

Experiment No. 3
Apply Decision Tree Algorithm on Adult Census Income Dataset and analyze the performance of the model
Date of Performance:
Date of Submission:

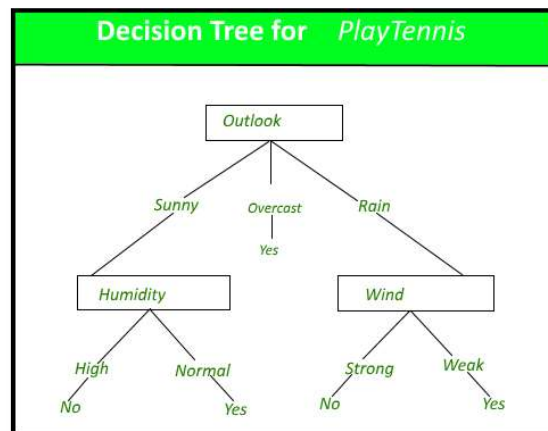


Aim: Apply Decision Tree Algorithm on Adult Census Income Dataset and analyze the performance of the model.

Objective: To perform various feature engineering tasks, apply Decision Tree Algorithm on the given dataset and maximize the accuracy, Precision, Recall, F1 score. Improve the performance by performing different data engineering and feature engineering tasks.

Theory:

Decision Tree is the most powerful and popular tool for classification and prediction. A Decision tree is a flowchart-like tree structure, where each internal node denotes a test on an attribute, each branch represents an outcome of the test, and each leaf node (terminal node) holds a class label.



Dataset:

Predict whether income exceeds \$50K/yr based on census data. Also known as "Adult" dataset.

Attribute Information:

Listing of attributes:

>50K, <=50K.



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age: continuous.

workclass: Private, Self-emp-not-inc, Self-emp-inc, Federal-gov, Local-gov, State-gov, Without-pay, Never-worked.

fnlwgt: continuous.

education: Bachelors, Some-college, 11th, HS-grad, Prof-school, Assoc-acdm, Assoc-voc, 9th, 7th-8th, 12th, Masters, 1st-4th, 10th, Doctorate, 5th-6th, Preschool.

education-num: continuous.

marital-status: Married-civ-spouse, Divorced, Never-married, Separated, Widowed, Married-spouse-absent, Married-AF-spouse.

occupation: Tech-support, Craft-repair, Other-service, Sales, Exec-managerial, Prof-specialty, Handlers-cleaners, Machine-op-inspct, Adm-clerical, Farming-fishing, Transport-moving, Priv-house-serv, Protective-serv, Armed-Forces.

relationship: Wife, Own-child, Husband, Not-in-family, Other-relative, Unmarried.

race: White, Asian-Pac-Islander, Amer-Indian-Eskimo, Other, Black.

sex: Female, Male.

capital-gain: continuous.

capital-loss: continuous.

hours-per-week: continuous.

native-country: United-States, Cambodia, England, Puerto-Rico, Canada, Germany, Outlying-US(Guam-USVI-etc), India, Japan, Greece, South, China, Cuba, Iran, Honduras, Philippines, Italy, Poland, Jamaica, Vietnam, Mexico, Portugal, Ireland, France, Dominican-Republic,



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Laos, Ecuador, Taiwan, Haiti, Columbia, Hungary, Guatemala, Nicaragua, Scotland, Thailand, Yugoslavia, El-Salvador, Trinidad&Tobago, Peru, Hong, Holand-Netherlands.

Conclusion:

1. All the categorical attributes were converted into numerical values for purpose of simplicity by using label encoding. This transformation assigns a unique numerical label to each category within a feature. While label encoding simplifies the data representation, it's important to note that it might introduce ordinal relationships between categories that don't exist.
2. The accuracy of the model is 81% , precision is 83% , recall is 94% and F1 score is 89% . Based on the confusion matrix it can observed that the Type I error is 540 and Type II error is 1955.

```
from google.colab import drive
```

```
# Mount Google Drive
```

```
drive.mount('/content/drive')
```

```
Mounted at /content/drive
```

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
import numpy as np
```

```
import seaborn as sns
```

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
df=pd.read_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/dataset/adult.csv")
```

```
df.head()
```

	age	workclass	fnlwgt	education	educational-num	marital-status \
0	25	Private	226802	11th	7	Never-married
1	38	Private	89814	HS-grad	9	Married-civ-spouse
2	28	Local-gov	336951	Assoc-acdm	12	Married-civ-spouse
3	44	Private	160323	Some-college	10	Married-civ-spouse
4	18	?	103497	Some-college	10	Never-married

	occupation	relationship	race	gender	capital-gain
0	Machine-op-inspct	Own-child	Black	Male	0
1	Farming-fishing	Husband	White	Male	0
2	Protective-serv	Husband	White	Male	0
3	Machine-op-inspct	Husband	Black	Male	7688
4	?	Own-child	White	Female	0

	hours-per-week	native-country	income
0	40	United-States	<=50K
1	50	United-States	<=50K
2	40	United-States	>50K
3	40	United-States	>50K
4	30	United-States	<=50K

```
df.shape
```

```
(48842, 15)
```

Data Preprocessing

```
df.isnull().sum()
```

```
age          0
workclass    0
fnlwgt       0
education    0
educational-num  0
marital-status  0
occupation   0
relationship  0
race         0
gender       0
capital-gain  0
capital-loss  0
hours-per-week  0
native-country  0
income       0
dtype: int64
```

```
df['workclass'].unique()
```

```
array(['Private', 'Local-gov', '?', 'Self-emp-not-inc', 'Federal-gov',
      'State-gov', 'Self-emp-inc', 'Without-pay', 'Never-worked'],
      dtype=object)
```

```
df.describe()
```

	age	fnlwgt	educational-num	capital-gain \
count	48842.000000	4.884200e+04	48842.000000	48842.000000
mean	38.643585	1.896641e+05	10.078089	1079.067626
std	13.710510	1.056040e+05	2.570973	7452.019058
min	17.000000	1.228500e+04	1.000000	0.000000
25%	28.000000	1.175505e+05	9.000000	0.000000
50%	37.000000	1.781445e+05	10.000000	0.000000
75%	48.000000	2.376420e+05	12.000000	0.000000
max	90.000000	1.490400e+06	16.000000	99999.000000

	capital-loss	hours-per-week
count	48842.000000	48842.000000
mean	87.502314	40.422382
std	403.004552	12.391444
min	0.000000	1.000000
25%	0.000000	40.000000
50%	0.000000	40.000000
75%	0.000000	45.000000
max	4356.000000	99.000000

```
df['capital-gain'].unique()
```

```
array([    0,  7688,  3103,  6418,  7298,  3908, 14084,  5178, 15024,
        99999, 2597,  2907,  4650,  6497,  1055,  5013, 27828,  4934,
        4064,  3674,  2174, 10605,  3418,   114,  2580,  3411,  4508,
        4386,  8614, 13550,  6849,  2463,  3137,  2885,  2964,  1471,
       10566,  2354,  1424,  1455,  3325,  4416, 25236,   594,  2105,
        4787,  2829,   401,  4865,  1264,  1506, 10520,  3464,  2653,
       20051,  4101,  1797,  2407,  3471,  1086,  1848, 14344,  1151,
        2993,  2290, 15020,  9386,  2202,  3818,  2176,  5455, 11678,
        7978,  7262,  6514, 41310,  3456,  7430,  2414,  2062, 34095,
        1831,  6723,  5060, 15831,  2977,  2346,  3273,  2329,  9562,
        2635,  4931,  1731,  6097,   914,  7896,  5556,  1409,  3781,
        3942,  2538,  3887, 25124,  7443,  5721,  1173,  4687,  6612,
        6767,  2961,   991,  2036,  2936,  2050,  1111,  2228, 22040,
        3432,  6360,  2009,  1639, 18481,  2387])
```

```
df['capital-gain'].nunique()
```

```
123
```

```
df['capital-gain'].value_counts()
```

```
0          44807
15024        513
7688         410
7298         364
99999        244
...
1111          1
7262          1
22040         1
1639          1
2387          1
```

```
Name: capital-gain, Length: 123, dtype: int64
```

```
df['capital-loss'].value_counts()
```

```
0          46560
1902        304
1977        253
1887        233
2415         72
...
2465         1
2080         1
155          1
1911         1
2201         1
```

```
Name: capital-loss, Length: 99, dtype: int64
```

```
df['fnlwgt'].value_counts()
203488    21
190290    19
120277    19
125892    18
126569    18
..
188488     1
285290     1
293579     1
114874     1
257302     1
Name: fnlwgt, Length: 28523, dtype: int64

df['race'].unique()
array(['Black', 'White', 'Asian-Pac-Islander', 'Other',
       'Amer-Indian-Eskimo'], dtype=object)
```

