REC-CIS

CS23333-Object Oriented Programming Using Java-2023

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Question 1 Correct Marked out of 1.00 ♥ Flag question

Status Finished Started Saturday, 9 November 2024, 6:38 PM Completed Saturday, 9 November 2024, 6:51 PM Duration 13 mins 41 secs

Java HashSet class implements the Set interface, backed by a hash table which is actually a HashMap instance.

No guarantee is made as to the iteration order of the hash sets which means that the class does not guarantee the constant order of elements over time.

This class permits the null element.

The class also offers constant time performance for the basic operations like add, remove, contains, and size assuming the hash function disperses the elements properly among the buckets.

Java HashSet Features

A few important features of HashSet are mentioned below

- Implements Set Interface
- The underlying data structure for HashSet is Hashtable
- As it implements the Set Interface, duplicate values are not allowed.
 Objects that you insert in HashSet are not guaranteed to be inserted in the same order. Objects are inserted based on their hash code
- NULL elements are allowed in HashSet.

```
    HashSet also implements Serializable and Cloneable interfaces.
    public class HashSet& extends AbstractSet& implements Set&, Cloneable, Serializable Sample Input and Output:

     Sample Output:
78 was found in the set.
Sample Input and output:
```

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
Reset answer
1 | import java.util.HashSet;
2 | import java.util.Scanner;
3 | public class HashSetExample {
4 | public static void main(String[] args) {
5 | Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
6 | HashSetCtnteger> set = new HashSetc>();
7 | int n = sc.nextInt();
8 | for (int i = 0; i c n; i++) {
9 | set.add(sc.nextInt());
10 | }
                                                     }
int num = sc.nextInt();
if (set.contains(num)) {
    System.out.println(num + " was found in the set.");
} else {
    System.out.println(num + " was not found in the set.");
}
```

Tes	Input	Expected	Got
1	5	78 was found in the set.	78 was found in the set.
	90		
	56		
	45		
	78		
	25		
	78		
2	3	5 was not found in the set.	5 was not found in the set.
	-1		
	2		
	4		
	5		

Ouestion 2 Correct Marked out of 1.00 F Flag question Write a Java program to compare two sets and retain elements that are the same.

Sample Input and Output:

Hockey Cricket Vollevball Basketball Golf Cricket Football

Hockey Volleyball

SAMPLE OUTPUT:

Football Hockey

> Volleyball Basketball

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

1 import java.util.HashSet;

```
Test Input Expected Got

1 5
Football
Hockey
Cricket
Volleyball
Basketball
7
Golf
Cricket
Badminton
Football
Hockey
Volleyball
Throwball

2 4
Toy
Bus
Car
Auto
3
Car
Bus
Lorry

Cricket
Hockey
Volleyball
Football
```

Passed all tests!

Question **3**Correct
Marked out of 1.00
Friag question

Java HashMap Methods

containsKey() Indicate if an entry with the specified key exists in the map

containsValue() Indicate if an entry with the specified value exists in the map

putlfAbsent() Write an entry into the map but only if an entry with the same key does not already exist

remove() Remove an entry from the map

replace() Write to an entry in the map only if it exists

size() Return the number of entries in the map

Your task is to fill the incomplete code to get desired output

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

Passed all tests