Ex No: 7b Creation of VM, Powershell commands, Management of VMs

11/08/25

Aim:

To create, configure, and manage virtual machines using Hyper-V Manager (GUI) and PowerShell Commands.

Theory:

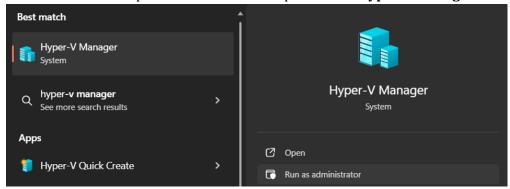
Hyper-V is Microsoft's virtualization platform that allows creation and management of **Virtual Machines (VMs)** on Windows.

- **Creation of VMs**: Using Hyper-V Manager (GUI) or PowerShell, VMs are created with assigned CPU, RAM, storage, and network resources.
- **PowerShell Commands**: Hyper-V provides cmdlets such as:
 - o New-VM → Create a VM
 - o Set-VM → Modify configuration
 - o Start-VM, Stop-VM, Restart-VM → Control VM state
 - Get-VM → View VM details
- Management of VMs: Administrators can configure, start, stop, snapshot, and monitor VMs either via Hyper-V Manager GUI or automated PowerShell scripts.

Procedure:

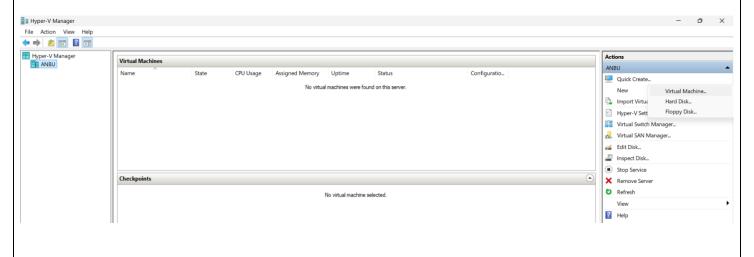
Step 1 - Open Hyper-V Manager

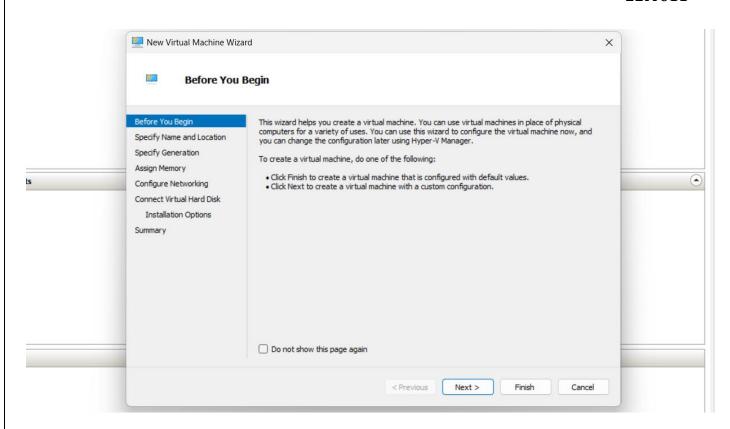
- 1. Press **Windows + S**, type Hyper-V Manager, and open it.
- 2. Ensure the host computer is listed in the left pane under **Hyper-V Manager**.



Step 2 - Create a Virtual Machine using Hyper-V Manager

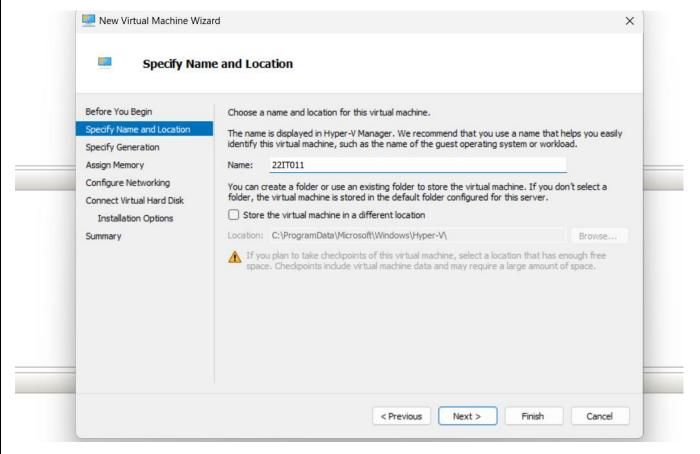
1. In the **Actions** pane (right side), click **New** → **Virtual Machine**.





