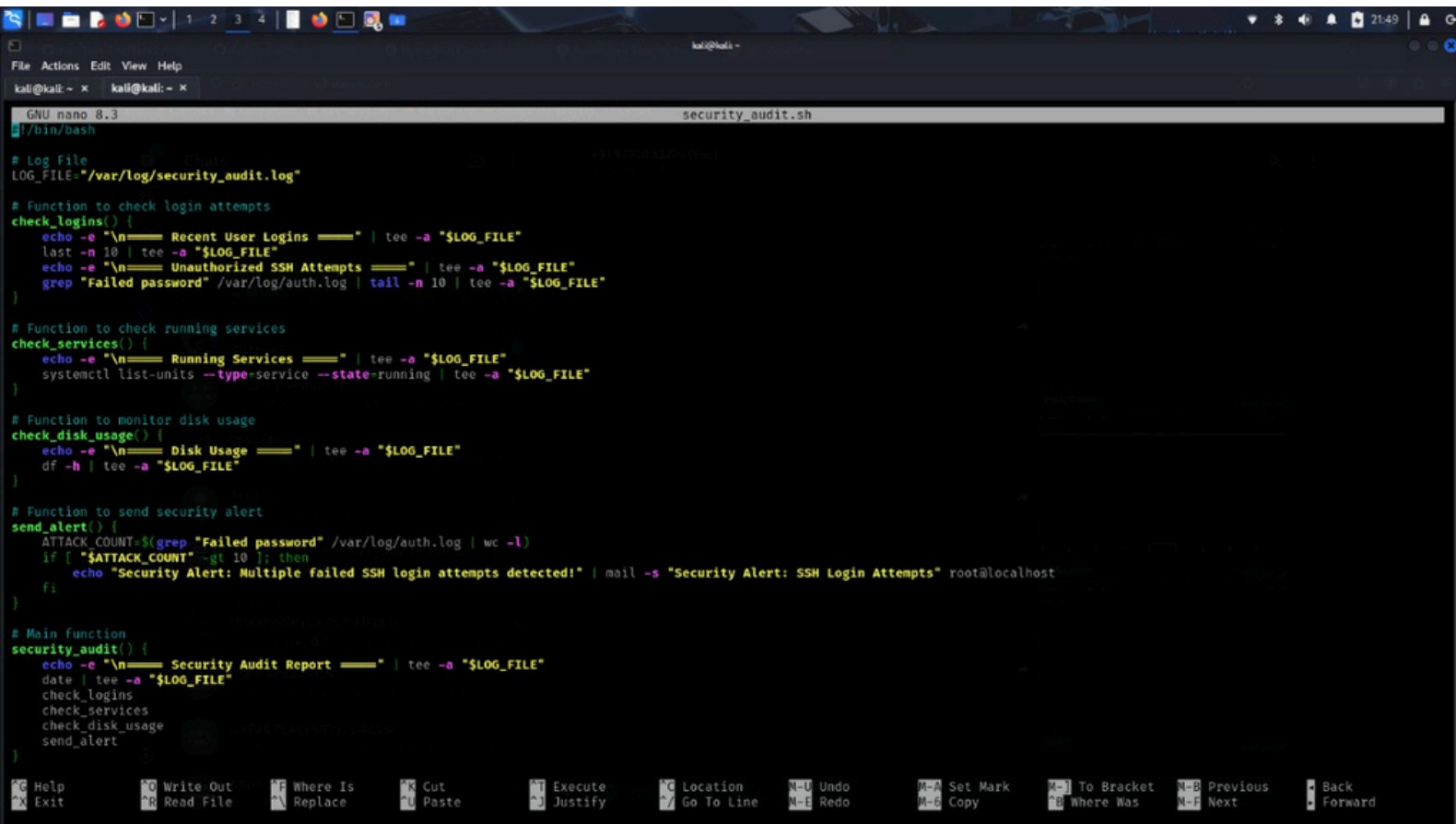


POC TASK 5

Bash Script:

Write a bash script using nano called **security_audit.sh**

A screenshot of a Kali Linux terminal window. The terminal shows a nano text editor editing a file named 'security_audit.sh'. The script content is as follows:

```
#!/bin/bash

# Log File
LOG_FILE="/var/log/security_audit.log"

# Function to check login attempts
check_logins() {
    echo -e "\n==== Recent User Logins ====" | tee -a "$LOG_FILE"
    last -n 10 | tee -a "$LOG_FILE"
    echo -e "\n==== Unauthorized SSH Attempts ====" | tee -a "$LOG_FILE"
    grep "Failed password" /var/log/auth.log | tail -n 10 | tee -a "$LOG_FILE"
}

# Function to check running services
check_services() {
    echo -e "\n==== Running Services ====" | tee -a "$LOG_FILE"
    systemctl list-units --type=service --state=running | tee -a "$LOG_FILE"
}

# Function to monitor disk usage
check_disk_usage() {
    echo -e "\n==== Disk Usage ====" | tee -a "$LOG_FILE"
    df -h | tee -a "$LOG_FILE"
}

# Function to send security alert
send_alert() {
    ATTACK_COUNT=$(grep "Failed password" /var/log/auth.log | wc -l)
    if [ "$ATTACK_COUNT" -gt 10 ]; then
        echo "Security Alert: Multiple failed SSH login attempts detected!" | mail -s "Security Alert: SSH Login Attempts" root@localhost
    fi
}

# Main function
security_audit() {
    echo -e "\n==== Security Audit Report ====" | tee -a "$LOG_FILE"
    date | tee -a "$LOG_FILE"
    check_logins
    check_services
    check_disk_usage
    send_alert
}
```

The nano editor interface includes a menu bar at the top with options like File, Actions, Edit, View, and Help. At the bottom, there is a status bar with various keyboard shortcuts for navigation and editing.

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
# Log File
```

```
LOG_FILE="/var/log/security_audit.log"
```

```
# Function to check login attempts
```

```
check_logins() {
```

```
echo -e "\n==== Recent User Logins =====" | tee -a "$LOG_FILE"

last -n 10 | tee -a "$LOG_FILE"

echo -e "\n==== Unauthorized SSH Attempts =====" | tee -a "$LOG_FILE"

grep "Failed password" /var/log/auth.log | tail -n 10 | tee -a "$LOG_FILE"

}

# Function to check running services

check_services() {

    echo -e "\n==== Running Services =====" | tee -a "$LOG_FILE"

    systemctl list-units --type=service --state=running | tee -a "$LOG_FILE"

}

# Function to monitor disk usage

check_disk_usage() {

    echo -e "\n==== Disk Usage =====" | tee -a "$LOG_FILE"

    df -h | tee -a "$LOG_FILE"

}

# Function to send security alert

send_alert() {

    ATTACK_COUNT=$(grep "Failed password" /var/log/auth.log | wc -l)

    if [ "$ATTACK_COUNT" -gt 10 ]; then

        echo "Security Alert: Multiple failed SSH login attempts detected!" | mail -s "Security
Alert: SSH Login Attempts" root@localhost

    fi

}
```

```
# Main function

security_audit() {

    echo -e "\n==== Security Audit Report =====" | tee -a "$LOG_FILE"

    date | tee -a "$LOG_FILE"

    check_logins

    check_services

    check_disk_usage

    send_alert

}

# Execute the script

security_audit
```

Checking User Login Attempts

Command:

```
last -n 10
```

```
(kali@kali)-[~]
$ nano security_audit.sh

(kali@kali)-[~]
$ last -n 10
Command 'last' not found, but can be installed with:
sudo apt install wtmpdb
Do you want to install it? (N/y)y
sudo apt install wtmpdb
The following packages were automatically installed and are no longer required:
  cpp-13 libical3t64 libmsgraph-0-1 libpython3.12-dev libswscale7 pyt
  cpp-13-x86-64-linux-gnu libimobiledevice6 libnsl2 libpython3.12-minimal libtag1v5 pyt
  gcc-13-base libjim0.82t64 libpaper1 libpython3.12-stdlib libtag1v5-vanilla pyt
  imagemagick-6-common libldap-2.5-0 libperl5.38t64 libpython3.12t64 libtagc0 pyt
  libassuan0 liblvm17t64 libplacebo338 libqt6dbus6t64 libusbmuxd6 pyt
  libavfilter9 libmagickcore-6.q16-7-extra libplist3 libqt6gui6t64 libutempter0 pyt
  libavformat60 libmagickcore-6.q16-7t64 libpoppler134 libqt6network6t64 libwebrtc-audio-processing1 pyt
  libconfig++9v5 libmagickwand-6.q16-7t64 libpostproc57 libqt6opengl6t64 linux-image-6.8.11-amd64
  libdirectfb-1.7-7t64 libmbcrypto7t64 libpython3.11-minimal libqt6widgets6t64 perl-modules-5.38
  libgspell-1-2 libmfx1 libpython3.11-stdlib libssh-gcrypt-4 python3-pexpect

Use 'sudo apt autoremove' to remove them.

