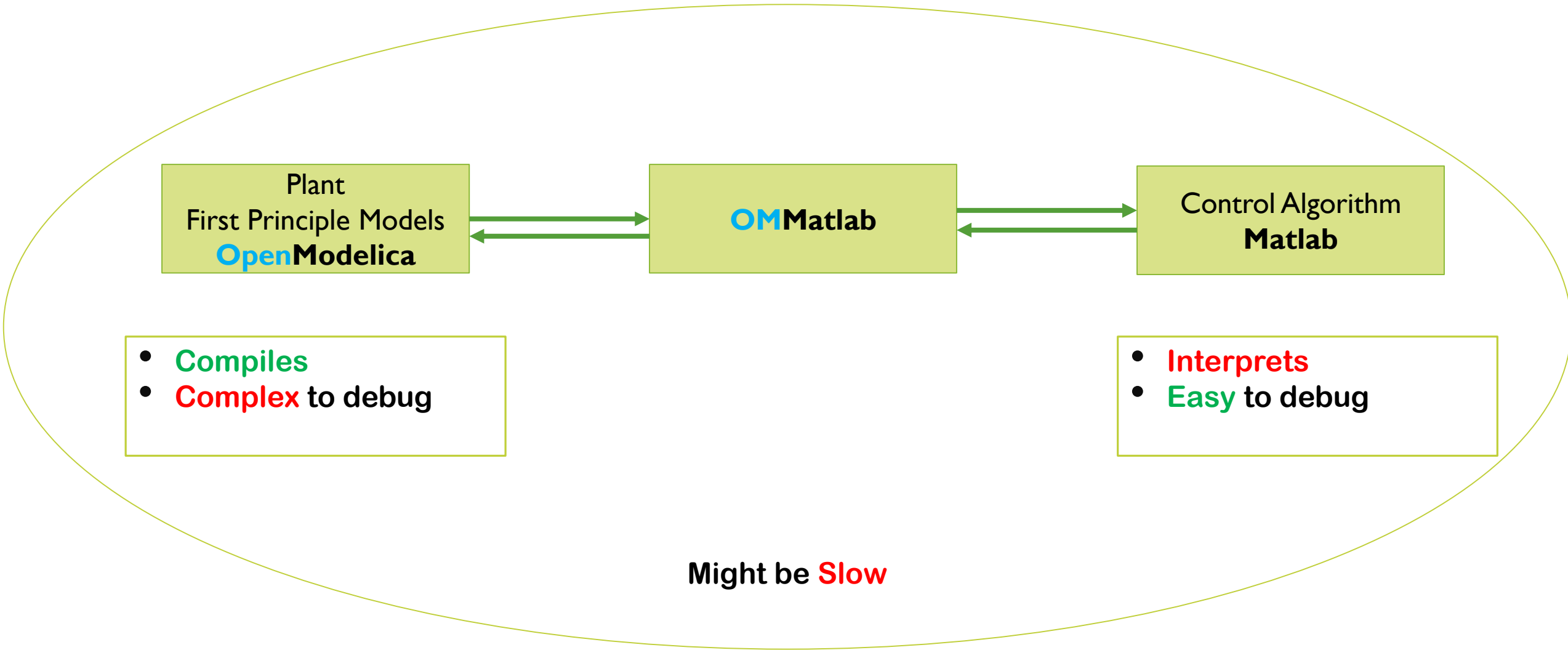
Fig5. MPC loop¹.



