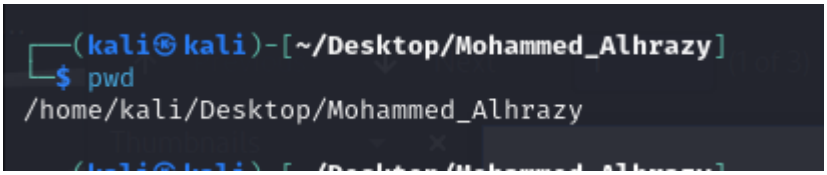
DR:Abdalrzaq Alsmawi

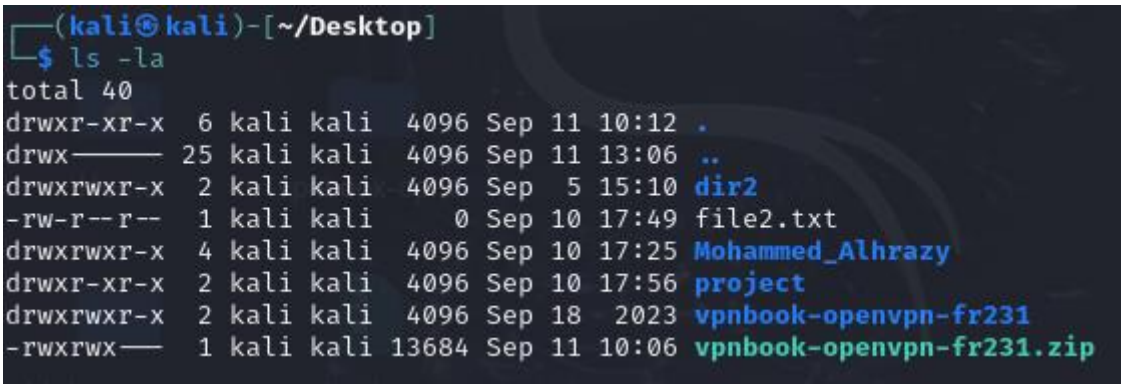
Name:Mohammed Abdalkreem Alhrazy group(2)

File and Directory Management

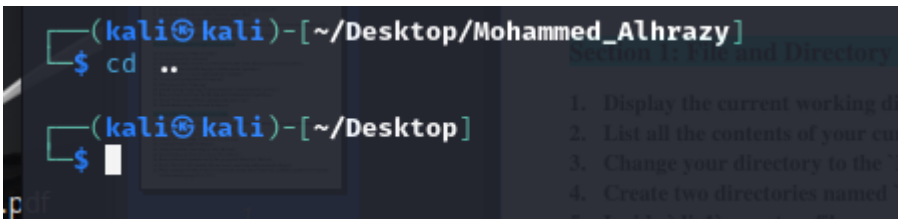
1. Display the current working directory.



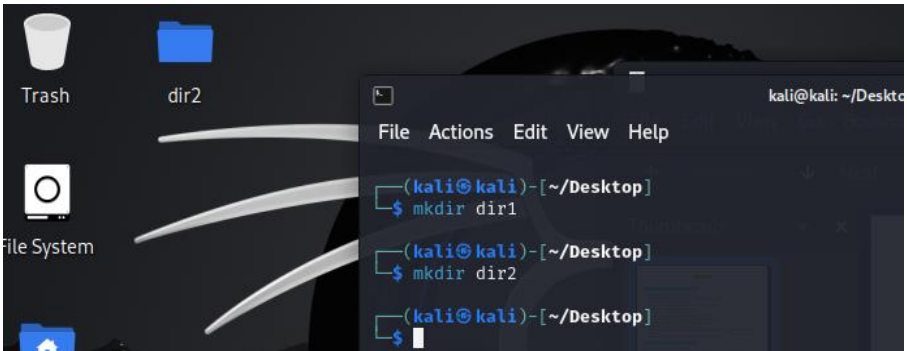
2. List all the contents of your current directory, including hidden files.



3. Change your directory to the `Desktop`.



3. Create two directories named `dir1` and `dir2` on the Desktop.



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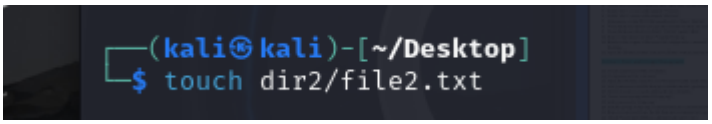
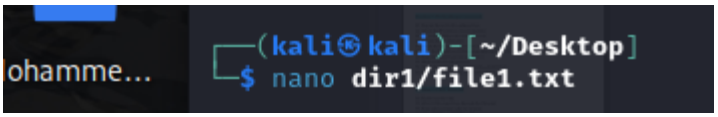
5. Inside `dir1`, create a file named `file1.txt`.

6. Inside `dir2`, create a file named `file2.txt`.

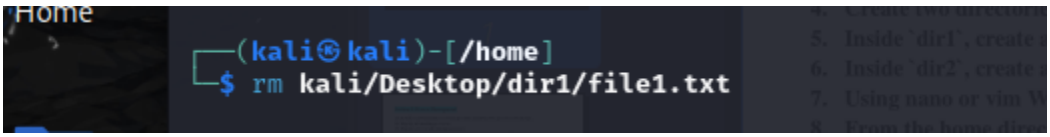


7. Using nano or vim Write the numbers 1 to 9 into `file1.txt`.



8. From the home directory Copy the contents of `file1.txt` into `file2.txt`.

9. From the home directory, delete `file1.txt` inside `dir1`.



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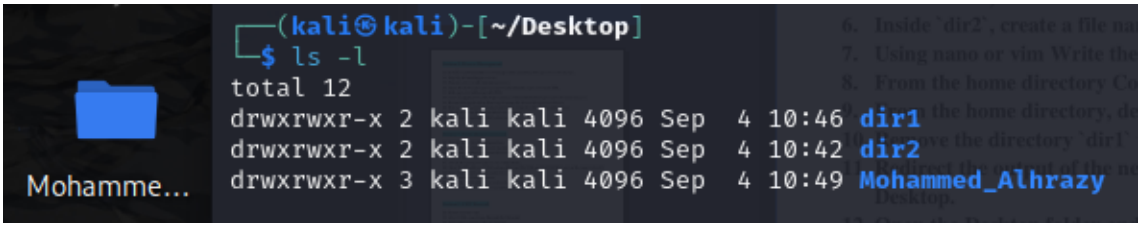
10. Remove the directory `dir1` from the Desktop.

