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from keras.layers import Layer
class FeedForward(Layer):
    def __init__(self, d_ff, d_model, **kwargs):
        super(FeedForward, self).__init__(**kwargs)
        self.fully_connected1 = Dense(d_ff) # First fully connected layer
        self.fully_connected2 = Dense(d_model) # Second fully connected layer
        self.activation = ReLU() # ReLU activation layer
    def call(self, x):
        # The input is passed into the two fully-connected layers, with a ReLU in between
        x_fc1 = self.fully_connected1(x)
        return self.fully_connected2(self.activation(x_fc1))
class AddNormalization(Layer):
    def __init__(self, **kwargs):
        super(AddNormalization, self). init (**kwargs)
        self.layer_norm = LayerNormalization() # Layer normalization layer
    def call(self, x, sublayer_x):
        # The sublayer input and output need to be of the same shape to be summed
        add = x + sublayer x
        # Apply layer normalization to the sum
        return self.layer_norm(add)
class EncoderLayer(Layer):
    def __init__(self, h, d_k, d_v, d_model, d_ff, rate, **kwargs):
        super(EncoderLayer, self).__init__(**kwargs)
        self.multihead_attention = MultiHeadAttention(h, d_k, d_v, d_model)
        self.dropout1 = Dropout(rate)
        self.add_norm1 = AddNormalization()
        self.feed_forward = FeedForward(d_ff, d_model)
        self.dropout2 = Dropout(rate)
        self.add_norm2 = AddNormalization()
    def call(self, x, padding_mask, training):
        # Multi-head attention layer
        multihead_output = self.multihead_attention(x, x, x, padding_mask)
        # Expected output shape = (batch_size, sequence_length, d_model)
        # Add in a dropout layer
        multihead_output = self.dropout1(multihead_output, training=training)
        # Followed by an Add & Norm layer
        addnorm_output = self.add_norm1(x, multihead_output)
        # Expected output shape = (batch_size, sequence_length, d_model)
        # Followed by a fully connected layer
        feedforward_output = self.feed_forward(addnorm_output)
        # Expected output shape = (batch_size, sequence_length, d_model)
        # Add in another dropout layer
        feedforward_output = self.dropout2(feedforward_output, training=training)
        # Followed by another Add & Norm layer
        return self.add_norm2(addnorm_output, feedforward_output)
class Encoder(Layer):
    def __init__(self, vocab_size, sequence_length, h, d_k, d_v, d_model, d_ff, n, rate, **kwargs):
        super(Encoder, self).__init__(**kwargs)
        self.pos_encoding = PositionEmbeddingFixedWeights(sequence_length, vocab_size, d_model)
        self.dropout = Dropout(rate)
        self.encoder_layer = [EncoderLayer(h, d_k, d_v, d_model, d_ff, rate) for _ in range(n)]
    def call(self, input_sentence, padding_mask, training):
        # Generate the positional encoding
        pos_encoding_output = self.pos_encoding(input_sentence)
        # Expected output shape = (batch_size, sequence_length, d_model)
        # Add in a dropout layer
        x = self.dropout(pos_encoding_output, training=training)
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# Pass on the positional encoded values to each encoder layer
        for i, layer in enumerate(self.encoder_layer):
           x = layer(x, padding mask, training)
from tensorflow import math, matmul, reshape, shape, transpose, cast, float32
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense, Layer
from keras.backend import softmax
# Implementing the Scaled-Dot Product Attention
class DotProductAttention(Layer):
    def __init__(self, **kwargs):
        super(DotProductAttention, self).__init__(**kwargs)
    def call(self, queries, keys, values, d_k, mask=None):
        # Scoring the queries against the keys after transposing the latter, and scaling
        scores = matmul(queries, keys, transpose_b=True) / math.sqrt(cast(d_k, float32))
        # Apply mask to the attention scores
        if mask is not None:
           scores += -1e9 * mask
        # Computing the weights by a softmax operation
        weights = softmax(scores)
        # Computing the attention by a weighted sum of the value vectors
        return matmul(weights, values)
# Implementing the Multi-Head Attention
class MultiHeadAttention(Layer):
    def __init__(self, h, d_k, d_v, d_model, **kwargs):
        super(MultiHeadAttention, self).__init__(**kwargs)
        self.attention = DotProductAttention() # Scaled dot product attention
        self.heads = h # Number of attention heads to use
        self.d_k = d_k \# Dimensionality of the linearly projected queries and keys
        self.d_v = d_v # Dimensionality of the linearly projected values
        self.d_model = d_model # Dimensionality of the model
        self.W_q = Dense(d_k) # Learned projection matrix for the queries
        self.W_k = Dense(d_k) # Learned projection matrix for the keys