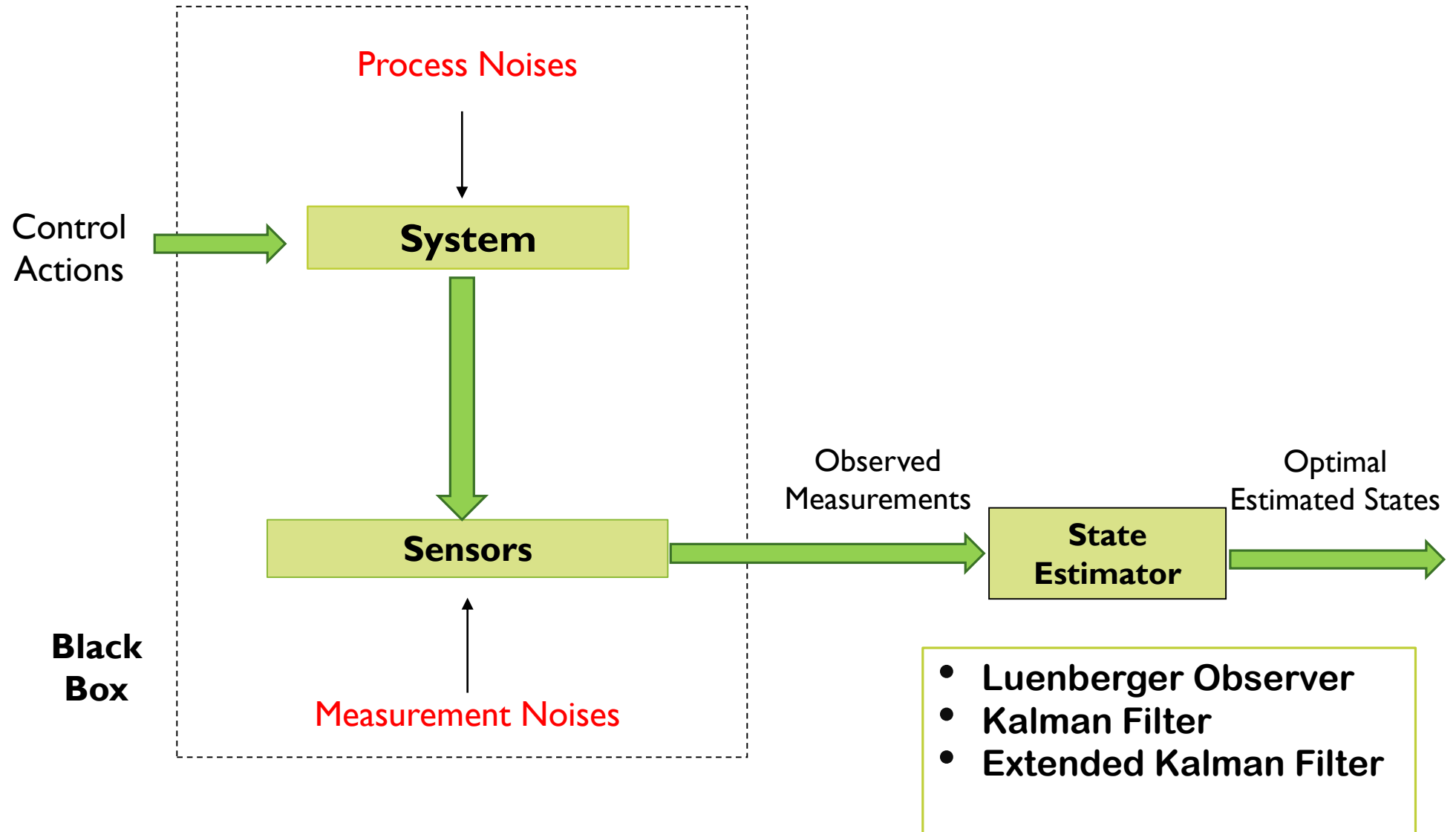


- **Compiles**
- **Complex** to debug





State Estimation: Overview





- **Nonlinear state transition and measurement**

$$x_k = f(x_{k-1}, u_{k-1}) + w_{k-1}$$

$$z_k = h(x_k) + v_k$$



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State Transition Matrix for covariance and gain calculations

$$H_k = \frac{\partial h}{\partial x} \Big|_{\hat{x}_k^-}$$



Sensor space transformation Matrix



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Sensor space transformation Matrix