11. Redirect the output of the network configuration command to a file named `network_info.txt` on the Desktop.

12. Open the Desktop folder and show all files with detailed information. Section



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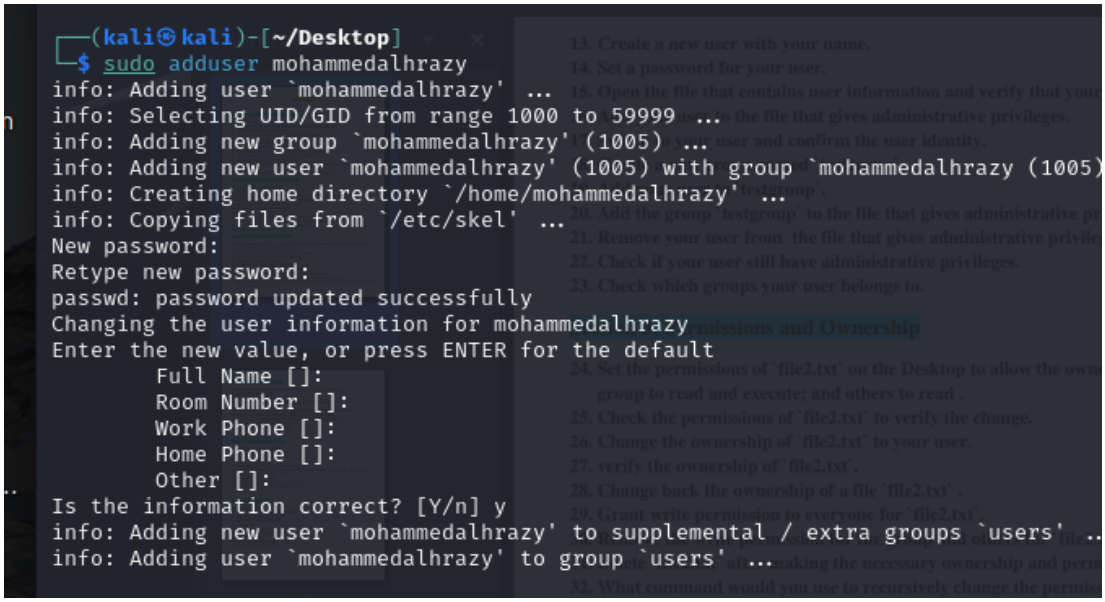
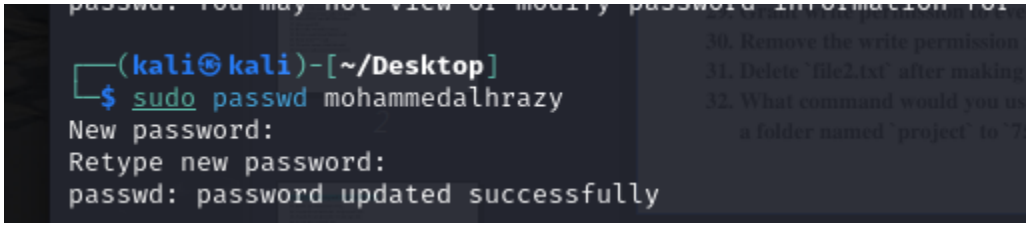
Users and Groups Management

13. Create a new user with your name.



14. Set a password for your user.



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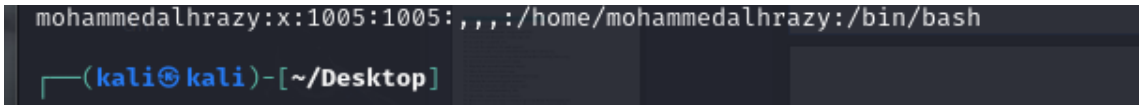
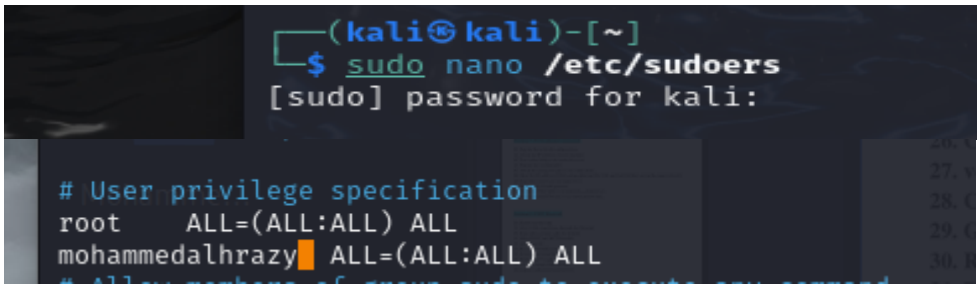
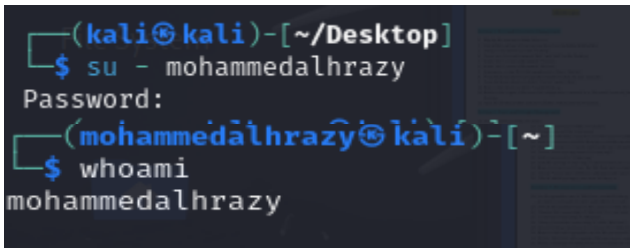
15. Open the file that contains user information and verify that your user has been added.



16. Add your user to the file that gives administrative privileges.



17. Switch to your user and confirm the user identity.



18. Create a new group named `testgroup`.

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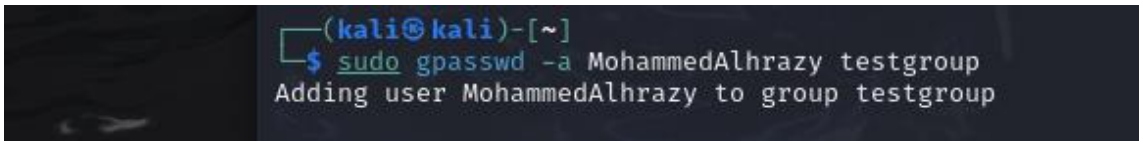
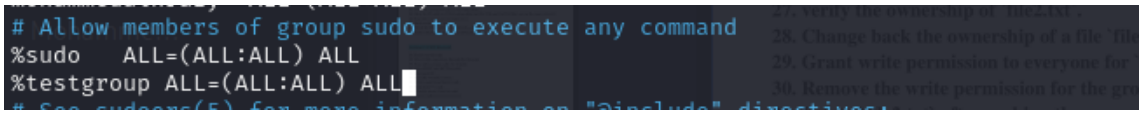
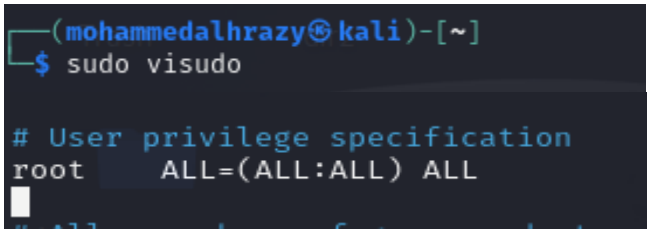
19. Add your user to `testgroup`.



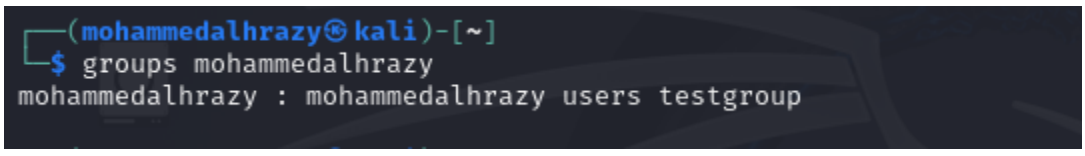
20. Add the group `testgroup` to the file that gives administrative privileges.



