

# Metro Sliding Doors Project

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**University:** German International University

**Course:** Mechatronics Lab (MCTR704)

**Project No.:** [ 9 ]

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Overall assembly render

**3D Views:** Representative render integrated below.

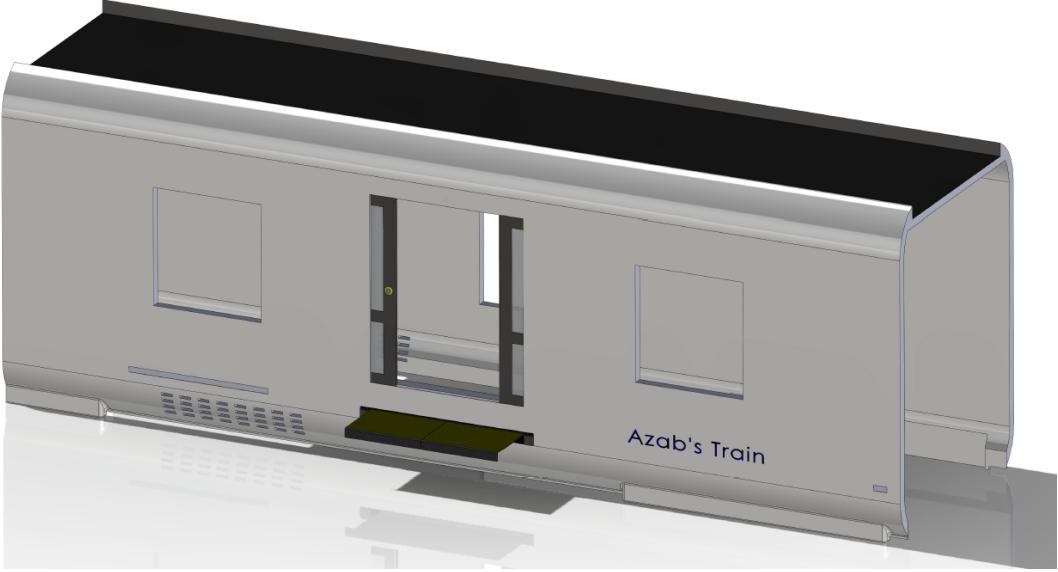


Figure 1: Overall assembly isometric view.

## 1 Project Description (Milestone Requirement)

This section addresses items (a)–(e) of the milestone description. It establishes functional understanding prior to detailed CAD work.

### 1.1 (a) Functional Overview

The **Metro Sliding Doors** system provides controlled passenger access between the platform and the train interior using a simplified three-actuator pneumatic architecture:

1. **Door Actuator Cylinder (DC):** a single long-stroke pneumatic cylinder (approx. 850 mm stroke) driving both door leaves via a dual rack / single pinion mechanism. *Extended = Doors Open, Retracted = Doors Closed.*
2. **Lock Linear Solenoid (LS):** a compact linear actuator (approx. 100 mm stroke) providing mechanical locking. Sequence: it actuates (extends) briefly to disengage the lock prior to door motion, then returns (retracts) to a neutral standby while the door completes travel; re-engagement occurs after verified closure.
3. **Metro Slider Cylinder (MSC):** an auxiliary medium-stroke cylinder (approx. 425 mm stroke) that deploys a secondary sliding element/cover concurrently with door opening and retracts during door closing. *Extended = Slider Open, Retracted = Slider Closed.*

#### Sensors and Safety Logic:

- **Reed switches** on the door actuator confirm fully open and fully closed positions (end-of-stroke). Optional mid-travel can be added later.
- **IR Beam (Door-to-Door):** verifies unobstructed closure. If the beam is broken during a closing sequence, the system immediately commands a reopen (DC extend, MSC extend) while keeping the lock solenoid disengaged to avoid pinch hazards.
- Status indicators (Red = Locked/Inactive, Green = Active/Unlocked) reflect system readiness.

- Interlocks ensure the door cannot begin opening unless the lock solenoid has completed its unlock pulse.