- Predict

$$\hat{x}_k^- = f(\hat{x}_{k-1}^+, u_{k-1})$$

$$P_k^- = F_{k-1} P_{k-1}^+ F_{k-1}^T + Q$$

- Update

$$\tilde{y}_k = z_k - h(\hat{x}_{k-1}^-)$$

$$K_k = P_k^- H_k^T (R + H_k P_k^- H_k^T)^{-1}$$

$$\hat{x}_k^+ = \hat{x}_k^- + K_k \tilde{y}_k$$

$$P_k^+ = (I - K_k H_k) P_k^-$$



- Nonlinear state transition and measurement**

$$x_k = f(x_{k-1}, u_{k-1}) + w_{k-1}$$

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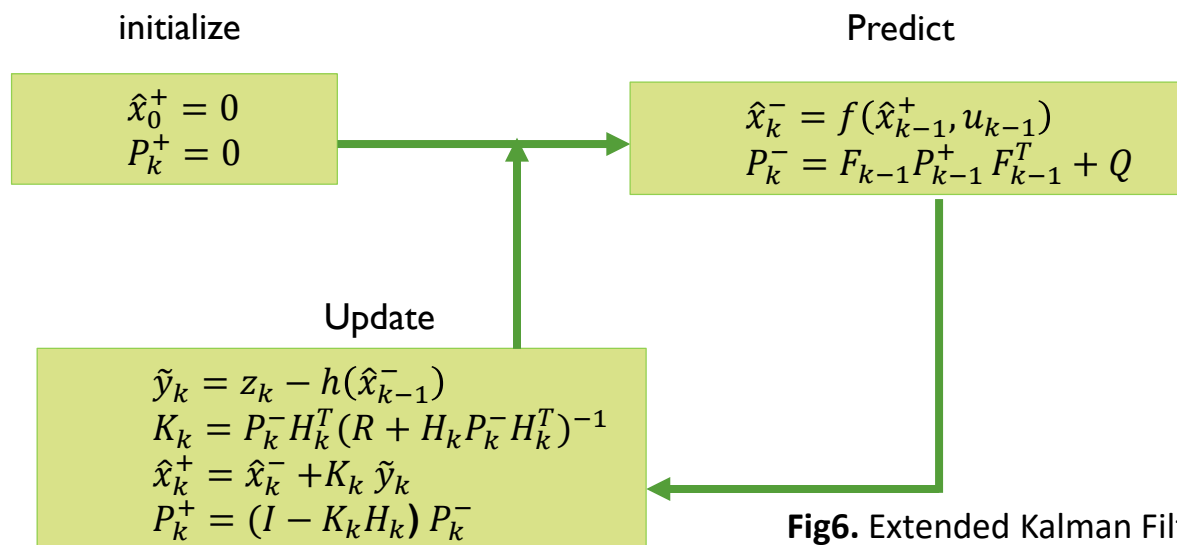


Fig6. Extended Kalman Filter loop.



- Step-test identification methods
 - **Cannot be used** for a SwoMV system

$$\begin{aligned}\dot{x} &= f(x, u) \\ y &= g(x, u) \\ q &= h(x, u)\end{aligned}$$



x is the state variable
 u is the process input
 y is the output
 q is the vector of quality



- Step-test identification methods
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- Linearizing the nonlinear model



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- Linearizing the nonlinear model
- Subspace identification methods

$$\begin{aligned}\tilde{x}(k+1) &= A\tilde{x}(k) + Bu(k) \\ y(k) &= C\tilde{x}(k) + Du(k) \\ q &= G\tilde{x}(k) + Fu(k)\end{aligned}$$



\tilde{x} is the subspace state
 u is the process input
 y is the output
 q is the vector of quality



$$\min_u S(t_f)$$

With respect to:

Dynamic Model

Initial Conditions

Path constraints

Control(input) constraints

Terminal Constraints



$$\min_u S(t_f)$$

With respect to:

Dynamic Model
Initial Conditions
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Terminal Constraints

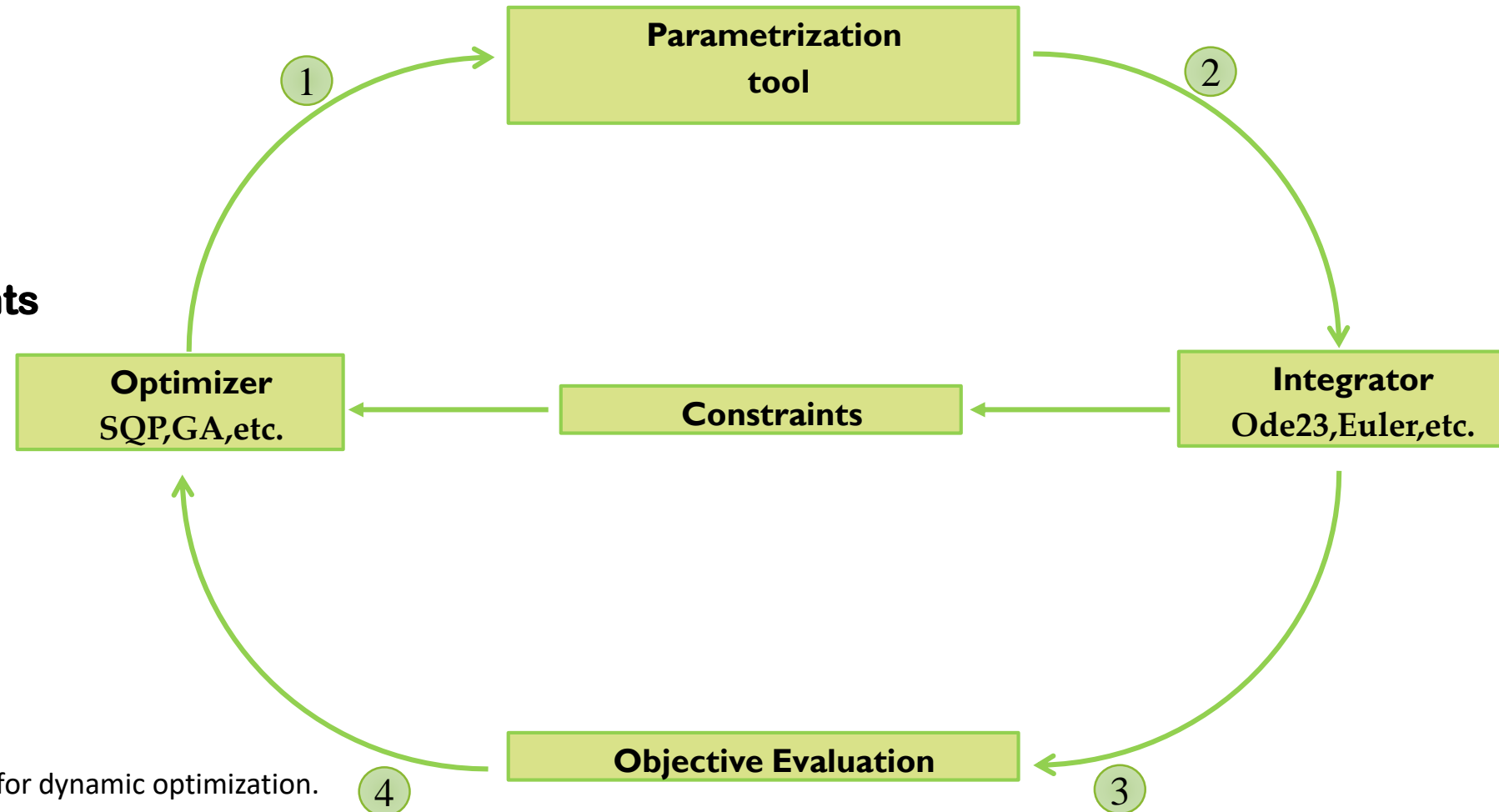


Fig7. Single shooting algorithm for dynamic optimization.

