

<b>Started on</b>	Friday, 14 March 2025, 2:46 PM
<b>State</b>	Finished
<b>Completed on</b>	Friday, 14 March 2025, 3:41 PM
<b>Time taken</b>	54 mins 46 secs
<b>Grade</b>	<b>100.00</b> out of 100.00

## Question 1

Correct

Mark 20.00 out of 20.00

Write a Python Program to print factorial of a number recursively.

For example:

Input	Result
5	Factorial of number 5 = 120
6	Factorial of number 6 = 720

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 def factorial(n):
2     if n == 0 or n == 1:
3         return 1
4     return n * factorial(n - 1)
5
6 num = int(input())
7 print(f"Factorial of number {num} = {factorial(num)}")
8
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	5	Factorial of number 5 = 120	Factorial of number 5 = 120	✓
✓	6	Factorial of number 6 = 720	Factorial of number 6 = 720	✓
✓	7	Factorial of number 7 = 5040	Factorial of number 7 = 5040	✓
✓	8	Factorial of number 8 = 40320	Factorial of number 8 = 40320	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Submit

Marks for this submission: 20.00/20.00.

## Question 2

Correct

Mark 20.00 out of 20.00

Write a python program to implement merge sort using iterative approach on the given list of float values.

For example:

Test	Input	Result
Merge_Sort(S)	5 10.2 21.3 3.5 7.8 9.8	The Original array is: [10.2, 21.3, 3.5, 7.8, 9.8] Array after sorting is: [3.5, 7.8, 9.8, 10.2, 21.3]
Merge_Sort(S)	6 20.3 41.2 5.3 6.2 8.1 65.2	The Original array is: [20.3, 41.2, 5.3, 6.2, 8.1, 65.2] Array after sorting is: [5.3, 6.2, 8.1, 20.3, 41.2, 65.2]

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1 def Merge_Sort(S):
2     n = len(S)
3     current_size = 1
4
5     while current_size < n:
6         left = 0
7         while left < n - 1:
8             mid = min(left + current_size - 1, n - 1)
9             right = min(left + 2 * current_size - 1, n - 1)
10
11             merge(S, left, mid, right)
12             left += 2 * current_size
13
14         current_size *= 2
15
16
17 def merge(S, left, mid, right):
18     n1 = mid - left + 1
19     n2 = right - mid
20
21     L = [S[left + i] for i in range(n1)]
22     R = [S[mid + 1 + i] for i in range(n2)]

```

	Test	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	Merge_Sort(S)	5 10.2 21.3 3.5 7.8 9.8	The Original array is: [10.2, 21.3, 3.5, 7.8, 9.8] Array after sorting is: [3.5, 7.8, 9.8, 10.2, 21.3]	The Original array is: [10.2, 21.3, 3.5, 7.8, 9.8] Array after sorting is: [3.5, 7.8, 9.8, 10.2, 21.3]	✓

	Test	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	Merge_Sort(S)	6 20.3 41.2 5.3 6.2 8.1 65.2	The Original array is: [20.3, 41.2, 5.3, 6.2, 8.1, 65.2] Array after sorting is: [5.3, 6.2, 8.1, 20.3, 41.2, 65.2]	The Original array is: [20.3, 41.2, 5.3, 6.2, 8.1, 65.2] Array after sorting is: [5.3, 6.2, 8.1, 20.3, 41.2, 65.2]	✓
✓	Merge_Sort(S)	4 2.3 6.1 4.5 96.5	The Original array is: [2.3, 6.1, 4.5, 96.5] Array after sorting is: [2.3, 4.5, 6.1, 96.5]	The Original array is: [2.3, 6.1, 4.5, 96.5] Array after sorting is: [2.3, 4.5, 6.1, 96.5]	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 20.00/20.00.

## Question 3

Correct

Mark 20.00 out of 20.00

Write a python program to implement linear search on the given tuple of float values.

note: As the tuple is immutable convert the list to tuple to perform search

For example:

Input	Result
5 3.2 1.5 6.4 7.8 9.5 6.4	Tuple: 6.4 found
6 3.2 1.2 3.4 5.3 6.2 6.8 6.2	Tuple: 6.2 found

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1 def length(k, n):
2     for i in k:
3         if i == n:
4             print("Tuple:", n, "found")
5             return
6     print("Tuple:",n, "not found")
7
8 arr = int(input())
9 k = []
10 for _ in range(arr):
11     k.append(input())
12 n = input()
13 length(k, n)
14

```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	5 3.2 1.5 6.4 7.8 9.5 6.4	Tuple: 6.4 found	Tuple: 6.4 found	✓

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	6 3.2 1.2 3.4 5.3 6.2 6.8 6.2	Tuple: 6.2 found	Tuple: 6.2 found	✓
✓	4 2.1 3.2 6.5 4.5 3.5	Tuple: 3.5 not found	Tuple: 3.5 not found	✓

Passed all tests! ✓



Marks for this submission: 20.00/20.00.

