

Chapter 9

Working with Selected Classes from the Java API

THE OCA EXAM TOPICS COVERED IN THIS PRACTICE TEST INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING:

✓ **Working with Selected classes from the Java API**

- Manipulate data using the `StringBuilder` class and its methods
- Create and manipulate Strings
- Create and manipulate calendar data using classes from `java.time.LocalDateTime`, `java.time.LocalDate`, `java.time.LocalTime`, `java.time.format.DateTimeFormatter`, `java.time.Period`
- Declare and use an `ArrayList` of a given type
- Write a simple Lambda expression that consumes a Lambda Predicate expression

1. What is the best reason for using `StringBuilder` instead of `String`?
 - A. `StringBuilder` adds support for multiple threads.
 - B. `StringBuilder` can use `==` to compare values.
 - C. `StringBuilder` saves memory by reducing the number of objects created.
 - D. `StringBuilder` supports different languages and encodings.
2. What is not true about a `String`?
 - A. It can be created without coding a call to a constructor.
 - B. It can be reused via the string pool.
 - C. It is final.
 - D. It is mutable.
3. Which of the following creates a `StringBuilder` with a different value than the other options?
 - A. `new StringBuilder().append("clown")`
 - B. `new StringBuilder("clown")`
 - C. `new StringBuilder("cl").insert(2, "own")`
 - D. All of them create the same value.
4. What is the output of the following?

```
StringBuilder teams = new StringBuilder("333");
teams.append(" 806");
teams.append(" 1601");
System.out.print(teams);
```

 - A. 333
 - B. 333 806 1601
 - C. The code compiles but outputs something else.
 - D. The code does not compile.
5. How many of the types `ArrayList`, `List`, and `Object` can fill in the blank to produce code that compiles?

```
List frisbees = new _____();
```

 - A. None
 - B. One
 - C. Two
 - D. Three

6. What is the output of the following?

```
List<String> tools = new ArrayList<>();  
tools.add("hammer");  
tools.add("nail");  
tools.add("hex key");  
System.out.println(tools.get(1));
```

- A. hammer
- B. hex key
- C. nail
- D. None of the above

7. What is the result of the following code?

```
StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder("radical")  
    .insert(sb.length(), "robots");  
System.out.println(sb);
```

- A. radicarobots
- B. radicalrobots
- C. The code does not compile.
- D. The code compiles but throws an exception at runtime.

8. What is the output of the following?

```
List<String> museums = new ArrayList<>(1);  
museums.add("Natural History");  
museums.add("Science");  
museums.add("Art");  
museums.remove(2);  
System.out.println(museums);
```

- A. [Natural History, Science]
- B. [Natural History, Art, Science]
- C. The code does not compile.
- D. The code compiles but throws an exception at runtime.

9. What is the output of the following?

```
12:  StringBuilder b = new StringBuilder("12");  
13:  b = b.append("3");  
14:  b.reverse();  
15:  System.out.println(b.toString());
```

- A. 12
- B. 123

C. 321

D. The code does not compile.

10. What is the main benefit of a lambda expression?

A. It allows you to convert a primitive to a wrapper class.

B. It allows you to change the bytecode while the application is running.

C. It allows you to inherit from multiple classes.

D. It allows you to write code that has the execution deferred.

11. What is the output of the following?

```
5:  StringBuilder line = new StringBuilder("-");
6:  StringBuilder anotherLine = line.append("-");
7:  System.out.print(line == anotherLine);
8:  System.out.print(" ");
9:  System.out.print(line.length());
```

A. false 1

B. false 2

C. true 1

D. true 2

12. The author of this method forgot to include the data type. Which of the following reference types can fill in the blank to complete this method?

```
public static void secret( _____mystery) {
    mystery.add("metal");
    String str = mystery.get(0);
    int num = mystery.length();
}
```

A. ArrayList

B. ArrayList<String>

C. StringBuilder

D. None of the above

13. Which portion of code can be removed so that this line of code continues to compile?

```
Predicate<StringBuilder> p = (StringBuilder b) |> {return true;};
```