Core functions:

- Provide smooth synchronized bi-directional sliding using one primary actuator.
- Enforce lock-before-motion safety and obstruction detection auto-reopen.
- Present clear status via indicators and sensor-driven logic.
- Support emergency stop: system vents; doors hold or reopen per fail-safe policy (final choice: *fail-safe open on obstruction while closing*).
- Simplify maintenance by reducing actuator count (one main door cylinder instead of two).

## 1.2 (b) Workpiece Description

The **workpiece** is the *passenger passage aperture* governed by two coupled sliding leaves.

- Clear opening width (aperture): *TODO (e.g., 1400 mm)*
- Each leaf nominal coverage: half aperture + overlap allowance (seal) (*compute after selecting frame profile*)
- Door leaf height: *TODO (e.g., 2000 mm)*
- Door actuator stroke:  $\approx 850 \text{ mm}$  (matches travel needed for full open)
- Metro slider stroke:  $\approx 425 \text{ mm}$  (about half of main door travel)
- Lock solenoid stroke:  $\approx 100 \text{ mm}$  (sufficient for pawl withdrawal)
- Construction: Aluminum perimeter frame + tempered glass insert (light neutral tint) (*confirm thickness, e.g., 6–8 mm*)

Color coding draft: Frame (RAL 9006), glass (clear), safety / edge trim (high-visibility yellow). Final selection pending ergonomic review.

**NOTE:** Insert detailed elevation with stroke annotation and rack/pinion centerline.

Dimensional Drawing Placeholder (Front Elevation + Stroke Marks) – TODO
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## 1.3 (c) Operating Sequence

High-level sequence (mapping: DC Extended = Doors Open, MSC Extended = Slider Open, LS Extended = Unlock Pulse):

Step 1: **Idle Locked:** System inactive. DC Retracted (doors closed), MSC Retracted (slider closed), LS Retracted (lock engaged). Red ON.

Step 2: **Unlock Pulse:** Activation pressed. LS Extends briefly to withdraw lock pawl; Green ON. LS then retracts to standby (pawl held clear mechanically).

Step 3: **Dwell Open:** DC Extended, MSC Extended. Timer or passenger flow condition decides closing initiation.

Step 4: **Closing:** Close command (Master). DC Retracts; MSC Retracts. IR beam must remain clear. If IR obstruction occurs, sequence aborts and system returns to Opening (auto-reopen).

Step 5: **Closed + Relock:** Reed Closed confirms stroke end. IR beam *clear* condition verified. LS may perform a short confirm pulse (optional) or remain retracted if passive latch design. Red or Green status per armed state policy.

Interlocks and Safety:

- Door motion blocked until initial unlock pulse complete.
- Obstruction (IR beam break during closing) forces immediate DC re-extend + MSC re-extend (fail-safe reopen) and inhibits relock.
- Emergency stop vents air: choose policy (recommended: hold position if mid-travel, else reopen if safe). To finalize after pneumatic circuit design.
- Closing command restricted to Master panel; Opening allowed from Master or Slave (local).

## 1.4 (d) Additional Components for Full Operation

Beyond base actuators, system integrates:

### Actuators and Motion:

- 1x Long-stroke pneumatic double-acting cylinder (dual rack door motion) with end cushioning.
- 1x Medium-stroke pneumatic double-acting cylinder (metro slider).
- 1x Short-stroke linear solenoid / pneumatic cylinder (lock).

### Valves and Air Prep:

- 3x Solenoid-operated 5/2 directional valves (one per actuator) or integrated manifold.
- FRL unit (Filter-Regulator-Lubricator) + main shutoff valve + pressure gauge.
- Quick exhaust valves (optional) for faster closing.

### Sensors:

- Reed switches on door cylinder (Open/Closed) + optional mid-travel.
- IR beam pair across doorway (obstruction + closed verification).
- Reed or proximity sensor for metro slider extended/retracted (optional if correlated to door cylinder).
- Lock solenoid end-of-stroke confirmation (optional micro-switch).
- Panel pushbuttons: Open (Master/Slave), Close (Master), Activate, Emergency Stop.
- Indicator lights: Green (Ready/Active), Red (Locked/Inactive).