21. Remove your user from the file that gives administrative privileges.



22. Check if your user still have administrative privileges.



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23. Check which groups your user belongs to.

```
┌──(mohammedalhrazy㉿kali)-[~]
└─$ groups
mohammedalhrazy users testgroup
```

Permissions and Ownership

24. Set the permissions of `file2.txt` on the Desktop to allow the owner to read, write, and execute; the group to read and execute; and others to read .

```
┌──(kali㉿kali)-[~/Desktop]
└─$ chmod u=wrx,g=rx,o=r file2.txt

┌──(kali㉿kali)-[~/Desktop]
└─$ ls -l file*.txt
-rwxr-xr-- 1 kali kali 0 Sep  4 17:11 file2.txt
```

25. Check the permissions of `file2.txt` to verify the change.

```
┌──(kali㉿kali)-[~/Desktop]
└─$ ls -l file*.txt
-rwxr-xr-- 1 kali kali 0 Sep  4 17:11 file2.txt
```

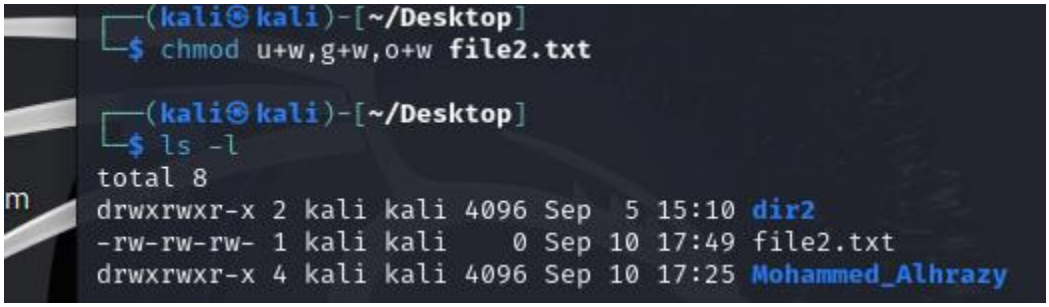
DR:Abdalrzaq Alsmawi
Name:Mohammed Abdalkreem Alhrazy group(2)

26. Change the ownership of `file2.txt` to your user.

27. verify the ownership of `file2.txt`.

28. Change back the ownership of a file `file2.txt` .

29. Grant write permission to everyone for `file2.txt`.



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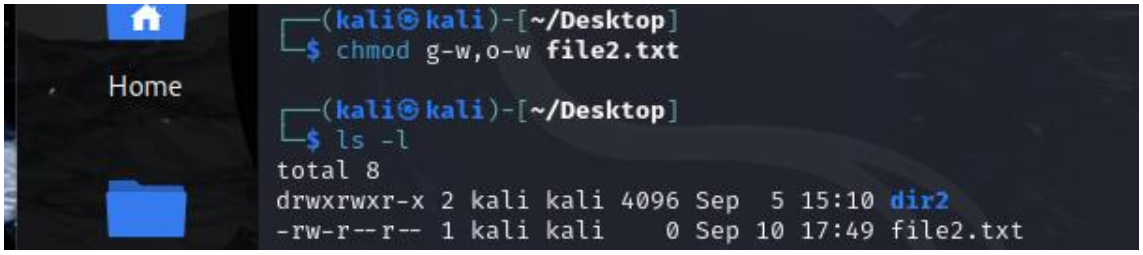
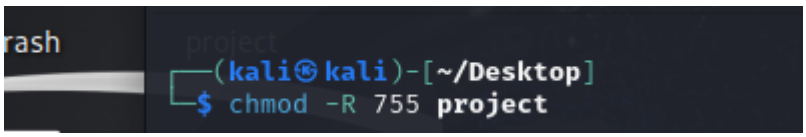
Name:Mohammed Abdalkreem Alhrazy group(2)

30. Remove the write permission for the group and others for `file2.txt`.



31. Delete `file2.txt` after making the necessary ownership and permission changes.

32. What command would you use to recursively change the permissions of all files and directories inside a folder named `project` to `755`.



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Name:Mohammed Abdalkreem Alhrazy group(2)

Process Management

33. Install a system monitor tool that provides an interactive process viewer(htop).

```
┌──(kali㉿kali)-[~/Desktop]
└─$ sudo apt install htop
[sudo] password for kali:
htop is already the newest version (3.3.0-4).
Summary:
  Upgrading: 0, Installing: 0, Removing: 0, Not Upgrading: 475
```

34. Display all running processes.

```
└─$ ps aux
USER         PID %CPU %MEM    VSZ   RSS TTY      STAT START   TIME COMMAND
root           1  0.1  0.6  22440 13832 ?        Ss   17:23   0:02 /sbin/init splash
root           2  0.0  0.0      0     0 ?        S    17:23   0:00 [kthreadd]
root           3  0.0  0.0      0     0 ?        S    17:23   0:00 [pool_workqueue_release]
root           4  0.0  0.0      0     0 ?        I<   17:23   0:00 [kworker/R-rcu_g]
root           5  0.0  0.0      0     0 ?        I<   17:23   0:00 [kworker/R-rcu_p]
root           6  0.0  0.0      0     0 ?        I<   17:23   0:00 [kworker/R-slub_]
root           7  0.0  0.0      0     0 ?        I<   17:23   0:00 [kworker/R-netns]
root          11  0.0  0.0      0     0 ?        I    17:23   0:00 [kworker/u4:0-ext4-rsv-conversion]
root          12  0.0  0.0      0     0 ?        I<   17:23   0:00 [kworker/R-mm_pe]
root          13  0.0  0.0      0     0 ?        I    17:23   0:00 [rcu_tasks_kthread]
root          14  0.0  0.0      0     0 ?        I    17:23   0:00 [rcu_tasks_rude_kthread]
root          15  0.0  0.0      0     0 ?        I    17:23   0:00 [rcu_tasks_trace_kthread]
root          16  0.0  0.0      0     0 ?        S    17:23   0:00 [ksoftirqd/0]
root          17  0.0  0.0      0     0 ?        I    17:23   0:00 [rcu_preempt]
root          18  0.0  0.0      0     0 ?        S    17:23   0:00 [migration/0]
root          19  0.0  0.0      0     0 ?        S    17:23   0:00 [idle_inject/0]
root          20  0.0  0.0      0     0 ?        S    17:23   0:00 [cpuhp/0]
root          21  0.0  0.0      0     0 ?        S    17:23   0:00 [cpuhp/1]
root          22  0.0  0.0      0     0 ?        S    17:23   0:00 [idle_inject/1]
root          23  0.0  0.0      0     0 ?        S    17:23   0:00 [migration/1]
root          24  0.0  0.0      0     0 ?        S    17:23   0:00 [ksoftirqd/1]
root          26  0.0  0.0      0     0 ?        I<   17:23   0:00 [kworker/1:0H-events_highpri]
root          30  0.0  0.0      0     0 ?        I    17:23   0:01 [kworker/u6:1-events_unbound]
root          31  0.0  0.0      0     0 ?        S    17:23   0:00 [kdevtmpfs]
root          32  0.0  0.0      0     0 ?        I<   17:23   0:00 [kworker/R-inet_]
```

