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### ASSIGNMENT NO : 5.1

#### SOLUTION:

##### Importing libraries

```
In [1]: 1 from pyspark.sql import SparkSession
2 from pyspark.sql.types import IntegerType, DateType
3 from pyspark.sql.functions import sum, col, avg, desc
4

In [2]: 1 scSpark = SparkSession.builder.appName("Spark Example").getOrCreate()
```

Two join conditions are defined:

join\_condition1 specifies that the "CustomerId" column in the transaction DataFrame should match the "CustomerId" column in the customer DataFrame.

join\_condition2 specifies that the "ProductId" column in the transaction DataFrame should match the "ProductId" column in the products DataFrame.

```
In [3]: 1 transaction = scSpark.read.csv("transactions_*.csv", header=True, inferSchema=True)
2 customer = scSpark.read.csv("customers.csv", header=True, inferSchema=True)
3 products = scSpark.read.csv("products.csv", header=True, inferSchema=True)
4
5 # Define join conditions
6 join_condition1 = transaction["CustomerId"] == customer["CustomerId"]
7
8 join_condition2 = transaction["ProductId"] == products["ProductId"]
9
10 # Perform joins
11 joined_df = transaction.join(customer, join_condition1, "left") \
12     .join(products, join_condition2, "left")
13
14 # Show the resulting joined data frame
15 joined_df.show()
```

StoreId	TransactionId	CustomerId	ProductId	Quantity	TransactionTime	CustomerId	Name	Email
ProductId	Name	Category	UnitPrice					
3	Blue Shorts	Shorts	118.88	3	2022-12-23 17:36:11	35	Dwayne Johnson	dwayne.johnson@gm...
3	Blue Shorts	Shorts	118.88	9	2022-12-23 22:02:51	37	Brittany Holt	brittany.holt@exa...
9	Green Sandals	Shoes	137.53	3	2022-12-23 02:51:50	4	Alevtin Paska	alevtin.paska@exa...
3	Blue Shorts	Shorts	118.88	14	2022-12-23 17:05:54	35	Dwayne Johnson	dwayne.johnson@gm...
14	Red t-shirt	T-Shirts	121.58	15	2022-12-23 07:15:01	34	Avi Shet	avi.shet@example.com
15	White t-shirt	T-Shirts	131.13	24	2022-12-23 21:26:29	41	Alice Morin	alice.morin@examp...
24	Blue Jeans	Pants	173.1	1	2022-12-23 16:41:42	5	Charlotte Wong	charlotte.wong@ex...
1	Red Shorts	Shorts	89.75					

Now we add total price column in which we multiply quantity & unit price column

```
In [4]: 1 join_df = joined_df.withColumn("total price", col("Quantity") * col("UnitPrice"))
        2 join_df.show()
```

StoreId	TransactionId	CustomerId	ProductId	Quantity	TransactionTime	CustomerId	Name	Email
ProductId	Name	Category	UnitPrice	total price				
3	Blue Shorts	Shorts	118.88	356.64	2022-12-23 17:36:11	35	Dwayne Johnson	dwayne.johnson@gm...
3	Blue Shorts	Shorts	118.88	356.64	2022-12-23 22:02:51	37	Brittany Holt	brittany.holt@exa...
9	Green Sandals	Shoes	137.53	1512.83	2022-12-23 02:51:50	4	Alevtin Paska	alevtin.paska@exa...
3	Blue Shorts	Shorts	118.88	475.52	2022-12-23 17:05:54	35	Dwayne Johnson	dwayne.johnson@gm...
14	Red t-shirt	T-Shirts	121.58	6808.48	2022-12-23 07:15:01	34	Avi Shet	avi.shet@example.com
15	White t-shirt	T-Shirts	131.13	3147.12	2022-12-23 21:26:29	41	Alice Morin	alice.morin@examp...
24	Blue Jeans	Pants	173.1	3288.9	2022-12-23 16:41:42	5	Charlotte Wong	charlotte.wong@ex...
1	Red Shorts	Shorts	89.75	448.75	2022-12-23 13:22:55	36	William Nielsen	william.nielsen@e...
23	Green Chinos	Pants	150.93	1962.09	2022-12-23 16:47:14	34	Avi Shet	avi.shet@example.com
7	White Sandals	Shoes	160.96	482.88	2022-12-23 22:36:48	19	Alexia Renaud	alexia.renaud@exa...
7	White Sandals	Shoes	160.96	2092.48	2022-12-23 10:11:29	48	Amoli Shenoy	amoli.shenoy@exam...
18	Black t-shirt	T-Shirts	102.41	1228.92				

The daily total sales for the store with id 1

and the withColumn method is used to create a new column in the DataFrame with the casted values, and the original column is replaced by the new one.

```
In [5]: 1 join_df = join_df.withColumn("total price", col("total price").cast("float"))
        2 join_df = join_df.withColumn("TransactionTime", join_df["TransactionTime"].cast(DateType()))
        3 store_df = join_df.filter(join_df["StoreId"] == 1)
        4 daily_total_sales = store_df.groupBy("TransactionTime").agg(sum("total price").alias("TotalSales"))
        5 daily_total_sales.show()
```

TransactionTime	TotalSales
2022-12-23	41264.00012207031

the mean sales for the store with id 2

```
In [6]: 1 store_sales_df = join_df.filter(join_df["StoreId"] == 2)
        2 mean_sales_store2 = store_sales_df.select(avg("total price").alias("MeanSales"))
        3 mean_sales_store2.show()
```

MeanSales
513.4598035625382

the email of the client that spent the most when summing up purchases from all of the stores

the sort method is used on total\_sales\_per\_customer to sort the DataFrame in descending order based on the "TotalSales" column. The desc function specifies the sorting order as descending.

```
In [8]: 1 total_sales_per_customer = join_df.groupBy("Email").agg(sum("total price").alias("TotalSales"))
2 highest_show= total_sales_per_customer.sort(desc("TotalSales"))
3 highest_show.show(1)
```

Email	TotalSales
dwayne.johnson@gm...	10653.080017089844

only showing top 1 row

And 5 products are most frequently bought across all stores

```
In [10]: 1 productCount_df = join_df.groupBy("ProductId").agg(sum("Quantity").alias("totalQuantity"))
2 orderedProductCount_df = productCount_df.orderBy("totalQuantity", ascending=False)
3 top5products = orderedProductCount_df.limit(5)
4 top5products.show()
```

ProductId	totalQuantity
14	82
24	77
15	76
5	75
19	74

Here we print name of the product that purchase most so we join the table

```
In [11]: 1 joinCondition = top5products["ProductId"] == products["ProductId"]
2 joined_df = top5products.join(products,joinCondition)
3 joined_df.orderBy("totalQuantity", ascending=False).show(5)
```

ProductId	totalQuantity	ProductId	Name	Category	UnitPrice
14	82	14	Red t-shirt	T-Shirts	121.58
24	77	24	Blue Jeans	Pants	173.1
15	76	15	White t-shirt	T-Shirts	131.13
5	75	5	Black Shorts	Shorts	74.58
19	74	19	Green jacket	Jackets	223.69