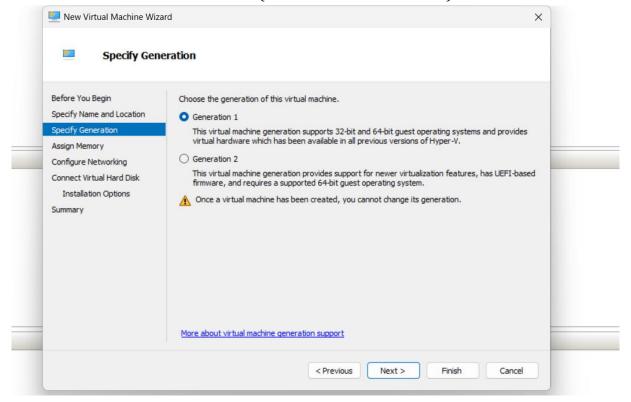
2. Follow the wizard:

Name: Enter a name for the VM.

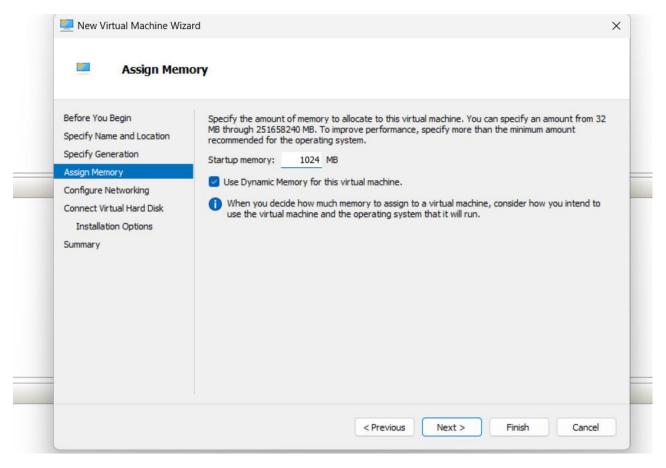


o Generation:

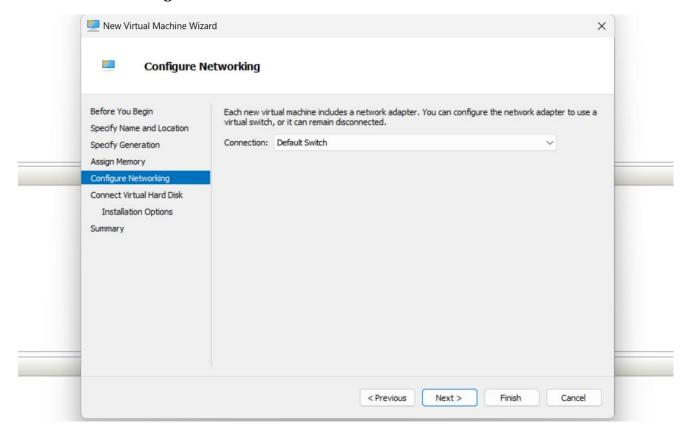
- Gen $1 \rightarrow BIOS$ -based OS
- Gen 2 → UEFI-based OS (recommended for modern OS)



Memory: Assign startup memory.

