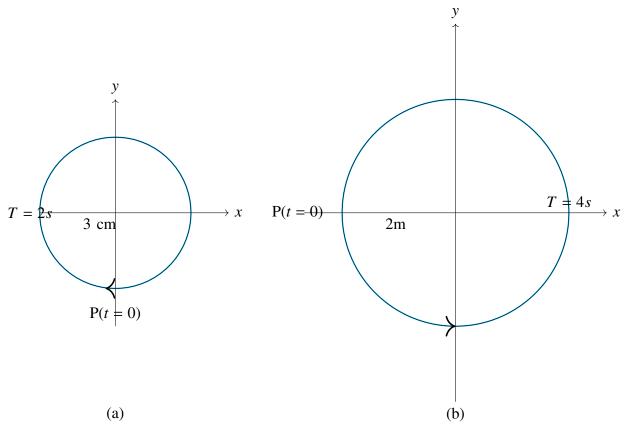
Q: Figures correspond to two circular motions. The radius of the circle, the period of revolution, the initial position and the sense of revolution(i.e. clockwise or anti-clockwise) are indicated on each figure. Obtain the corresponding simple harmonic motions of the x-projections of the radius vector of resolving particle P in each case.



Solution:

Parameter	(a)	(b)
Radius(r)	3cm	2m
Time Period(T)	2s	4s
Sense	clockwise	anti-clockwise
Initial Phase(ϕ)	$\frac{\pi}{2}$	π
TABLE I		

INPUT PARAMETERS TABLE

a. From Table I, Equation of x-projection of radius:

At t = 0, the radius vector makes an angle $\frac{\pi}{2}$ with the positive x-axis, $\phi = \frac{\pi}{2}$,

$$x(t) = r \cos\left(\frac{2\pi}{T}t + \phi\right)$$

$$= 3\cos\left(\frac{2\pi}{2}t + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$
(2)

$$=3\cos\left(\frac{2\pi}{2}t+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\tag{2}$$

$$= -3\sin\left(\pi t\right) \text{cm} \tag{3}$$

b. Similarly,

At t = 0, radius vector makes an angle π with x-axis in anti-clockwise direction, $\phi = \pi$,

$$x(t) = r\cos\left(\frac{2\pi}{T}t + \phi\right) \tag{4}$$

$$= 2\cos\left(\frac{2\pi}{4}t + \pi\right)$$

$$= -2\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2}t\right) m$$
(5)

$$= -2\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2}t\right)m\tag{6}$$