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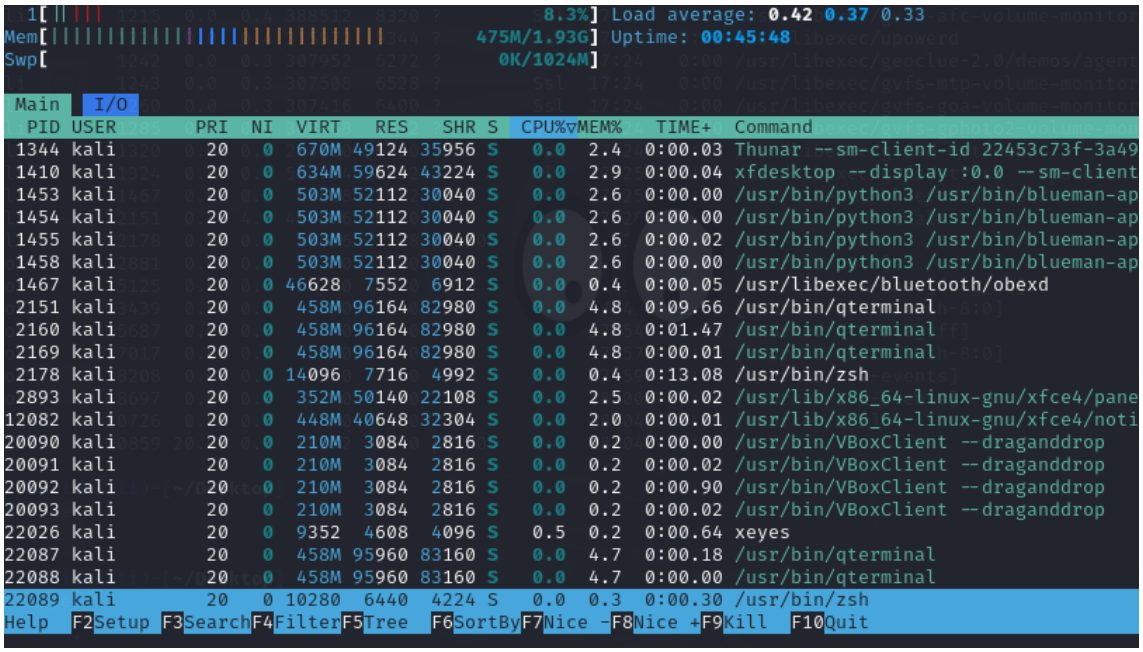
35. Display a tree of all running processes.

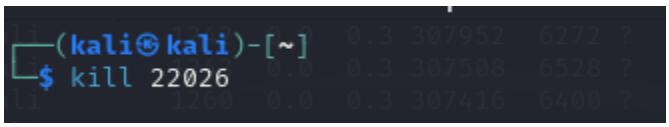
DR:Abdalrzaq Alsmawi

Name:Mohammed Abdalkreem Alhrazy group(2)

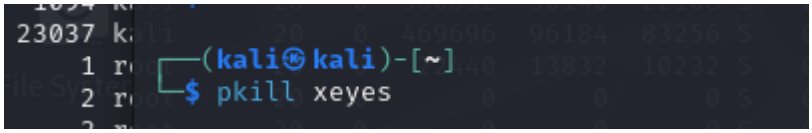
36. Open the interactive process viewer and identify a process by its PID.



37. Kill a process with a specific PID.



38. Start an application and stop it using a command that kills processes by name(exeyes).



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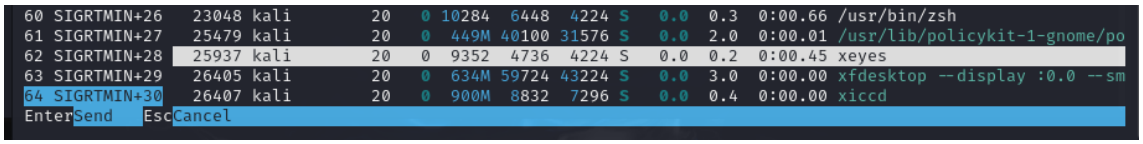
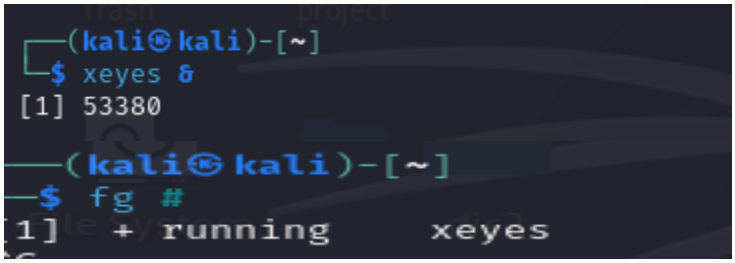
39. Restart the application, then stop it using the interactive process viewer.



40. Run a command in the background, then bring it to the foreground(exeyes).



41. Check how long the system has been running.

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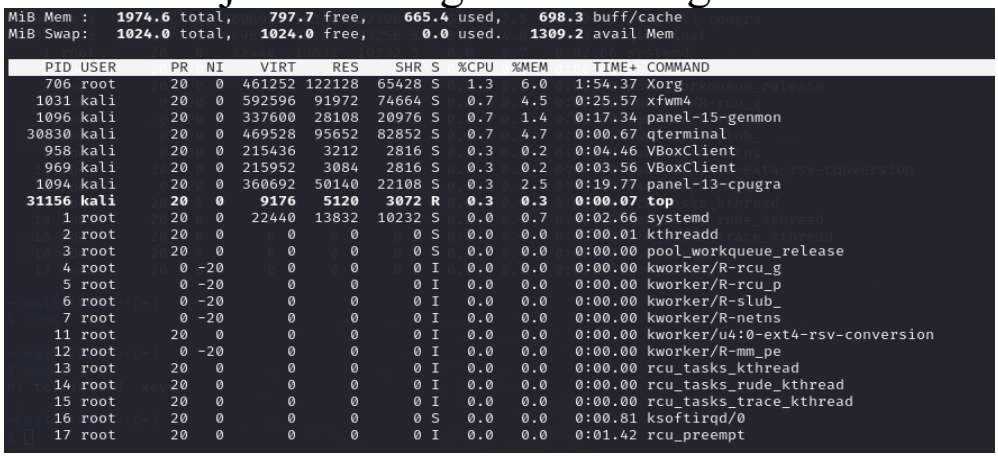
42. List all jobs running in the background.