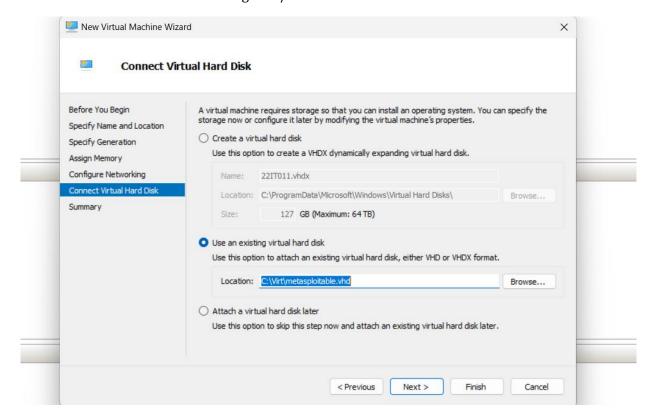


o **Networking**: Select a Virtual Switch.

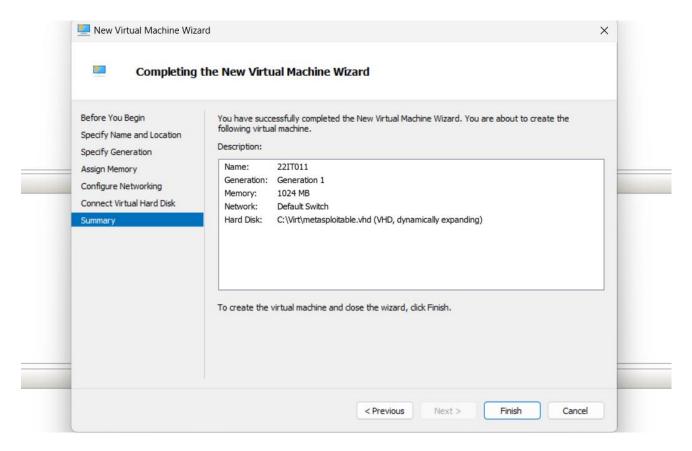


O Virtual Hard Disk:

- Create a new disk
- Or attach an existing VHD/VHDX file

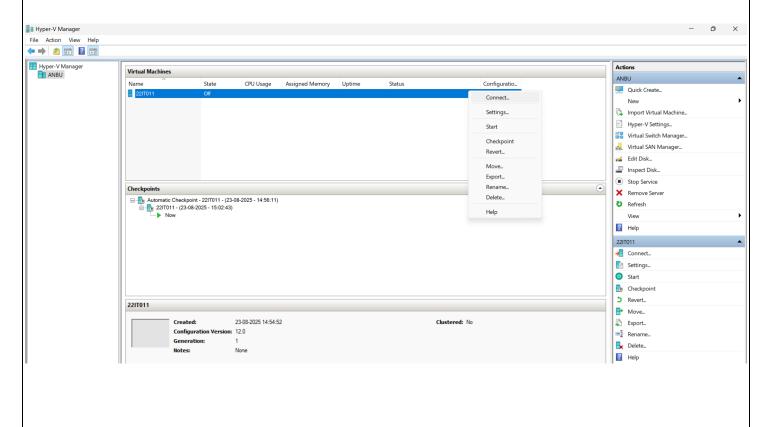


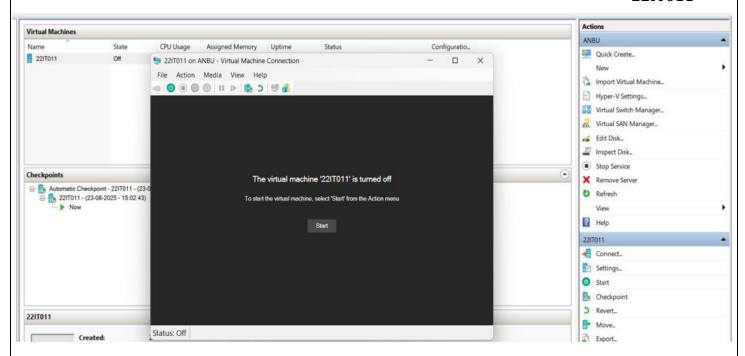
3. Click **Finish** to create the VM.