Example: Three connected tanks

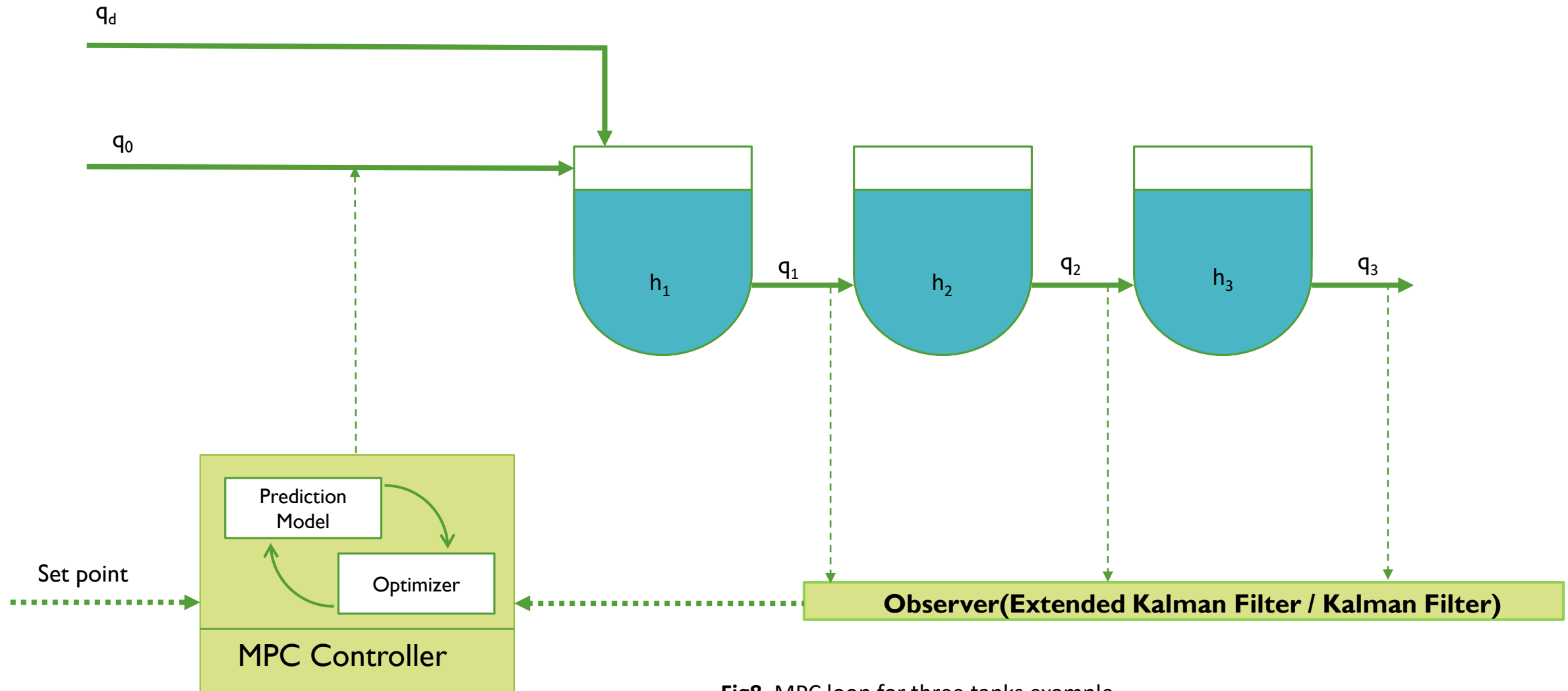


Fig8. MPC loop for three tanks example.

