## HW6

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Exercise Set 6

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```
[]: import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
sns.set()
```

## 1 Q1:

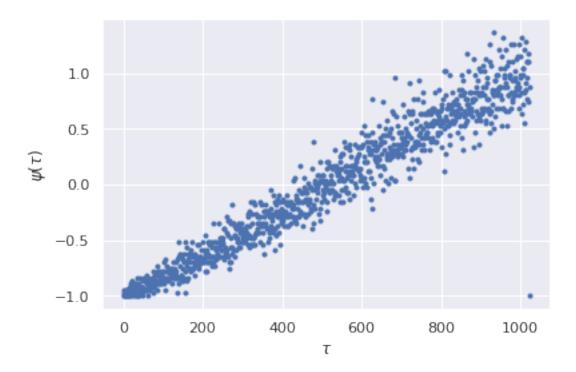
```
[]: data1 = np.loadtxt("1d_data.txt")
```

```
[]: def UTPCF_1d(data, dx, dr):
         """calculate un-weighted two point correlation function
         Args:
             data (1d_array): data
             dx (float): _description_
             dr (int): _description_
         Returns:
             tuple of array: tau and psi(tau) for data
         N = len(data) #number od data
         npeak = 0 #number of peaks
         peakpos = [] #index of peaks
         for i in range(1,N-1):
             k1 = int((data[i]-data[i-1])/dx)
             k2 = int((data[i]-data[i+1])/dx)
             if k1>0 and k2>0: #condition for peak
                 npeak += 1
                 peakpos.append(i)
         #check first point of data
```

```
k1 = int((data[1]-data[2])/dx)
if k1>0:
    npeak += 1
    peakpos.append(1)
#check last point of data
k2 = int((data[N-1]-data[N-2])/dx)
if k2>0:
    npeak += 1
    peakpos.append(N-1)
peakpos.sort()
p = np.zeros(N)
for i in range(npeak):
    for j in range(i+1, npeak):
        R = int((peakpos[i]-peakpos[j])/dr)
        p[R] += 1
tau = []
psi = []
for r in range(N):
   tau.append(r*dr)
    s = (p[r]/(npeak**2/(2*N)))-1
    psi.append(s)
return tau, psi
```

```
[]: tau, psi = UTPCF_1d(data1, 0.1, 1)
```

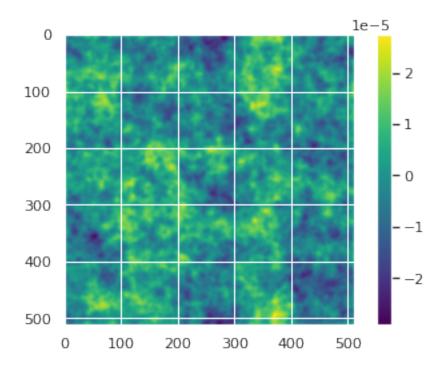
```
[]: plt.plot(tau,psi, ".")
  plt.xlabel(r"$\tau$")
  plt.ylabel(r"$\psi(\tau)$")
  plt.show()
```



## 2 Q2:

```
[]: data2 = np.loadtxt("2d_data.txt")

[]: plt.imshow(data2, cmap="viridis")
    plt.colorbar()
    plt.show()
```

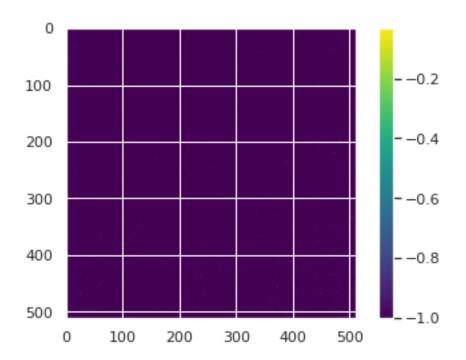


```
[]: def UTPCF_2d(data, dr):
         """calculate un-weighted two point correlation function
         Args:
             data (2d_array): data
             dx (float): _description_
             dr (int): _description_
         Returns:
             tuple of array: tau and psi(tau) for data
         N = len(data) #number od data
         npeak = 0 #number of peaks
         peakpos = [] #index of peaks
         for i in range(1, N - 1):
             for j in range(1, N - 1):
                 if data[i][j] > data[i - 1][j] and data[i][j] > data[i + 1][j] and
      \negdata[i][j] > data[i][j - 1] and data[i][j] > data[i][j + 1]:
                     npeak += 1
                     peakpos.append(np.array([i, j]))
         #check first point of data
```

```
if data[0][0] > data[0][1] and data[0][0] > data[1][0]:
    npeak += 1
    peakpos.append(np.array([0,0]))
#check last point of data
if data[N-1][N-1] > data[N-1][N-2] and data[N-1][N-1] > data[N-2][N-1]:
    npeak += 1
    peakpos.append(np.array([N-1, N-1]))
peakpos = np.array(peakpos)
peakpos.sort()
p = np.zeros((N,N))
for i in range(npeak):
    for j in range(i+1,npeak):
        R1, R2 = ((peakpos[i]-peakpos[j])/dr)
        R1 = int(R1)
        R2 = int(R2)
        p[R1, R2] += 1
psi = np.zeros((N,N))
for r in range(N):
    for 1 in range(N):
        tau[r,1] = r*l*dr*dr
        s = (p[r,1]/(npeak**2/(2*N)))-1
        psi[r,1] = s
return psi
```

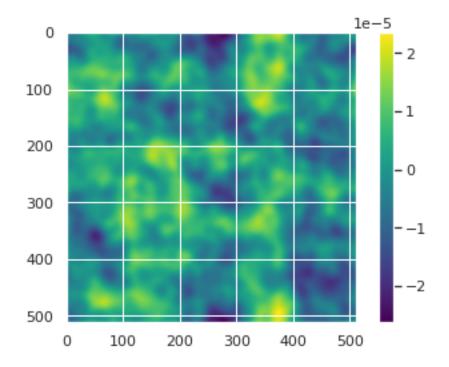
```
[]: psi = UTPCF_2d(data2, 1)

[]: plt.imshow(psi, cmap="viridis")
   plt.colorbar()
   plt.show()
```



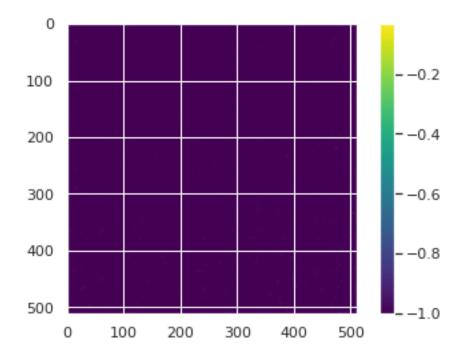
```
[]: data3 = np.loadtxt("2d_datab.txt")
```

[]: plt.imshow(data3, cmap="viridis")
 plt.colorbar()
 plt.show()



```
[ ]: psi = UTPCF_2d(data3, 1)
```

```
[]: plt.imshow(psi, cmap="viridis")
plt.colorbar()
plt.show()
```



[]: