

Popular Foods Per shops

September 13, 2025

1 Popular Foods per Shop

This notebook analyzes customer order history to identify the **most popular foods for each shop**.

Why is this useful? - Shops can highlight their best-selling items.
- Provider can recommend top items to new users.
- Promotions and combo deals can be built around popular products.

1.1 Step 1: Import Libraries

```
[1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

sns.set(style="whitegrid")
```

1.2 Step 2: Create Sample Dataset

```
[2]: # Simulated dataset
np.random.seed(42)

shops = ['Pizza Hub', 'Sushi World', 'Burger Town', 'Healthy Bites']
foods = {
    'Pizza Hub': ['Margherita', 'Pepperoni', 'BBQ Chicken', 'Veggie Pizza'],
    'Sushi World': ['Salmon Roll', 'Tuna Sashimi', 'California Roll', 'Miso_
↳Soup'],
    'Burger Town': ['Cheeseburger', 'Chicken Burger', 'Fries', 'Onion Rings'],
    'Healthy Bites': ['Vegan Salad', 'Avocado Toast', 'Smoothie Bowl', 'Quinoa_
↳Wrap']
}

rows = []
order_id = 1
for _ in range(1000):
    shop = np.random.choice(shops)
    food = np.random.choice(foods[shop])
```

```

customer = np.random.randint(1, 200)
qty = np.random.randint(1, 4)
rows.append([order_id, shop, customer, food, qty])
order_id += 1

data = pd.DataFrame(rows,
    columns=['order_id', 'shop_id', 'customer_id', 'food_item', 'quantity'])
data.head()

```

```

[2]:
  order_id  shop_id  customer_id  food_item  quantity
0         1  Burger Town         93  Onion Rings         3
1         2  Burger Town        189  Onion Rings         1
2         3  Burger Town         75  Chicken Burger         3
3         4  Healthy Bites        100  Vegan Salad         3
4         5  Sushi World          2  Salmon Roll         2

```

1.3 Step 3: Exploratory Data Analysis

```

[3]: print("Dataset Shape:", data.shape)
      print(data.describe(include='all'))

      # Top 10 overall popular foods
      top_foods = data.groupby('food_item')['quantity'].sum().
        sort_values(ascending=False).head(10)
      plt.figure(figsize=(8,5))
      sns.barplot(x=top_foods.values, y=top_foods.index, palette="viridis")
      plt.title("Top 10 Popular Foods Across All Shops")
      plt.xlabel("Total Quantity Ordered")
      plt.show()

```

Dataset Shape: (1000, 5)

	order_id	shop_id	customer_id	food_item	quantity
count	1000.000000	1000	1000.000000	1000	1000.000000
unique	NaN	4	NaN	16	NaN
top	NaN	Pizza Hub	NaN	Avocado Toast	NaN
freq	NaN	266	NaN	75	NaN
mean	500.500000	NaN	96.885000	NaN	1.961000
std	288.819436	NaN	58.534093	NaN	0.810022
min	1.000000	NaN	1.000000	NaN	1.000000
25%	250.750000	NaN	46.000000	NaN	1.000000
50%	500.500000	NaN	96.000000	NaN	2.000000
75%	750.250000	NaN	150.000000	NaN	3.000000
max	1000.000000	NaN	199.000000	NaN	3.000000

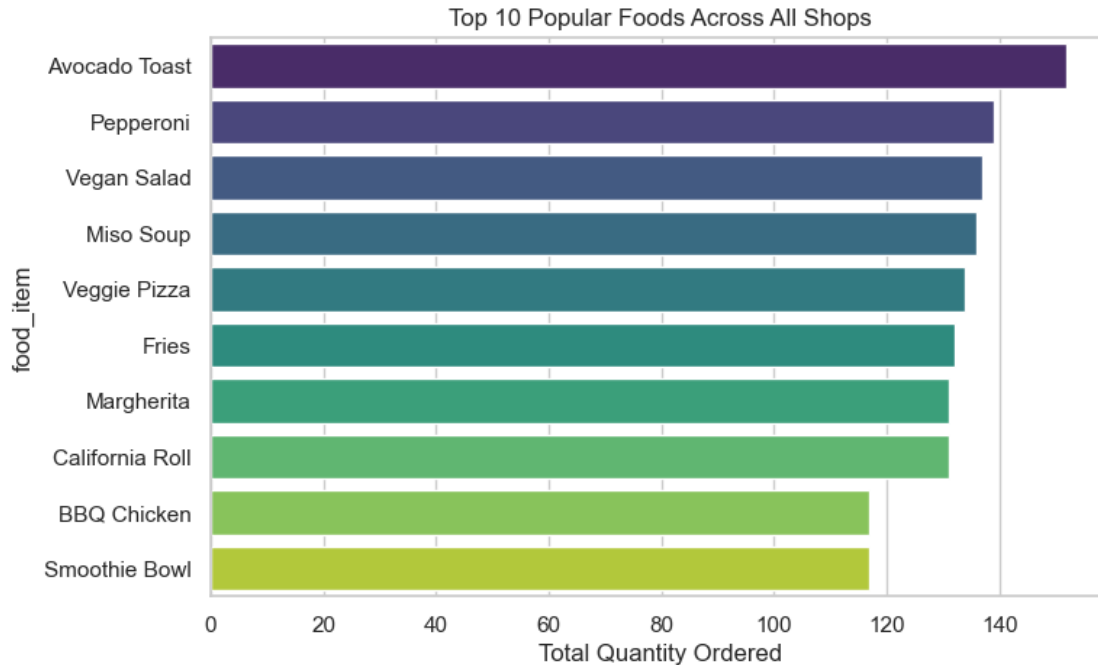
C:\Users\SPINO SHOP\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_24476\1685112180.py:7:

FutureWarning:

Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in

v0.14.0. Assign the `y` variable to `hue` and set `legend=False` for the same effect.

```
sns.barplot(x=top_foods.values, y=top_foods.index, palette="viridis")
```



1.4 Step 4: Popular Foods per Shop

```
[4]: # Group by shop and food item
shop_food_stats = data.groupby(['shop_id', 'food_item'])['quantity'].sum().
    ↪reset_index()

# Rank foods per shop
shop_food_stats['rank'] = shop_food_stats.groupby('shop_id')['quantity'].
    ↪rank(ascending=False, method='first')

# Show top 3 foods per shop
top4_per_shop = shop_food_stats[shop_food_stats['rank'] <= 4]
top4_per_shop.sort_values(['shop_id', 'rank'], inplace=True)
top4_per_shop
```

```
[4]:
```

	shop_id	food_item	quantity	rank
2	Burger Town	Fries	132	1.0
3	Burger Town	Onion Rings	109	2.0
0	Burger Town	Cheeseburger	105	3.0
1	Burger Town	Chicken Burger	93	4.0

4	Healthy Bites	Avocado Toast	152	1.0
7	Healthy Bites	Vegan Salad	137	2.0
6	Healthy Bites	Smoothie Bowl	117	3.0
5	Healthy Bites	Quinoa Wrap	116	4.0
10	Pizza Hub	Pepperoni	139	1.0
11	Pizza Hub	Veggie Pizza	134	2.0
9	Pizza Hub	Margherita	131	3.0
8	Pizza Hub	BBQ Chicken	117	4.0
13	Sushi World	Miso Soup	136	1.0
12	Sushi World	California Roll	131	2.0
14	Sushi World	Salmon Roll	109	3.0
15	Sushi World	Tuna Sashimi	103	4.0