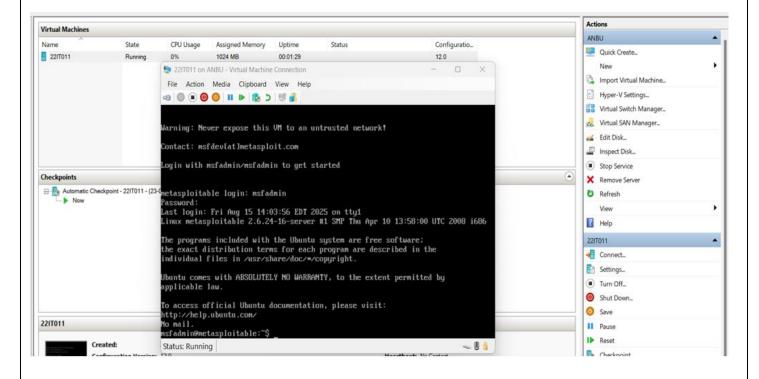
Step 3 - Start and Connect to the VM

- 1. In **Hyper-V Manager**, right-click the VM → **Connect**.
- 2. Click **Start** in the VM window.





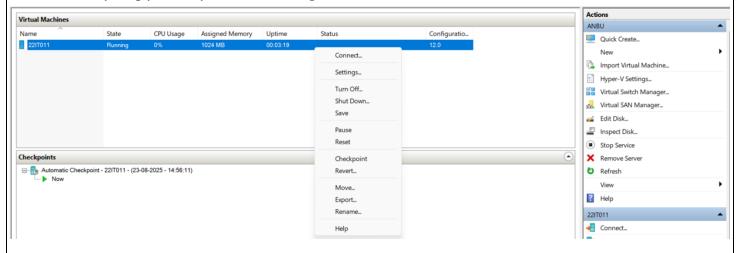
3. Install the OS as you would on a physical computer.



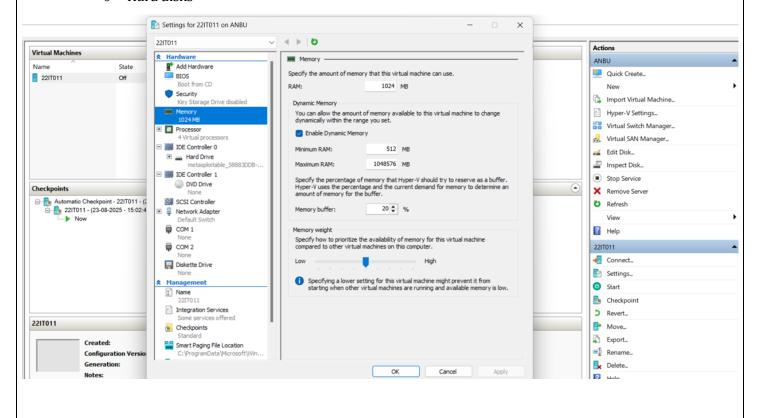
Step 4 - Manage Virtual Machines using Hyper-V Manager

You can:

• **Start / Stop / Pause / Reset** VMs → Right-click the VM → choose the action.

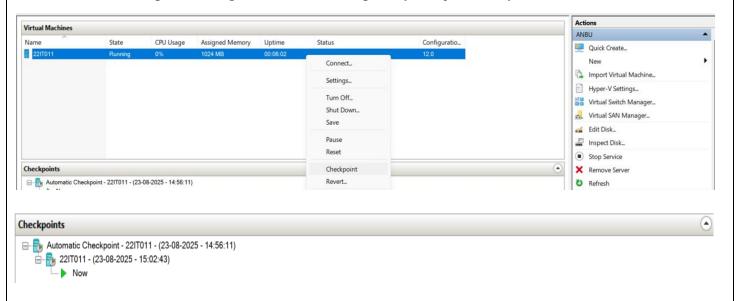


- **Configure Settings** \rightarrow Right-click VM \rightarrow **Settings** \rightarrow modify:
 - Memory
 - o Processors
 - Network adapters
 - Hard disks





• **Create Checkpoints** → Right-click VM → **Checkpoint** (backup VM state).