Three tanks example: simulation

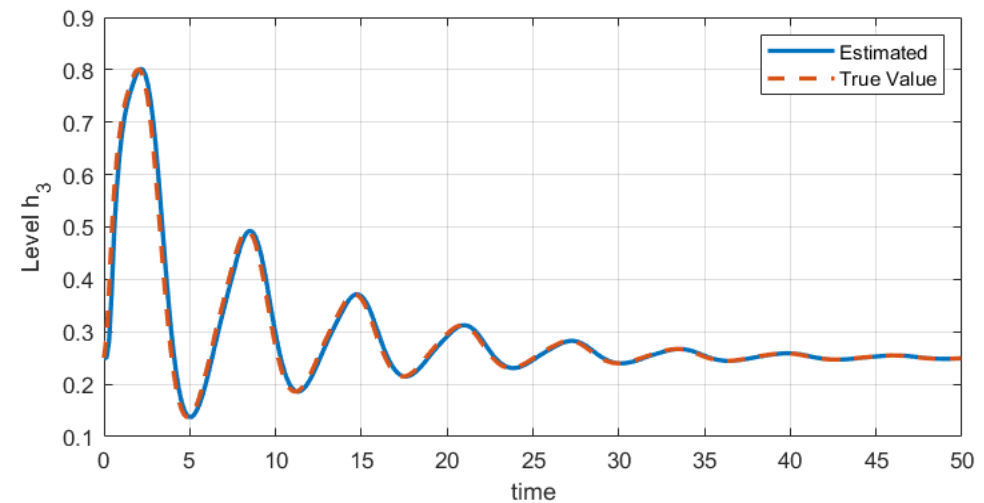
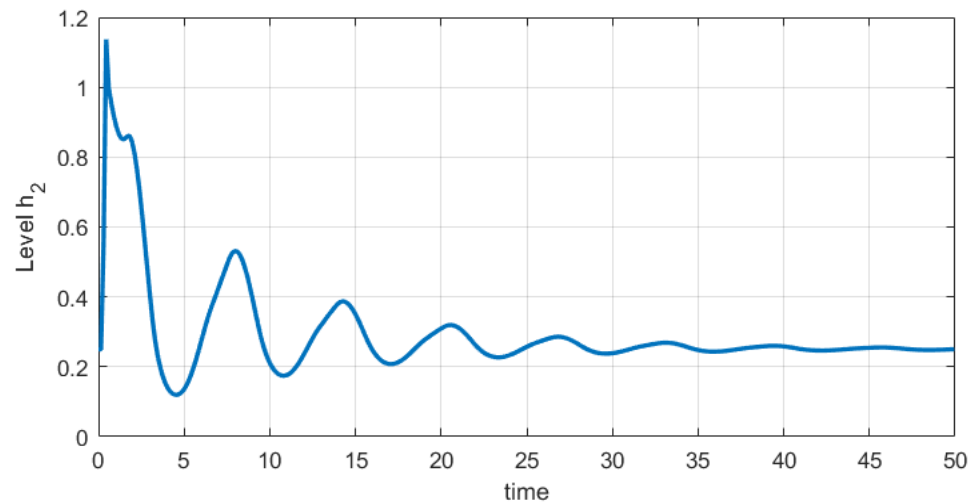
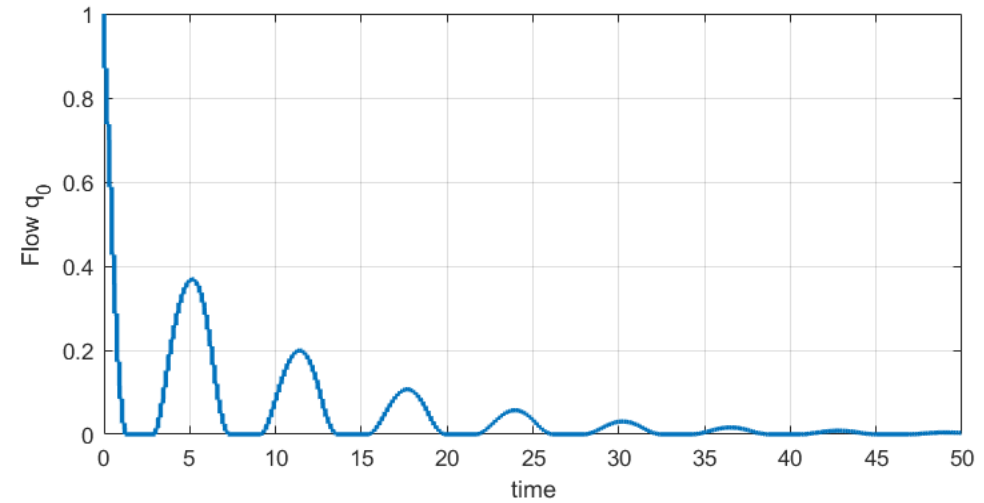
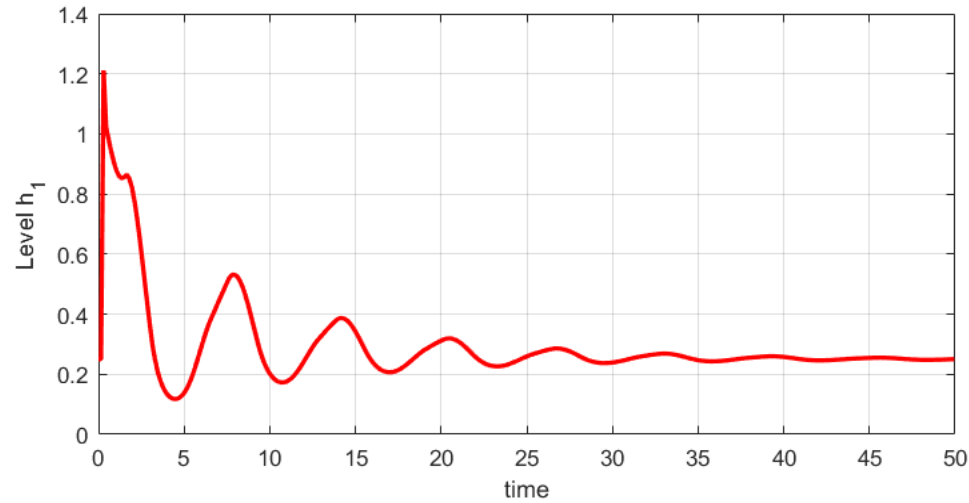


