



# Karkhe Dam Simulation

A Real-Time Monitoring and Control System  
using Wokwi, Node-RED, and React.js

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# Motivation & Problem Statement

- Why Dam Monitoring?

Prevent floods, and manage water resources efficiently

Traditional methods lack real-time data & automation

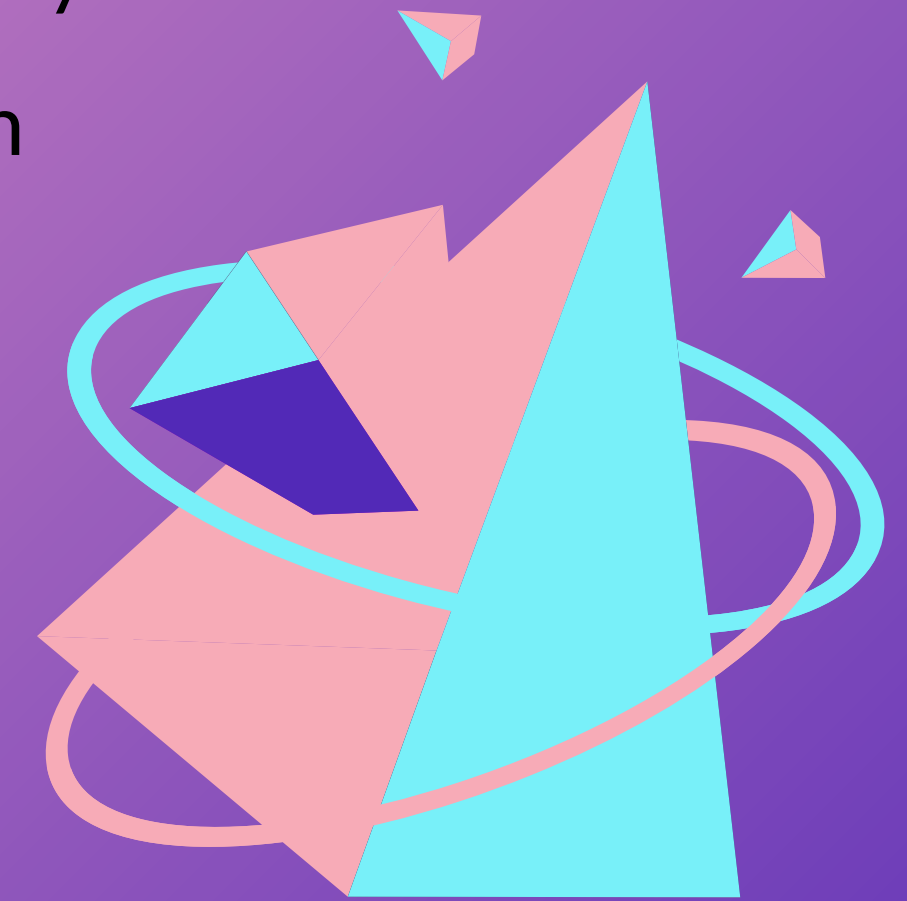
Need for smart water management solutions