Drop columns fnlwgt , race , capital-gain , capital-loss

```
df.duplicated().sum()
47

df['workclass'].value_counts()
Private          33906
Self-emp-not-inc  3862
Local-gov        3136
?                2799
State-gov        1981
Self-emp-inc     1695
Federal-gov      1432
Without-pay      21
Never-worked     10
Name: workclass, dtype: int64

df.replace('?', np.nan, inplace = True)
df.dropna(inplace=True)

df['workclass'].value_counts()
Private          33262
Self-emp-not-inc  3795
Local-gov        3100
State-gov        1946
Self-emp-inc     1645
Federal-gov      1406
```



```
Without-pay          21
Name: workclass, dtype: int64
```

```
df.shape
```

```
(45222, 15)
```

```
df=df.drop_duplicates()
```

```
df.shape
```

```
(45175, 15)
```

```
df.head()
```

	age	workclass	fnlwgt	education	educational-num	marital-status \
0	25	Private	226802	11th	7	Never-married
1	38	Private	89814	HS-grad	9	Married-civ-spouse
2	28	Local-gov	336951	Assoc-acdm	12	Married-civ-spouse
3	44	Private	160323	Some-college	10	Married-civ-spouse
5	34	Private	198693	10th	6	Never-married

	occupation	relationship	race	gender	capital-gain
0	Machine-op-inspct	Own-child	Black	Male	0
1	Farming-fishing	Husband	White	Male	0
2	Protective-serv	Husband	White	Male	0
3	Machine-op-inspct	Husband	Black	Male	7688
5	Other-service	Not-in-family	White	Male	0

	hours-per-week	native-country	income
0	40	United-States	<=50K
1	50	United-States	<=50K
2	40	United-States	>50K
3	40	United-States	>50K
5	30	United-States	<=50K

```
df.drop(['fnlwgt', 'race', 'capital-gain', 'capital-loss'],axis=1,inplace=True)
```

```

df.head()

```

	age	workclass	education	educational-num	marital-
0	25	Private	11th	7	Never-married
1	38	Private	HS-grad	9	Married-civ-spouse
2	28	Local-gov	Assoc-acdm	12	Married-civ-spouse
3	44	Private	Some-college	10	Married-civ-spouse
5	34	Private	10th	6	Never-married

	occupation	relationship	gender	hours-per-week	native-
0	Machine-op-inspct	Own-child	Male	40	United-
1	Farming-fishing	Husband	Male	50	United-
2	Protective-serv	Husband	Male	40	United-
3	Machine-op-inspct	Husband	Male	40	United-
5	Other-service	Not-in-family	Male	30	United-

