Q1. What is Mutable String in Java Explain with an example?

Ans. Once we create a string object and try to perform some operation and if those changes get reflected in the same string object then such strings are called **mutable string**.

SYNTAX:StringBuffer object = new StringBuffer();

)R

StringBuilder object = new StringBuilder();

```
public class String_Buffer {
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        StringBuffer str = new StringBuffer("mj");
        System.out.println(str);
        StringBuilder str1 = new StringBuilder("mjChamp");
        System.out.println(str1);
    }
}
OUPUT:
mj
mj Champ
```

Q2. WAP to Reverse a string

Input: "PWSKILLS"
Output: "SLLIKSWP"

Ans.

```
public class Reverse {
   public static void main(String args[])
   {
      String str1="PWSKILLS";
      String str2="";
      char ch;
      for(int i=str1.length()-1;i>=0;i--)
      {
        ch=str1.charAt(i);
        str2=str2+ch;
      }
      System.out.println("original String: "+str1);
      System.out.println("Reverse String: "+str2);
}
```

```
}
Output:
original String: PWSKILLS
Reverse String: SLLIKSWP
```

Q3.WAP to reverse a sentence while preserving the position

Input: "think twice"
Output: "kniht eciwt"

Ans.

```
public class Reverse preserving pos {
   public static void main(String args[])
    {
       // Input: "think twice"
       // Output:"kniht eciwt"
       String str1="think twice";
       String str2="";
       String str3="";
        char ch;
        for(int i=str1.length()-1;i>=0;i--)
            ch=str1.charAt(i);
            str2=str2+ch;
        System.out.println("original String: "+str1);
        String arr[]=str2.split(" ");
        for(int i=arr.length-1;i>=0;i--)
           str3=str3+arr[i]+" ";
        System.out.println("Reverse String: "+str3);
    }
Output:
original String: think twice
Reverse String: kniht eciwt
```

Q4.WAP to sort a string Alphabatically.

Ans.

```
public class Sorting of String {
    public static void main(String args[]) {
        int count = 0;
        str = str.toLowerCase();
        System.out.println("Original String: "+str);
        char str1[] = str.toCharArray();
        for (int i = 0; i < str1.length; i++) {</pre>
            for (int j = i + 1; j < str1.length; j++) {
                if (str1[j] < str1[i]) {</pre>
                    x = str1[i];
                    str1[i] = str1[j];
                    str1[j] = x;
        System.out.print("Sorted String: ");
        for (int j = 0; j < str1.length; j++) {
            System.out.print(str1[j]);
Output:
Original String: zyxwvutsrqponmlkjihgfedcba
Sorted String: abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz
```