```
In [1]:
        import tensorflow as tf
        from keras.utils import np_utils
        from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
        import numpy as np
In [2]: import keras
        LOADING AND SPLITTING THE DATA
In [3]:
        (X_train, y_train), (X_test, y_test) = keras.datasets.cifar10.load_data()
In [4]: print('Training Images: {}'.format(X_train.shape))
        print('Testing Images: {}'.format(X_test.shape))
        Training Images: (50000, 32, 32, 3)
        Testing Images: (10000, 32, 32, 3)
In [5]: print(X_train[0].shape)
        (32, 32, 3)
In [6]:
        for i in range(332,336):
            plt.subplot(120+1+i)
            img = X_train[i]
            plt.imshow(img)
            plt.show()
```

```
In [7]:

X_train = X_train.reshape(X_train.shape[0], 32, 32, 3)
X_test = X_test.reshape(X_test.shape[0], 32, 32, 3)
X_train = X_train.astype('float32')
X_test = X_test.astype('float32')

X_train /= 255
X_test=X_test/255
n_classes = 10

print("Shape before one-hot encoding: ", y_train.shape)
Y_train = np_utils.to_categorical(y_train, n_classes)
Y_test = np_utils.to_categorical(y_test, n_classes)
print("Shape after one-hot encoding: ", Y_train.shape)
```

BUILDING THE MODEL

Shape before one-hot encoding: (50000, 1) Shape after one-hot encoding: (50000, 10)

```
In [8]:
      from keras.models import Sequential
      from keras.layers import Dense, Dropout, Conv2D, MaxPool2D, Flatten
      model = Sequential()
      #convolutional layers
      model.add(Conv2D(50, kernel_size=(3,3), strides=(1,1), padding='same', activation='relu
      model.add(Conv2D(75, kernel_size=(3,3), strides=(1,1), padding='same', activation='relu
      model.add(MaxPool2D(pool_size=(2,2)))
      model.add(Dropout(0.25))
      model.add(Conv2D(125, kernel_size=(3,3), strides=(1,1), padding='same', activation='rel
      model.add(MaxPool2D(pool_size=(2,2)))
      model.add(Dropout(0.25))
      model.add(Flatten())
      # hidden Layer
      model.add(Dense(500, activation='relu'))
      model.add(Dropout(0.4))
      model.add(Dense(250, activation='relu'))
      model.add(Dropout(0.3))
      # output layer
      model.add(Dense(10, activation='softmax'))
      # compiling
      model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'], optimizer='adam')
      # training the model
      model.fit(X_train, Y_train, batch_size=128, epochs=10, validation_data=(X_test, Y_test))
      Epoch 1/10
      0.4057 - val loss: 1.1868 - val accuracy: 0.5725
      Epoch 2/10
      391/391 [============== ] - 236s 603ms/step - loss: 1.1267 - accuracy:
      0.5973 - val_loss: 0.9726 - val_accuracy: 0.6537
      Epoch 3/10
      0.6693 - val loss: 0.8126 - val accuracy: 0.7153
      0.7104 - val loss: 0.7832 - val accuracy: 0.7344
      Epoch 5/10
      0.7384 - val loss: 0.7224 - val accuracy: 0.7529
      Epoch 6/10
      0.7598 - val_loss: 0.6891 - val_accuracy: 0.7622
      Epoch 7/10
      391/391 [================= ] - 217s 556ms/step - loss: 0.6326 - accuracy:
      0.7798 - val_loss: 0.6596 - val_accuracy: 0.7685
      Epoch 8/10
      0.7950 - val_loss: 0.6563 - val_accuracy: 0.7758
      Epoch 9/10
      391/391 [================== ] - 217s 554ms/step - loss: 0.5397 - accuracy:
      0.8101 - val_loss: 0.6478 - val_accuracy: 0.7765
      Epoch 10/10
      0.8221 - val_loss: 0.6460 - val_accuracy: 0.7871
```