1.5 Step 5: Visualization of Top Foods per Shop

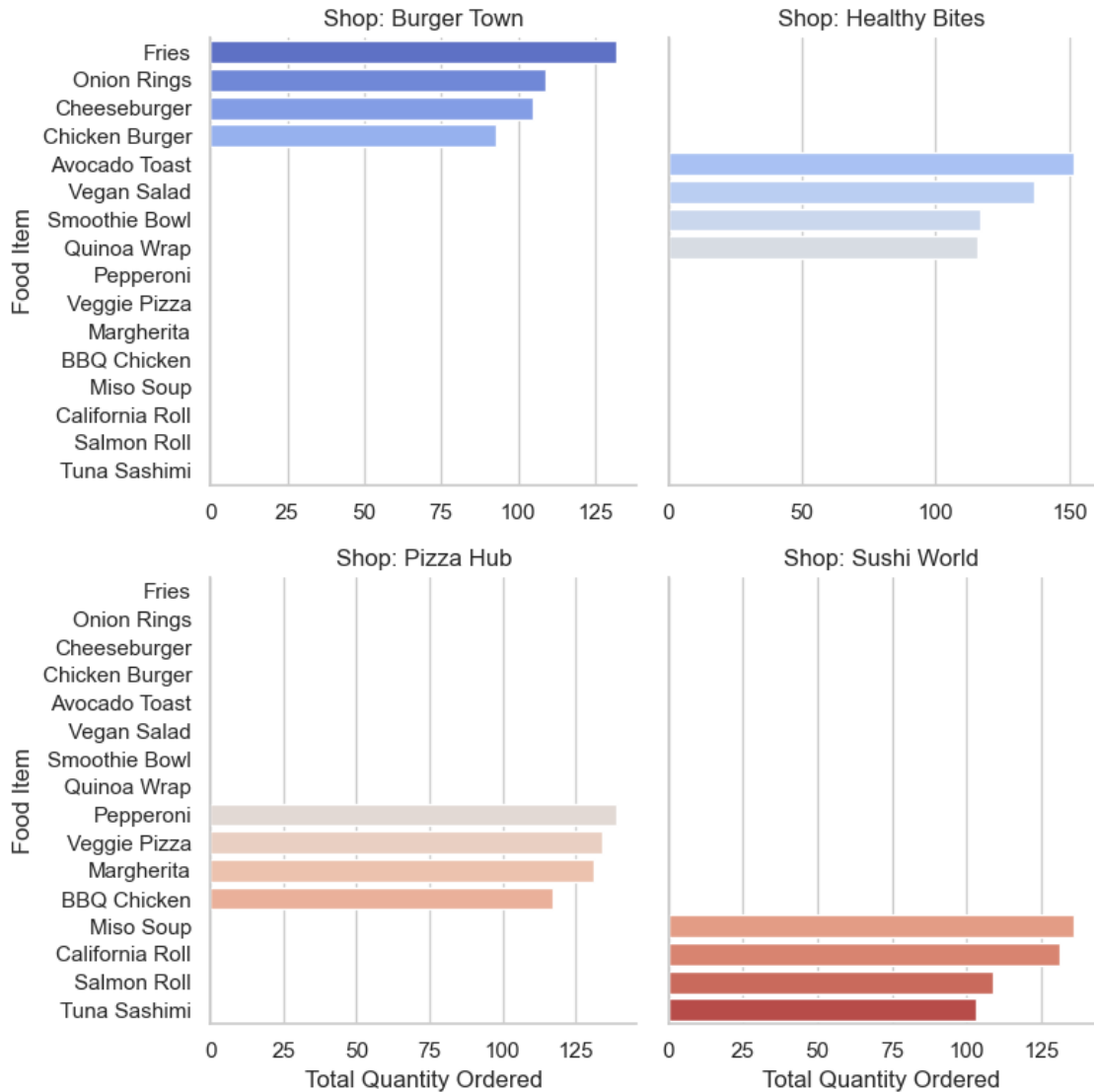
```
[5]: # Plot bar chart per shop
g = sns.catplot(data=top4_per_shop, x="quantity", y="food_item", col="shop_id",
               kind="bar", col_wrap=2, sharex=False, height=4,
               palette="coolwarm")
g.set_titles("Shop: {col_name}")
g.set_axis_labels("Total Quantity Ordered", "Food Item")
plt.show()
```

C:\Users\SPINO SHOP\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_24476\3706660854.py:2:

FutureWarning:

Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `y` variable to `hue` and set `legend=False` for the same effect.

```
g = sns.catplot(data=top4_per_shop, x="quantity", y="food_item",
               col="shop_id",
```



1.6 Step 6: Shop-Level Insights

```
[6]: for shop in shops:
      print(f"\nTop foods in {shop}:")
      subset = top4_per_shop[top4_per_shop['shop_id'] == shop]
      for _, row in subset.iterrows():
          print(f" - {row['food_item']} (ordered {int(row['quantity'])} times)")
```

Top foods in Pizza Hub:

- Pepperoni (ordered 139 times)
- Veggie Pizza (ordered 134 times)
- Margherita (ordered 131 times)

- BBQ Chicken (ordered 117 times)

Top foods in Sushi World:

- Miso Soup (ordered 136 times)
- California Roll (ordered 131 times)
- Salmon Roll (ordered 109 times)
- Tuna Sashimi (ordered 103 times)

Top foods in Burger Town:

- Fries (ordered 132 times)
- Onion Rings (ordered 109 times)
- Cheeseburger (ordered 105 times)
- Chicken Burger (ordered 93 times)

Top foods in Healthy Bites:

- Avocado Toast (ordered 152 times)
- Vegan Salad (ordered 137 times)
- Smoothie Bowl (ordered 117 times)
- Quinoa Wrap (ordered 116 times)

1.7 Step 7: Conclusion & Business Use Case

- We identified the **top 4 most popular foods per shop**.
- Shops can feature these items at the top of their menu.
- Provider can recommend these items to new or inactive customers.
- Promotions and bundles can be designed around these best-sellers.

Next Steps: - Replace the simulated dataset with Provider's actual order data.

- Automate this analysis to refresh weekly or monthly.
- Integrate results into Provider's app for real-time recommendations.