Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 4_MCQ_Updated

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 20

Marks Obtained: 20

Section 1: MCQ

1. A normal queue, if implemented using an array of size MAX_SIZE, gets full when

Answer

Rear = MAX_SIZE - 1

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

2. What will the output of the following code?

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
typedef struct {
 int* arr;
 int front;

```
int rear;
   int size;
Queue;
   Queue* createQueue() {
     Queue* queue = (Queue*)malloc(sizeof(Queue));
     queue->arr = (int*)malloc(5 * sizeof(int));
     queue->front = 0;
     queue->rear = -1;
     queue->size = 0;
     return queue;
   int main() {
     Queue* queue = createQueue();
  printf("%d", queue->size);
     return 0;
   Answer
   0
   Status: Correct
                                                                    Marks: 1/1
```

3. In linked list implementation of a queue, the important condition for a queue to be empty is?

Answer

FRONT is null

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

4. In what order will they be removed If the elements "A", "B", "C" and "D" are placed in a queue and are deleted one at a time

Answer

ABCD

Status: Correct

Marks: 1/1

5. Front and rear pointers are tracked in the linked list implementation of a queue. Which of these pointers will change during an insertion into the EMPTY queue?

Answer

Both front and rear pointer

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

6. The process of accessing data stored in a serial access memory is similar to manipulating data on a

Answer

Queue

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

7. Which operations are performed when deleting an element from an array-based queue?

Answer

Dequeue

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

8. When new data has to be inserted into a stack or queue, but there is no available space. This is known as

Answer

overflow

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

9. What will be the output of the following code?

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

```
#define MAX_SIZE 5
   typedef struct {
     int* arr;
     int front;
     int rear;
     int size;
   } Queue;
   Queue* createQueue() {
     Queue* queue = (Queue*)malloc(sizeof(Queue));
     queue->arr = (int*)malloc(MAX_SIZE * sizeof(int));
     queue->front = -1;
     queue->rear = -1;
     queue->size = 0;
  return queue;
   int isEmpty(Queue* queue) {
     return (queue->size == 0);
   int main() {
     Queue* queue = createQueue();
     printf("Is the queue empty? %d", isEmpty(queue));
     return 0;
   }
   Answer
   Is the queue empty? 1
Status : Correct
                                                                     Marks:
```

10. What does the front pointer in a linked list implementation of a queue contain?

Answer

The address of the first element

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

11. Insertion and deletion operation in the queue is known as

Answer

Enqueue and Dequeue

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

12. Which one of the following is an application of Queue Data Structure?

Answer

All of the mentioned options

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

13. Which of the following can be used to delete an element from the front end of the queue?

Answer

public Object deleteFront() throws emptyDEQException(if(isEmpty())throw new emptyDEQException("Empty");else{Node temp = head.getNext();Node cur = temp.getNext();Object e = temp.getEle();head.setNext(cur);size--;return e;}}

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

14. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
typedef struct {
   int arr[MAX_SIZE];
   int front;
   int rear;
   int size;
} Queue;

void enqueue(Queue* queue, int data) {
   if (queue->size == MAX_SIZE) {
      return;
   }
}
```

```
queue->rear = (queue->rear + 1)
queue->arr[queue->rear] = data;
queue->size++:
      queue->rear = (queue->rear + 1) % MAX_SIZE;
    int dequeue(Queue* queue) {
      if (queue->size == 0) {
        return -1;
      int data = queue->arr[queue->front];
      queue->front = (queue->front + 1) % MAX_SIZE;
      queue->size--;
      return data;
    int main() {
      Queue queue;
      queue.front = 0;
      queue.rear = -1;
      queue.size = 0;
      enqueue(&queue, 1);
      enqueue(&queue, 2);
      enqueue(&queue, 3);
      printf("%d ", dequeue(&queue));
      printf("%d ", dequeue(&queue));
      enqueue(&queue, 4);
return 0;
    Answer
    1234
    Status: Correct
                                                                     Marks: 1/1
    15. What is the functionality of the following piece of code?
   public void function(Object item)
```

```
Node temp=new Node(item,trail);
if(isEmpty())
{
    head.setNext(temp);
    temp.setNext(trail);
}
else
{
    Node cur=head.getNext();
    while(cur.getNext()!=trail)
    {
        cur=cur.getNext();
    }
    size++;
}

Answer
Insert at the rear end of the dequeue

Status: Correct

Marks: 1/1
```

16. The essential condition that is checked before insertion in a queue is?

Answer

Overflow

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

17. What are the applications of dequeue?

Answer

All the mentioned options

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

18. Which of the following properties is associated with a queue?

Answer

First In First Out

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

19. In a linked list implementation of a queue, front and rear pointers are tracked. Which of these pointers will change during an insertion into a non-empty queue?

Answer

Only rear pointer

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

20. After performing this set of operations, what does the final list look to contain?

InsertFront(10); InsertFront(20);

InsertRear(30);

DeleteFront();

InsertRear(40);

InsertRear(10);

DeleteRear();

InsertRear(15);

display();

Answer

10 30 40 15

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

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