Out[8]: <tensorflow.python.keras.callbacks.History at 0x2650da48340>

PREDICTING

```
In [9]: classes = range(0,10)
         names = ['airplane',
                 'automobile',
                 'bird',
                 'cat',
                 'deer',
                 'dog',
                 'frog',
                 'horse',
                 'ship',
                 'truck']
         # zip the names and classes to make a dictionary of class_labels
         class labels = dict(zip(classes, names))
         # generate batch of 9 images to predict
         batch = X_test[100:109]
         labels = np.argmax(Y_test[100:109],axis=-1)
         # make predictions
         predictions = model.predict(batch, verbose = 1)
         In [10]: | print (predictions)
         [[6.62275299e-04 2.08798701e-05 1.73586644e-02 3.20912302e-02
           6.77367747e-01 1.17048189e-01 7.34696339e-04 1.54376432e-01
           1.94164153e-04 1.45675003e-04]
          [4.06096544e-04 1.56691589e-04 3.13600451e-02 5.25065899e-01
           5.34385592e-02 1.22463003e-01 2.39344224e-01 1.75825227e-02
           7.69958540e-04 9.41297878e-03]
          [3.73336320e-06 1.04613673e-06 1.43254618e-03 1.75538324e-02
           1.50167853e-05 1.13022770e-03 9.79834020e-01 2.78436783e-05
           8.20663388e-07 9.03053547e-07]
          [3.42060157e-05 4.57784472e-06 2.12435774e-03 8.76361609e-01
           7.17466697e-03 2.76180394e-02 8.62549841e-02 2.29424055e-04
           4.44794023e-05 1.53614499e-04]
          [6.16439320e-06 9.95885193e-01 5.15927612e-09 5.35385070e-09
           1.87039065e-10 5.68557770e-11 4.49718618e-09 3.64494657e-10
           1.44155987e-04 3.96451680e-031
          [5.52665824e-07 9.98052359e-01 3.28795302e-08 3.55554050e-07
           4.23005658e-10 5.70011096e-08 4.68998422e-07 1.94774835e-10
           4.60435149e-06 1.94154901e-03]
          [4.61585447e-02 1.23705007e-02 3.77463289e-02 3.59680206e-01
           5.87779470e-03 2.04456538e-01 2.16899171e-01 2.21284642e-03
           1.00540623e-01 1.40575105e-02]
          [7.47478452e-08 5.41297052e-09 1.33436784e-04 1.88222519e-04
           5.14796520e-05 2.47998719e-06 9.99624252e-01 9.42762135e-09
           4.65350913e-09 1.49992090e-08]
          [1.49097177e-04 4.77945694e-04 1.19821789e-06 8.67436313e-07
           6.30787467e-09 1.05506395e-07 1.79891913e-07 1.31341329e-08
           9.99369681e-01 9.62393983e-07]]
```

```
In [11]: for image in predictions:
               print(np.sum(image))
           1.0
           1.0
           1.0
           0.9999994
           1.0
           1.0
           1.0000001
           0.9999994
           1.0000001
In [12]:
           class_result = np.argmax(predictions,axis=-1)
           print (class_result)
           [4 3 6 3 1 1 3 6 8]
           FINAL OBJECT DETECTION
In [13]:
           fig, axs = plt.subplots(3, 3, figsize = (19,6))
           fig.subplots_adjust(hspace = 1)
           axs = axs.flatten()
           for i, img in enumerate(batch):
               for key, value in class_labels.items():
                    if class_result[i] == key:
                         title = 'Prediction: {}\nActual: {}'.format(class_labels[key], class_labels|
                         axs[i].set_title(title)
                         axs[i].axes.get_xaxis().set_visible(False)
                         axs[i].axes.get_yaxis().set_visible(False)
               # plot the image
               axs[i].imshow(img)
           # show the plot
           plt.show()
           Prediction: deer
                                                       Prediction: cat
                                                                                                  Prediction: frog
             Actual: deer
                                                        Actual: dog
                                                                                                   Actual: frog
            Prediction: cat
                                                    Prediction: automobile
                                                                                                Prediction: automobile
                                                                                                 Actual: automobile
             Actual: cat
                                                      Actual: automobile
            Prediction: cat
                                                       Prediction: frog
                                                                                                  Prediction: ship
             Actual: cat
                                                        Actual: frog
                                                                                                   Actual: ship
```

In []:

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