        self.W_v = Dense(d_v) # Learned projection matrix for the values
        self.W_o = Dense(d_model) # Learned projection matrix for the multi-head output
    def reshape_tensor(self, x, heads, flag):
        if flag:
            # Tensor shape after reshaping and transposing: (batch size, heads, seq length, -1)
           x = reshape(x, shape=(shape(x)[0], shape(x)[1], heads, -1))
            x = transpose(x, perm=(0, 2, 1, 3))
        else:
            \# Reverting the reshaping and transposing operations: (batch_size, seq_length, d_k)
           x = transpose(x, perm=(0, 2, 1, 3))
           x = reshape(x, shape=(shape(x)[0], shape(x)[1], self.d_k))
        return x
    def call(self, queries, keys, values, mask=None):
        # Rearrange the queries to be able to compute all heads in parallel
        {\tt q\_reshaped = self.reshape\_tensor(self.W\_q(queries), self.heads, True)}
        # Resulting tensor shape: (batch_size, heads, input_seq_length, -1)
        # Rearrange the keys to be able to compute all heads in parallel
        k_reshaped = self.reshape_tensor(self.W_k(keys), self.heads, True)
        # Resulting tensor shape: (batch_size, heads, input_seq_length, -1)
        # Rearrange the values to be able to compute all heads in parallel
        v_reshaped = self.reshape_tensor(self.W_v(values), self.heads, True)
        # Resulting tensor shape: (batch_size, heads, input_seq_length, -1)
        # Compute the multi-head attention output using the reshaped queries, keys and values
        o reshaped = self.attention(q reshaped, k reshaped, v reshaped, self.d k, mask)
        # Resulting tensor shape: (batch_size, heads, input_seq_length, -1)
        # Rearrange back the output into concatenated form
        output = self.reshape_tensor(o_reshaped, self.heads, False)
        # Resulting tensor shape: (batch_size, input_seq_length, d_v)
        # Apply one final linear projection to the output to generate the multi-head attention
        # Resulting tensor shape: (batch_size, input_seq_length, d_model)
        return self.W_o(output)
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class PositionEmbeddingFixedWeights(Layer):
    def __init__(self, sequence_length, vocab_size, output_dim, **kwargs):
        super(PositionEmbeddingFixedWeights, self).__init__(**kwargs)
        word embedding matrix = self.get position encoding(vocab size, output dim)
        position_embedding_matrix = self.get_position_encoding(sequence_length, output_dim)
        self.word_embedding_layer = Embedding(
            input_dim=vocab_size, output_dim=output_dim,
            weights=[word_embedding_matrix],
            trainable=False
        self.position_embedding_layer = Embedding(
            input_dim=sequence_length, output_dim=output_dim,
            weights=[position_embedding_matrix],
            trainable=False
        )
    def get_position_encoding(self, seq_len, d, n=10000):
        P = np.zeros((seq_len, d))
        for k in range(seq_len):
            for i in np.arange(int(d/2)):
                denominator = np.power(n, 2*i/d)
                P[k, 2*i] = np.sin(k/denominator)
                P[k, 2*i+1] = np.cos(k/denominator)
        return P
    def call(self, inputs):
        position_indices = tf.range(tf.shape(inputs)[-1])
        embedded_words = self.word_embedding_layer(inputs)
        embedded_indices = self.position_embedding_layer(position_indices)
        return embedded_words + embedded_indices
from tensorflow.keras.layers import LayerNormalization, Layer, Dense, ReLU, Dropout
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Layer, Embedding, Dropout, Dense, LayerNormalization, LSTM
import numpy as np
#from multihead_attention import MultiHeadAttention
{\tt \#from\ positional\_encoding\ import\ PositionEmbeddingFixedWeights}
# Implementing the Add & Norm Layer
class AddNormalization(Layer):
    def __init__(self, **kwargs):
        super(AddNormalization, self).__init__(**kwargs)
        self.layer_norm = LayerNormalization() # Layer normalization layer
    def call(self, x, sublayer_x):
        # The sublayer input and output need to be of the same shape to be summed
        add = x + sublaver x
        # Apply layer normalization to the sum
        return self.layer_norm(add)
# Implementing the Feed-Forward Layer
class FeedForward(Layer):
    def __init__(self, d_ff, d_model, **kwargs):
        \verb|super(FeedForward, self).__init__(**kwargs)|\\
        self.fully_connected1 = Dense(d_ff) # First fully connected layer
        self.fully connected2 = Dense(d model) # Second fully connected layer
        self.activation = ReLU() # ReLU activation layer
    def call(self, x):
        # The input is passed into the two fully-connected layers, with a ReLU in between
        x_{fc1} = self.fully_connected1(x)
        return self.fully_connected2(self.activation(x_fc1))
# Implementing the Encoder Layer
class EncoderLayer(Layer):
    def __init__(self, d_model, num_heads, d_k, d_v, d_ff, rate):