A. Remove `StringBuilder b`

B. Remove `->`

C. Remove `{ and ; }`

D. Remove `{ return and ; }`

14. What is the output of the following?

```
20: List<Character> chars = new ArrayList<>();
21: chars.add('a');
22: chars.add('b');
23: chars.set(1, 'c');
24: chars.remove(0);
25: System.out.print(chars.size() + " " + chars.contains('b'));
```

- A. 1 false
- B. 1 true
- C. 2 false
- D. 2 true

15. What is the output of the following?

```
12: String b = "12";
13: b += "3";
14: b.reverse();
15: System.out.println(b.toString());
```

- A. 12
- B. 123
- C. 321
- D. The code does not compile.

16. How many of these lines fail to compile?

```
Predicate<String> pred1 = s !> false;
Predicate<String> pred2 = (s) !> false;
Predicate<String> pred3 = String s !> false;
Predicate<String> pred4 = (String s) !> false;
```

- A. One
- B. Two
- C. Three
- D. Four

17. What does the following do?

```
public class Shoot {
    interface Target {
        boolean needToAim(double angle);
    }
    static void prepare(double angle, Target t) {
        boolean ready = t.needToAim(angle); // k1
        System.out.println(ready);
    }
    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```

        prepare(45, d -> d > 5 || d < -5);    // k2
    }
}

```

- A. It prints `true`.
- B. It prints `false`.
- C. It doesn't compile due to line `k1`.
- D. It doesn't compile due to line `k2`.

8. What is the output of the following?

```

String teams = new String("694");
teams.concat(" 1155");
teams.concat(" 2265");
teams.concat(" 2869");
System.out.println(teams);

```

- A. 694
- B. 694 1155 2265 2869
- C. The code compiles but outputs something else.
- D. The code does not compile.

9. Which of these classes are in the `java.util` package?

- I. `ArrayList`
- II. `LocalDate`
- III. `String`

- A. I only
- B. II only
- C. I and II
- D. I, II, and III

10. Which of the answer choices results in a different value being output than the other three choices?

```

StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder("radical ");
sb = _____;
System.out.print(sb);

```

- A. `new StringBuilder("radical ")`
`.append("robots")`
- B. `new StringBuilder("radical ")`
`.delete(1, 100)`

```
.append("obots")
```

```
.insert(1, "adical r")
```

C. `new StringBuilder("radical ")`

```
.insert(7, "robots")
```

D. `new StringBuilder("radical ")`

```
.insert(sb.length(), "robots")
```

21. What is the output of the following?

```
String[] array = {"Natural History", "Science"};
List<String> museums = Arrays.asList(array);
museums.set(0, "Art");
System.out.println(museums.contains("Art"));
```

A. `true`

B. `false`

C. The code does not compile.

D. The code compiles but throws an exception at runtime.

22. Which is a true statement?

A. If `s.contains("abc")` is true, then `s.equals("abc")` is also true.

B. If `s.contains("abc")` is true, then `s.startsWith("abc")` is also true.

C. If `s.startsWith("abc")` is true, then `s.equals("abc")` is also true.

D. If `s.startsWith("abc")` is true, then `s.contains("abc")` is also true.

23. What is the output of the following?

```
20: List<Character> chars = new ArrayList<>();
21: chars.add('a');
22: chars.add('b');
23: chars.set(1, 'c');
24: chars.remove(0);
25: System.out.print(chars.length());
```

A. 0

B. 1

C. 2

D. None of the above

24. The author of this method forgot to include the data type. Which of the following reference types can fill in the blank to complete this method?

```
public static void secret(_____ mystery) {
    mystery = mystery.replace("1", "8");
}
```

```

    mystery.startsWith("paper");
    String s = mystery.toString();
}

```

- A. ArrayList
- B. String
- C. StringBuilder
- D. None of the above

25. Which statement is true about the following figure while ensuring the code continues to compile?

```

List balloons = new ArrayList ();
    ↑           ↑
    P           Q