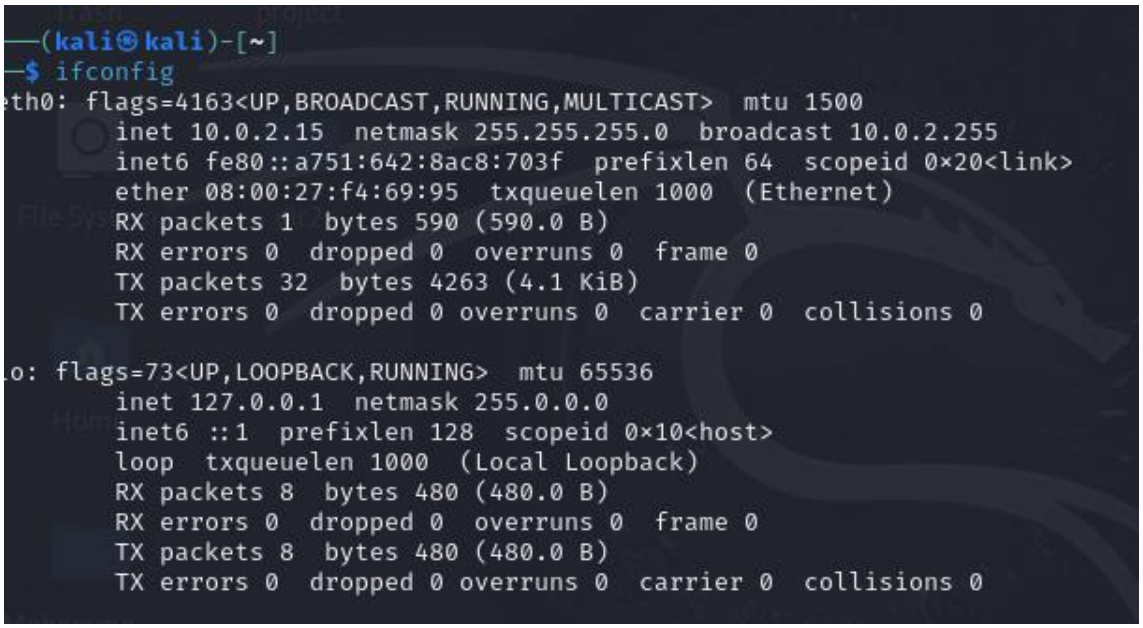


```
MiB Mem :   1974.6 total,    797.7 free,    665.4 used,    698.3 buff/cache
MiB Swap:   1024.0 total,   1024.0 free,      0.0 used.   1309.2 avail Mem

    PID USER      PR  NI    VIRT    RES    SHR S  %CPU  %MEM     TIME+ COMMAND
    706 root      20   0  461252 122128  65428 S   1.3   6.0   1:54.37 Xorg
   1031 kali      20   0  592596  91972  74664 S   0.7   4.5   0:25.57 xfwm4
   1096 kali      20   0  337600  28108  20976 S   0.7   1.4   0:17.34 panel-15-genmon
  30830 kali      20   0  469528  95652  82852 S   0.7   4.7   0:00.67 qterminal
    958 kali      20   0  215436   3212   2816 S   0.3   0.2   0:04.46 VBoxClient
    969 kali      20   0  215952   3084   2816 S   0.3   0.2   0:03.56 VBoxClient
   1094 kali      20   0  360692  50140  22108 S   0.3   2.5   0:19.77 panel-13-cpugra
  31156 kali      20   0    9176   5120   3072 R   0.3   0.3   0:00.07 top
      1 root      20   0   22440  13832  10232 S   0.0   0.7   0:02.66 systemd
      2 root      20   0       0      0      0 S   0.0   0.0   0:00.01 kthreadd
      3 root      20   0       0      0      0 S   0.0   0.0   0:00.00 pool_workqueue_release
      4 root       0 -20       0      0      0 I   0.0   0.0   0:00.00 kworker/R-rcu_g
      5 root       0 -20       0      0      0 I   0.0   0.0   0:00.00 kworker/R-rcu_p
      6 root       0 -20       0      0      0 I   0.0   0.0   0:00.00 kworker/R-slub_
      7 root       0 -20       0      0      0 I   0.0   0.0   0:00.00 kworker/R-netns
     11 root      20   0       0      0      0 I   0.0   0.0   0:00.00 kworker/u4:0-ext4-rsv-conversion
     12 root       0 -20       0      0      0 I   0.0   0.0   0:00.00 kworker/R-mm_pe
     13 root      20   0       0      0      0 I   0.0   0.0   0:00.00 rcu_tasks_kthread
     14 root      20   0       0      0      0 I   0.0   0.0   0:00.00 rcu_tasks_rude_kthread
     15 root      20   0       0      0      0 I   0.0   0.0   0:00.00 rcu_tasks_trace_kthread
     16 root      20   0       0      0      0 S   0.0   0.0   0:00.81 ksoftirqd/0
     17 root      20   0       0      0      0 I   0.0   0.0   0:01.42 rcu_preempt
```

Networking Commands

43. Display the network configuration.



```
┌──(kali㉿kali)-[~]
└─$ ifconfig
eth0: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST>  mtu 1500
        inet 10.0.2.15  netmask 255.255.255.0  broadcast 10.0.2.255
        inet6 fe80::a751:642:8ac8:703f  prefixlen 64  scopeid 0x20<link>
        ether 08:00:27:f4:69:95  txqueuelen 1000  (Ethernet)
        RX packets 1  bytes 590 (590.0 B)
        RX errors 0  dropped 0  overruns 0  frame 0
        TX packets 32  bytes 4263 (4.1 KiB)
        TX errors 0  dropped 0 overruns 0  carrier 0  collisions 0

lo: flags=73<UP,LOOPBACK,RUNNING>  mtu 65536
        inet 127.0.0.1  netmask 255.0.0.0
        inet6 ::1  prefixlen 128  scopeid 0x10<host>
        loop  txqueuelen 1000  (Local Loopback)
        RX packets 8  bytes 480 (480.0 B)
        RX errors 0  dropped 0  overruns 0  frame 0
        TX packets 8  bytes 480 (480.0 B)
        TX errors 0  dropped 0 overruns 0  carrier 0  collisions 0
```

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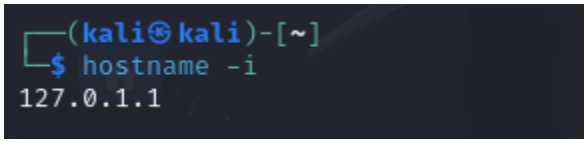
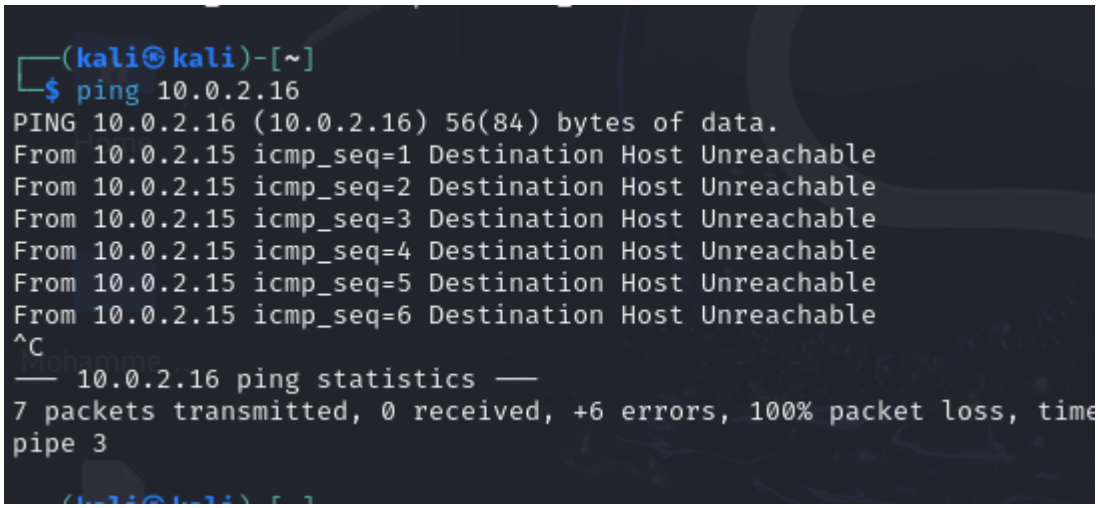
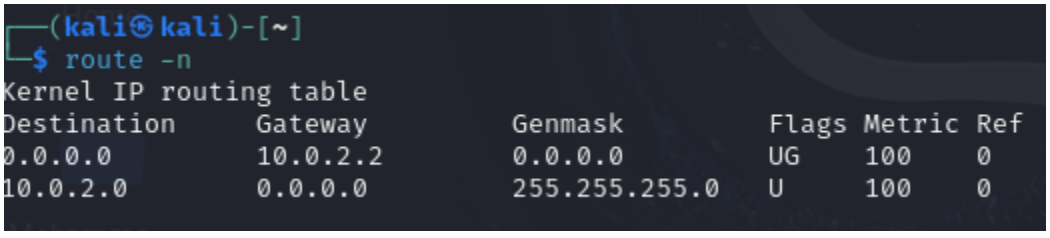
44. Check the IP address of your machine.



