



# THE SUPERIOR UNIVERSITY LAHORE

Final-Term Exam

Semester: 3<sup>rd</sup>

Section: BSAI-3A/3B

Session: Fall-24

Faculty of Computer Science and Information Technology  
Subject: Data Structures And Algorithm (Lab)

QCH: Mr.  
Total Marks: 40

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Roll No: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Time Allowed: 120 Mins.

## Instructions:

- Use of mobile phone and internet is strictly prohibited.
- Write your code and paste your code output if applicable.
- No extra time will be given.

Question #	Sub Questions	CLO #	Domain & BT Level	Total Marks
1	a,b,c,d,e	1	C3	10
2	a,b,c,d,e	1	C3	10
3	a,b,c,d,e	1	C3	10
4	a,b	1	C4	10

## Q1: Working with a Pandas DataFrame (10 Marks)

Given the following DataFrame:

```
import pandas as pd
data = {
    "Name": ["Ali", "Sara", "Hassan", "Zoya"],
    "Age": [22, 25, 21, 24],
    "Marks": [88, 92, 79, 85]
}
df = pd.DataFrame(data)
```

Write Python code to:

- Display only the rows where Marks > 80.
- Add a new column named Grade based on the following condition:
  - Marks >= 90: Grade is 'A'
  - Marks >= 80 and Marks < 90: Grade is 'B'
  - Marks < 80: Grade is 'C'.
- Calculate and display the average Marks of all students.
- Sort the DataFrame by Marks in descending order and display the result.
- Filter the rows where Age > 22 and display only the Name and Marks columns.

## Q2: Working with a Pandas Series (10 Marks)

Given the following Series:

```
import pandas as pd  
s = pd.Series([4, 7, 2, 9, 3, 6])
```

Write Python code to:

- a) Calculate and print the **mean** and **median** of the series.
- b) Create a new Series where each value in s is squared.
- c) Find the maximum and minimum values in the series and their respective indices.
- d) Filter and display all values from the series that are greater than 5.
- e) Retrieve and display the values from the series at **odd indices**.

## Q3: Working with a NumPy Array (10 Marks)

Write Python code to:

- a) Create a 1-dimensional NumPy array with the values [1, 2, 3, 4, 5].
- b) Compute and print the **sum** of all elements in the array.
- c) Multiply each element in the array by 2 and print the resulting array.
- d) Print the indices of all elements in the array that are greater than 2.
- e) Reverse the array and print the resulting array.

## Q4: Binary Search Tree (10 Marks)

Write a Python function to perform the following operations on a Binary Search Tree (BST):

- a) Insert the values 15, 10, 20 into the BST.
- b) Write a method to check if the value 10 exists in the BST and print "Found" or "Not Found".