- Solution: IoT-Based System

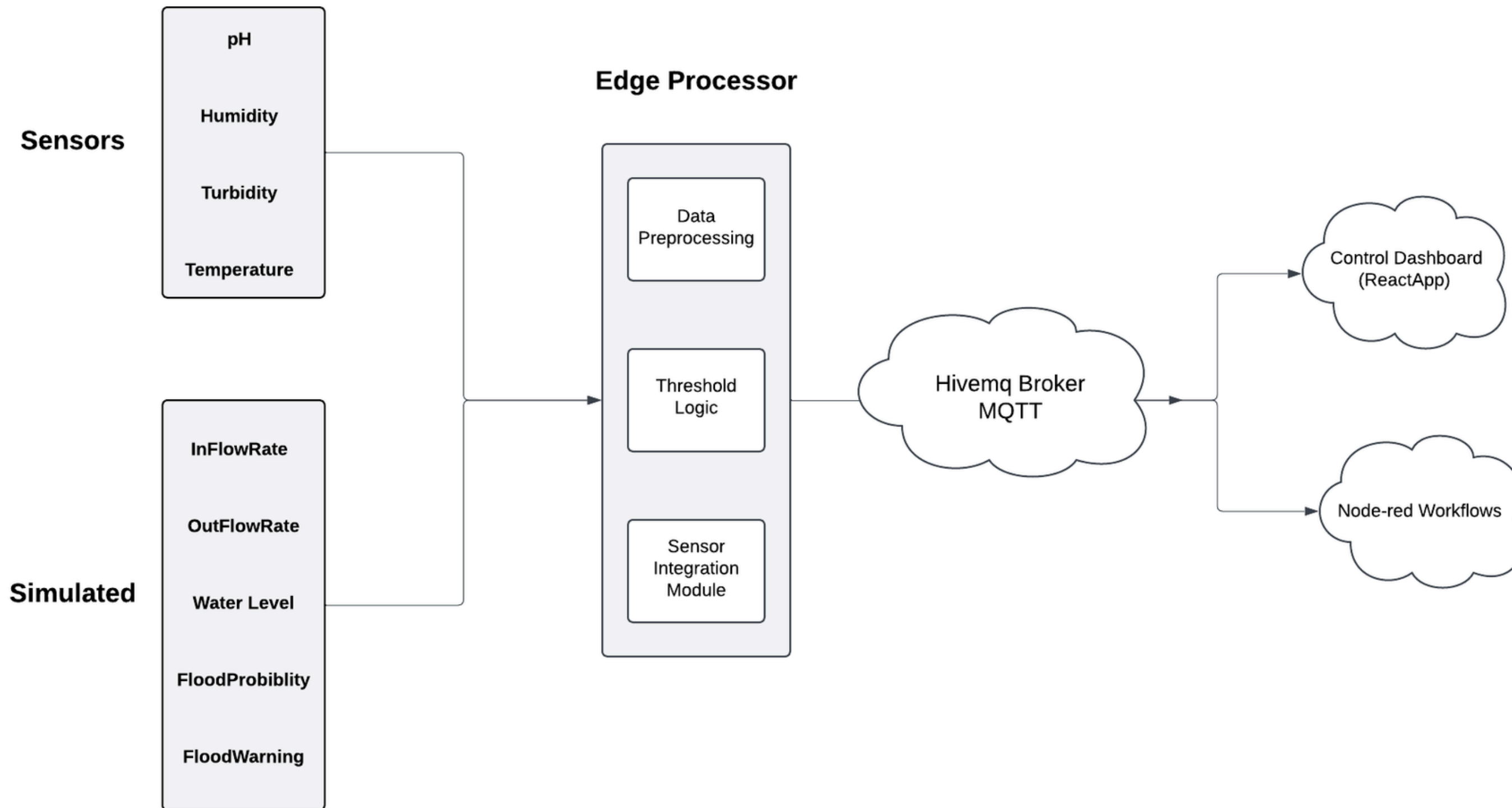
Uses ESP32 + Sensors for real-time data collection

Publishes data to MQTT Cloud (HiveMQ)

Dashboards (Node-RED & React.js) for monitoring & remote control



# System Architecture



# Sensors



Sensors	Type	Measurement
DHT22	Digital	Temperature & Humidity
pH Sensor	Analog	Water pH Level
Turbidity Sensor	Analog	Water Clarity



