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Foundations of Computer Science

Homework #1 - Basics + Using Latex

Problems: 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9

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- 0.1 Examine the following formal descriptions of sets so that you understand which members they contain. Write a short informal English description of each set.
 - a. $\{1, 3, 5, 7, ...\}$

This is a set of all real odd numbers.

b. $\{..., -4, -2, 0, 2, 4, ...\}$

This is a set of all positive and negative even numbers.

c. $\{n \mid n = 2m \text{ for some } m \text{ in } N\}$

This is a set of all even positive numbers.

- d. $\{n \mid n = 2m \text{ for some } m \text{ in } N, \text{ and } n = 3k \text{ for some } k \text{ in } N\}$ This is a set of all positive numbers which are also a multiple of six.
- e. $\{w|\ w=is\ a\ string\ of\ 0s\ and\ 1s\ and\ w\ equals\ the\ reverse\ of\ w\}$ This is a set of all binary palindrome strings, which are strings that are the same when read forward or backwards.
- f. $\{n \mid n \text{ is an integer and } n = n + 1\}$ This is an empty set: \emptyset
- 0.2 Write formal descriptions of the following sets.
 - a. The set containing the numbers 1, 10, and 100 $\{1, 10, 100\}$
 - b. The set containing all integers that are greater than 5 $\{n \in \mathbb{Z} \mid n > 5\}$
 - c. The set containing all natural numbers that are less than 5 $\{n \in \mathbb{N} \mid n < 5\}$

- d. The set containing the string aba $\{aba\}$
- e. The set containing the empty string $\{\epsilon\}$
- f. The set containing nothing at all $\{\emptyset\}$
- 0.3 Let A be the set $\{x, y, z\}$ and B be the set $\{x, y\}$
 - a. Is A a subset of B?

No, A is not a subset of B because "z" is not in B, and to be a subset of another set all elements of A must be contained in B.

b. Is B a subset of A?

Yes, B is a subset of A because all elements in B are contained in A.

c. What is $A \cup B$?

$$A \cup B = \{x, y, z\}$$

d. What is $A \cap B$?

$$A \cap B = \{x, y\}$$

e. What is $A \times B$?

$$A \times B = \{(x, x), (x, y), (y, x), (y, y), (z, x), (z, y)\}$$

f. What is the power set of B?

$$P(B) = \{\emptyset, \{x\}, \{y\}, \{x, y\}\}$$

0.4 If A has a elements and B has b elements, how many elements are in $A \times B$? Explain your answer

For every element in A, there are B ordered pairs. This means that there will be A * B elements

- 0.5 If C is a set with c elements, how many elements are in the power set of C? Explain your answer.
 - If |C| = c, then $P(C) = 2^{C}$. This is because if a set has n members, then the power set will have 2^{n} members.

As an example, consider set A: $\{1, 2, 3\}$:

subsets:
$$\{1\}$$
, $\{2\}$, $\{3\}$, $\{1,2\}$, $\{1,3\}$, $\{2,3\}$ as well as $\{1,2,3\}$ and the empty set of $\{\}$

When we combine all of these sets, we get the powerset:

$$P(A) = \{\{\}, \{1\}, \{2\}, \{3\}, \{1, 2\}, \{1, 3\}, \{2, 3\}, \{1, 2, 3\}\}$$

There are 3 elements in set A with 8, and $2^3 = 8$, which shows that $P(C) = 2^C$.

- 0.6
 - a. The value of f(2) is 7.
 - b. The domain of f is X and the range is Y.
 - c. The value of g(2, 10) is 6.
 - d. The domain of g is $X \times Y$ and the range is Y.
 - e. g(4, f(4)) is equal to g(4,7) which equals 8.
- 0.7 For each part, give a relation that satisfies the condition.
 - a. Reflexive and symmetric but not transitive Set A contains {1,2,3}

$$R = \{(1,1), (2,2), (3,3), (2,1), (1,2)\}$$

b. Reflexive and transitive but not symmetric

Set B contains
$$\{1, 2, 3\}$$

 $R = \{(1, 2), (2, 1), (2, 2), (1, 1)\}$

c. Symmetric and transitive but not reflexive Set C contains 1, 2, 3

$$R = \{(1, 2), (2, 1), (1, 1), (2, 2)\}$$

0.8

Node 1 has a degree of 3

Node 2 has a degree of 3

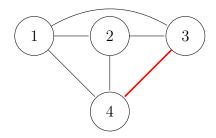
Node 3 has a degree of 3

Node 4 has a degree of 3

Note: before we $3 \rightarrow 4$ was added, node 3

had a degree of 2 and node 4 has a degree of 2.

The graph looks like:



0.9 Write a formal description of the following graph.

$$G = (V, E)$$
 where $V = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$ and $E = \{(1,4), (1,5), (1,6), (2,4), (2,5), (2,6), (3,4), (3,5), (3,6)\}$

Drawn in Latex this would be:

