

Transformation

[Interchange Affirmative into Negative Sentences]

There are various ways of saying the same thing. Yet, we have to follow certain rules of grammar in order to maintain accuracy and clarity in what we wish to convey. The transformation of a sentence means changing its form without altering its sense.

Rule → 1 By using opposite word of verb or adjective after not.

Examples -

- (i) She is a beautiful girl.
She is not an ugly girl.
- (ii) He was doubtful whether it was you.
He was not sure whether it was you.
- (iii) He must accept this offer.
He must not reject this offer.

Rule no. - 2 By remove too.

- (i) He is too weak to run.
He is so weak that he can not run.
- (ii) This house is too costly to be purchased.
This house is so costly that it can not be purchased.

Rule no.-3 By using 'No Sooner'

Here, we use no sooner in place of as soon as after that we have to did, in place of comma (,) we use than and there will be no change in second clause.

Examples →

(i) As soon as he opened the door, he saw a begger.

No sooner did he open the door than he saw a begger.

(ii) As soon as he saw the lion, he climbed a tree.

No sooner did he see the lion than he climbed a tree.

Rule no.-4 By using 'None but'

Here, we have to use 'none but' in place of alone or only.

Examples -

(i) Only a child can do so.

None but a child can do so.

(ii) Only Ram can speak english.

None but Ram can speak english.

(iii) He alone can help you in this matter.

None but he can help you in this matter.

Rule no. 5 - By using 'never' -

- (i) He always speaks the truth.
He never tells a lie.

Rule no. 6 - By using 'did not fail' -

- (i) He saw the magic show yesterday.
He did not fail to see the magic show yesterday.
- (ii) He saw the red fort last year.
He did not fail to see the red fort last year.

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