

## Mini Homework 2

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At the  $k$ -th level of the recursion tree, there are  $4^k$  nodes of size  $n^{1/2^k}$ . The number of level  $K$  can be obtained from  $n^{1/2^K} = c \implies K = \lg \lg n - \lg \lg c = O(\lg \lg n)$ . Therefore, the total cost is upper bounded by  $\sum_{k=0}^{\lg \lg n} 4^k \log n^{1/2^k} = \sum_{k=0}^{\lg \lg n} 2^k \log n = 2(\lg n - 1) \log n = O(\log^2 n)$ .