## Question 4

Correct

Mark 20.00 out of 20.00

Write a python program to implement binary search on the given list of string values using iterative method

For example:

Test	Input	Result
binarySearchAppr(arr, 0, len(arr)-1, x)	5 one two three four five two	Element is present at index 4
binarySearchAppr(arr, 0, len(arr)-1, x)	6 one three five seven nine eleven thirteen	Element is not present in array

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1 def binarySearchAppr(arr, low,high, x):
2     while(low<=high):
3         mid=(low+high)//2
4         if arr[mid]==x:
5             return mid
6         elif x<arr[mid]:
7             high=mid-1
8         else:
9             low=mid+1
10    return -1
11 n=int(input());
12 arr=[];
13 for i in range(n):
14     arr.append(input())
15 x=input()
16 arr.sort();
17 result=binarySearchAppr(arr,0,len(arr)-1,x)
18 if result>=0:
19     print("Element is present at index",result);
20 else:
21     print("Element is not present in array");

```

	Test	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	binarySearchAppr(arr, 0, len(arr)-1, x)	5 one two three four five two	Element is present at index 4	Element is present at index 4	✓

	Test	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	binarySearchAppr(arr, 0, len(arr)-1, x)	6 one three five seven nine eleven thirteen	Element is not present in array	Element is not present in array	✓
✓	binarySearchAppr(arr, 0, len(arr)-1, x)	4 two four six eight six	Element is present at index 2	Element is present at index 2	✓

Passed all tests! ✓



Marks for this submission: 20.00/20.00.



## Question 5

Correct

Mark 20.00 out of 20.00

Write a python program to implement quick sort on the given float values and print the sorted list and pivot value of each iteration.

For example:

Input	Result
5	Input List
2.3	[2.3, 3.2, 1.6, 4.2, 3.9]
3.2	pivot: 2.3
1.6	pivot: 3.2
4.2	pivot: 4.2
3.9	Sorted List
	[1.6, 2.3, 3.2, 3.9, 4.2]
4	Input List
5	[5.0, 2.0, 49.0, 3.0]
2	pivot: 5.0
49	pivot: 3.0
3	Sorted List
	[2.0, 3.0, 5.0, 49.0]

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1
2
3
4 def partition(arr, low, high):
5     pivot = arr[low]
6     i = low + 1
7     j = high
8
9     while True:
10         while i <= j and arr[i] <= pivot:
11             i += 1
12         while i <= j and arr[j] > pivot:
13             j -= 1
14         if i <= j:
15             arr[i], arr[j] = arr[j], arr[i]
16         else:
17             break
18
19     arr[low], arr[j] = arr[j], arr[low]
20     return j
21
22 def quick_sort(arr, low, high):

```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	5	Input List	Input List	✓
	2.3	[2.3, 3.2, 1.6, 4.2, 3.9]	[2.3, 3.2, 1.6, 4.2, 3.9]	
	3.2	pivot: 2.3	pivot: 2.3	
	1.6	pivot: 3.2	pivot: 3.2	
	4.2	pivot: 4.2	pivot: 4.2	
	3.9	Sorted List	Sorted List	
		[1.6, 2.3, 3.2, 3.9, 4.2]	[1.6, 2.3, 3.2, 3.9, 4.2]	

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	4 5 2 49 3	Input List [5.0, 2.0, 49.0, 3.0] pivot: 5.0 pivot: 3.0 Sorted List [2.0, 3.0, 5.0, 49.0]	Input List [5.0, 2.0, 49.0, 3.0] pivot: 5.0 pivot: 3.0 Sorted List [2.0, 3.0, 5.0, 49.0]	✓
✓	6 3.1 4.2 5.1 2.3 7.4 5.9	Input List [3.1, 4.2, 5.1, 2.3, 7.4, 5.9] pivot: 3.1 pivot: 5.1 pivot: 7.4 Sorted List [2.3, 3.1, 4.2, 5.1, 5.9, 7.4]	Input List [3.1, 4.2, 5.1, 2.3, 7.4, 5.9] pivot: 3.1 pivot: 5.1 pivot: 7.4 Sorted List [2.3, 3.1, 4.2, 5.1, 5.9, 7.4]	✓

Passed all tests! ✓



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