## Recommended Sensors and Placement (with datasheets/CAD)

- **Door cylinder end-position (Open/Closed):** T-slot magnetic reed switch.
  - Example: Festo SMT-8M-A-PS-24V-E-0.3-M8D (PNP, 24 VDC).
  - Placement: one near each end of the door cylinder barrel (slide into T-slot and secure).
  - Datasheet: [Festo product page](#)
  - 3D model (STEP): on same page under CAD/Downloads.
- **IR through-beam across doorway (obstruction):** Compact photoelectric pair.
  - Example: Omron E3Z-T81 (TX) + E3Z-R81 (RX), PNP, 24 VDC, 15 m.
  - Placement: TX on one door post, RX directly opposite on the other; beam centered 900–1100 mm above floor.
  - Datasheet: [E3Z datasheet](#)

- 3D model (STEP): [Omron E3Z page](#) (CAD/3D tab).
- **Metro slider end-position (Extended/Retracted):** M8 flush inductive proximity, PNP NO, 24 VDC.
  - Example: ifm IF5711 (M8, 2 mm, PNP NO).
  - Placement: fixed to frame; sense a steel target on slider bracket at both ends.
  - Datasheet: [ifm IF5711](#)
  - 3D model (STEP): same page, “CAD/3D” download.
- **Lock solenoid end-of-stroke confirm:** Compact lever microswitch.
  - Example: Omron SS-5GL2 (lever, NC/NO).
  - Placement: mount so the lock pawl flags the lever at the fully engaged position.
  - Datasheet: [Omron SS series datasheet](#)
  - 3D model (STEP): [TraceParts model](#)
- **Optional safety upgrade (instead of single IR beam):** Safety light curtain.
  - Example: SICK deTec4 Core (Type 4).
  - Placement: span the doorway opening; wire to safety relay.
  - Datasheet: [SICK deTec4 Core datasheet](#)
  - 3D model (STEP): [SICK product page](#)

*Notes: 24 VDC supply, choose PNP vs NPN to match controller. Use shielded cable for IR/analog lines and provide proper strain relief.*

## 1.5 (e) System Understanding Emphasis

Prior to CAD work, verify: sizing of cylinders vs required stroke (half door travel), force calculations (friction + inertia), rail selection load rating, lock mechanism sequence timing, and sensor mapping to control logic. **DO NOT** finalize 3D design until force/stroke assumptions are validated.

**NOTE:** Insert preliminary engineering calculations (force, stroke, timing) here.

Engineering Calculation Placeholder (Forces / Stroke / Timing) – TODO
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## Mechanical Actuation Mechanism

Transmission architecture:

- **Dual Rack / Single Pinion:** Two parallel racks rigidly fixed to the respective door leaves engage a central pinion mounted on a shaft supported by bearings.
- **Single Door Cylinder Coupling:** The long-stroke cylinder couples to Rack A via a clevis + carriage. Extension drives Rack A forward, rotating the pinion and simultaneously translating Rack B in the opposite direction, yielding symmetric door motion.
- **Metro Slider Cylinder:** Independently mounted; its extension deploys the metro slider panel (auxiliary cover or secondary barrier) in synchrony with door opening for staged access. Retraction during closing maintains clearance.
- **Lock Linear Solenoid:** Acts on a pawl/keeper interface. A brief extension withdraws the pawl (unlock pulse). Prompt retraction minimizes exposure and readies the mechanism for re-locking upon verified closed state.
- **Guidance:** Each door leaf rides on a lower rail using four rollers (2 leading, 2 trailing) for load distribution and reduced friction; upper guidance optional for anti-sway.

- **Sensing:** Reed switches (door cylinder ends), IR beam (obstruction + closed verification), optional micro-switch on lock solenoid.