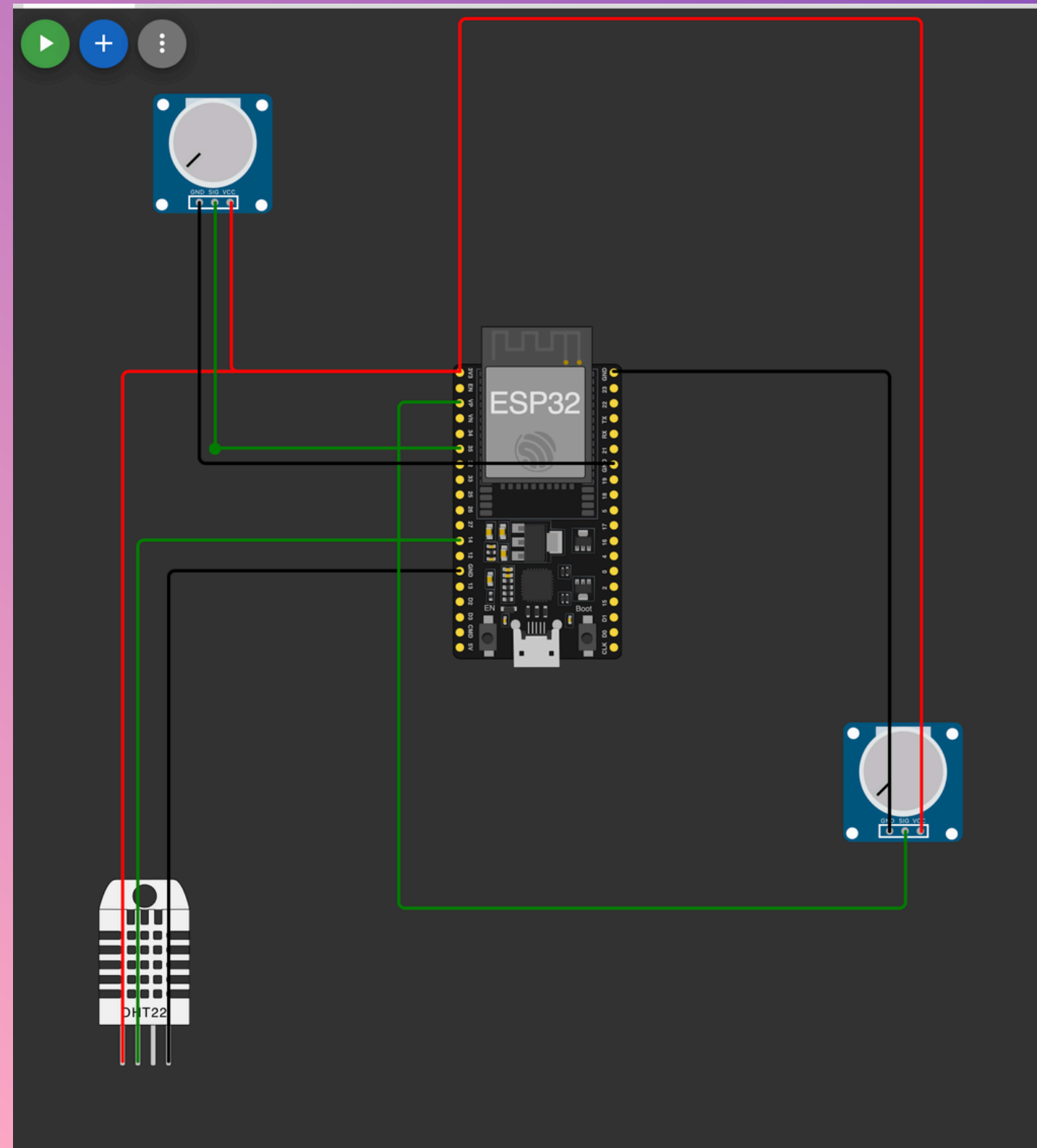
```
// Define sensor pins
#define DHTPIN 14           // DHT22 Sensor Pin
#define DHTTYPE DHT22      // DHT22 Sensor Type
#define TURBIDITY_PIN 35    // Analog for turbidity
#define PH_PIN 36           // Analog pH sensor

// Read sensor data
float temperature = dht.readTemperature();
float humidity = dht.readHumidity();
float pH = analogRead(PH_PIN) > 0 ? analogRead(PH_PIN) / 4095.0 * 0.7 + 7.5 : random(75, 82) / 10.0;
int turbidityRaw = analogRead(TURBIDITY_PIN);
```