45. Test connectivity to an external server.



46. Display the routing table.



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47. Check the open ports and active connections.

```
┌──(kali㉿kali)-[~]
└─$ netstat -tuln
Active Internet connections (only servers)
Proto Recv-Q Send-Q Local Address           Foreign Address
```

48. Show the IP address of the host machine and the VM, and verify if they are on the same network.

```
┌──(kali㉿kali)-[~]
└─$ ifconfig #
eth0: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST>  mtu 1500
        inet 10.0.2.15  netmask 255.255.255.0  broadcast 10.0.2.255
        inet6 fe80::a751:642:8ac8:703f  prefixlen 64  scopeid 0x20<link>
        ether 08:00:27:f4:69:95  txqueuelen 1000  (Ethernet)
        RX packets 1  bytes 590 (590.0 B)
        RX errors 0  dropped 0  overruns 0  frame 0
        TX packets 54  bytes 5585 (5.4 KiB)
        TX errors 0  dropped 0 overruns 0  carrier 0  collisions 0

lo: flags=73<UP,LOOPBACK,RUNNING>  mtu 65536
        inet 127.0.0.1  netmask 255.0.0.0
        inet6 ::1  prefixlen 128  scopeid 0x10<host>
        loop  txqueuelen 1000  (Local Loopback)
        RX packets 43  bytes 3820 (3.7 KiB)
        RX errors 0  dropped 0  overruns 0  frame 0
        TX packets 43  bytes 3820 (3.7 KiB)
        TX errors 0  dropped 0 overruns 0  carrier 0  collisions 0
```

49. Trace the route to an external server.

```
┌──(kali㉿kali)-[~]
└─$ traceroute google.com
google.com: Temporary failure in name resolution
Cannot handle "host" cmdline arg `google.com' on position 1 (argc 1)
```

50. Find out the default gateway.

```
┌──(kali㉿kali)-[~]
└─$ ip route |grep default
default via 10.0.2.2 dev eth0 proto dhcp src 10.0.2.15 metric 100
```

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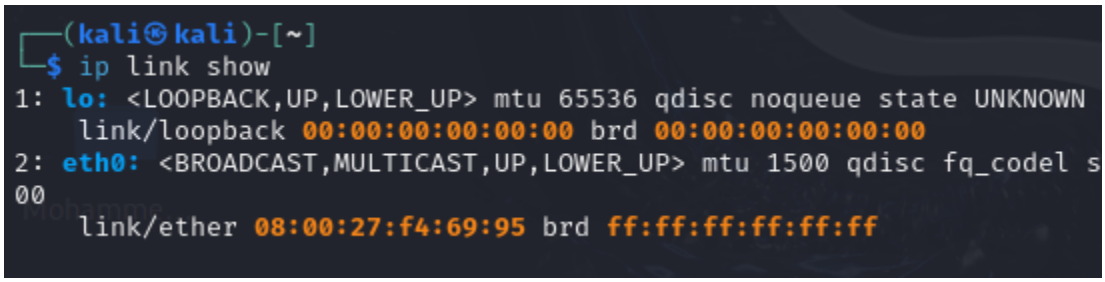
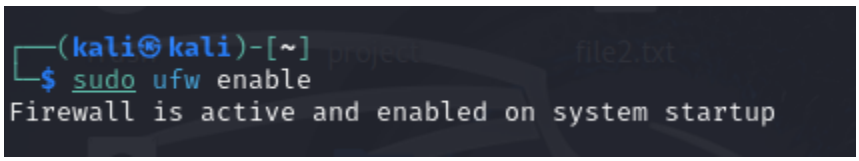
51. Check the MAC address of your network interface.



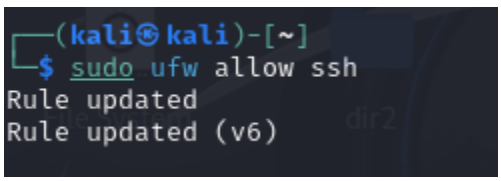
52. Ensure that the VM can access external networks.

UFW Firewall

53. Enable the firewall.



54. Allow SSH connections through the firewall.



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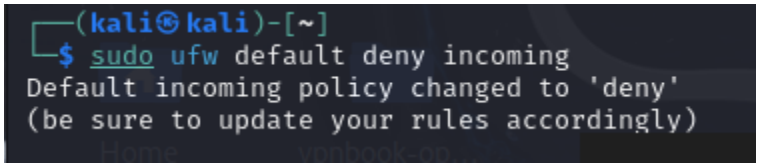
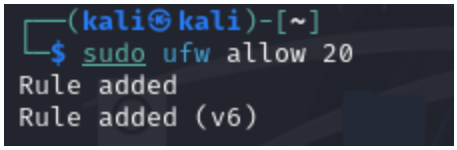
55. Deny all incoming traffic by default.



56. Allow HTTP and HTTPS traffic.

57. Allow port 20



58. Reset the firewall settings.

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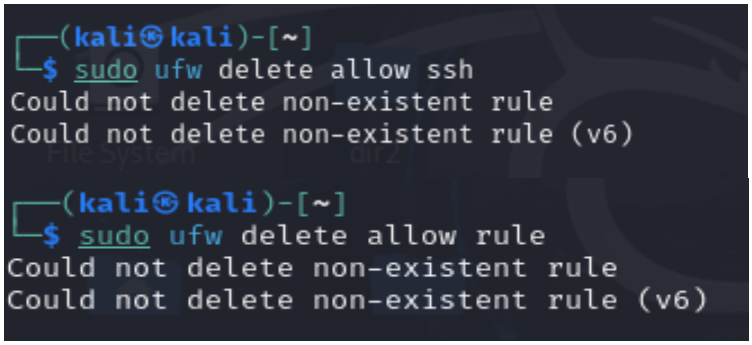
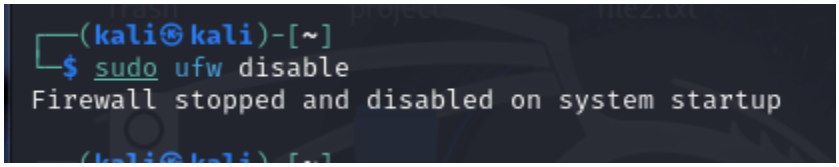
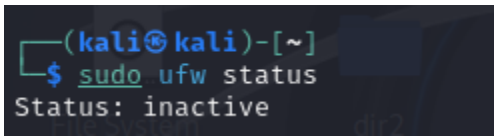
59. Delete a rule from the firewall.