Benefits: Reduced actuator count, synchronized motion, clear sensing points, compact upper compartment packaging. **Mechanism Figures:**

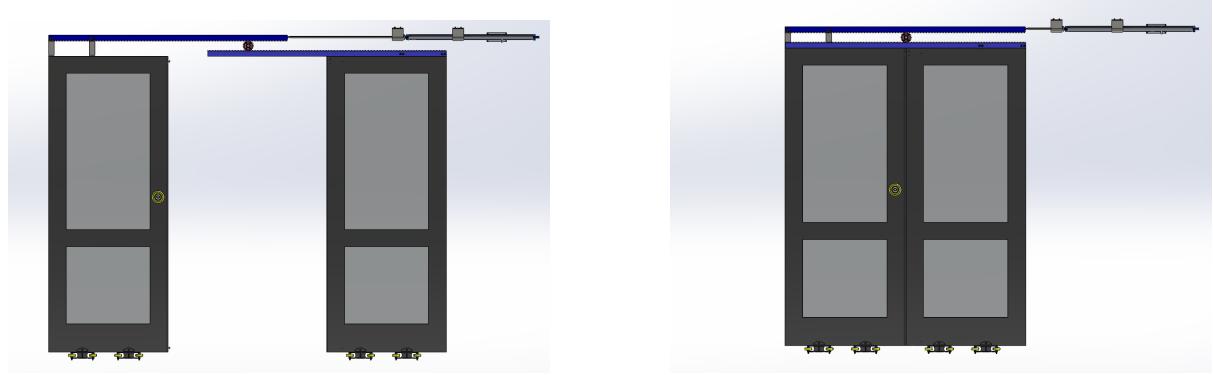


Figure 2: Door mechanism: opened (left) vs. closed (right) showing rack-pinion engagement.

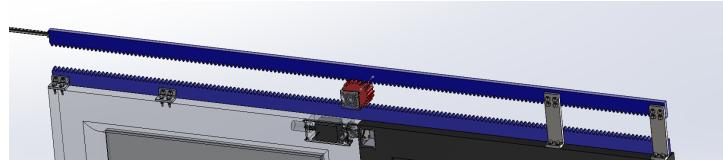


Figure 3: Dual racks connected to door leaves driven by single actuator.

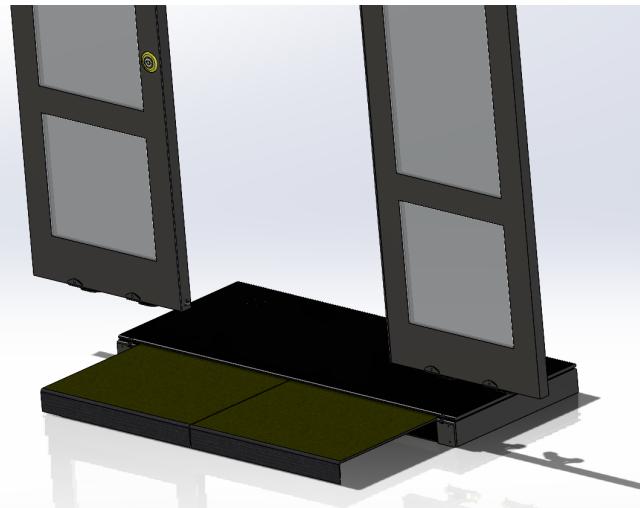


Figure 4: Metro slider secondary panel actuation (MSC extended).

## 2 SolidWorks 3D Mechanical Design Guidelines (Adapted)

Design will mirror real hardware implementation. Key project-specific guidelines adapting milestone points:

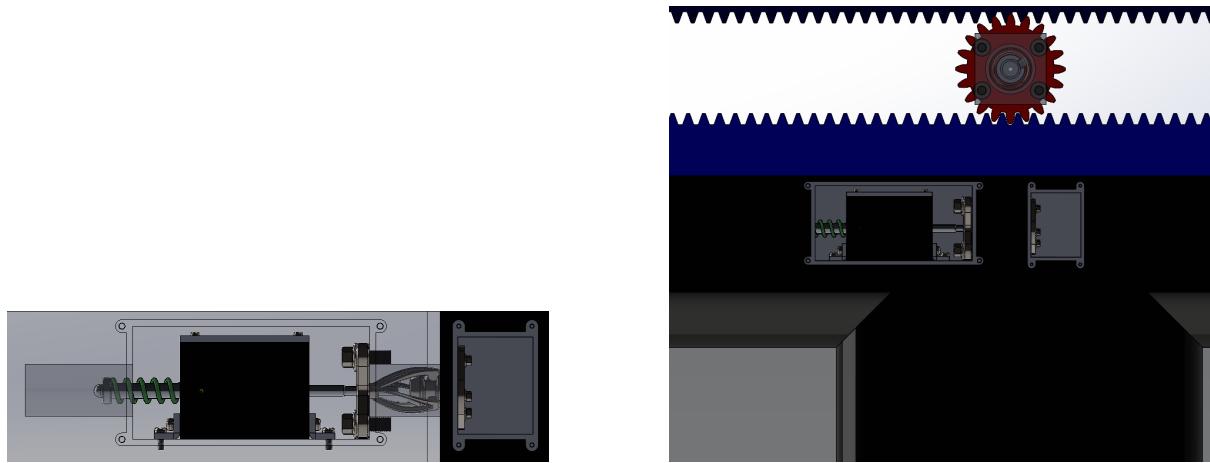


Figure 5: Locking mechanism: closed position and mounting location.



Figure 6: Left: door roller wheel set. Right: door control/open button concept.

- Ground-seated frame with vertical uprights supporting upper cylinder compartment.
- All pneumatic hardware (valves, FRL, tubing routing) contained within or on rear of frame, not protruding into passenger path.
- Frame width sized by aperture + rail assemblies; height sized by door leaf + clearance + cylinder compartment depth.
- Reserved mounting plane for future control panel (Milestone 2) on side column.
- Clear delineation of stages: (Input = Unlock + Activate), (Operation = Open/Close door motion), (Delivery = Secured locked state ready for next cycle).
- Cylinder orientation strictly horizontal; lock cylinder orthogonal or vertical depending design choice (to finalize).
- Use linear guide rails for door translation; bearings for any rotating shafts (if conversion mechanism used).
- Support layers: base chassis, mid rail support, upper actuator compartment.
- Door position tracking via reed switches; optional mid-stroke sensor mount features integrated.

**NOTE:** Insert 3D views (isometric, front, side) of assembled model.

3D Isometric View Placeholder – TODO

3D Exploded View Placeholder – TODO

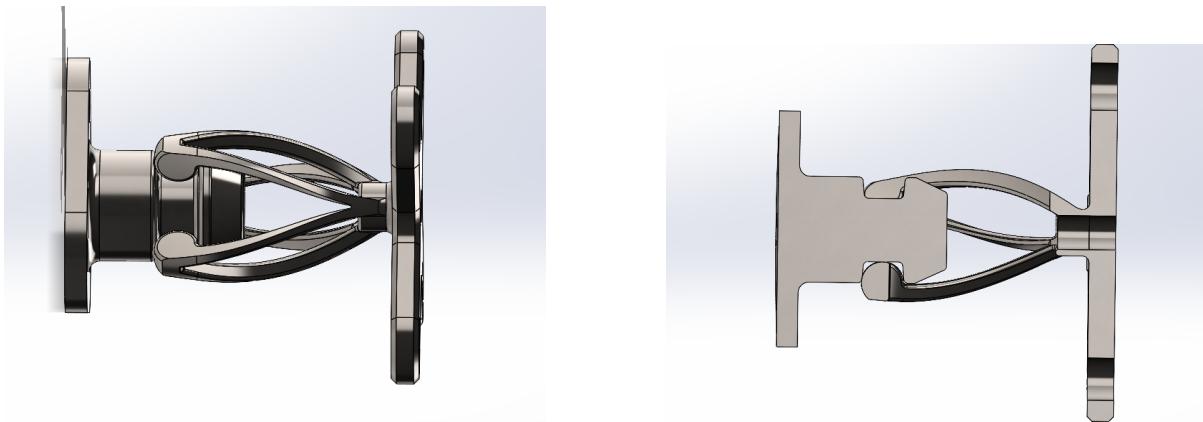


Figure 7: Locking mechanism detailed views: showing engagement geometry.