# Wokwi Diagram



# Wokwi Setup



```
void connectToWiFi() {
  Serial.print("Connecting to WiFi");
  WiFi.begin(ssid, password);
  while (WiFi.status() != WL_CONNECTED) {
    delay(100);
    Serial.print(".");
  }
  Serial.println(" Connected to Wokwi-
  GUEST!");
}
```

```
void connectToMQTT() {
  while (!client.connected()) {
    Serial.print("Connecting to MQTT
    Broker at ");
    Serial.print(mqttServer);
    Serial.print(":");
    Serial.println(mqttPort);

    if (client.connect("ESP32Client",
    mqttusername, mqttpassword)) {
      Serial.println(" Connected to MQTT
      Broker!");
    }

    client.subscribe("KarkheDam_Simulation/o
    penDam");
  } else {
    Serial.print(" Failed to connect,
    state: ");
    Serial.println(client.state());
    delay(2000);
  }
}
```

```
void publishData(const char* topic, float value) {
  char payload[50];
  sprintf(payload, "%.2f", value);
  if (client.publish(topic, payload)) {
    Serial.printf("Published %s: %.2f\n", topic,
    value);
  } else {
    Serial.printf("Failed to publish %s\n", topic);
  }
}
```

```
void mqttCallback(char* topic, byte* payload,
  unsigned int length) {
  String message;
  for (unsigned int i = 0; i < length; i++) {
    message += (char)payload[i];
  }
  if (String(topic) ==
  "KarkheDam_Simulation/openDam") {
    openDam = (message == "true");
    Serial.printf("Dam control received: %s\n",
    openDam ? "Open" : "Closed");
  }
}
```