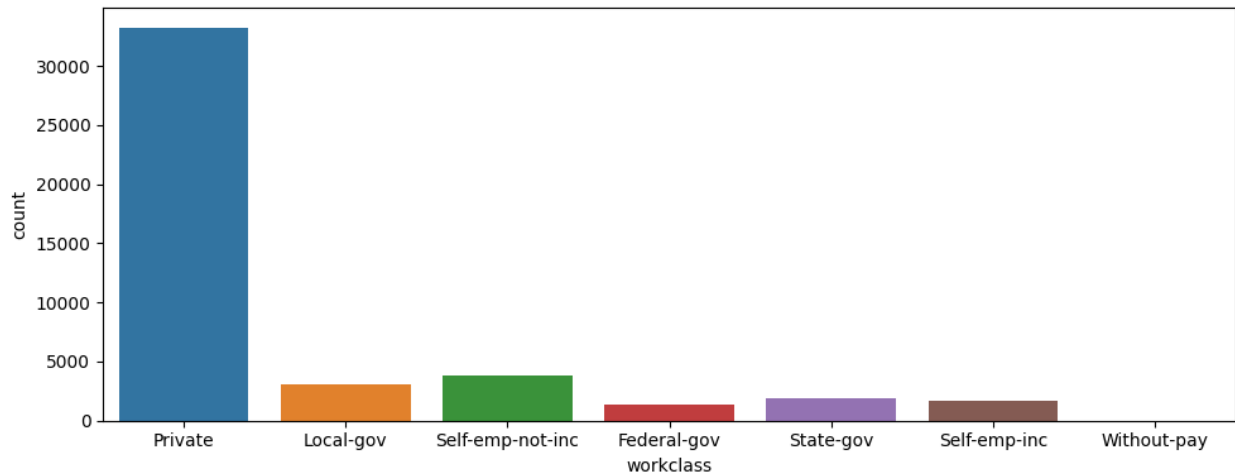
	income
0	<=50K
1	<=50K
2	>50K
3	>50K
5	<=50K

```

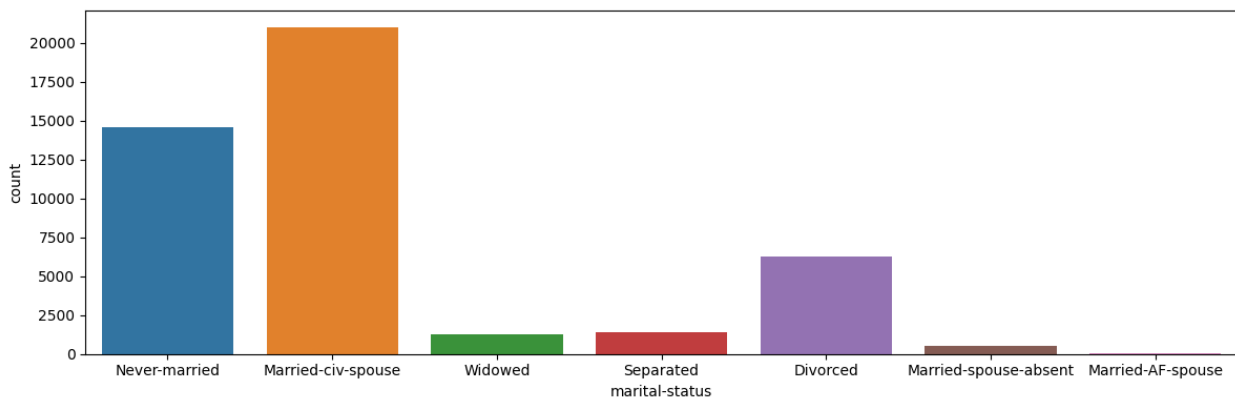
df.shape
(45175, 11)

plt.figure(figsize=(10, 4))
sns.countplot(df , x='workclass' )
plt.tight_layout()

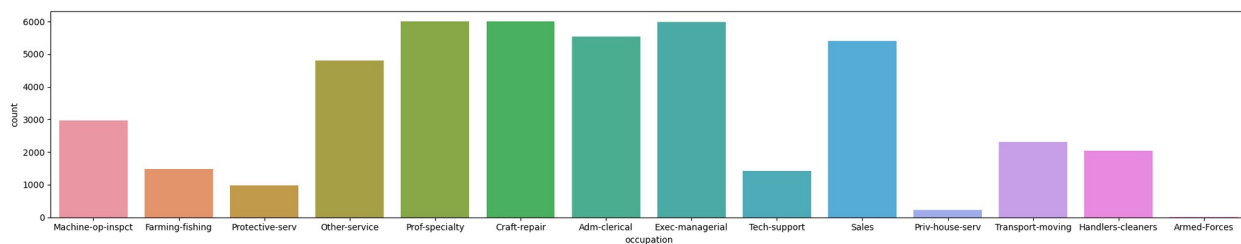
```