Installing:
wtmpdb

Installing dependencies:
libpam-wtmpdb libwtmpdb0

Summary:
Upgrading: 0, Installing: 3, Removing: 0, Not Upgrading: 360
```

Purpose: Lists the last 10 user login attempts.

Example Output:

- root pts/0 192.168.1.100 Mon Mar 11 12:00 still logged in
- user1 pts/1 192.168.1.101 Mon Mar 11 11:45 - 11:55 (00:10)

Security Risk: Identifies old, inactive accounts or unauthorized logins.

Command: `grep "Failed password" /var/log/auth.log | tail -n 10`

Purpose: Finds failed SSH login attempts from /var/log/auth.log.

Example Output:

r 11 12:30:01 server sshd[12345]: Failed password for invalid user admin from 192.168.1.200

Security Risk:

If there are multiple failed attempts, an attacker may be brute-forcing SSH.

Detecting Running Services

Command:

```
systemctl list-units --type=service --state=running
```

Purpose: Lists currently running system services.

Example Output:

UNIT	LOAD	ACTIVE	SUB	DESCRIPTION
apache2.service	loaded	active	running	The Apache HTTP Server
ssh.service	loaded	active	running	OpenBSD Secure Shell server

Security Risk: Unnecessary services (e.g., old database servers) can expose vulnerabilities.

Monitoring Disk Usage

Command: `df -h`

Purpose: Displays disk space usage in a **human-readable** format.

Example Output:

Filesystem	Size	Used	Avail	Use%	Mounted on
/dev/sda1	50G	45G	5G	90%	/

Security Risk: If disk space is **over 90%**, attackers might try a **Denial-of-Service (DoS) attack** by filling up logs or storage.

Sending Security Alerts

Command: `grep "Failed password" /var/log/auth.log | wc -l`

Purpose: Counts the number of failed SSH login attempts.

Example Output:

15

Action: If this count is greater than 10, an alert is sent.

Command: `mail -s "Security Alert: SSH Login Attempts" root@localhost`

Purpose: Sends an email alert.

Alternative: Install and configure mailutils for external emails:

`sudo apt install mailutils`

Running the Script

Make the script executable:

`chmod +x security_audit.sh`

```
File Actions Edit View Help
kali@kali: ~
$ chmod +x security_audit.sh
./security_audit.sh

tee: /var/log/security_audit.log: Permission denied

===== Security Audit Report =====
tee: /var/log/security_audit.log: Permission denied
Wed Mar 12 21:50:49 IST 2025
tee: /var/log/security_audit.log: Permission denied

===== Recent User Logins =====
tee: /var/log/security_audit.log: Permission denied
open_database_ro: Cannot open database (/var/lib/wtmpdb/wtmp.db): unable to open database file
tee: /var/log/security_audit.log: Permission denied

===== Unauthorized SSH Attempts =====
tee: /var/log/security_audit.log: Permission denied
grep: /var/log/auth.log: No such file or directory
tee: /var/log/security_audit.log: Permission denied