Fig9. Three tanks example simulation graphs with an EKF observer, a disturbance equation of $q_d = 1 + \sin(t) \cdot \exp(-0.1 \cdot t)$, and $SP=0.25$.

Three tanks example: simulation

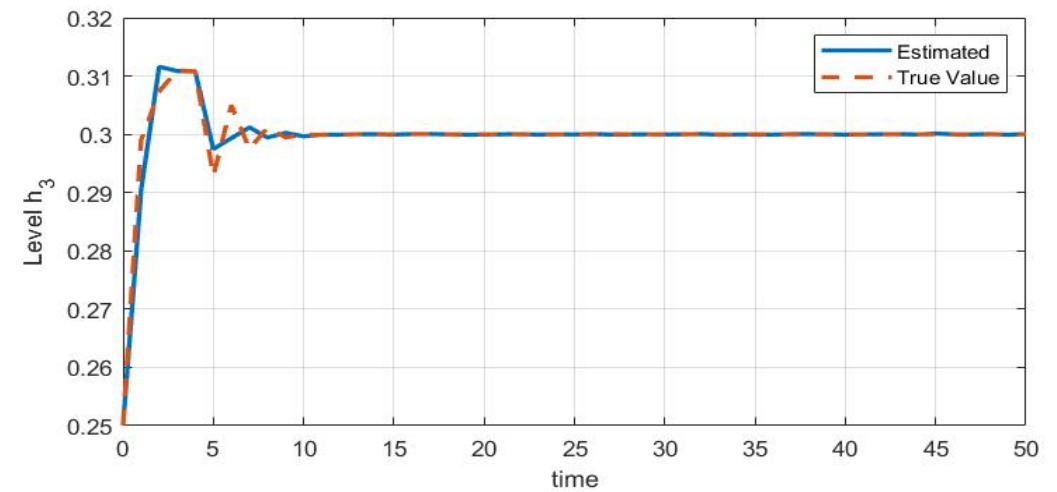
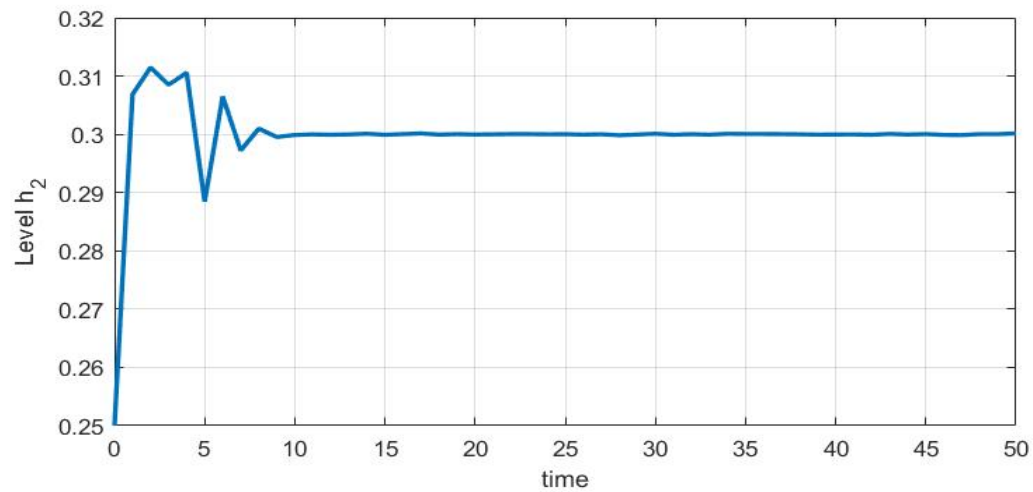
