# STUDENT REPORT

## DETAILS

**Name**

G MOHAMMED KAIF

**Roll Number**

3BR23CA030

## EXPERIMENT

**Title**

NUMBER OF COMBINATIONS LEADING TO A PRODUCT

**Description**

Problem Statement:

You are given an array arr and a product m. Your task is to find the number of possible unique triplets whose product of elements is m.

Input Format:

- The first line contains the integer, n
- The second line contains space seperated integers of the array, arr
- The third line contains the product m.

The input will be read from the STDIN by the candidate

Output Format:

The output consists of a single integer, i.e. the count of unique triplets having product m.

The output will be matched to the candidate's output printed on the STDOUT

Example:

Input:

7

5 3 20 10 1 4 2

60

Output:

3

Explanation:

Product m:60

Possible triplets for product m: (5,4,3),(20,3,1), (10,3,2)

The count of unique triplets is 3.

**Source Code:**

```
def count_triplets(arr, n, m):
    unique_triplets = set()
    for i in range(n):
        for j in range(i + 1, n):
            for k in range(j + 1, n):
                if arr[i] * arr[j] * arr[k] == m:
                    triplet = tuple(sorted([arr[i], arr[j], arr[k]]))
                    unique_triplets.add(triplet)

    return len(unique_triplets)

# Input Reading
n = int(input())
arr = list(map(int, input().split()))
m = int(input())

result = count_triplets(arr, n, m)
print(result)
```

## RESULT

6 / 6 Test Cases Passed | 100 %