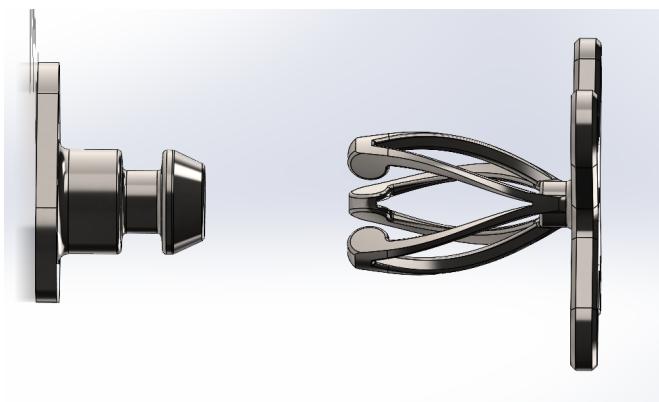


Figure 8: Locking mechanism unlatched (isolated)

### 3 Design For Manufacturing (DFM) Report

DFM ensures each custom part is feasible with available processes. Provide per-part manufacturing notes and 2D drawings.

#### Manufacturing Assumptions

- Frame members: standard rectangular steel/aluminum profiles cut to length, drilled.
- Mounting plates: laser-cut sheet metal (specify alloy, thickness), bent where required.
- Lock pawl: CNC milled or laser-cut + heat-treated (if wear critical).
- Brackets: sheet metal with flange bends, hole patterns for cylinder clevis.
- Rails: purchased linear guide assemblies (COTS).

#### DFM Part Table (Preliminary)

oprule Part	Name	Material / Specs (Draft)	Process	Drawing Ref.
1	Base frame upright	<i>Alu/Steel profile, cut length</i>	Saw cut + drill	<i>FIG TBD</i>
2	Upper actuator plate	<i>Alu sheet t=5 mm</i>	Laser cut + bend	<i>FIG TBD</i>
3	Rack mounting bracket	<i>Steel t=4 mm</i>	Laser cut + bend	<i>FIG TBD</i>

oprule Part	Name	Material / Specs (Draft)	Process	Drawing Ref.
4	Door roller carriage	<i>Alu machined + bearings</i>	CNC + assembly	<i>FIG TBD</i>
5	Pinion shaft support	<i>Steel</i>	Turn + mill	<i>FIG TBD</i>
6	Lock pawl	<i>Steel (HT optional)</i>	Laser cut + finish	<i>FIG TBD</i>
7	Metro slider bracket	<i>Alu t=3 mm</i>	Laser cut + bend	<i>FIG TBD</i>
8	Valve manifold plate	<i>Alu t=6 mm</i>	Laser cut	<i>FIG TBD</i>
...	...	...	...	...

**NOTE:** Insert each 2D technical drawing (dimensions, tolerances) following the table.

2D Drawing Set Placeholder – TODO
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## 4 Design For Assembly (DFA) Report

Focus: minimize assembly time, ensure accessibility, reduce fastener count, enable maintenance.

### Assembly Strategy

- Modular subassemblies: Frame, Door Panels on Carriages, Actuator Compartment (cylinders + valves), Lock Mechanism, Sensor Harness.
- Fastener standardization: prioritize M6 socket head and self-locking nuts (*verify*).
- Accessibility: sliding panels removable without disturbing cylinder alignment.
- Cable/pneumatic routing channels integrated in upright profiles.
- Exploded views to illustrate sequence and tool clearance zones.

**NOTE:** Insert exploded subassembly views and annotated assembly sequence list.

Exploded Subassembly Views Placeholder – TODO
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## 5 Mechanical Component List

Comprehensive inventory per milestone instructions.

oprule No.	Name	Description / Function	Qty	Notes / Datasheet Ref.
1	Door actuator cylinder (DC)	Drives both doors via dual rack (Extended=Open)	1	Stroke 850 mm (confirm)
2	Metro slider cylinder (MSC)	Secondary slider deployment (Extended=Open)	1	Stroke 425 mm (confirm)
3	Lock linear solenoid (LS)	Unlock pulse + relock pawl	1	Stroke 100 mm (confirm)
4	5/2 solenoid valve (DC)	Controls door actuator	1	Voltage <i>TODO</i>
5	5/2 solenoid valve (MSC)	Controls metro slider	1	Voltage <i>TODO</i>
6	5/2 solenoid valve (LS)	Controls lock actuator / solenoid driver	1	Voltage <i>TODO</i>
7	FRL unit	Air preparation	1	Model <i>TODO</i>

oprule No.	Name	Description / Function	Qty	Notes / Datasheet Ref.
8	Pressure regulator + gauge	Pressure monitoring	1	Range <i>TODO</i>
9	Reed switches (door)	End-position sensing (Open/Closed)	2	Door cylinder barrel
10	IR beam sensor pair	Obstruction + closed path check	1 set	Range <i>TODO</i>
11	Door roller carriages	Support door leaves	2	Bearings <i>TODO</i>
12	Door panels (leaves)	Barrier components	2	Material <i>TODO</i>
13	Rack assemblies	Linear motion transfer	2	Module <i>TODO</i>
14	Pinion + shaft	Converts rack linear motion	1	Gear data <i>TODO</i>
15	Lock pawl	Mechanical lock interface	1	Hardened? <i>TODO</i>
16	Strike plate	Pawl engagement surface	1	<i>TODO</i>
17	Indicator lights (Green)	Status active	2	Voltage <i>TODO</i>
18	Indicator lights (Red)	Status inactive	2	Voltage <i>TODO</i>
19	Master panel buttons	Open / Close / Activate	3	Type <i>TODO</i>
20	Slave panel button	Local Open	1	Type <i>TODO</i>
21	Emergency stop	Safety shutdown	1	Standard <i>TODO</i>
22	Tubing (various diam.)	Pneumatic connections	As req.	Diameters <i>TODO</i>
23	Fittings (elbow, T)	Air routing	Set	Count <i>TODO</i>
24	Fasteners (M6/M8)	Structural joints	Set	Spec <i>TODO</i>
25	Cable / pneumatic duct	Routing mgmt	As req.	Length <i>TODO</i>
26	Valve manifold plate	Mount valves	1	Material <i>TODO</i>
...	...	...	...	...

**NOTE:** Attach PDF datasheets for all purchased components in Appendix (placeholder below).

Datasheets Appendix Placeholder – *TODO*

## 6 Pneumatic Position-Step Diagram

Sequence states for three actuators: DC (Door Cylinder), MSC (Metro Slider Cylinder), LS (Lock Solenoid). **Legend:** EXT = Extended, RET = Retracted.

oprule Step	DC (Doors)	MSC (Slider)	LS (Lock)	Event / Sensor Condition
0 Idle Locked	RET (Closed)	RET (Closed)	RET (Locked)	System inactive (Red ON)
1 Unlock Pulse	RET	RET	EXT (Unlock)	Activate pressed (Green ON), LS pulse then returns RET
2 Opening	EXT (Opening)	EXT (Opening)	RET	Open command; reed switches transition; IR ignored
3 Fully Open	EXT (Open)	EXT (Open)	RET	Door open reed ON; dwell timer start
4 Closing	RET (Closing)	RET (Closing)	RET	Close command; IR beam monitored for obstruction

oprule Step	DC (Doors)	MSC (Slider)	LS (Lock)	Event / Sensor Condition
5 Closed / Relock	RET (Closed)	RET (Closed)	RET (Locked)	Door closed reed ON; IR beam clear; lock state confirmed
OB Ob- struc- tion	EXT (Re-open)	EXT (Re-open)	RET	IR beam broken during closing triggers immediate reopen

**NOTE:** The time diagram above mirrors the tabular sequence.

## 7 Milestone Deliverables Checklist

- Updated project description (single-cylinder dual-rack architecture) – *Revised*
- 3D views of mechanical design – *Cover render inserted; exploded view pending*
- Mechanical component list – *Reworked for 3 actuators*
- DFM report + 2D drawings – *Framework ready; drawings pending*
- DFA report with exploded views – *Framework ready; views pending*
- Pneumatic position-step diagram – *Updated table; graphic pending*
- Sensor + safety logic (IR + reed) – *Documented*
- Mechanism and lock figures – *Inserted*
- SolidWorks 3D design files – *To include in ZIP upon completion*

## 8 Appendix

### A. Datasheets

**NOTE:** Insert PDFs (referenced externally) or summary tables for each purchased component.

Datasheet Collection Placeholder – TODO

### B. Engineering Calculations

**NOTE:** Force sizing for cylinders, friction coefficients, air consumption estimates.

Calculation Sheets Placeholder – TODO

### C. Risk and Safety Notes

Preliminary safety considerations: pinch points at door edges, emergency stop circuit design, pneumatic pressure limits. Detailed FMEA optional in later milestone.

