Homework 11

1.
$$T = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

a. Eigenvalues $\lambda = -1, -1, 0, 0$. Eigenvectors v = (0, 0, 1, 0), (1, 0, 0, 0), (0, 0, 0, 1), (0, 1, 0, 0).

- 2. $\lambda_1 + \lambda_2 = 7$ and $\lambda_1 \lambda_2 = 12$. Eigenvalues $\lambda = 4, 3$.
- 3. a. $det(A I \lambda I) = \lambda^4 6\lambda^2 8\lambda 3 = (\lambda 3)(\lambda + 1)^3 := 0. \lambda = 3, -1, -1, -1.$ b. det(A - I) = -3.
- 4. a. Nullspace: $\{u\}$. Column space: $\{v, w\}$.

b.
$$Av = 3v$$
 and $Aw = 5w$. Hence, $A(\frac{1}{3}v + \frac{1}{5}w) = v + w$. $x_p = \frac{1}{3}v + \frac{1}{5}w$. $x = \alpha u + \frac{1}{3}v + \frac{1}{5}w$ where $\alpha \in \mathbb{R}$.

c. u, v, w are independent. Hence, u is not in span $\{v, w\}$, and thus, not in the column space of A. Hence, Ax = u has no solution.

5.
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -5 & 5 \\ -5 & 6 & -5 \\ 5 & -5 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$
 $u^{\mathsf{T}} A^{-1} u = \frac{3}{16}$.

6. $\det(\overline{Q} - \lambda I) = (\cos \theta - \lambda)^2 + \sin^2 \theta = \lambda^2 - 2\lambda \cos \theta + 1 := 0. \lambda = \cos \theta \pm i \sin \theta.$

When $\lambda = \cos \theta + i \sin \theta$, v = (i, 1).

When $\lambda = \cos \theta - i \sin \theta$, v = (-i, 1).