Comprehensive analysis & dietary strategies with tableau: A college food choices case study.

1.Technical architecture:

Definition: The technical architecture of college food systems encompasses the integration of technology to streamline various aspects of dining operations, from ordering and payment to food production and waste management. This includes digital menu displays, online ordering platforms, point-of-sale (POS) systems, and inventory management software. Furthermore, it involves the infrastructure supporting these systems, such as reliable internet connectivity and secure data storage.

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<u>Definition</u>: The technical architecture of a college food system refers to the structure and integration of software, hardware, and processes that manage and streamline food services in a college environment. This is especially important in smart campus systems or digital cafeteria solutions.

Here's a more detailed breakdown:

1. Front-End Systems (Customer Facing):

Digital Menus and Ordering:College dining halls often utilize digital menu boards and online ordering platforms (websites or mobile apps) to display options, nutritional information, and allow for preordering.

Point-of-Sale (POS) Systems:

POS systems are used for processing payments, managing transactions, and tracking sales data.

Payment Gateways:

Secure payment gateways are integrated with POS systems to handle various payment methods (credit/debit cards, mobile payments, etc.).

2. Back-End Systems (Operations):

Inventory Management:

Software solutions help manage food inventory, track stock levels, and automate ordering to minimize waste and ensure sufficient supplies.

Kitchen Display Systems (KDS):

KDS displays orders in the kitchen, streamlining the preparation process and improving efficiency.

Waste Management Systems:

Technology can be used to monitor and manage food waste, identify areas for improvement, and potentially reduce costs.

Data Analytics and Reporting:

Systems collect data on sales, customer preferences, and operational efficiency, providing insights for optimizing menus, staffing, and resource allocation.

3. Infrastructure:

Secure Network:

Reliable and secure internet connectivity is essential for all online transactions and data management.

Cloud Storage:

Cloud-based solutions are often used for storing and managing data related to menus, orders, and customer information.

Hardware:

This includes computers, tablets, printers, and other devices used for various aspects of the system.

4. Emerging Technologies:

Al and Machine Learning:

Al and machine learning algorithms can be used to personalize menus, predict demand, and optimize food preparation.

Robotics:

Robots are being explored for tasks like food preparation, delivery, and cleaning, potentially increasing efficiency and reducing labor costs.

Blockchain:

Blockchain technology can be used to enhance food traceability and transparency, ensuring food safety and sustainability.

5. Considerations for College Dining:

Accessibility:

Systems should be designed to be accessible to all students, including those with disabilities.

Scalability:

The system should be able to handle a large volume of users and transactions.

Security:

Data security is paramount, especially when handling personal and financial information.

Sustainability:

The technology should support sustainable practices, such as reducing food waste and minimizing energy consumption.

*****Here's a breakdown of a typical technical architecture for a college food system:

1. Frontend (User Interface Layer)

Students/Staff:

Mobile app or web portal

Features: Menu display, ordering food, feedback, payments, meal plans, history

Cafeteria Staff: Admin dashboard for viewing and managing orders, inventory OS (Point of Sale) system

2. Application Layer (Middleware)

This layer contains the business logic and services.

Order Management System

Handles order placement, updates, delivery status

Menu Management System

Allows admins to update food items, prices, timings

User Management Module

Handles user profiles, meal plans, dietary preferences

Payment Gateway Integration

For UPI, cards, wallets, student accounts

Feedback & Rating Module

Collects and manages food reviews, complaints

⇒ 3. Backend / Database Layer

Stores all persistent data.

Databases: MySQL / PostgreSQL / MongoDB

4. Cloud & Hosting

Hosted on cloud platforms: AWS, Azure, or Google Cloud

Services:

Compute (EC2, App Engine)

Storage (S3, Cloud Storage)

Backup and scale

5. Security Layer

Authentication (OAuth, JWT)

Role-based access (Students, Admin, Staff)

SSL encryption

Data privacy & compliance (especially with student data)

6. Integration Layer

ERP system (if connected to college ID/cards)

IoT devices (Smart food counters, vending machines)

Biometric/QR scanners for meal redemption

Attendance systems (to validate who is present for mess)

1 7. Analytics and Reporting Layer

Daily sales reports

Popular dishes

Waste reduction tracking

Inventory forecasts

Sample Architecture Diagram (Text-Based):

Optional Technologies Used:

Function Technologies

Frontend React, Flutter, Android SDK

Backend Node.js, Django, Spring Boot

Database MySQL, MongoDB, Firebase

Hosting AWS, Heroku, Azure

Payment Integration Razor pay, Stripe, Paytm