MCA

III SEMESTER

PYTHON PROGRAMMING LAB

Total Hours: 40 per batch

Hours/Week: 4

Max Marks: 100 Credits: 2

Choose any 15 Programs

PART A

```
1. Write a Python program to demonstrate basic data type in python
  >>> x = 20
                #int
  >>> print(x)
  20
  >>> print(type(x))
  <class 'int'>
  >>> x = 20.5 \# float
  >>> print(x)
  20.5
  >>> print(type(x))
  <class 'float'>
  >>> x = 1i
                 #complex
  >>> print(x)
  1j
  >>> print(type(x))
  <class 'complex'>
  >>> x = "ACYTECH.COM" #String
  >>> print(x)
  ACYTECH.COM
  >>> print(type(x))
  <class 'str'>
  >>> x = ["ACT", "TECH", "COMPANY"]
                                               #list
  >>> print(x)
  ['ACT', 'TECH', 'COMPANY']
  >>> print(type(x))
  <class 'list'>
  >>> x = ("ACT", "TECH", "COMPANY")
                                               #tuple
  >>> print(x)
  ('ACT', 'TECH', 'COMPANY')
  >>> print(type(x))
```

```
<class 'tuple'>
  >>> x = {"name" : "anu", "age" : 36} #dict
   >>> print(x)
   {'name': 'anu', 'age': 36}
   >>> print(type(x))
   <class 'dict'>
   >>> x = True \#bool
   >>> print(x)
   True
   >>> print(type(x))
   <class 'bool'>
   >>> x = b"Hello" #bytes
   >>> print(x)
   b'Hello'
   >>> print(type(x))
   <class 'bytes'>
  >>> x = {"APPLE", "ORGANGE", "BANANA"} #set
   >>> print(x)
   {'ORGANGE', 'BANANA', 'APPLE'}
   >>> print(type(x))
   <class 'set'>
  >>> x=frozenset({"APPLE", "ORGANGE", "BANANA"})#frozenset
   >>> print(x)
   frozenset({'ORGANGE', 'BANANA', 'APPLE'})
   >>> print(type(x))
   <class 'frozenset'>
2. Write a Python program to do arithmetical operations
   # Store input numbers:
   num1 = input('Enter first number: ')
   num2 = input('Enter second number: ')
   # Add two numbers
   sum = float(num1) + float(num2)
   # Subtract two numbers
   min = float(num1) - float(num2)
   # Multiply two numbers
  mul = float(num1) * float(num2)
```

```
#Divide two numbers
div = float(num1) / float(num2)
#Divide floor two numbers
divf = float(num1) // float(num2)
#Modulus two numbers
Modul = int(num1) % int(num2)
#Power or Exponent two numbers
expo = int(num1) ** int(num2)
# Display the sum
print('The sum of {0} and {1} is {2}'.format(num1, num2, sum))
 # Display the subtraction
print('The subtraction of {0} and {1} is {2}'.format(num1, num2, min))
# Display the multiplication
print('The multiplication of {0} and {1} is {2}'.format(num1, num2, mul))
# Display the division
print('The division of {0} and {1} is {2}'.format(num1, num2, div))
# Display the division floor
print('The division floor of {0} and {1} is {2}'.format(num1, num2, divf))
# Display the Modulus
print('The Modulus of {0} and {1} is {2}'.format(num1, num2, Modul))
# Display the Power or Exponent
print('The exponent or power of {0} and {1} is {2}'.format(num1, num2, expo))
Output:
Enter first number: 3
Enter second number: 2
The sum of 3 and 2 is 5.0
The subtraction of 3 and 2 is 1.0
The multiplication of 3 and 2 is 6.0
The division of 3 and 2 is 1.0
The division floor of 3 and 2 is 1
The Modulus of 3 and 2 is 1
```

3. Write a Python program to find area of triangle

The power of 3 and 2 is 6

```
# Three sides of the triangle is a, b and c:
a = float(input('Enter first side: '))
b = float(input('Enter second side: '))
```

```
c = float(input('Enter third side: '))
 # calculate the semi-perimeter
s = (a + b + c) / 2
 # calculate the area
area = (s*(s-a)*(s-b)*(s-c)) ** 0.5
print('The area of the triangle is %0.2f' % area)
Output:
Enter first side: 5.0
```

Enter second side: 6.0 Enter third side: 7.0

The area of the triangle is 14.70

```
4. Write a Python program to solve quadratic equation
   # Python program to find roots of quadratic equation
   import math
   # function for finding roots
   def findRoots(a, b, c):
     dis form = b * b - 4 * a * c
     sqrt_val = math.sqrt(abs(dis_form))
     if dis_form > 0:
        print(" real and different roots ")
        print((-b + sqrt_val) / (2 * a))
        print((-b - sqrt_val) / (2 * a))
      elif dis_form == 0:
        print(" real and same roots")
        print(-b / (2 * a))
      else:
        print("Complex Roots")
        print(- b / (2 * a), " + i", sqrt_val)
        print(- b / (2 * a), " - i", sqrt_val)
          a = int(input('Enter a:'))
         b = int(input('Enter b:'))
         c = int(input('Enter c:'))
         # If a is 0, then incorrect equation
         if a == 0:
```

```
print("Input correct quadratic equation")
         else:
           findRoots(a, b, c)
         Output:
               Enter a:7
               Enter b:5
               Enter c:2
               Complex Roots
         -0.35714285714285715 + i 5.5677643628300215
         -0.35714285714285715 - i 5.5677643628300215
5. Write a Python program to swap two variables
   P = int(input("Enter value for P: "))
   Q = int( input("Enter value for Q: "))
   # To swap the value of two variables
   # we will user third variable which is a temporary variable
   temp_1 = P
   P = Q
   Q = temp_1
   print ("The Value of P after swapping: ", P)
   print ("The Value of Q after swapping: ", Q)
   Output:
   Please enter value for P: 25
   Please enter value for Q: 03
   The Value of P after swapping: 03
   The Value of Q after swapping: 25
```

6. Write a Python program to generate a random number

```
import random
rand_list = []
for i in range(0,10):
    n = random.randint(1,50)
    rand_list.append(n)
print(rand_list)
```

Output:

```
[10, 49, 16, 31, 45, 21, 19, 32, 30, 16]
```

7. Write a Python program to convert kilometres to miles

```
Method: 1 kilometre equals 0.62137 miles.

Miles = kilometre * 0.62137

And,

Kilometre = Miles / 0.62137

def kilometre_1(kmeter):
    conversion_ratio_1= 0.621371
    miles_1 = kmeter * conversion_ratio_1
    print ("The speed value of car in Miles: ", miles_1)

kmeter = float (input ("Enter the speed of car in Kilometre as a unit: "))
kilometre_1(kmeter)
```

Output:

Enter the speed of car in Kilometre as a unit: 16 The speed value of car in Miles: 9.941936

8. Write a Python program to convert Celsius to Fahrenheit

```
T(°Fahrenheit)=(T(°Celsius)*1.8)+32

T(°Fahrenheit)=(T(°Celsius)*9/5)+32

celsius_1 = float(input("Temperature value in degree Celsius: "))

Fahrenheit_1 = (celsius_1 * 1.8) + 32

# print the result

print('The %.2f degree Celsius is equal to: %.2f Fahrenheit'

%(celsius_1, Fahrenheit_1))

celsius_2 = float (input("Temperature value in degree Celsius: "))

Fahrenheit_2 = (celsius_2 * 9/5) + 32

# print the result

print ('The %.2f degree Celsius is equal to: %.2f Fahrenheit'

%(celsius_2, Fahrenheit_2))
```

Output:

Temperature value in degree Celsius: 34

The 34.00 degree Celsius is equal to: 93.20 Fahrenheit

Temperature value in degree Celsius: 23

The 23.00 degree Celsius is equal to: 73.40 Fahrenheit

9. Write a Python program to display calendar

```
import calendar
yy = int(input("Enter year: "))
Enter year: 2023
mm = int(input("Enter month: "))
Enter month: 4
print(calendar.month(yy,mm))
```

Output:

```
April 2023
Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa Su

1 2
3 4 5 6 7 8 9
10 11 12 13 14 15 16
17 18 19 20 21 22 23
24 25 26 27 28 29 30
```

10. Write a Python program to Check if a Number is Positive, Negative or Zero

```
num = float(input("Input a number: "))
if num > 0:
    print("It is positive number")
elif num == 0:
    print("It is Zero")
else:
    print("It is a negative number")
```

Output:

Input a number: 150 It is positive number Input a number: -150 It is negative number Input a number: 0