===== Running Services =====
tee: /var/log/security_audit.log: Permission denied
UNIT                                LOAD    ACTIVE SUB    DESCRIPTION
accounts-daemon.service            loaded active running Accounts Service
apache2.service                    loaded active running The Apache HTTP Server
bluetooth.service                  loaded active running Bluetooth service
colord.service                      loaded active running Manage, Install and Generate Color Profiles
cron.service                       loaded active running Regular background program processing daemon
dbus.service                       loaded active running D-Bus System Message Bus
fail2ban.service                   loaded active running Fail2Ban Service
getty@tty1.service                 loaded active running Getty on tty1
haveged.service                    loaded active running Entropy Daemon based on the HAVEGE algorithm
lightdm.service                    loaded active running Light Display Manager
```

Run the script:

`./security_audit.sh`

Expected output:

pgsql

===== Security Audit Report =====

Wed Mar 11 12:30:00 UTC 2025

===== Recent User Logins =====

(root) pts/0 192.168.1.100 Mon Mar 11 12:00 still logged in

===== Unauthorized SSH Attempts =====

Mar 11 12:30:01 server sshd[12345]: Failed password for invalid user admin from

192.168.1.200

===== Running Services =====

apache2.service loaded active running The Apache HTTP Server

===== Disk Usage =====

Filesystem Size Used Avail Use% Mounted on

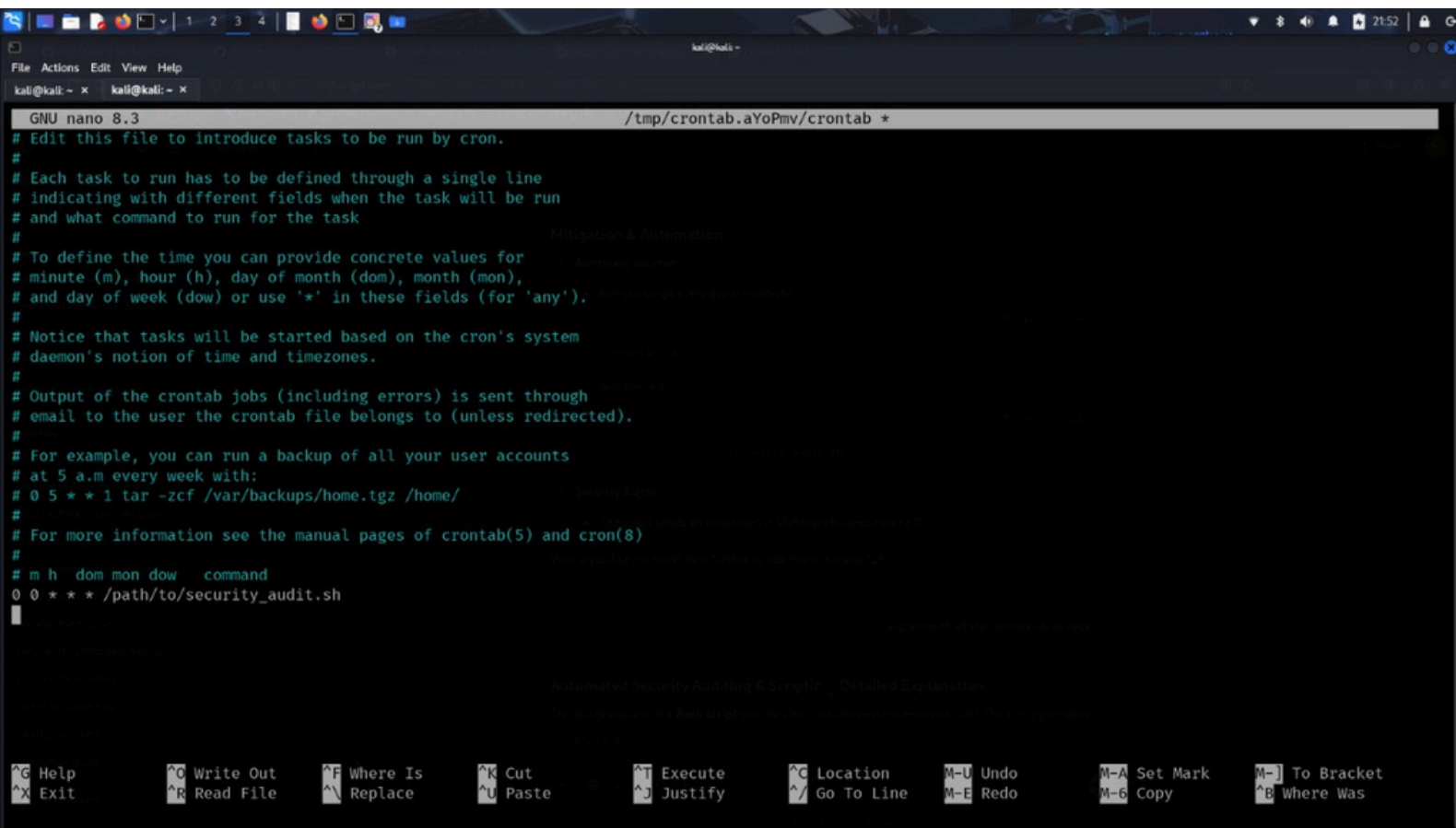
/dev/sda1 50G 45G 5G 90% /

Automating with Cron

To run the script automatically every day at midnight, use:

`crontab -e`

Add this line:



```
GNU nano 8.3 /tmp/crontab.aYoPmv/crontab *
# Edit this file to introduce tasks to be run by cron.
#
# Each task to run has to be defined through a single line
# indicating with different fields when the task will be run
# and what command to run for the task
#
# To define the time you can provide concrete values for
# minute (m), hour (h), day of month (dom), month (mon),
# and day of week (dow) or use '*' in these fields (for 'any').
#
# Notice that tasks will be started based on the cron's system
# daemon's notion of time and timezones.
#
# Output of the crontab jobs (including errors) is sent through
# email to the user the crontab file belongs to (unless redirected).
#
# For example, you can run a backup of all your user accounts
# at 5 a.m every week with:
# 0 5 * * 1 tar -zcf /var/backups/home.tgz /home/
#
# For more information see the manual pages of crontab(5) and cron(8)
#
# m h dom mon dow   command
0 0 * * * /path/to/security_audit.sh
```

`0 0 * * * /path/to/security_audit.sh`

This ensures the script runs **daily at midnight**.