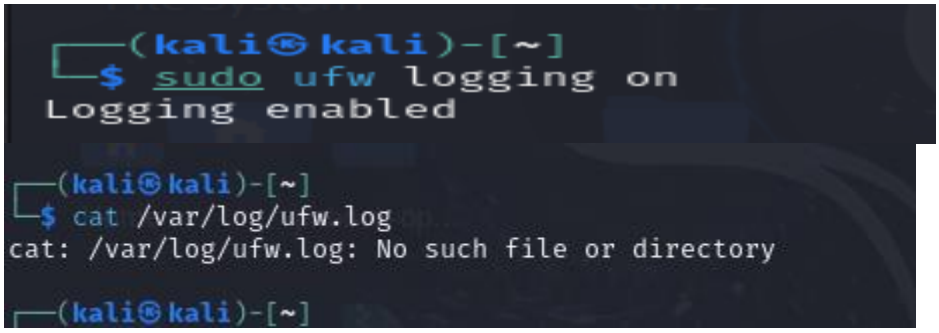
60. Disable the firewall.



61. View the status of the firewall.



62. Log firewall activity and view it.



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Searching and System Information

63. Delete the command history.

64. Search for a kali in the `/etc/passwd` file.

65. Search for a kali in the `/etc/group` file

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66. Locate the `passwd` file.

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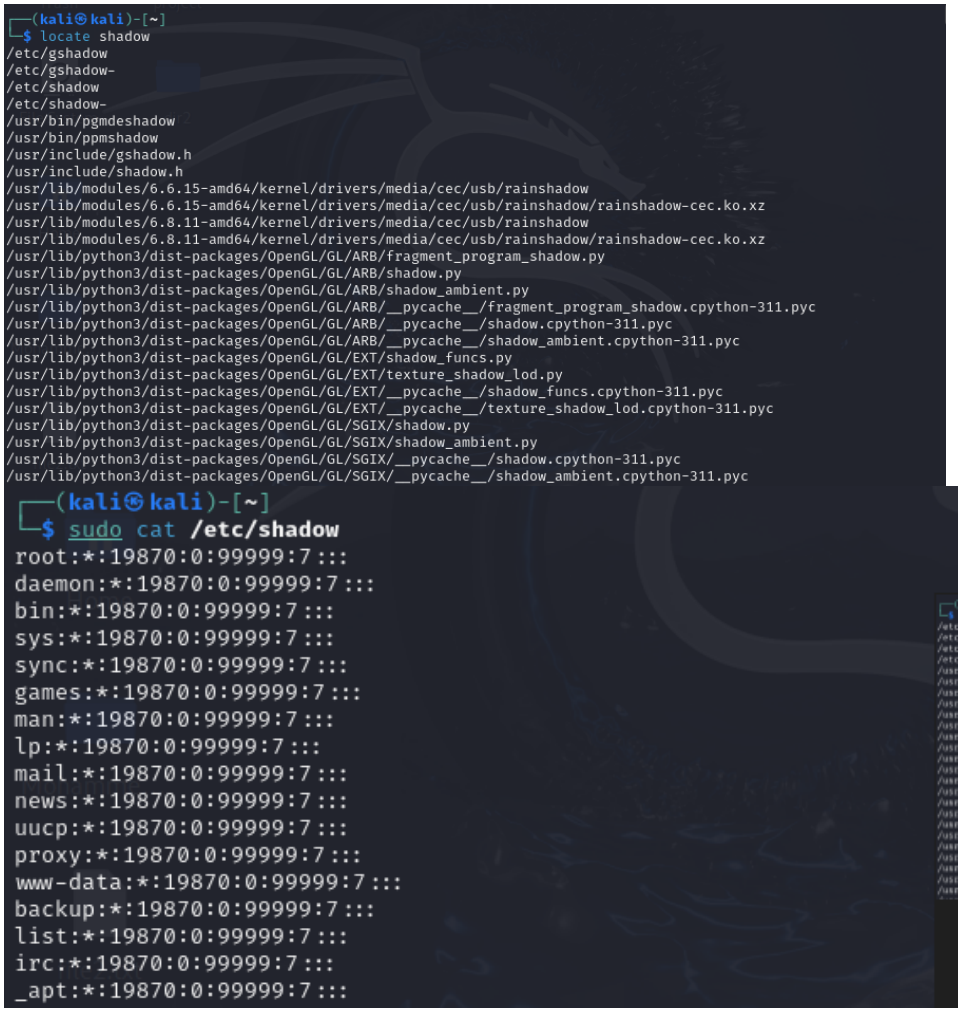
67. Locate the shadow file and open it.



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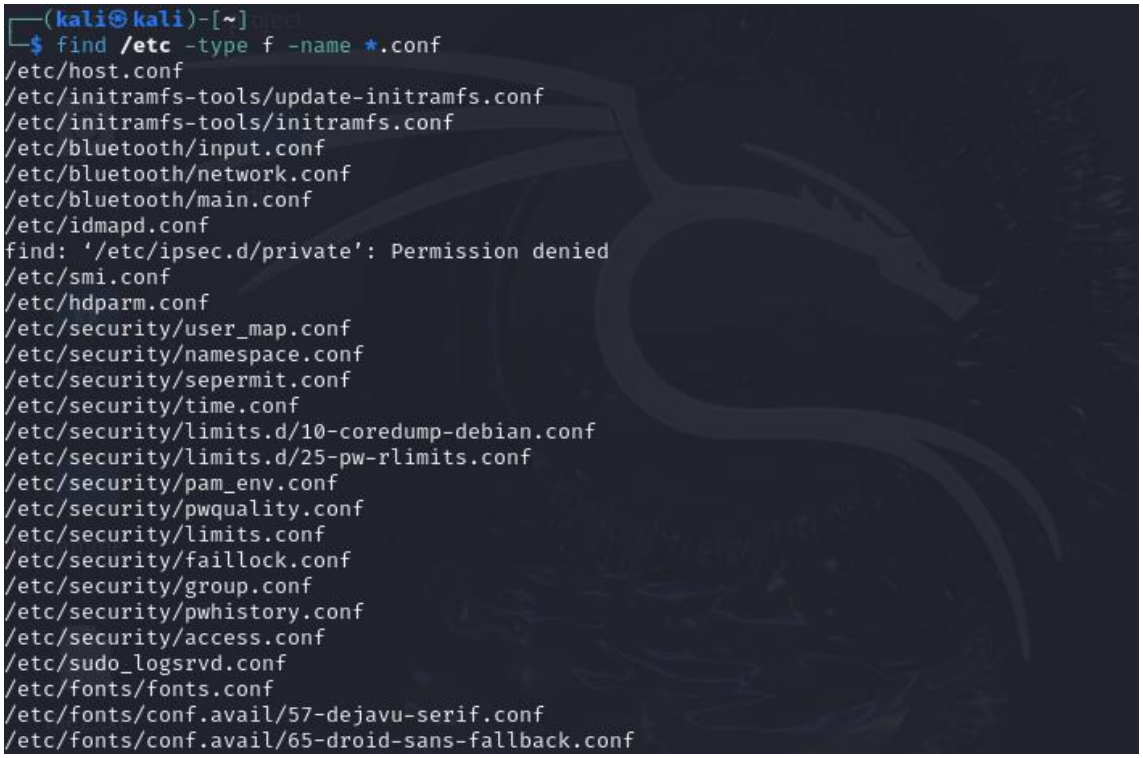
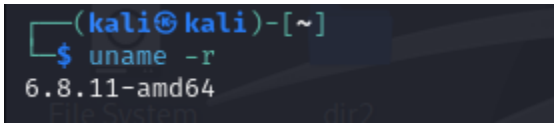
68. Search for all configuration files in the `/etc` directory.