```

- A. <> can be inserted at position P without making any other changes.
- B. <> can be inserted at position Q without making any other changes.
- C. <> can be inserted at both positions P and Q.
- D. None of the above

26. Which of the following can fill in the blank to make the code compile?

```

import java.util.function.*;
public class Card {
    public static void main(String[] s) {
        Predicate<String> pred = _____ l> true;
    }
}

```

- A. (Integer i)
- B. (Object o)
- C. (String s)
- D. None of the above

27. What is the output of the following?

```

5: String line = new String("-");
6: String anotherLine = line.concat("-");
7: System.out.print(line == anotherLine);
8: System.out.print(" ");
9: System.out.print(line.length());

```

- A. false 1
- B. false 2

C. true 1

D. true 2

28. What does the following output?

```
Predicate dash = c -> c.startsWith("-");  
System.out.println(dash.test("-"));
```

A. true

B. false

C. The code does not compile.

D. The code compiles but throws an exception at runtime.

29. Of the classes `LocalDate`, `LocalDateTime`, `LocalTime`, and `LocalTimeStamp`, how many include hours, minutes, and seconds?

A. One

B. Two

C. Three

D. Four

30. What is the output of the following class?

```
1: package rocket;  
2: public class Countdown {  
3:     public static void main(String[] args) {  
4:         String builder = "54321";  
5:         builder = builder.substring(4);  
6:         System.out.println(builder.charAt(2));  
7:     }  
8: }
```

A. 2

B. 3

C. 4

D. None of the above

31. Which equivalent code can replace `i -> i != 0` in the following line?

```
Predicate<Integer> ip = i |> i != 0;
```

A. `i -> { i != 0 }`

B. `i -> { i != 0; }`

C. `i -> { return i != 0 }`

D. `i -> { return i != 0; }`

2. What is the output of the following?

```
LocalDate xmas = LocalDate.of(2016, 12, 25);  
xmas.plusDays(-1);  
System.out.println(xmas.getDayOfMonth());
```

- A. 24
- B. 25
- C. 26
- D. None of the above

3. What is the output of the following?

```
1: public class Legos {  
2:     public static void main(String[] args) {  
3:         StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder();  
4:         sb.append("red");  
5:         sb.deleteCharAt(0);  
6:         sb.delete(1, 2);  
7:         System.out.println(sb);  
8:     }  
9: }
```

- A. e
- B. d
- C. ed
- D. None of the above

4. What does the following output?

```
Predicate clear = c -> c.equals("clear");  
System.out.println(clear.test("pink"));
```

- A. true
- B. false
- C. The code does not compile.
- D. The code compiles but throws an exception at runtime.

5. Which starts counting from one rather than zero?

- A. Array indexes
- B. The index used by `charAt` in a `String`
- C. The months in a `LocalDateTime`
- D. The months in a `LocalTime`

6. Which statement is not true of `Predicate`?

- A. A `boolean` is returned from the method it declares.
- B. It is an interface.
- C. The method it declares accepts two parameters.
- D. The method it declares is named `test`.

37. Which of these periods represents a larger amount of time?

```
Period period1 = Period.ofWeeks(1).ofDays(3);  
Period period2 = Period.ofDays(10);
```

- A. `period1`
- B. `period2`
- C. They represent the same length of time.
- D. None of the above. This code does not compile.

38. What is the result of the following?

```
import java.time.*;  
import java.time.format.*;  
  
public class HowLong {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        LocalDate newYears = LocalDate.of(2017, 1, 1);  
        Period period = Period.ofDays(1);  
        DateTimeFormatter format = DateTimeFormatter.ofPattern("MM-dd-yyyy");  
        System.out.print(format.format(newYears.minus(period)));  
    }  
}
```

- A. 01-01-2017
- B. 12-31-2016
- C. The code does not compile.
- D. The code compiles but throws an exception at runtime.

