

Data Visualization Using matplotlib (Day-4)

↳ Matplotlib is a powerful plotting library for python that enables the creation of static, animated, and interactive visualization.

* `! pip install matplotlib`

* `import matplotlib.pyplot as plt`

* `x = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]`
`y = [1, 4, 9, 16, 25]`

`plt.plot(x, y)`

— then the plot will be created

if we want to add the labels

`plt.xlabel('x axis')`

`plt.ylabel('y axis')`

`plt.title("Basic Line plot")`

`plt.show()`

* Create a Customized line plot

$x = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]$

$y = [1, 4, 9, 16, 25]$

`plt.plot(x, y, color = 'red', linestyle = '-', marker = 'o', linewidth = 3, markersize = 9)`

`plt.grid(True)`

* Multiple plots:

$x = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]$

$y_1 = [1, 4, 9, 16, 25]$

$y_2 = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]$

`plt.figure(figsize = (9, 5))`

`plt.subplot(2, 2, 1)`

`plt.plot(x, y1, color = 'green')`

`plt.title("plot 1")`

`plt.subplot(2, 2, 2)`

`plt.plot(x, y1, color = 'red')`

`plt.title("plot 2")`

`plt.subplot(2, 2, 3)`

`plt.plot(x, y2, color = 'blue')`

`plt.title("plot 3")`

* Create a bar Graph

Categories = ['A', 'B', 'C', 'D', 'E']

Values = [5, 7, 3, 8, 6]

plt.bar (Categories, Values, Color = 'purple')

plt.xlabel ('Categories')

plt.ylabel ('Values')

plt.title ('Bar plot')

plt.show ()

Histograms :-

↳ They are used to represent the distribution of a dataset,

→ They divide the data into bins & Count the no. of data points in each bin

* data = [1, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5]

plt.hist (data, color = "Orange", edgecolor = "black")

* Create a scatter plot

```
x = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
```

```
y = [2, 3, 4, 5, 6]
```

```
plt.scatter(x, y, color = 'blue', markers = 'v')
```

* create a pie chart

```
labels = ['A', 'B', 'C', 'D']
```

```
sizes = [30, 20, 40, 10]
```

```
colors = ['gold', 'yellowgreen', 'lightcoral', 'lightskyblue']
```

```
explode = (0.2, 0, 0, 0)
```

```
plt.pie(sizes, explode = explode, label = labels, colors = colors,  
        autopct = '%1.1f%%',  
        shadow = True)
```

* Sales Data Visualization

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
sales_data_df = pd.read_csv('filename.csv')
```

```
sales_data_df.head(5)
```

```
sales_data_df.info()
```



```
total-sales-by-product = sales-data.df.groupby(['Product Category'])  
[('Total Revenue')] .sum()
```

```
Print (total-sales-by-product)
```

```
total-sales-by-product.plot(kind='bar', color='red')
```

* plot Sales trend Over time.

```
Sales-trend = sales-data.df.groupby(['Date']) [('Total Revenue')] .sum()
```

```
plt.plot(Sales-trend ['Date'], Sales-trend ['Total Revenue'])
```