69. Search recursively for a specific word in the `/var/log` directory.

70. View the system's kernel version.



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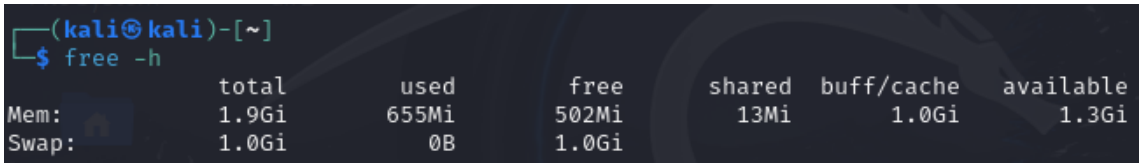
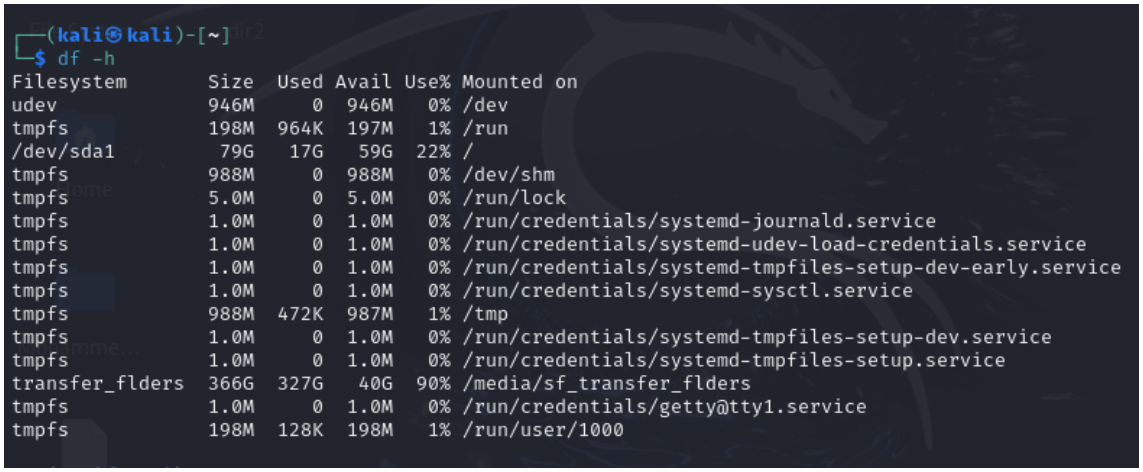
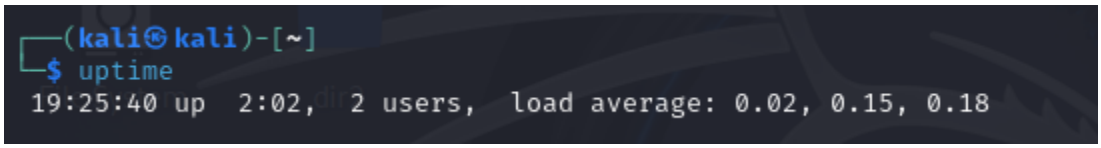
71. Display the system’s memory usage.



72. Show the system’s disk usage.



73. Check the system's uptime and load average.



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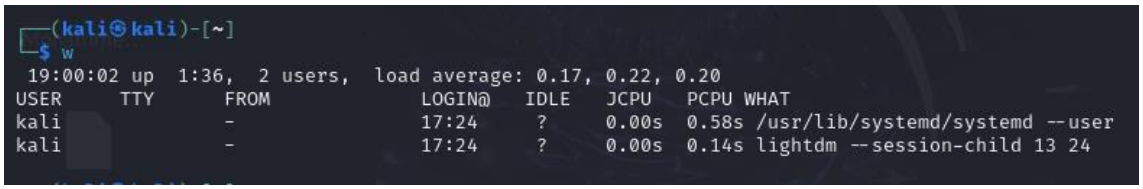
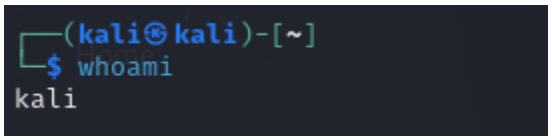
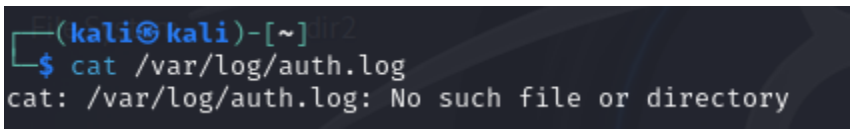
74. Display the current logged-in users.



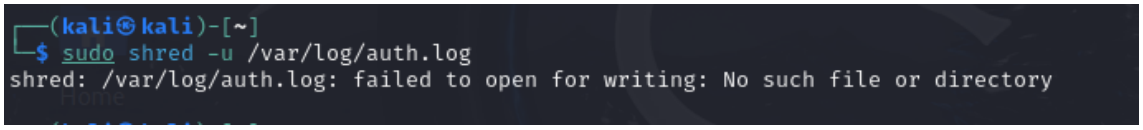
75. Check the identity of the current user.



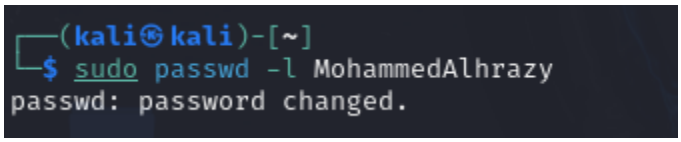
76. View the `/var/log/auth.log` file.



77. Shred the `auth.log` file securely.



78. How do you lock a user account to prevent them from logging in.



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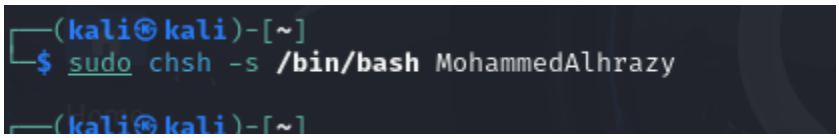
79. What command would you use to change a user's default shell.



80. Display the system's boot messages