# Data Preprocessing and Threshold Logic

```
bool openDam = false; // Variable to store dam status
float waterLevel = 250;

// Adjust turbidity based on other parameters
if (temperature > 30) turbidity += 20;
if (pH < 7.0 || pH > 8.0) turbidity += 15;
if (humidity > 80) turbidity -= 10;
if (waterLevel > 260) turbidity += 25;
turbidity = fmax(fmin(turbidity, 400), 50); // Clamp turbidity between 50 and 400 NTU

// Rainfall logic: dynamically adjust attributes if rainfall occurs
if (temperature < 18) {
    float rainfallIncrease = random(5, 15) * 0.1f; // Increase by a small, random value
    waterLevel = fmin(waterLevel + rainfallIncrease, 280.0f); // Clamp water level to a max of 280 meters
    turbidity -= turbidity * 0.1; // Reduce turbidity by 10%
    pH += (7.5 - pH) * 0.1; // Adjust pH towards neutral (7.5)
    humidity += (80 - humidity) * 0.1; // Gradually increase humidity towards 80%
}

// Calculate inflow and outflow rates dynamically
float inflowRate = (humidity > 60) ? random(300, 400) : random(100, 250);
float outflowRate = openDam ? random(400, 500) : random(100, 250); // Higher outflow if dam is open

// Calculate actual water level
waterLevel += (inflowRate - outflowRate) * 0.05; // Adjust scale for simulation realism
waterLevel = fmax(fmin(waterLevel, 280.0f), 160.0f); // Clamp water level between 160 and 280 meters

// Close dam if water level is below 160 meters
if (waterLevel <= 160) {
    openDam = false;
    outflowRate = random(100, 250); // Reset to default outflow rate
}

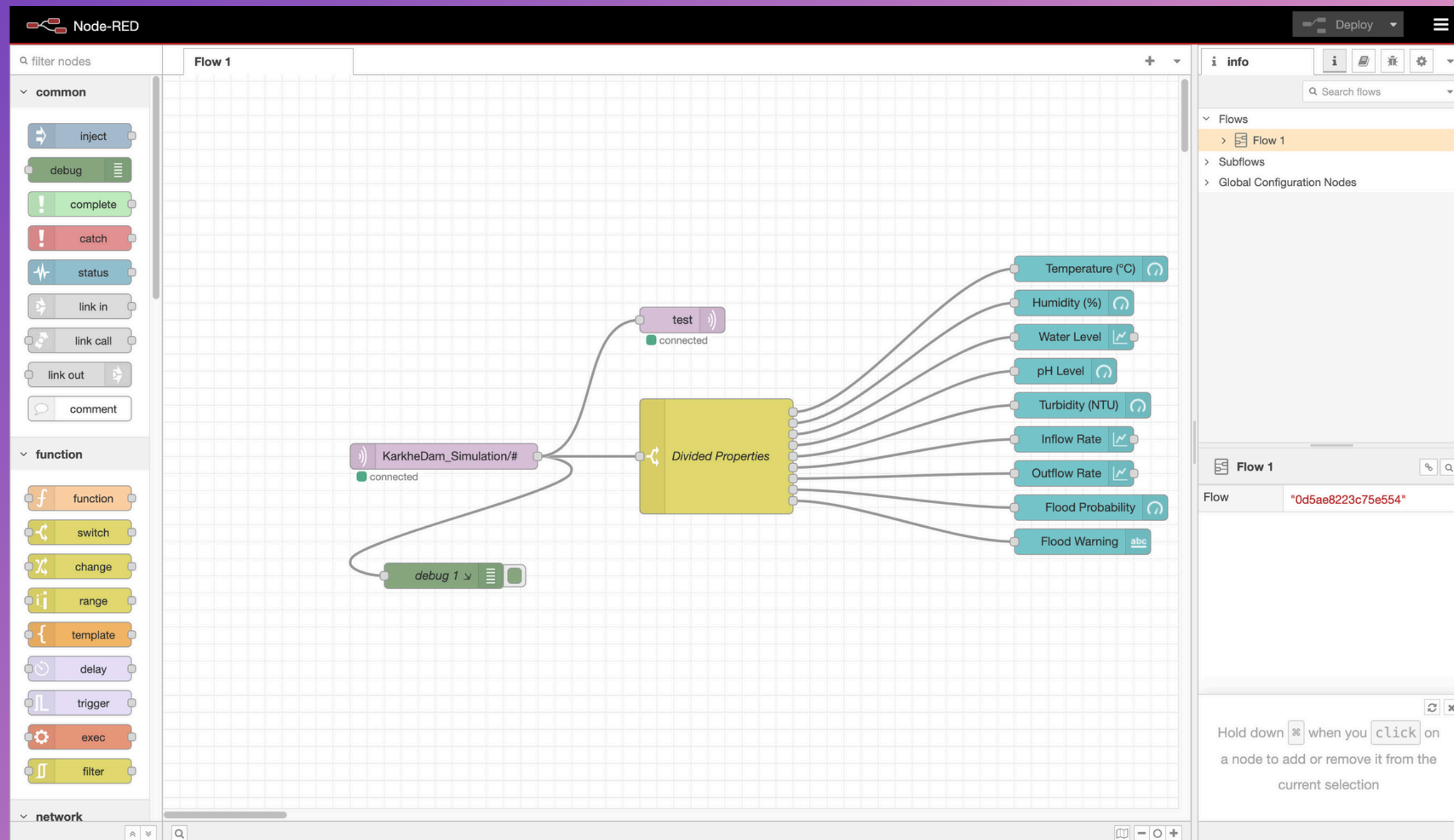
// Calculate flood probability
float floodProbability = 0;
if (waterLevel > 260) floodProbability += 50;
if (inflowRate > 300) floodProbability += 30;
if (turbidity > 300) floodProbability += 20;
floodProbability = std::min(floodProbability, 100.0f);
bool floodWarning = floodProbability > 60;
```