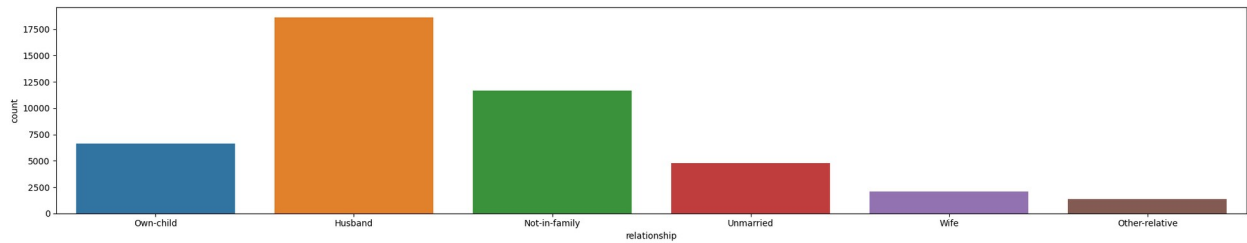
```
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 4))
sns.countplot(df , x='marital-status' )
plt.tight_layout()
```



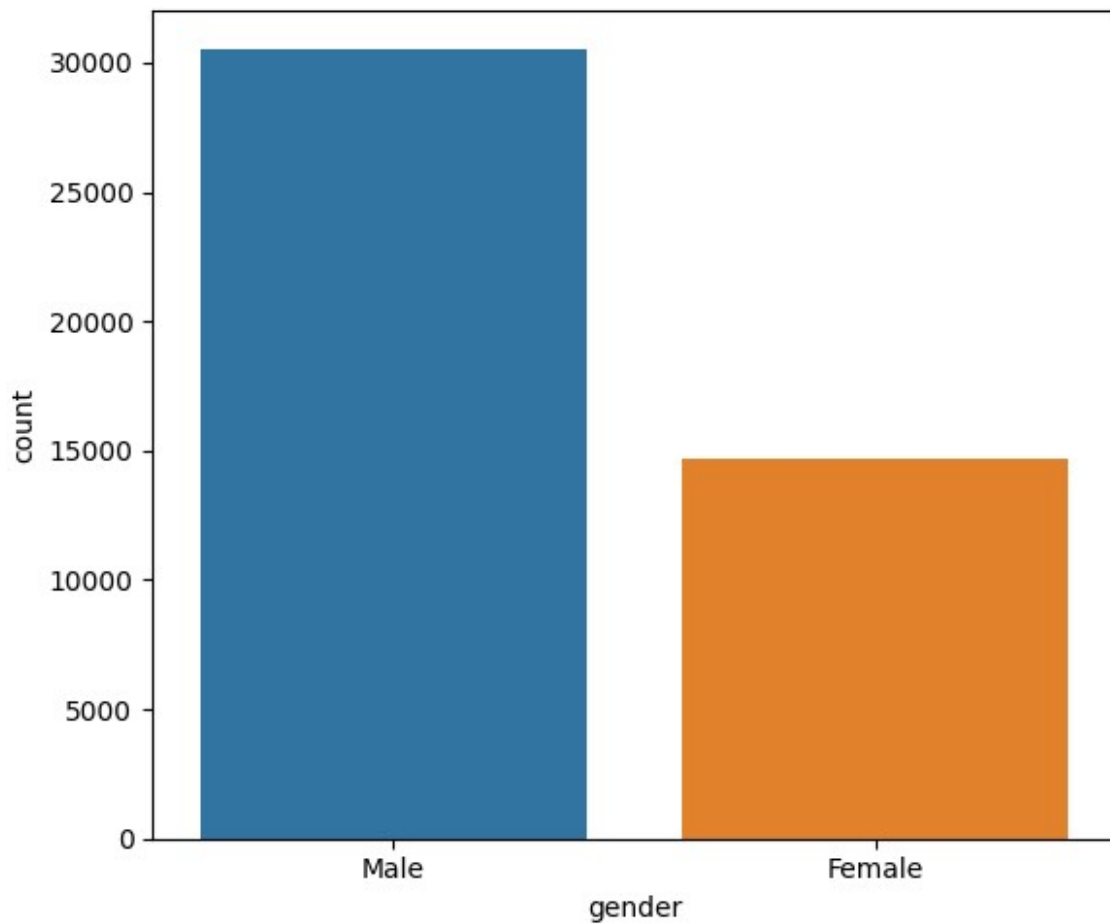
```
plt.figure(figsize=(20, 4))
sns.countplot(df , x='occupation' )
plt.tight_layout()
```



