

# <u>Mohammad Saeed Pourmazar</u>



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# Install A Local Docker Registry

# **Step 1: Install Docker**

First, ensure Docker is installed on your system. If you don't have it installed, follow the instructions from Docker's official website.

# Step 2: Run a Local Docker Registry

Docker provides an official registry image that you can run locally. To set it up:

### Pull the Registry image:

#### docker pull registry:2

This will download the official registry image from Docker Hub.

## Run the Registry container:

You can run the registry using this command:

#### docker run -d -p 5000:5000 --restart=always --name registry registry:2

- -d: Run in detached mode (in the background).
- -p 5000:5000: Expose port 5000 of the container to port 5000 on the host.
- --restart=always: Automatically restart if it crashes
- --name registry: Name the container "registry."
- registry: 2: Use the version 2 of the official Docker registry.

## Verify the Registry is Running:

You can check if the registry is running by accessing it via a browser or using curl:

#### curl http://localhost:5000/v2/

\* localhost = IP Address \*

*If the registry is running, it will return a JSON response:* 

 $\{\}$ 

# **Step 3: Configure Docker to Trust Your Local Registry**

By default, Docker is not configured to push to a registry that's not secured with HTTPS. However, for a local setup, you can configure Docker to allow pushing to an insecure registry.

## Edit Docker Daemon Configuration:

On most systems, you will need to modify the Docker daemon configuration file to allow pushing to the local registry.

Linux: Edit /etc/docker/daemon.json and add the following:

sudo nano /etc/docker/daemon.json

```
{
    "insecure-registries" : ["localhost:5000"]
}
* localhost = IP Address *
```

#### Restart Docker:

After modifying the configuration file, restart the Docker daemon:

#### sudo systemctl restart docker

# Step 4: Tag and Push an Image to Your Local Registry

Before you can tag the image, you need to pull it from Docker Hub:

#### docker pull my-image

\* my-image = Like Nginx , Apache , Wordpress \*

Now that your local registry is up and running, you can Tag and push Docker images to it.

### Tag the Image:

Let's say you have an image named my-image. Tag it for your local registry:

#### docker tag my-image localhost:5000/my-image

- \* localhost = IP Address \*
- \* my-image = Like Nginx , Apache , Wordpress \*

# Push the Image to the Local Registry:

Once the image is tagged, you can push it:

#### docker push localhost:5000/my-image

- \* localhost = IP Address \*
- \* my-image = Like Nginx , Apache , Wordpress \*

You should see output similar to this:
--

The push refers to repository [localhost:5000/my-image]

123456789abc: Pushed

# **Step 5: Pull the Image from Your Local Registry**

To pull the image from your local registry, you can use:

docker pull localhost:5000/my-image

\* localhost = IP Address \*

\* my-image = Like Nginx , Apache , Wordpress \*

This will download the image from your local registry.

## **Troubleshooting**

1. Permission Issues (Linux): If you encounter permission errors when trying to access the Docker daemon, ensure your user is part of the docker group:

sudo usermod -aG docker \$USER

\* Then, log out and log back in \*

2. Registry Not Starting: If you can't start the registry, check Docker's logs:

docker logs registry

3.Insecure Registry Warning: Docker may still warn about insecure registries. You can ignore this warning for a local setup by using the "insecureregistries" configuration mentioned earlier.