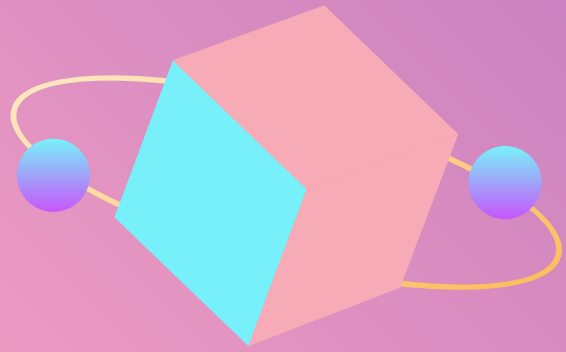




# Node-Red



# Flow Explanation



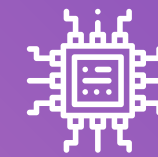
## MQTT-IN

Receive the data from the broker



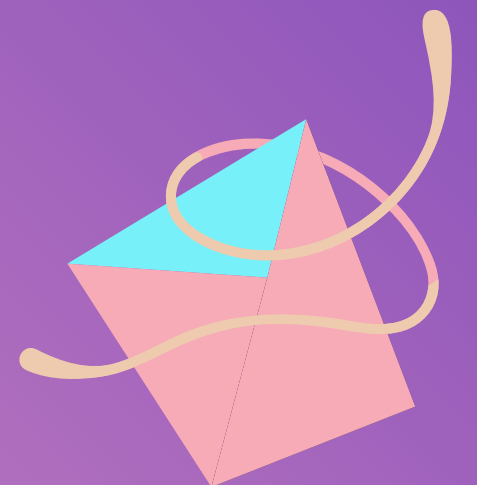
## DIVIDED PROPERTIES

Divides the properties to UI Elements



## Dashboard

Show the values in the proper way



# Node-RED Dashboard UI Elements

Component	Node Type	Topic (MQTT)	Title on UI	Min Value	Max Value	Description
Temperature Gauge	ui_gauge	KarkheDam_Simulation/temperature	Temperature (°C)	0	50	Displays the current temperature from the DHT22 sensor
Humidity Gauge	ui_gauge	KarkheDam_Simulation/humidity	Humidity (%)	0	100	Displays the relative humidity measured by the DHT22 sensor
Water Level Chart	ui_chart	KarkheDam_Simulation/waterLevel	Water Level	150	350	Line graph showing water level changes over time
pH Level Gauge	ui_gauge	KarkheDam_Simulation/pH	pH Level	7	8.5	Indicates the water's acidity or alkalinity level



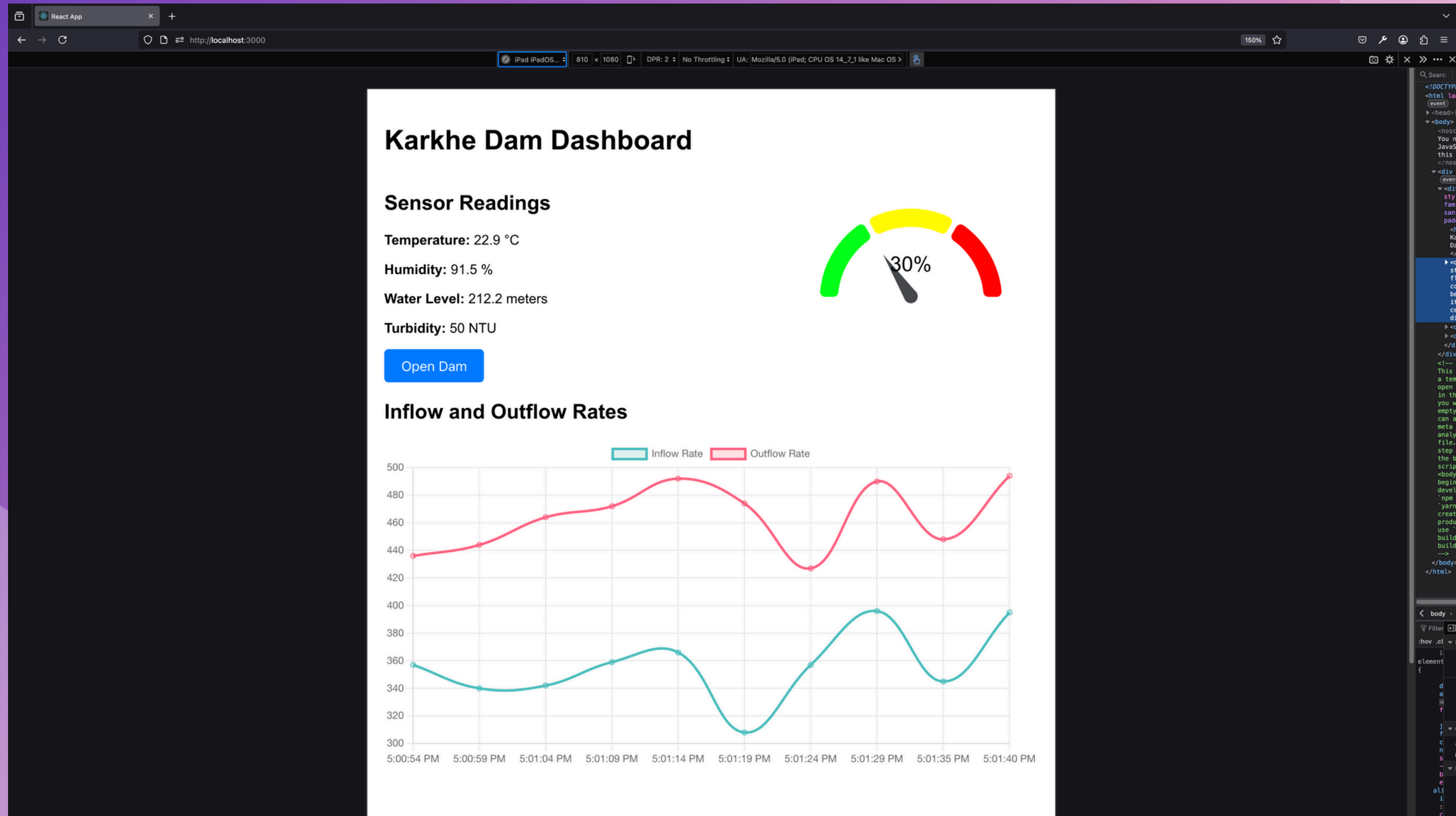
Component	Node Type	Topic (MQTT)	Title on UI	Min Value	Max Value	Description
Turbidity Gauge	ui_gauge	KarkheDam_Simulation/turbidity	Turbidity (NTU)	50	400	Displays water clarity (higher values mean murkier water)
Inflow Rate Chart	ui_chart	KarkheDam_Simulation/inflowRate	Inflow Rate	100	500	Line graph tracking the inflow rate of water into the dam
Outflow Rate Chart	ui_chart	KarkheDam_Simulation/outflowRate	Outflow Rate	50	300	Line graph showing the dam's outflow rate
Flood Probability Gauge	ui_gauge	KarkheDam_Simulation/floodProbability	Flood Probability	0	100	Displays the real-time flood probability percentage
Flood Warning Text	ui_text	KarkheDam_Simulation/floodWarning	Flood Warning	0(No)	1(Yes)	Displays "Flood Warning: Yes"when flood probability exceeds 60%