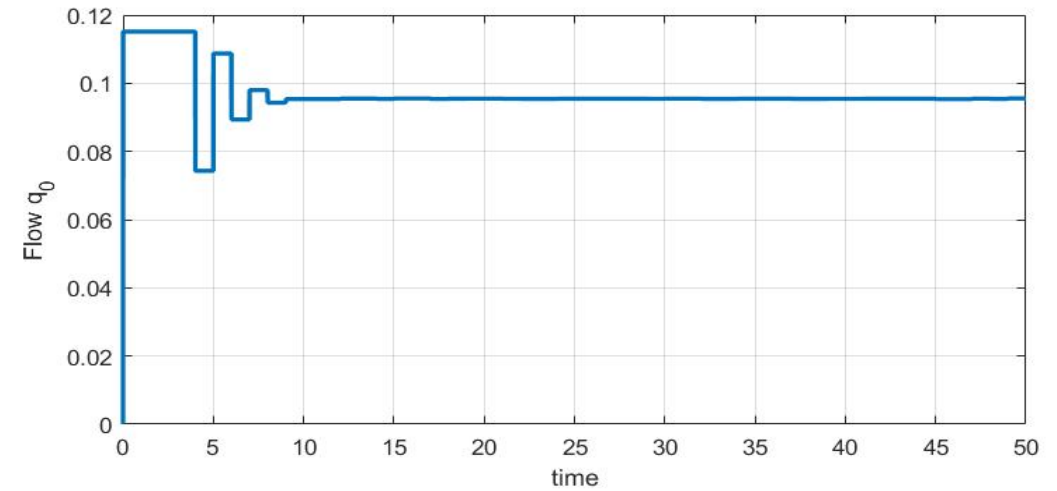
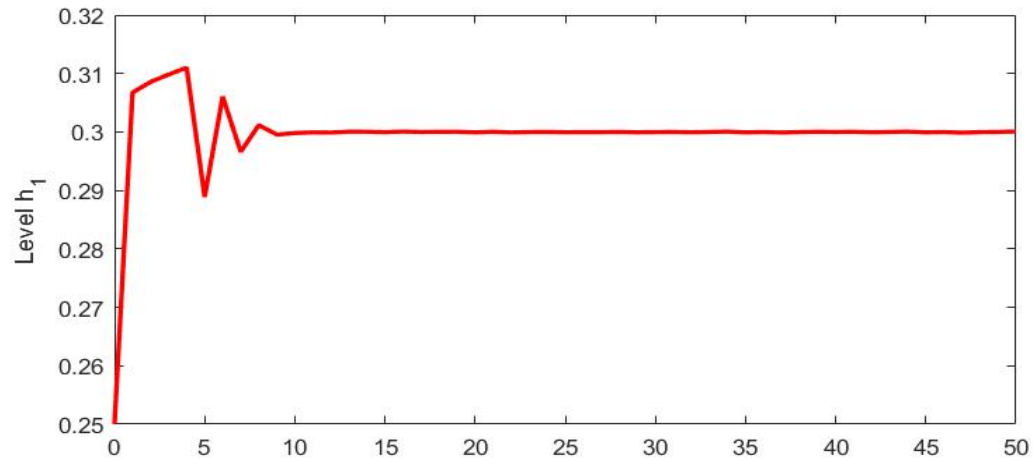


Fig11. Three tanks example simulation graphs with an EKF observer, a disturbance equation of $q_d = 1$, and $SP=0.3$.



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