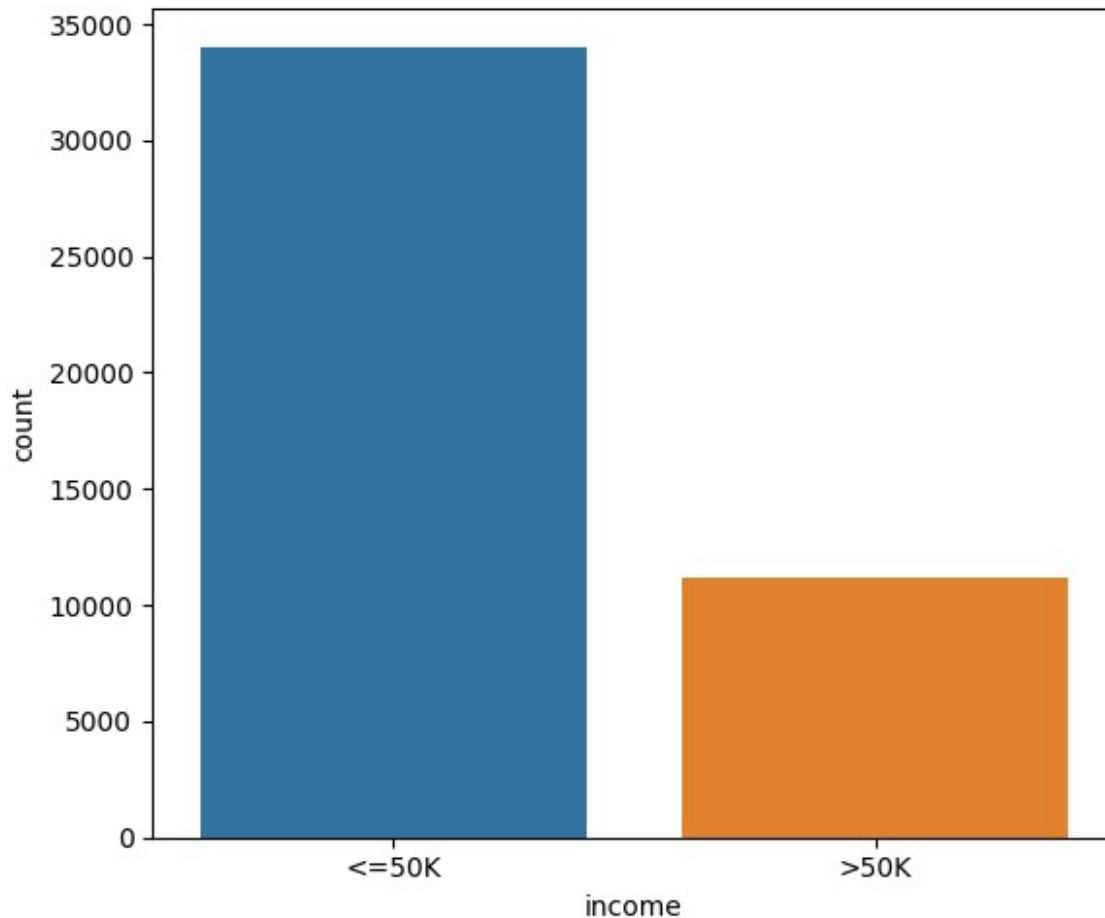
```
plt.figure(figsize=(20, 4))
sns.countplot(df , x='relationship')
plt.tight_layout()
```



```
plt.figure(figsize=(6, 5))  
sns.countplot(df , x='gender')  
plt.tight_layout()
```



```
plt.figure(figsize=(6, 5))  
sns.countplot(df , x='income')  
plt.tight_layout()
```



```
from sklearn import preprocessing
label_encoder = preprocessing.LabelEncoder()

df['workclass'] = label_encoder.fit_transform(df['workclass'])