It is Zero

Part-B

11. Python program to check if the input number is odd or even

```
num = int(input("Enter a number: "))
   if (num \% 2) == 0:
    print("{0} is Even".format(num))
     print("{0} is Odd".format(num))
   Output:
     Enter a number: 15
     15 is Odd
12. Write a Python program to Check Leap Year
   year = int(input('Enter year : '))
   if (\text{year}\%4 == 0 \text{ and } \text{year}\%100 != 0) \text{ or } (\text{year}\%400 == 0) :
     print(year, "is a leap year.")
   else:
     print(year, "is not a leap year.")
   Output:
   Enter year: 2023
   2023 is not a leap year.
13. Write a Python program to Check Prime Number
   def PrimeChecker(a):
     # Checking that given number is more than 1
     if a > 1:
        # Iterating over the given number with for loop
        for j in range(2, int(a/2) + 1):
           # If the given number is divisible or not
           if (a \% j) == 0:
             print(a, "is not a prime number")
             break
        # Else it is a prime number
        else:
           print(a, "is a prime number")
     # If the given number is 1
     else:
```

```
print(a, "is not a prime number")
   # Taking an input number from the user
   a = int(input("Enter an input number:"))
   # Printing result
   PrimeChecker(a)
   Output:
    Enter an input number: 17
    17 is a prime number
14. Write a Python program to Print all Prime Numbers in an Interval
   # First, we will take the input:
  lower_value = int(input ("Enter the Lowest Range Value: "))
   upper_value = int(input ("Enter the Upper Range Value: "))
   print ("The Prime Numbers in the range are: ")
   for number in range (lower_value, upper_value + 1):
     if number > 1:
    for i in range (2, number):
    if (number % i) == 0:
      break
   else:
    print (number)
   Output:
  Enter the Lowest Range Value: 14
   Enter the Upper Range Value: 60
   The Prime Numbers in the range are:
   17
   19
   23
   29
   31
   37
   41
   43
   47
   53
   59
```

15. Write a Python program to Find the Factorial of a Number

```
num = int(input("Enter a number: "))
factorial = 1
if num < 0:
    print(" Factorial does not exist for negative numbers")
elif num == 0:
    print("The factorial of 0 is 1")
else:
    for i in range(1,num + 1):
        factorial = factorial*i
        print("The factorial of",num,"is",factorial)</pre>
```

Output:

Enter a number: 10

The factorial of 10 is 3628800

16. Write a Python program to Display the multiplication Table

```
num = int(input ("Enter the number of which the user wants to print the multipli
cation table: "))
for i in range(1, 11):
    print(num, 'x', i, '=', num*i)
```

Output:

Enter the number of which the user wants to print the multiplication table: 12

```
12 \times 1 = 12
```

$$12 \times 2 = 24$$

$$12 \times 3 = 36$$

$$12 \times 4 = 48$$

$$12 \times 5 = 60$$

$$12 \times 6 = 72$$

$$12 \times 7 = 84$$

 $12 \times 8 = 96$

$$12 \times 9 = 108$$

$$12 \times 10 = 120$$

17. Write a Python program to Print the Fibonacci sequence

```
n_terms = int(input ("Enter the limit "))
# First two terms
previous= 0
current = 1
count = 0
# Now, we will check if the number of terms is valid or not
if n terms \leq 0:
  print ("Please enter a positive integer, the given number is not valid")
# if there is only one term, it will return n 1
elif n terms == 1:
  print ("The Fibonacci sequence of the numbers up to", n_terms, ": ")
  print(previous)
# Then we will generate Fibonacci sequence of number
  print ("The fibonacci sequence of the numbers is:")
  while count < n terms:
    print(previous)
     new_ele = previous+ current
    # At last, we will update values
previous = current
     current = new_ele
     count += 1
Output:
 Enter the limit 7
 The fibonacci sequence of the numbers is:
      0
      1
      1
      2
      3
      5
```

```
18. Write a Python program to Check Armstrong Number
```

```
number = int(input("Enter the number"))
  Enter the number 1245
  digits = len(str(number))
  temp = number
  add_sum = 0
  while temp != 0:
     # get the last digit in the number
     k = temp \% 10
     # find k^digits
     add_sum += k**digits
     # floor division
     # which updates the number with the second last digit as the last digit
     temp = temp//10
  if add sum == number:
     print('Given number is an Armstrong Number')
  else:
     print('Given number is not a Armstrong Number')
  Output:
  Enter the number 1245
  Given number is not a Armstrong Number
19. Write a Python program to Find Armstrong Number in an Interval
  lower = int(input("Enter lower range: "))
  upper = int(input("Enter upper range: "))
   for num in range(lower,upper + 1):
                                            L=len(str(num)
    sum = 0
    temp = num
    while temp > 0:
       digit = temp \% 10
       sum += digit **♣ L
       temp //= 10
       if num == sum:
         print(num)
  Output:
        Enter lower range: 50
        Enter upper range: 100
```

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```
20.Write a Python program to Find the Sum of Natural Numbers num = int(input("Enter a number: ")) if num < 0: print("Enter a positive number") else: sum = 0 # use while loop to iterate un till zero while(num > 0): sum += num num -= 1 print("The sum is",sum)
```

Output:

Enter a number: 50 The sum is 1275