**NOTE:** Insert safety assessment here.

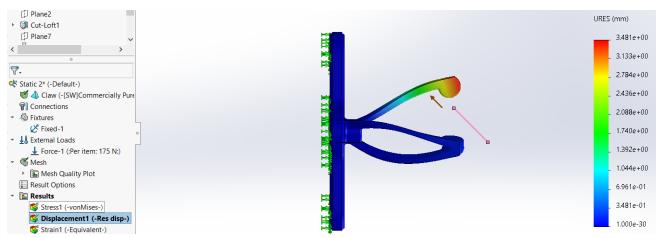


Figure 9: Stress analysis (von Mises) of locking claw under peak load

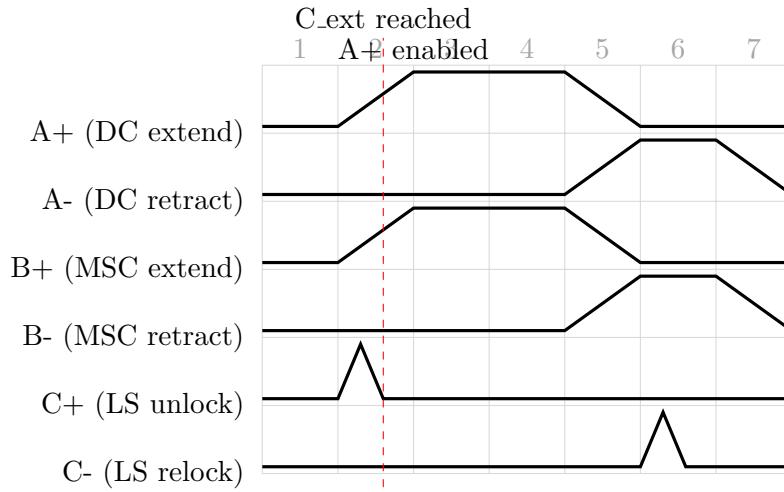


Figure 10: Pneumatic position diagram (normal): A+/B+ during opening, A-/B- during closing. Interlock: A+ rises only after C is fully extended (C<sub>ext</sub>).

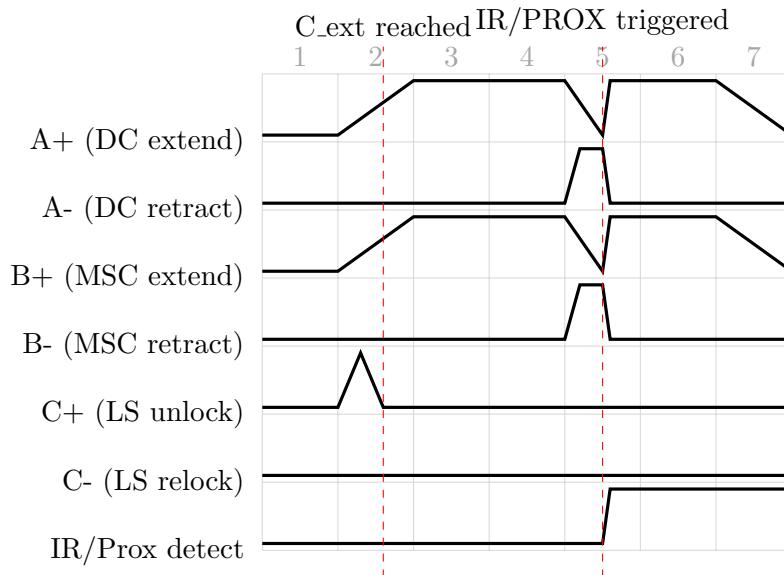


Figure 11: Obstruction/human-detected variant: IR/Prox trigger during closing causes immediate re-open (A+/B+ high again) and inhibits relock (C- stays low). A+ remains interlocked to C<sub>ext</sub> for any new opening.