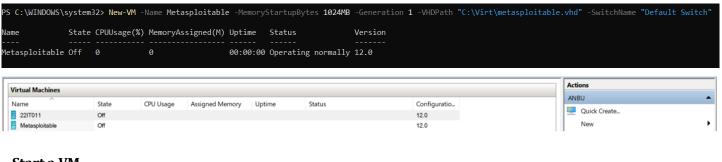


Step 5 - Manage Virtual Machines using PowerShell

Open PowerShell as Administrator and use these commands:

Create a new VM

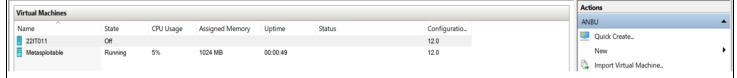
New-VM -Name Metasploitable -MemoryStartupBytes 1024MB -Generation 1 -VHDPath "C:\Virt\metasploitable.vhd" -SwitchName "Default Switch"



Start a VM

Start-VM -Name Metasploitable





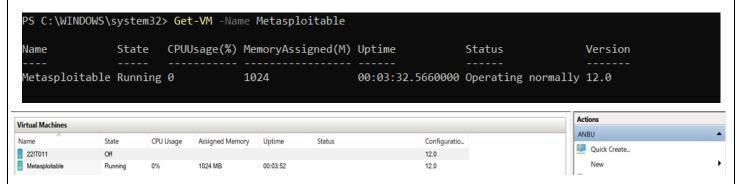
Connect to the VM console

vmconnect localhost Metasploitable



Get VM status

Get-VM -Name Metasploitable

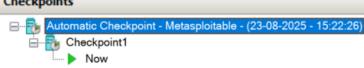


Create a checkpoint

Checkpoint-VM -Name Metasploitable -SnapshotName "Checkpoint1"

PS C:\WINDOWS\system32> Checkpoint-VM -Name Metasploitable -SnapshotName "Checkpoint1"

Checkpoints



Restore a checkpoint

Restore-VMCheckpoint -VMName Metasploitable -Name "Checkpoint1"

```
PS C:\WINDOWS\system32> Restore-VMCheckpoint -VMName Metasploitable -Name "Checkpoint1"

Confirm

Are you sure you want to perform this action?

Restore-VMSnapshot will restore snapshot "Checkpoint1".

[Y] Yes [A] Yes to All [N] No [L] No to All [S] Suspend [?] Help (default is "Y"): Y

PS C:\WINDOWS\system32>
```

Restart a VM

Restart-VM -Name Metasploitable

```
PS C:\WINDOWS\system32> Restart-VM -Name Metasploitable

Confirm

Are you sure you want to restart virtual machine "Metasploitable"?

[Y] Yes [A] Yes to All [N] No [L] No to All [S] Suspend [?] Help (default is "Y"): Y
```

Stop a VM

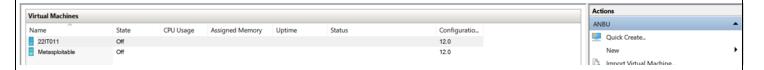
Stop-VM -Name Metasploitable

```
PS C:\WINDOWS\system32> Stop-VM -Name Metasploitable

Confirm

Hyper-V can't shut down virtual machine "Metasploitable" because the Shutdown integration service is unavailable
. You can turn off the virtual machine by selecting [Y]es, but this is similar to pulling the power on a physical machine. To avoid potential data loss, select [N]o, then pause or save the virtual machine. Do you want to turn off the virtual machine?

[Y] Yes [A] Yes to All [N] No [L] No to All [S] Suspend [?] Help (default is "Y"): Y
PS C:\WINDOWS\system32> ___
```



Hyper-V host settings

Get-VMHost

List all VMs

Get-VM

Remove a VM

Remove-VM -Name Metasploitable

Result:

Thus, the virtual machine was successfully created, configured, and managed using both Hyper-V Manager GUI and PowerShell commands.