

## Question 1 Special Sums

In this problem you are given two lists of  $N$  integers,  $a_1, a_2, \dots, a_N$  and  $b_1, b_2, \dots, b_N$ . For any pair  $(i, j)$  with  $i, j \in \{1, 2, \dots, N\}$ , we define the segment from  $i$  to  $j$ , written as  $[i, j]$ , to be  $i, i+1, \dots, j$  if  $i \leq j$  and  $i, i+1, \dots, N, 1, 2, \dots, j$  if  $i > j$ . Thus if  $N = 5$  then the  $[2, 4] = \{2, 3, 4\}$  and  $[4, 2] = \{4, 5, 1, 2\}$ .

With each segment  $[i, j]$  we associate a special sum  $SSum[i, j]$  as follows:

- $SSum[i, i] = a_i$ .
- If  $i \neq j$  then  $SSum[i, j] = a_i + (\sum_{k \in [i, j], k \neq i, j} b_k) + a_j$ . The positions  $i$  and  $j$  contribute  $a_i$  and  $a_j$ , respectively, to the sum while every other position  $k$  in  $[i, j]$  contributes  $b_k$ .

Suppose  $N = 5$  and that the two given sequences are as follows:

$i$	1	2	3	4	5
$a_i$	2	3	2	3	1
$b_i$	3	4	4	6	3

Then,  $SSum[1, 1] = 2$ ,  $SSum[2, 4] = 3 + 4 + 3 = 10$  and  $SSum[4, 2] = 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 = 12$ . Your aim is to compute the maximum value of  $SSum[i, j]$  over all segments  $[i, j]$ . In this example you can verify that this value is 18 ( $SSum[2, 1] = 18$ ).

### Input format

- The first line contains a single positive integer  $N$ .
- This is followed by a line containing  $N$  integers giving the values of the  $a_i$ s and this is followed by a line containing  $N$  integers giving the values of the  $b_i$ s.

### Output format

A single integer in a single line giving the maximum possible special segment sum.

**Note** The final value may not fit in a 32 bit integer. Use variables of an appropriate type to store and manipulate this value (`long long` in C/C++, `long` in Java).

### Test Data

You may assume that  $-10^9 \leq a_i, b_i \leq 10^9$ .

**Subtask 1 (10 Marks)**  $1 \leq N \leq 3000$ .

**Subtask 2 (20 Marks)**  $1 \leq N \leq 10^6$  and  $a_i = b_i$  for all  $1 \leq i \leq N$ .

**Subtask 3 (30 Marks)**  $3 \leq N \leq 10^6$ . Further  $a_1 = b_1 = a_N = b_N = -10^9$  and for each  $1 < k < N$  we have  $-999 \leq a_k, b_k \leq 999$ .

**Subtask 4 (40 Marks)**  $1 \leq N \leq 10^6$ .

### Example

Here is the sample input and output corresponding to the example above.

#### Sample input

```
5
2 3 2 3 1
3 4 4 6 3
```

#### Sample output

```
18
```

### Time and memory limits

The time limit for this task is 3 seconds. The memory limit is 512 MB.

**Note:** Your program should not print anything other than what is specified in the output format. Please remove all diagnostic print statements before making your final submission. A program with extraneous output will be treated as incorrect!

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### Important

Indicate the location of the source code file for your solution to Question 1 in the box below.  
*If you fail to do this, your solution cannot be evaluated!*

**Source file:**