# Node-Red Dashboard UI



# Control Dashboard





# Subscribing Data =

```
4 clientRef.current.on("message", (topic, message) :void => {
5   const value :number = parseFloat(message.toString());
6   const now :string = new Date().toLocaleTimeString();
7   console.log(`Received message on topic ${topic}: ${value}`);
8
9   switch (topic) {
10     case "KarkheDam_Simulation/temperature":
11       setTemperature(value);
12       break;
13     case "KarkheDam_Simulation/humidity":
14       setHumidity(value);
15       break;
16     case "KarkheDam_Simulation/waterLevel":
17       setWaterLevel(value);
18       break;
19     case "KarkheDam_Simulation/turbidity":
20       setTurbidity(value);
21       break;
22     case "KarkheDam_Simulation/floodProbability":
23       setFloodProbability(value);
24       break;
25     case "KarkheDam_Simulation/floodWarning":
26       setFloodWarning( value: value === 1);
27       if (value === 1 && !isDamOpen) {
28         sendNotification( title: "Flood Warning!", body: "Flood warning! Please open the dam!");
29       }
30       break;
31     case "KarkheDam_Simulation/inflowRate":
32       setInflowData( value: (prev :any[] ) => [...prev.slice(-9), value]);
33       setTimestamps( value: (prev :any[] ) => [...prev.slice(-9), now]);
34       break;
35     case "KarkheDam_Simulation/outflowRate":
36       setOutflowData( value: (prev :any[] ) => [...prev.slice(-9), value]);
37       if (value > 300) {
38         setIsDamOpen( value: true);
39         sendNotification( title: "Dam Opened", body: "The dam is open, releasing water.");
40       }
41       break;
42     default:
43       console.warn( message: `Unhandled topic: ${topic}`);
44   }
45 }
```

# Links to Project

Wokwi

Github

Control Dashboard Demo