        super(EncoderLayer, self).__init__()
        self.mha = tf.keras.layers.MultiHeadAttention(key_dim=d_k, value_dim=d_v, num_heads=num_heads, dropout=rate)
        self.ffn = tf.keras.Sequential([Dense(d\_ff, activation='relu'), Dense(d\_model)])
        self.layernorm1 = LayerNormalization(epsilon=1e-6)
        self.layernorm2 = LayerNormalization(epsilon=1e-6)
        self.dropout1 = Dropout(rate)
        self.dropout2 = Dropout(rate)
    def call(self, x, padding_mask, training):
        attn_output = self.mha(x, x, x, attention_mask=padding_mask)
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attn_output = self.dropout1(attn_output, training=training)
                out1 = self.layernorm1(x + attn_output)
                ffn output = self.ffn(out1)
                ffn_output = self.dropout2(ffn_output, training=training)
                out2 = self.layernorm2(out1 + ffn_output)
                return out2
class Encoder(Laver):
        def __init__(self, vocab_size, sequence_length, d_model, num_heads, d_k, d_v, d_ff, n, rate):
                super(Encoder, self).__init__()
                self.embedding = Embedding(vocab_size, d_model)
                self.dropout = Dropout(rate)
                \verb|self.lstm_layer = LSTM| (\texttt{d_model, return\_sequences=True}) \\ \textit{ \# Set return\_sequences=True for LSTM output } \\ | \texttt{d_model, return\_sequences=True}| \\ | \texttt{d_model, return\_sequences}| \\ | \texttt
                self.encoder_layer = [EncoderLayer(d_model, num_heads, d_k, d_v, d_ff, rate) for _ in range(n)]
        def call(self, input_sentence, padding_mask, training):
               # Embed the input sentence
               x = self.embedding(input_sentence)
               # Expected output shape = (batch_size, sequence_length, d_model)
               # Add in a dropout layer
               x = self.dropout(x, training=training)
               # Pass through the LSTM layer
               x = self.lstm layer(x)
               # Pass on the LSTM encoded values to each encoder layer
                for i, layer in enumerate(self.encoder_layer):
                       x = layer(x, padding_mask, training)
               return x
from numpy import random
import numpy as np
from keras.layers import Embedding
import tensorflow as tf
enc_vocab_size = 20 # Vocabulary size for the encoder
input_seq_length = 5  # Maximum length of the input sequence
h = 8 # Number of self-attention heads
d_k = 64 # Dimensionality of the linearly projected queries and keys
d_v = 64 # Dimensionality of the linearly projected values
d_{ff} = 2048 # Dimensionality of the inner fully connected layer
d_model = 512 # Dimensionality of the model sub-layers' outputs
n = 6 # Number of layers in the encoder stack
batch_size = 64  # Batch size from the training process
dropout_rate = 0.1 # Frequency of dropping the input units in the dropout layers
input_seq = random.random((batch_size, input_seq_length))
encoder = Encoder(enc_vocab_size, input_seq_length, h, d_k, d_v, d_model, d_ff, n, dropout_rate)
print(encoder(input_seq, None, True))
                -1.5030246 ]]
            [[-0.34877568 1.9845133 0.5497115 ... 0.8198611 -0.95096403
                -1.2634088 ]
              [-0.21195862 1.9619902 0.5660541 ... 0.6644101 -0.83642197
                 -1.501505 ]
              [-0.26460993 1.8980888 0.5059202 ... 0.7049494 -0.6726516
                -1.7042773 ]
              [-0.2648147
                                        1.9425071 0.53728694 ... 0.53116846 -0.6231487
                 -1.7524109 ]
              [-0.40019843 1.9137564 0.6893785 ... 0.31915146 -0.52713406
                -1.7854747 ]]
            [[-0.14925282 2.1031408 0.6289158 ... 0.54821575 -0.9769976
                -1.1765658 ]
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[[-0.07305208 \ 1.8525075 \ 0.531602 \ \dots \ 0.94143164 \ -1.0262085
 -1.2804625 ]
[-0.24272148 1.9749895 0.42825136 ... 0.7151026 -0.79410243
 -1.5513829 ]
-1.5132338 ]
[-0.15292965 1.897566 0.41157877 ... 0.57161134 -0.6417308
  -1.8375701 ]
[-0.31671885 \quad 1.9746364 \quad 0.47018653 \ \dots \quad 0.5163497 \quad -0.60056853
 -1.7420424 ]]
[[-0.09563909 \ 1.8791151 \ 0.6772185 \ \dots \ 0.88283867 \ -0.8389759
 -1.3676262 ]
[-0.14158905 2.0193555 0.52083296 ... 0.5879242 -0.84512633
 -1.4669443 ]
[-0.4182232 1.9178753 0.5560412 ... 0.67514837 -0.643989
 [-0.3341174
[-0.41337007 1.9312357 0.43267813 ... 0.3185696 -0.40980154
 -1.8136287 ]]
\hbox{\tt [[ 0.29617316 \ 2.1797907 \ -1.0161338 \ \dots \ -0.2990103 \ -0.35619932 \ ]}
  -1.2462692 ]
[ 0.12402245 2.3038228 -0.13626449 ... 0.26252392 -0.71775293
 -1.3289509 ]
[ 0.10294637 2.1530223  0.08216639 ... 0.5819097 -0.71855336
 -1.4973611 ]
[ 0.04791594 2.0326815 0.2432545 ... 0.4788594 -0.780803
 -1.6656587 ]
[-0.1387699 \quad 2.0461552 \quad 0.25876433 \ \dots \quad 0.48415136 \ -0.59909636
 -1.7274647 ]]], shape=(64, 5, 8), dtype=float32)
```