df['marital-status'] = label_encoder.fit_transform(df['marital-status'])
df['occupation'] = label_encoder.fit_transform(df['occupation'])
df['relationship'] = label_encoder.fit_transform(df['relationship'])
df['gender'] = label_encoder.fit_transform(df['gender'])
df['native-country'] = label_encoder.fit_transform(df['native-country'])
df['income'] = label_encoder.fit_transform(df['income'])

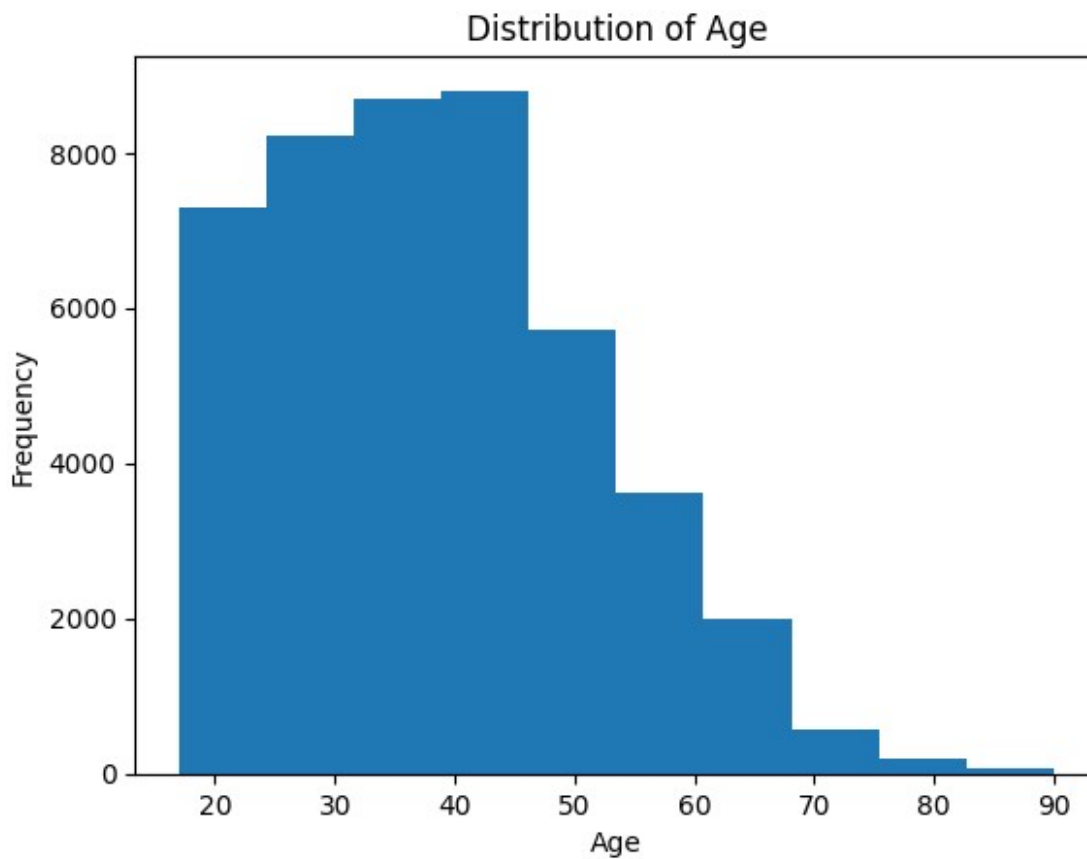
df['education'] = label_encoder.fit_transform(df['education'])
df.head()
```