39. Which of the following can fill in the blank so the following code prints `true`?

```
String happy = " :) - (: ";  
String really = happy.trim();  
String question = _____;  
System.out.println(really.equals(question));
```

- A. `happy.substring(0, happy.length() - 1)`
- B. `happy.substring(0, happy.length())`
- C. `happy.substring(1, happy.length() - 1)`
- D. `happy.substring(1, happy.length())`

40. Which is not a true statement about the `Period` class?

- A. A `Period` is immutable.
- B. A `Period` is typically used for adding or subtracting time from dates.
- C. You can create a `Period` representing 2 minutes.
- D. You can create a `Period` representing 5 years.

11. What is the output of the following class?

```
1: package rocket;
2: public class Countdown {
3:     public static void main(String[] args) {
4:         StringBuilder builder = new StringBuilder("54321");
5:         builder.substring(2);
6:         System.out.println(builder.charAt(1));
7:     }
8: }
```

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4

12. What does the following output?

```
List<Integer> pennies = new ArrayList<>();
pennies.add(3);
pennies.add(2);
pennies.add(1);
pennies.remove(2);
System.out.println(pennies);
```

- A. [3, 1]
- B. [3, 2]
- C. The code does not compile.
- D. The code compiles but throws an exception at runtime.

13. The author of this method forgot to include the data type. Which of the following reference types can best fill in the blank to complete this method?

```
public static void secret(_____ mystery) {
    char ch = mystery.charAt(3);
    mystery = mystery.insert(1, "more");
    int num = mystery.length();
}
```

- A. `ArrayList`
- B. `String`
- C. `StringBuilder`

D. None of the above

14. What is the smallest unit you can add to a `LocalTime` object?

A. Second

B. Millisecond

C. Nanosecond

D. Picosecond

15. What is the result of the following?

```
import java.time.*;
import java.time.format.*;

public class HowLong {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        LocalDate newYears = LocalDate.of(2017, 1, 1);
        Period period = Period.ofDays(1);
        DateTimeFormatter format = DateTimeFormatter.ofPattern("mm-dd-yyyy");
        System.out.print(format.format(newYears.minus(period)));
    }
}
```

A. 01-01-2017

B. 12-31-2016

C. The code does not compile.

D. The code compiles but throws an exception at runtime.

16. Which of the following types can you pass as a parameter to the `replace()` method on the `String` class?

I. `char`

II. `String`

III. `StringBuilder`

A. I

B. I and II

C. II and III

D. I, II, and III

17. How many lines does this code output?

```
import java.util.*;
import java.util.function.*;

public class PrintNegative {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        List<String> list = new ArrayList<>();
```

```

        list.add("-5");
        list.add("0");
        list.add("5");
        print(list, e -> e < 0);
    }
    public static void print(List<String> list, Predicate<Integer> p) {
        for (String num : list)
            if (p.test(num))
                System.out.println(num);
    }
}

```

- A. One
- B. Two
- C. None. The code does not compile.
- D. None. The code throws an exception at runtime.

8. What is the output of the following?

```

12: List<String> magazines = new ArrayList();
13: magazines.add("Readers Digest");
14: magazines.add("People");
15: magazines.clear();
16: magazines.add("The Economist");
17: magazines.remove(1);
18: System.out.println(magazines.size());

```

- A. 0
- B. 1
- C. The code does not compile.
- D. The code compiles but throws an exception at runtime.

9. What is the output of the following?

```

public class Costume {
    public static void main(String[] black) {
        String witch = 'b';
        String tail = "lack";
        witch = witch.concat(tail);
        System.out.println(witch);
    }
}

```

- A. b
- B. black
- C. The code does not compile.
- D. The code compiles but throws an exception at runtime.

10. What is the result of the following?

```
LocalDate xmas = LocalDate.of(2016, 12, 25);  
xmas.setYear(2017);  
System.out.println(xmas.getYear());
```

- A. 2016
- B. 2017
- C. The code does not compile.
- D. The code compiles but throws an exception at runtime.