

Exp. No. 21

Write a LEX specification file to take input C program from a .c file and count the number of characters, number of lines & number of words.

Input Source Program: (sample.c)

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main()
{
    int number1, number2, sum;
    printf("Enter two integers: ");
    scanf("%d %d", &number1, &number2);
    sum = number1 + number2;
    printf("%d + %d = %d", number1, number2, sum);
    return 0;
}
```

Program: (count_lines.l)

```
%{
int nchar, nword, nline;
}%
%%
\n { nline++; nchar++; }
[^\t\n]+ { nword++; nchar += yyleng; }
. { nchar++; }
%%
int yywrap(void) {
return 1;
}
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
yyin = fopen(argv[1], "r");
yylex();
printf("Number of characters = %d\n", nchar);
printf("Number of words = %d\n", nword);
printf("Number of lines = %d\n", nline);
fclose(yyin);
}
```

Output:

```
G:\lex>flex count_line.l
```

```
G:\lex>gcc lex.yy.c
```

```
G:\lex>a.exe sample.c
```

```
Number of characters = 233
```

```
Number of words = 33
```

```
Number of lines = 10
```

G:\lex>

Exp. No. 22

Write a LEX program to print all the constants in the given C source program file.

Input Source Program: (sample.c)

```
#define P 314
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
{

    int a,b,c = 30;
    printf("hello");
}
```

Program: (countconstants.l)

```
digit [0-9]
%{
int cons=0;
%}
%%
{digit}+ { cons++; printf("%s is a constant\n", yytext); }
.|\\n { }
%%
int yywrap(void) {
return 1; }
int main(void)
{
FILE *f;
char file[10];
printf("Enter File Name : ");
scanf("%s",file);
f = fopen(file,"r");
yyin = f;
yylex();
printf("Number of Constants : %d\n", cons);
fclose(yyin);
}
```

Output:

G:\lex>flex countconstants.l

G:\lex>gcc lex.yy.c

G:\lex>a.exe

Enter File Name : sample.c
314 is a constant
30 is a constant
Number of Constants : 2

G:\lex>

Exp. No. 23

Write a LEX program to count the number of Macros defined and header files included in the C program.

Input Source Program: (sample.c)

```
#define PI 3.14
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
{

    int a,b,c = 30;
    printf("hello");
}
```

Program: (count_macro.l)

```
%{
int nmacro, nheader;
}%
%%
^#define { nmacro++; }
^#include { nheader++; }
.\n { }
%%
int yywrap(void) {
return 1;
}
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
yyin = fopen(argv[1], "r");
yylex();
printf("Number of macros defined = %d\n", nmacro);
printf("Number of header files included = %d\n", nheader);
fclose(yyin);
}
```

Output:

G:\lex>flex count_macro.l

G:\lex>gcc lex.yy.c

```
G:\lex>a.exe sample.c
Number of macros defined = 1
Number of header files included = 2

G:\lex>
```

Exp. No. 24

Write a LEX program to print all HTML tags in the input file.

Input Source Program: (sample.html)

```
<html>
<body>
<h1>My First Heading</h1>
<p>My first paragraph.</p>
</body>
</html>
```

Program: (html.l)

```
%{
int tags;
%}
%%
"<"[^>]*> { tags++; printf("%s \n", yytext); }
.|\\n { }
%%
int yywrap(void) {
return 1; }
int main(void)
{
FILE *f;
char file[10];
printf("Enter File Name : ");
scanf("%s",file);
f = fopen(file,"r");
yyin = f;
yylex();
printf("\n Number of html tags: %d",tags);
fclose(yyin);
}
```

Output:

```
G:\lex>flex html.l
```

```
G:\lex>gcc lex.yy.c
```

```
G:\lex>a.exe
```

```
Enter File Name : sample.html
```

```
<html>
```

```
<body>
```

```
<h1>
```

```
</h1>
```

```
<p>
```

```
</p>
```

```
</body>
```

```
</html>
```

```
Number of html tags: 8
```

```
G:\lex>
```

Exp. No. 25

Write a LEX program which adds line numbers to the given C program file and display the same in the standard output.

Input Source Program: (sample.c)

```
#define PI 3.14
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
{

    int a,b,c = 30;

    printf("hello");
}
```

Program: (addlinenos.l)

```
%{
int yylineno;
}%
%%
^(.*)\n printf("%4d\t%s", ++yylineno, yytext);
%%
int yywrap(void) {
return 1;
}
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
yyin = fopen(argv[1], "r");
yylex();
```

```
fclose(yyin);  
}
```

Output:

```
G:\lex>flex addlinenos.l
```

```
G:\lex>gcc lex.yy.c
```

```
G:\lex>a.exe sample.c
```

```
1  #define PI 3.14  
2  #include<stdio.h>  
3  #include<conio.h>  
4  void main()  
5  {  
6  int a,b,c = 30;  
7  printf("hello");  
8  }  
9
```

```
G:\lex>
```

Exp. No. 26

Write a LEX program to count the number of comment lines in a given C program and eliminate them and write into another file.

Input Source File: (input.c)

```
#include<stdio.h>  
  
int main()  
{  
  
    int a,b,c; /*variable declaration*/  
    printf("enter two numbers");  
    scanf("%d %d",&a,&b);  
    c=a+b;//adding two numbers  
    printf("sum is %d",c);  
    return 0;  
}
```

Program: (comment.l)

```
%{  
int com=0;  
%}  
%s COMMENT  
%%  
"/*" {BEGIN COMMENT;}  
<COMMENT>"*/" {BEGIN 0; com++;}
```

```

<COMMENT>\n {com++;}
<COMMENT>. {}
\\\. * {; com++;}
.| \n {fprintf(yyout,"%s",yytext);}
%%
void main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
if(argc!=3)
{
printf("usage : a.exe input.c output.c\n");
exit(0);
}
yyin=fopen(argv[1],"r");
yyout=fopen(argv[2],"w");
yylex();
printf("\n number of comments are = %d\n",com);
}
int yywrap()
{
return 1;
}

```

Output:

G:\lex>flex comment.l

G:\lex>gcc lex.yy.c

G:\lex>a.exe input.c
usage : a.exe input.c output.c

G:\lex>a.exe input.c output.c

number of comments are = 2

G:\lex>

Output File: (output.c)

```

include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
int a,b,c;
printf("enter two numbers");
scanf("%d %d",&a,&b);

```

```
c=a+b;
printf("sum is %d",c);
return 0;
}
```

Exp. No. 27

Write a LEX program to identify the capital words from the given input.

Program: (capital.l)

```
%%
[A-Z]+[\t\n] { printf("%s is a capital word\n",yytext); }
. ;
%%

int main( )
{
    printf("Enter String :\n");
    yylex();
}
int yywrap( )
{
    return 1;
}
```

Output:

```
G:\lex>flex capital.l
```

```
G:\lex>gcc lex.yy.c
```

```
G:\lex>a.exe
```

```
Enter String :
```

```
CAPITAL of INDIA is DELHI
```

```
CAPITAL is a capital word
```

```
INDIA is a capital word
```

```
DELHI
```

```
is a capital word
```

```
G:\lex>
```

Exp. No. 28

Write a LEX Program to check the email address is valid or not.

Program: (email_valid.l)

```
%{
int flag=0;
```



```

%}
%%
[a-z . 0-9]+@[a-z]+".com" | ".in" { flag=1; }
%%
int main()
{
yylex();
if(flag==1)
printf("Accepted");
else
printf("Not Accepted");
}
int yywrap()
{ return 1;
}

```

Output:

G:\lex>flex email_valid.l

G:\lex>gcc lex.yy.c

G:\lex>a.exe
sse123@gmail.com

Accepted
G:\lex>

Exp. No. 29

Write a LEX Program to convert the substring abc to ABC from the given input string

Program: (substring.l)

```

%{
int i;
%}
%%
[a-z A-Z]* { for(i=0;i<=yyleng;i++)
    { if((yytext[i]=='a')&&(yytext[i+1]=='b')&&(yytext[i+2]=='c'))
        { yytext[i]='A';
          yytext[i+1]='B';
          yytext[i+2]='C';
        }
    }
    printf("%s",yytext);
}

```

```

[\t]* return 1;
.* {ECHO;}
\n {printf("%s",yytext);}
%%
int main()
{
yylex();
}
int yywrap()
{
return 1;
}

```

Output:

G:\lex>flex substring.l

G:\lex>gcc lex.yy.c

G:\lex>a.exe
 abcdefghabcijkla
 ABCdefghABCijkla

G:\lex>

Exp. No. 30

Implement a LEX program to check whether the mobile number is valid or not.

Program: (mobile.l)

```

%%
[1-9][0-9]{9} {printf("\nMobile Number Valid\n");}
.+ {printf("\nMobile Number Invalid\n");}
%%
int main()
{
    printf("\nEnter Mobile Number : ");
    yylex();
    printf("\n");
    return 0;
}
int yywrap()
{ }

```

Output:

```
G:\lex>flex mobile.l
```

```
G:\lex>gcc lex.yy.c
```

```
G:\lex>a.exe
```

```
Enter Mobile Number : 7856453489
```

```
Mobile Number Valid
```

```
G:\lex>
```