	age	workclass	education	educational-num	marital-status
0	25	2	1	7	4
1	38	2	11	9	2

4					
2	28	1	7	12	2
10					
3	44	2	15	10	2
6					
5	34	2	0	6	4
7					

	relationship	gender	hours-per-week	native-country	income
0	3	1	40	38	0
1	0	1	50	38	0
2	0	1	40	38	1
3	0	1	40	38	1
5	1	1	30	38	0

```
plt.hist(df['age'])
# add labels and title
plt.xlabel('Age')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.title('Distribution of Age')
Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Distribution of Age')
```



```
df.head()
```

```
   age  workclass  education  educational-num  marital-status
0    25         2         1             7         4
6
1    38         2        11             9         2
4
2    28         1         7            12         2
10
3    44         2        15            10         2
6
5    34         2         0             6         4
7
```

```
   relationship  gender  hours-per-week  native-country  income
0              3      1             40             38      0
1              0      1             50             38      0
2              0      1             40             38      1
3              0      1             40             38      1
5              1      1             30             38      0
```

```
df['income'] = df['income'].astype('category')
```

```
df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
```

```
Int64Index: 45175 entries, 0 to 48841
```

```
Data columns (total 11 columns):
```

#	Column	Non-Null	Count	Dtype
0	age	45175	non-null	int64
1	workclass	45175	non-null	int64
2	education	45175	non-null	int64
3	educational-num	45175	non-null	int64
4	marital-status	45175	non-null	int64
5	occupation	45175	non-null	int64
6	relationship	45175	non-null	int64
7	gender	45175	non-null	int64
8	hours-per-week	45175	non-null	int64
9	native-country	45175	non-null	int64
10	income	45175	non-null	category

```
dtypes: category(1), int64(10)
```

```
memory usage: 3.8 MB
```

```
#Train Test Split
```

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
```

```
# Putting independent variables/features to X
```

```
X = df.drop('income',axis=1)
```

```
# Putting response/dependent variable/feature to y
```

```
y = df['income']
```

```
X.head()
```

	age	workclass	education	educational-num	marital-status
0	25	2	1	7	4
1	38	2	11	9	2
2	28	1	7	12	2
3	44	2	15	10	2
5	34	2	0	6	4

	relationship	gender	hours-per-week	native-country
0	3	1	40	38
1	0	1	50	38
2	0	1	40	38
3	0	1	40	38
5	1	1	30	38

```
y.head()
```

0	0
1	0
2	1
3	1
5	0

```
Name: income, dtype: category
```

```
Categories (2, int64): [0, 1]
```

```
X_train,X_test,y_train,y_test =  
train_test_split(X,y,test_size=0.30,random_state=101)
```

```
X_train.head()
```

	age	workclass	education	educational-num	marital-status
47222	34	2	11	9	2
48391	33	2	11	9	0
30359	64	0	11	9	2

22468	33	2	0	6	4
5					
21211	34	1	6	5	4
7					

	relationship	gender	hours-per-week	native-country
47222	0	1	60	29
48391	1	1	60	38
30359	0	1	8	38
22468	4	1	40	38
21211	3	1	40	38

Import model

```
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
```

Training model

```
dt_default = DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth=5)
dt_default.fit(X_train,y_train)
```

```
DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth=5)
```

Checking Accuracy

```
from sklearn.metrics import
classification_report,confusion_matrix,accuracy_score
```

```
y_pred_default = dt_default.predict(X_test)
```

```
print(classification_report(y_test,y_pred_default))
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.83	0.94	0.89	10237
1	0.71	0.41	0.52	3316
accuracy			0.81	13553
macro avg	0.77	0.68	0.70	13553
weighted avg	0.80	0.81	0.80	13553

```
print(confusion_matrix(y_test,y_pred_default))
```

```
[[9635  540]
 [1955 1423]]
```