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import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from xgboost import XGBClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import classification report
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
# Load data from CSV file
data = pd.read_csv('data.csv')
# Drop unnecessary columns
columns_to_drop = ['RowNumber', 'CustomerId', 'Surname', 'Complain',
'Satisfaction Score', 'Card Type', 'Point Earned']
data = data.drop(columns=columns_to_drop)
# Convert categorical columns to numerical using Label Encoding
label encoder = LabelEncoder()
data['Geography'] = label_encoder.fit_transform(data['Geography'])
data['Gender'] = label encoder.fit transform(data['Gender'])
# Split the data into features and target
X = data.drop(columns=['Exited'])
y = data['Exited']
# Split the data into training and testing sets
X train, X test, y train, y test = train test split(X, y,
test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
# Train Random Forest Classifier
rf classifier = RandomForestClassifier(random state=42)
rf_classifier.fit(X_train, y_train)
rf predictions = rf classifier.predict(X test)
# Train XGBoost Classifier
xgb classifier = XGBClassifier(random state=42)
xgb_classifier.fit(X_train, y_train)
xgb predictions = xgb classifier.predict(X test)
# Evaluate and print results
print("Random Forest Classifier:")
print(classification report(y test, rf predictions))
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print("XGBoost Classifier:")
print(classification_report(y_test, xgb_predictions))

# Visualize Customer Churn using a line graph
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.lineplot(data=data, x='Age', y='Exited', estimator='mean',
hue='Gender')
plt.title('Customer Churn based on Age')
plt.xlabel('Age')
plt.ylabel('Age')
plt.ylabel('Churn Probability')
plt.legend(title='Gender', loc='upper right')
plt.show()
```

