Programming and Design Patterns Lab

Ex 10 - Various patterns

Mohit R IT-B

```
from abc import ABC, abstractmethod
class State(ABC):
  @abstractmethod
  def read(self, context):
     pass
  @abstractmethod
  def write(self, context):
     pass
class ReadingState(State):
  def read(self, context):
     context.reader count += 1
     print(f"Reader {context.reader_count} is reading.")
  def write(self, context):
     print("Writers must wait, currently readers are reading.")
class WritingState(State):
  def read(self, context):
     print("Readers must wait, a writer is writing.")
  def write(self, context):
     print("A writer is already writing.")
class IdleState(State):
  def read(self, context):
     context.set_state(ReadingState())
     context.reader count += 1
     print(f"Reader {context.reader_count} started reading.")
  def write(self, context):
     context.set_state(WritingState())
     print("Writer started writing.")
class ReaderWriterContext:
  def init (self):
     self.state = IdleState()
     self.reader count = 0
  def set_state(self, state: State):
     self.state = state
```

```
def read(self):
      self.state.read(self)
  def write(self):
      self.state.write(self)
  def finish reading(self):
     if self.reader count > 0:
         self.reader_count -= 1
     if self.reader count == 0:
         self.set state(IdleState())
         print("All readers finished. Back to idle state.")
  def finish_writing(self):
      self.set state(IdleState())
      print("Writer finished. Back to idle state.")
context = ReaderWriterContext()
context.read()
context.read()
context.write()
context.finish_reading()
context.finish_reading()
context.write()
context.finish_writing()
context.read()
OUTPUT:
 Reader 1 started reading.
 Reader 2 is reading.
Writers must wait, currently readers are reading. All readers finished. Back to idle state.
Writer started writing.
Writer finished. Back to idle state.
 Reader 1 started reading.
2)
def sorting(lst):
  return sorted(lst)
def getval(lst, index):
  if index < len(lst):
     return lst[index]
  else:
     return None
```

```
class NDArrayAdapter:
  def __init__(self, ndarray):
     self.flat_list = self.flatten(ndarray)
  def flatten(self, ndarray):
     if isinstance(ndarray, (list, tuple)):
        flat list = \Pi
        for item in ndarray:
          flat list.extend(self.flatten(item))
        return flat list
     else:
        return [ndarray]
  def sort(self):
     self.flat_list = sorting(self.flat_list)
  def get_value(self, index):
     return getval(self.flat_list, index)
nd_array = [[3, 1], [4, 2], [5, 0]]
adapter = NDArrayAdapter(nd_array)
# Flatten and sort
adapter.sort()
print(adapter.flat_list) # Output: [1, 2, 3, 4]
# Get value at index
print(adapter.get_value(2)) # Output: 3
OUTPUT:
```

```
[0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
```

```
from abc import ABC, abstractmethod class PricingStrategy(ABC):
@abstractmethod
def calculate_price(self, base_price):
pass
```

```
class NormalSaleStrategy(PricingStrategy):
    def calculate_price(self, base_price):
        return base_price

class FestivalSaleStrategy(PricingStrategy):
    def calculate_price(self, base_price):
        discount = base_price * 0.20
        return base_price - discount

class SaleContext:
    def __init__(self, strategy: PricingStrategy):
        self.strategy = strategy

def set_strategy(self, strategy: PricingStrategy):
        self.strategy = strategy

def calculate_final_price(self, base_price):
        return self.strategy.calculate_price(base_price)
```

base_price = 100 normal_sale = NormalSaleStrategy() sale_context = SaleContext(normal_sale) print(f"Normal Sale Price: \$ {sale_context.calculate_final_price(base_price)}") festival_sale = FestivalSaleStrategy() sale_context.set_strategy(festival_sale) print(f"Festival Sale Price: \$ {sale_context.calculate_final_price(base_price)}")

OUTPUT:

Normal Sale Price: \$100 Festival Sale Price: \$80.0

```
4)
class Student:
  def __init__(self, name, age, phone):
     self.name = name
    self.age = age
    self.phone = phone
    self.hobbies = \Pi
    self.prof_bodies = []
  def add hobby(self, hobby):
    self.hobbies.append(hobby)
  def add_prof_body(self, prof_body):
    self.prof bodies.append(prof body)
  def display(self):
     print(f"Name: {self.name}")
     print(f"Age: {self.age}")
     print(f"Phone: {self.phone}")
     print("Hobbies:", self.hobbies if self.hobbies else "None")
     print("Professional Bodies:", self.prof_bodies if self.prof_bodies else
"None")
class StudentRegistrationFacade:
  def init (self):
     self.student = None
  def register_student(self, name, age, phone):
     self.student = Student(name, age, phone)
     print("Student registered successfully!")
  def add hobby(self, hobby):
    if self.student:
       self.student.add_hobby(hobby)
       print(f"Hobby '{hobby}' added successfully!")
    else:
       print("No student registered yet.")
  def add_prof_body(self, prof_body):
    if self.student:
```

print(f"Professional body '{prof_body}' added successfully!")

self.student.add_prof_body(prof_body)

print("No student registered yet.")

else:

```
def store in file(self, filename):
    if self.student:
       with open(filename, 'w') as file:
          file.write(f"Name: {self.student.name}\n")
          file.write(f"Age: {self.student.age}\n")
          file.write(f"Phone: {self.student.phone}\n")
          file.write(f"Hobbies: {self.student.hobbies if self.student.hobbies
else 'None'}\n")
          file.write(f"Professional Bodies: {self.student.prof_bodies if
self.student.prof bodies else 'None'\n")
       print(f"Details stored in '{filename}' successfully!")
    else:
       print("No student registered to store details.")
  def display student details(self):
    if self.student:
       self.student.display()
    else:
       print("No student registered yet.")
# Usage Example
facade = StudentRegistrationFacade()
facade.register_student("John Doe", 22, "123-456-7890")
facade.add_hobby("Reading")
facade.add_hobby("Cycling")
facade.add prof body("IEEE")
facade.add_prof_body("ACM")
facade.display_student_details()
facade.store_in_file("student_details.txt")
```

OUTPUT:

```
Student registered successfully!
Hobby 'Reading' added successfully!
Hobby 'Cycling' added successfully!
Professional body 'IEEE' added successfully!
Professional body 'ACM' added successfully!
Name: John Doe
Age: 22
Phone: 123-456-7890
Hobbies: ['Reading', 'Cycling']
Professional Bodies: ['IEEE', 'ACM']
Details stored in 'student_details.txt' successfully!
```

from abc import ABC, abstractmethod

```
class Flat:
  def __init__(self,flatno,bhk,stat,detail):
     self.flatno=flatno
     self.bhk=bhk
     self.stat=stat
     self.detail=detail
     self.maint=0
     self.obs=∏
  def regisobs(self,obser):
     self.obs.append(obser)
  def remove_obs(self,obser):
     self.obs.remove(obser)
  def notifyobs(self):
     for observer in self.obs:
       observer.update(self)
  def updatemain(self,mainte):
     self.maint=mainte
     print("UPDATED new maintenance is:",self.maint)
     self.notifyobs()
  def occupy(self,det):
     self.stat="occupied"
     self.detail=det
     print(f"{self.flatno} is occupied by {self.detail}")
     self.notifyobs()
  def vacate(self):
     self.state="unoccupied"
     self.detail=None
     print(f"{self.flatno} is now vacant")
     self.notifyobs()
class observer( ABC):
  @abstractmethod
  def update(self,flat):
     pass
class admin(observer):
```

```
def update(self,flat):
     print(f"[FOR ADMIN] Update for flat {flat.flatno}:")
     if flat.stat=="occupied":
       print("occupied by:",flat.detail)
     else:
       print("unoccupied flat")
     print(f"Maintenance Status: {'Paid' if flat.maint else 'Pending'}")
class client(observer):
  def update(self,flat):
     print(f"[FOR CLIENT] Update for flat {flat.flatno}:")
     if flat.stat=="occupied":
       print("occupied by:",flat.detail)
     else:
       print("unoccupied flat")
flat101=Flat(flatno=101,bhk=2,stat="unoccupied",detail=None)
admin obs=admin()
client obs=client()
flat101.regisobs(admin_obs)
flat101.regisobs(client obs)
flat101.occupy("Joe Marsh")
print()
flat101.updatemain(1000)
print()
flat101.vacate()
```

OUTPUT:

```
101 is occupied by Joe Marsh
[FOR ADMIN] Update for flat 101:
occupied by: Joe Marsh
Maintenance Status: Pending
[FOR CLIENT] Update for flat 101:
occupied by: Joe Marsh

UPDATED new maintenance is: 1000
[FOR ADMIN] Update for flat 101:
occupied by: Joe Marsh
Maintenance Status: Paid
[FOR CLIENT] Update for flat 101:
occupied by: Joe Marsh

101 is now vacant
[FOR ADMIN] Update for flat 101:
occupied by: None
Maintenance Status: Paid
[FOR CLIENT] Update for flat 101:
occupied by: None
```